"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,534. * * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1911.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER.

Fair to-day; unsettled Thursday; slight temperature change; light, variable winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 12.

SUBWAY DEAL MADE WITH INTERBOROUGH

It Will Get $12,150,000 a Year as a Preferential Payment, Not as a Guarantee.

CITY'S INTEREST WILL WAIT

But It Also Will Get a Full 9 Per Cent. Before the Profits are Divided—Estimate Board to Ratify Plan To-day.

By a vote of ten to six the Board of Estimate at its meeting to-day will probably record the city's acquiescence in the demand of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for a $12,150,000 annual payment out of the net earnings of the extended subways before the city takes out the interest on $54,000,000 which it proposes to invest.

This prospect was realized yesterday afternoon after President McAneny, Controller Prendergast, and Presidents Miller and Cromwell had reached an agreement with the Interborough's representatives, and Borough President Steers of Brooklyn indicated that his acquiescence had been obtained.

The Board of Estimate will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon and will receive a letter from President Shonts of the Interborough, prepared with the assent of J. P. Morgan & Co., bankers of the company, embodying the substance of the $12,150,000 agreement. According to the indications last night, the line-up in the board will be:

For the Interborough demand: President McAneny of Manhattan, Controller Prendergast, President Steers of Brooklyn, President Miller of the Bronx, President Cromwell of Richmond.

Against the demand—President Mitchel of the Aldermen, Mayor Gaynor, and probably Borough President Gresser of Queens.

This result follows the assumption by J. P. Morgan, Jr., of personal command of the Interborough forces. Mr. Morgan was called into the conference first on Thursday of last week, and in the office of Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission on that day expressed anger that he should have been put in the position of going to the rescue of the Interborough. At that time Mr. Morgan and Henry P. Davison of Morgan & Co. declared to the city's conferees that the bankers did not join in a demand for a guarantee of more than the carrying charges on the new capital to be provided, or approximately 6½ per cent. on $75,000,000. From then on the personality of Mr. Morgan has pervaded the conferences, and yesterday it became known for the first time that the bankers had joined in the demand that the Interborough receive as a preferential cumulative lien on the earnings of the extended system 9 per cent. on all the capital which the company had provided or was to provide.

Not a Guarantee, But a Preference.

The Interborough had demanded a guarantee of $11,250,000 a year, being 9 per cent. on $50,000,000 assumed present investment and on $75,000,000 new money. By the agreement reached yesterday the company, it is understood, is to get $900,000 a year additional, representing 9 per cent., or $10,000,000 more capital, which the Interborough officials estimate they will have to spend for new equipment in the first ten years of the new lease, but the company has waived its demand that the annual preference be guaranteed by the city in the sense that the city should make up from its own treasury any deficit in the early years. The $12,150,000, however, is to be a cumulative charge against the earnings of the extended system, and under the terms of the understanding reached yesterday must be paid up in full before the city begins to draw upon the earnings for any of the interest on its own bonds issued for new construction.

The company, according to the reports which drifted out of the conference room yesterday afternoon, also agrees to let an audit be made of its present subway equipment account of approximately $37,000,000. In return for this the city officials who participated in the compromise arrangement agreed that the Interborough might include in the present capital investment subject to the 9 per cent. preference the premium of $11,125,000 which the company paid on the construction of the Brooklyn extension of the present subway over and above the $3,000,000 paid by the city.

Beyond this the agreement reached yesterday contemplates that after the enlarged subway has net earnings sufficient to cover the $12,150,000 preference to the Interborough, the city may take out its interest on the $54,000,000 which it proposes to invest, and when the city's interest of approximately 5½ per cent. for interest and sinking fund has been earned, the city may continue to take out of the earnings 3½ per cent. more, or, in any event, a sum sufficient to make the entire return to the city's investment 9 per cent.

After that the surplus, if any, is to be divided equally. The Interborough, it is learned, made what was considered a further concession at this point. In the demands on which the company insisted up to yesterday afternoon the city's participation in surplus, after the subway was earning enough to cover the Interborough's preferential payment and the city's interest, was to be limited to 2 per cent. on its investment prior to the division of profits and in such division the Interborough was to get the larger share.

Mitchel Not Yielding.

These concessions by the Interborough did not impress President Mitchel of the Aldermen sufficiently to gain his support for the preferential plan. At the Board of Estimate meeting in the morning Mr. Mitchel remarked that he still had his resolution ready to award the entire extended subway system to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, on the ground that the Interborough had not conceded anything which the city could accept, but would postpone action until afternoon, to which time the Board of Estimate adjourned, because Borough President McAneny declared he would be able to report at that time. When afternoon came Mr. McAneny called off the meeting by telephone, and therefore the resolution remained unpresented.

Mr. Mitchel, however, will introduce it at to-day's meeting as a means of recording his opposition to the agreement with the Interborough. The President of the Aldermen is opposed to a preferential allowance of either $11,250,000 or $12,150,000 ahead of the interest on the city's bonds. He is also opposed to allowing the Interborough preference on the $11,250,000 premium on the Brooklyn extension of the subway.

In particular, however, Mr. Mitchel objects to the entire arrangement because on the figures which the city's conferrees and the Interborough's representatives are using it will take fourteen years from the beginning of operation before the city's deficits on its own interest are paid, and at such time the earnings of the extended system increased according to the 5 per cent. annual ratio adopted by the Interborough and the conferrees will have to represent annual traffic of 974,600,000 passengers in order to bring the city out even. As the present Subway carried 270,000,000 persons in the year ended June 30, 1910, and is estimated to have carried 300,000,000 in the year just closed, Mr. Mitchel is unable to understand how increasing its trackage approximately 140 per cent., as contemplated in the Mo-

Continued on Page 2.

AVIATOR FALLS 75 FEET.

Motor Stopped, Machine Tilted, and Schubert Tumbled—He May Recover.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., July 18.—While trying to fly this evening in a Curtiss-Burnham biplane from a field at Springfield Avenue and Grove Street, in Irvington, N. J., a suburb of Newark, to Olympic Park, Julius H. Schubert, formerly with Glenn H. Curtiss, fell seventy-five feet. The machine was wrecked and Schubert was injured about the head. He was attended by a neighboring physician, and later taken to the Olympic Park Hotel in Hilton, about two miles from the scene of the accident.

The Essex County Speedway is near the field from which Schubert started, and there is open country for more than a mile around. He brought the machine out shortly before dusk. A large crowd gathered to witness the flight. The aviator made a test of his motor. After running along the ground for several yards, he rose to a height of twenty-five feet, turned around, and landed about fifty yards down the field. The motor was not working quite right. He tinkered it for about five minutes, and then made another start. This time he rose to a height of about seventy-five feet, when suddenly the motor stopped. The machine tilted as it dropped, and Schubert tumbled out of his seat. He landed in a heap a few feet from the speedway. The biplane struck the ground with a crash, wrecking it beyond repair.

The crowd that had been looking ran across the field to where Schubert lay. At first it was believed that he was killed. He was badly cut about the head, but it was said at the hotel last night that his chances for recovery were good.

PRIZE FUND FOR ATWOOD.

Talk of One After Washington Commerce Chamber Refuses to Help.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—A plan is now on foot to obtain by private subscription a suitable prize for Harry N. Atwood who won THE NEW YORK TIMES Trophy by his remarkable flight from Boston to Washington, and for his flights in Washington.

It has become necessary to raise by private subscription this fund, because the Chamber of Commerce at a special meeting called at 1 o'clock this afternoon after a long discussion decided they had done all that could be expected of them when they gave a reception to Atwood and invited him to meet the members of the Chamber and their friends at a buffet luncheon last Tuesday at their rooms.

Before the meeting to-day it was very generally thought that the Chamber of Commerce would vote at least $1,000 to help defray the expenses which Atwood was put to in remaining in this city to attend the reception and for the flights he made over the city, all of which were at the request of the Chamber of Commerce.

After the action of the Chamber became known prominent citizens of Washington got together and to-night they are planning to circulate a subscription paper among some of the well-to-do people of this city who are interested in aviation to raise a fund and see that Atwood receives recognition from Washington for his work in flying here so he will not have to bear all his expenses out of his private purse.

Unlike the Chamber of Commerce here similar bodies in the West and throughout New York State wired Atwood to-day assuring him that they will make him a guarantee if he will stop at their respective cities in his New York-Chicago flight.

BRIDGE TOLLS ARE NO MORE.

Every Span Across the East River Free Beginning To-day.

Beginning this morning all vehicles will be allowed to pass free of toll over all of the East River bridges. These are the Brooklyn, the Manhattan, the Williamsburg, and the Queensboro. Mayor Gaynor directed Bridge Commissioner O'Keeffe yesterday to throw open all these bridges and abolish all tolls.

When he took up the matter a few days ago the Mayor found that there was no law by which the city collected tolls on the Manhattan and Queensboro bridges, but he wasn't sure about the other structures, and he asked for advice from Corporation Counsel Watson. The Corporation Counsel informed him that tolls on the Brooklyn and Williamsburg bridges were optional with the Bridge Commissioner or with the Board of Aldermen, it was not quite clear which.

The Mayor then requested the Aldermen to pass a resolution making the bridges free and also had the Bridge Commissioner make an ordinance to the same effect. The Aldermen passed the resolution which was introduced by Alderman Frank Dowling, Chairman of the Finance Committee and Democratic leader of the board. Vice Chairman Francis P. Bent wanted the matter put over for further consideration. New York, he said, was the most socialistic city in the world, and, while he believed in municipal bathhouses, he did not believe in removing tolls paid for the most part by wealthy automobile owners, "who did not care whether they paid tolls or not."

The new order will throw about seventy men out of work and the city will lose about $250,000 a year in tolls. About $50,000 of this will be saved in salaries.

ANOTHER BATTLE IN MEXICO.

Maderists and Federals Fight All Night in Silao—Only Two Killed.

SILAO, Guanajuato, Mexico, July 18.—The bringing of Federal troops last night from the City of Guanajuato to quell factional disturbances in the ranks of Maderist troops garrisoned here resulted in a battle that lasted from about midnight until 6 o'clock this morning.

Notwithstanding the large number of shots fired only two persons were killed, although many were wounded.

A number of the former revolutionists were arrested.

MEXICO CITY, July 18.—Father Capellan, temporarily forsaking the peaceful vocation of the priesthood, recently placed himself at the head of a hundred men and last week attacked and captured after brisk fighting the town of Penjamo, in the State of Guanajuato, according to Juan Guiterrez, owner of the Hacienda de la Calle, near Penjamo, who arrived here to-day.

Until recently the priest was Chaplain of the hacienda. He recruited his little army there after haranguing the laborers, telling them how badly they were treated.

Aplanatic invisible Bisight eyeglasses for near and distant vision. Spencer's, now 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

CITY'S LAST BONDS BREAK TO 102 1-2

This Is the 4¼ Per Cent. Issue Which Recently Sold Up to 104⅞.

BIG TRADER FORCED TO SELL

Grady Bills, Designed to Boost the Price, Failed of Purpose When Clearing House Took Trust Companies In.

New York Ciy 4¼ per cent. bonds, which recently sold as high as 104⅞, sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday as low as 102⅝ and over the counter as low as 102½. Liquidation in the bonds for the account of a trader who was reported to have become overextended was offered as the explanation of the decline. Bond dealers reported that the decline in the bonds had attracted the attention of investors, and for this reason they expected that the break in the bonds would call out a good many buying orders. On the Stock Exchange only the temporary receipts for the bonds are quoted, for the reason that the engraved bonds have not been accepted by the Stock Exchange. On the curb and in the over-the-counter trading the actual bonds are quoted.

Sales of the receipts on the Stock Exchange amounted yesterday to $417,000, in addition to those traded in privately. The holdings of the trader who overextended himself in the purchase of city bonds were reported to have amounted to between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000, credence not being given in bond market circles to reports which placed his holdings as high as $15,000,000. Having borrowed on these holdings, this trader, it was said, had not found it possible to meet calls from the banks for the repayment of some of his loans, and the sale of the bonds held by him was the result. One single block of $250,000 sold yesterday was said to be for his account.

Bond houses which make a specialty of New York City bonds have reported much recent speculation in New York City issues. Much of this, it is said, was prompted by the passage of laws at Albany and the proposal of others the effect of which was to increase the demand for city bonds. It has been reported that, in addition to the bills already introduced, some of which have become law, other bills are proposed which would carry the legislative movement in support of New York City bonds several steps further. On the basis of these proposals, some high prices for city bonds have been predicted, and speculation has been built up on this basis. On the decline from 104⅞ to yesterday's price of 102⅞ a good many of the 4¼s which were purchased speculatively were sold. It is believed that this selling has put the market for the bonds in a stronger position than it was a fortnight ago.

In connection with yesterday's decline in the bonds reports were circulated that a large new issue of bonds was contemplated by the city's Finance Department in the near future. Inquiries made by banking interests indicated that there was no basis for these reports. The adoption of the city budget, in connection with which attention was drawn to the city's requirements, was one of the factors contributing to the reports of a new bond issue. At the close of the market the price of the 4¼s rallied a fraction. The final sale was at 103⅛.

BALKED THE GRADY BILLS.

Clearing House Offset Legislation Which Meddled with City Securities.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 18.—The only bills affecting city bonds introduced at the present session which could have any relation to the present decline bear the name of Senator Thomas F. Grady. These measures were put in, ostensibly to create a greater demand for New York City securities, but it was common rumor that the bills were of more particular interest to some Wall Street house that was loaded up with such securities.

There are two Grady bills having direct reference to city bonds. One provides that banks and trust companies receiving deposits of city money must deposit city bonds as security with the City Chamberlain. The other bill provides that banks and trust companies should be exempt from the requirement of the banking law for a 15 per cent. cash reserve against all deposits to the extent that they had invested the depositors' money in New York City bonds or notes.

These measures together, according to the best-made calculations, could have only one effect—that of advancing the value of New York City securities by creating an artificial market for them.

Senator Grady worked indefatigably for their passage. They went through in both houses against the earnest protest of some members familiar with banking affairs and regardless of protests that came from prominent bankers in New York. Gov. Dix promptly signed both bills when they came to him for approval and Senator Grady was happy.

Conservative bankers had pointed out that the exemption of banks and trust companies from the necessity of maintaining the usual cash reserve required alike by the banking laws and the Clearing House regulations would be liable to work widespread harm in times of panic, when municipal securities would be likely to be thrown on the market in great bulk.

As a result of these fears a number of trust companies, anxious that they, at least, should not suffer from any loss of public confidence created by the Grady bill exemption, joined the Clearing House Association. Senator Grady, realizing that this would counteract the purpose of his bills, was in a fury. He fathered a resolution calling on State Superintendent of Banks Van Tuyl to investigate the Clearing House and later introduced a bill which prohibited the Clearing House from establishing any regulations not in accord with the provisions of the banking law or other laws enacted by the Legislature of this State.

STRETCHED HIM TWO INCHES.

St. Louis Fireman Tells How He Satisfied Civil Service Rule.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 18.—To obtain entrance into the Fire Department of this city in spite of civil service rules which would have barred him out, Edward George Bernard, according to his own account, stretched himself two inches. Afterward he shrunk to his former size.

In an unofficial measurement taken three months after he had been certified as a department member he was found to be two inches shorter than he was, according to the official figures, on the day he entered. To the surprise of a trial court before which he was up on charges of being undersized, Bernard declared that both measurements had been accurately and honestly made and that both were correct.

"But how could you be 5 feet 7 inches in height when you were measured three months ago and show only 5 feet 5 inches now?" asked Chief Swingley.

"It's easy," the fireman replied, "and I'll tell you how I did it. I simply soaked myself before I was measured. I lay in a bathtub filled with warm water for twenty-four hours and then I had myself massaged and stretched until I was two inches longer."

Bernard refused to submit to more pulling and massaging and soaking to see if the shrinkage of the last two months could be restored, and was summarily suspended. It is the opinion of Chief Swingley that certain politicians knew more about the "soaking" of Bernard than he admitted at his trial.

At soda fountains ask for Angostura Bitters in your drinks. It makes them delicious.—Adv.

FIGHTING CHOLERA

The measures taken by the United States Government. Read of them in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

RULE BY COMMISSION LOSES IN JERSEY CITY

Machines of Both Parties Help Roll Up Majority of 1,483 Against Gov. Wilson's Plan.

PEOPLE'S VICTORY, THEY CRY

Did Their Work Silently and Let Advocates of Scheme Make All the Ante-Election Noise—Charges of Fraud.

By a majority of 1,483 votes Jersey City rejected yesterday the commission form of government which the New Jersey Legislature prescribed and Gov. Wilson defended. There were 13,068 votes against the plan, and 11,585 in its favor. Out of twelve wards only three, the Seventh, Eighth, and Ninth, returned a majority for the plan.

Many charges of fraud were made last night by friends of the new form of government, but there were no arrests. Both the Democratic and Republican organizations worked hard to defeat the innovation, and representatives of both, as in the case of the other New Jersey municipalities which rejected it, said that the victory was won by the people. Out of five cities or towns that have voted on the plan, only one—Trenton—has accepted it. It has been decisively beaten in New Brunswick, Bayonne, Hoboken, and now Jersey City. The plan cannot be voted on again in these communities for two years.

The Commission Government League, of which Joseph A. Dean, editor of The Jersey City Journal, is Chairman, made an active and sustained fight for the new plan. It had been planned to hold the election in the Fall, when there were not so many people away, but the organizations arranged it otherwise. It was to their purpose to have the election held at this time.

The Commission Government League canvassed the city for two months after the Walsh act providing for the change was passed, and it obtained the necessary 8,000 signers to a petition to have the election held. On the heels of this, however, Sheriff James J. Kelly, known as one of the Big Six leaders of the Democratic organization in Jersey City, circulated a petittion which set forth that it was the will of the majority of the voters to hold the election on July 18. Sheriff Kelly made the argument that if the election was put over until the regular Fall election and the primaries it would only confuse matters. He got 13,000 signers to this petition, and it was ordered that the election be held in July.

The political organizations went to defeat the new form of government in a peculiar way. They held no meetings and they didn't stir up the voters. They let their opponents furnish all the oratory and fireworks. The Commission Government League did not let the grass grow under its feet. It held nightly meetings all over the city and had many prominent men, including Gov. Wilson, to speak in favor of the plan. Gov. Wilson addressed a large meeting last Friday night. At that time he used all the arguments he had used elsewhere, but his friends thought they detected a note of discouragement in his remarks.

Many Judges in the city were asked to speak in favor of the plan, but only one, Justice Robert Carey of the Court of Common Pleas, accepted. Mark Sullivan, Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals, who is a candidate for Mayor, and Circuit Judge William H. Speer declined the invitation to speak on the ground that it wouldn't be degnified for them to dabble in politics.

Assistant Prosecutor James McCarth and Joseph Tumulty, Gov. Wilson's secretary, addressed many meetings and urged the voters to change their system of government. Mayor H. Otto Wittpenn also took the stump in favor of it, but his enemies spread the rumor that the Mayor was secretly against the plan, and last night they pointed to the returns to show that their charge was justified. All the Mayor's political lieutenants worked hard from the time the polls opened at 6 A. M. until they closed at 7 P. M. to defeat the plan. His chief lieutenant, Frank Hague, City Hall custodian, was one of the hardest workers against it. In his ward, the Second, the plan was beaten by a majority of more than 1,700. The Mayor's own ward, the Sixth, turned it down by a majority of 160.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 18.—Returns came in slowly to-night in the special primary election held here today to nominate candidates for commissioners under the commission form of government recently adopted. There were sixty-seven aspirants for office. The ten highest will be candidates, of whom five will be named next month as Commissioners. There was intense interest in the election and a heavy vote, about equal to that polled when commission government was adopted, was cast.

The returns at midnight from one-half of the precincts show that only about fifteen of the sixty-seven candidates will receive any considerable vote. City Assessor George B. La Barre and Frederick W. Donnelly, both Democrats, lead all others. Daniel I. Henry, a Socialist, will be among the successful ten.

CLARK ASSESSMENT CUT.

Ex-Senator's Home Entitled to Reduction Because It's so Individual.

Supreme Court Justice Lehman ruled yesterday that the assessment on the residence of Former Senator W. A. Clark, at Fifth Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street, for 1908 should be reduced to $2,828,000 from $3,000,000, the 1909 assessment from $3,250,000 to $2,960,000, and the 1910 assessment from $3,500,000 to $3,204,000.

Senator Clark had brought certiorari proceedings, contending that the assessment should only be $1,680,000. Assistant Corporation Counsel King told the Court that the actual value of the land was conceded to be $1,100,000, and the cost of the construction of the building $3,500,000, but that it had no market value, because few might buy it. Justice Lehman said that the building was of an unusually ornate character and of the most expensive construction and could not be utilized for any other purpose than a private dwelling, and that the building had no rental value. He ends by saying:

"I therefore conclude that in a house of this cost, built in so individual a manner, it is fair to reduce at least one-third from the cost of reproduction in order to arrive at its value."

BIG GRAIN FIRM QUITS.

W. H. Dickinson & Co. of St. Paul Closes Its Doors.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 18.—W. H. Dickinson & Co., grain brokers and owners and operators of a large chain of elevators, suspended business in this city and in Minneapolis this afternoon. The offices were closed without explanation from the managers.

Officials of the F. H. Peavey Company to-night denied that there was any connection between the crash of the Peavey Grain Company in Chicago and the closing of the Dickinson Company here to-day.

MAYOR JOINS FIGHT TO KEEP OUT CHOLERA

Will Inspect Quarantine To-day with City and Government Health Officials.

NO NEW CASES DEVELOP

Dr. Doty Thinks Conditions Favorable —His Course Upheld at Inquiry Into Quarantine Conditions.

There were no deaths or new cases of cholera either at Quarantine or in Staten Island yesterday. At the close of the day, both Dr. Doty of Quarantine and Dr. John T. Sprague of Staten Island Health Department said that they were more than ever sure that there was no cause for alarm.

Dr. Doty spent most of the day consulting with Dr. Herman M. Biggs, chief bacteriologist of the Board of Health, and Assistant Surgeon General L. E. Cofer. With Dr. Biggs, Dr. Doty visited both Hoffman and Swinburne Island yesterday morning, and on his return announced that he had found the colonies of detained passengers on Hoffman Island and of cholera suspects and cases on Swinburne Island both doing well. Dr. Biggs also expressed himself as pleased with what he had seen.

After his trip down the Bay, Dr. Doty conferred with Assistant Surgeon General Cofer about the new bacteriological work, which the United States Government is planning to carry on along the coast among the detained passengers from Italian cholera ports. His visit was made at Dr. Doty's request, the latter desiring to have his own opinions as to the best method of defending the port against cholera confirmed.

Later in the day Dr. Cofer and Dr. Biggs, with Health Commissioner Lederle, called on Mayor Gaynor to talk over the situation. The Mayor arranged to go with these doctors on a visit to Hoffman Island to-day.

Witness Upholds Doty's Course.

Unexpected evidence in Dr. Doty's favor came out yesterday at the Quarantine investigation while Dr. Robert J. Wilson, superintendent of the Hospital Bureau of the Board of Health, was on the stand. He was summoned by Charles Dushkind, lawyer for the accusers of Dr. Doty, and men expected to show, through references to the rules and regulations of the city hospitals under his charge, that Dr. Doty was not conducting the hospitals on Hoffman and Swinburne Islands with proper care. Dr. Wilson testified that, in the Willard Parker Hospital, where the city's contagious diseases are treated, doctors, visitors, and nurses are all obliged to put on specially provided caps and gowns before entering each ward where the afflicted patients are kept.

"The mothers at Dr. Doty's detention station at Hoffman Island are not obliged to wear caps and gowns in this way," Mr. Dushkind said to Dr. Wilson. "But you consider the precaution as absolutely necessary, don't you, doctor?"

"No, I don't consider it essential," Dr. Wilson said, much to Mr. Dushkind's surprise.

Some of the immigrants whom Mr. Dushkind has called have testified that in the Hoffman Island Hospital children with measles, scarlet fever, and other contagious ailments are placed side by side in the same ward.

"You wouldn't think of treating patients suffering from different contagious ailments in the same ward, would you?" the lawyer asked Dr. Wilson.

"Scientifically administered, I think such treatment would be quite safe, and I would certainly do it if I could do it myself," Dr. Wilson answered.

"But can you mention any institution in the world—except Hoffman Island—at which such treatment is practiced?"

Dr. Wilson smiled before he replied: "Yes, I can mention a hospital in which different cases of contagious diseases are treated in adjoining beds. It is done in the Pasteur Institute in Paris."

Dr. Doty's accusers have said a great deal about his "cruelty" in not allowing the immigrant mothers to see their children freely in the Hoffman Island hospital.

"Do you allow the mothers to see children suffering from contagious diseases in the Willard Parker Hospital?" Dr. Wilson was asked.

"No, I don't," Dr. Wilson answered. "In fact, I have just given orders to stop visiting in the contagious disease hospitals of the city because the children cry a great deal when the mothers go away. The crying starts up dangerous bronchial affections, and is also bad if the children have weak hearts."

"Would you rely on Dr. Doty to administer treatment scientifically to children having contagious diseases and to select subordinates competent to do this?"

"I would."

"Would you rely even on the $12 a week nurses whom he has picked out to work on Hoffman Island?"

"Certainly."

After Dr. Wilson left the stand a TIMES reporter asked him if it was necessary for employes of Hoffman Island or any other station where people are detained, because they have associated with contagious disease sufferers, to fumigate their clothing before coming to the city.

"I don't think so," Dr. Wilson said. "I myself have come to this hearing direct from the diphtheria ward of the Willard Parker Hospital without either changing or fumigating my clothes."

More Complaints Put In.

James W. Arkell, a steamship agent of the Bristol City Line, testified that on June 9 the carpenter on the Bristol City was taken off the vessel at Quarantine because the Quarantine authorities thought he had some contagious disease.

"On June 14 one of Dr. Doty's clerks telephoned me that the carpenter was dead and that I must get a hermetically sealed casket to bury him in," Mr. Arkell continued "I went ahead and arranged for the funeral. But the following day Dr. Doty's clerk telephoned again that the carpenter wasn't dead after all. I nearly blew up the telephone when I heard this, and contermanded the order for the casket. But the following day they telephoned me that my carpenter really was dead. I determined this time that before going to any more expense I had better make sure I was burying the right man. So I had two my employes go to the undertaker's and identify the body before I went ahead with the funeral arrangement. The carpenter didn't have any contagious disease after all. He died of an abscess on the liver."

M. L. Lederer, assistant general manager of the Hamburg-American line, testified that the passengers of the steamship Moltke, which brought in the recent cholera cases, had been held in the preliminary quarantine in the Italian ports for five days before they boarded her, and that she was twelve days on the water, and that it was only after the passengers had been held on Hoffman Island for seven days more that the first cholera case among them occurred.

"There were no cholera cases or any

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MANHATTAN TAX RATE 1.72.

Less in All Boroughs Than in 1910, but Higher Assessments Even This Up.

The tax rate for 1911 was determined yesterday by the Aldermen. The rate for Manhattan will be $1.72. The rates in the various boroughs for 1911 compare with those for 1910 as follows:

	1911.	1910.
Manhattan	1.7224	1.7579
Bronx	1.7224	1.7579
Brooklyn	1.7550	1.8149
Queens	1.7364	1.8107
Richmond	1.8165	1.8750

The assessed value of the real estate in the city for 1911 is $7,858,840,164, an advance of $814,647,840 over 1910. The personal assessments are $357,923,123, a decrease of $14,721,704 from 1910. It was pointed out that the tax rate is lower on its face than last year, but that the decrease is only apparent, as the increase in assessment valuations throughout the five boroughs will cause only a normal increase in the tax money paid over by the property owners.

TWAIN'S ESTATE $600,000.

Inheritance Tax More Than $5,000—Executors' Fees $18,000.

STAMFORD, Conn., July 18.—By the accounting of the executors of the estate of the late Mark Twain, accepted by the Probate Court to-day, the inheritance tax to be paid the State amounts to $5,167.01. The executors' fees amount to $18,000. The final value of the estate is estimated at more than $600,000.

FINDS WEST WANTS WILSON.

And Bryan a Factor in Choosing a Candidate, Says J. H. Hinemon.

Special to The New York Times.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 18.—That the West is almost solidly for Woodrow Wilson, Governor of New Jersey, as the Democratic Presidential hope in 1912 is the emphatic opinion of John H. Hinemon, former Superintendent of Public Instruction of Arkansas and Presidential Elector, who has just returned from an extended tour of the Western States, including the Pacific Coast. Not only is Gov. Wilson considered the logical candidate by the Democrats of the West, says Mr. Hinemon, but William Jennings Bryan is still a factor to be considered, not as a Presidential candidate again, but as a force that must be reckoned with in the selection of that candidate.

"I've been over much of the West," said Mr. Hinemon, "and find very little sentiment for any man as a Presidential possibility on the Democratic ticket, except Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey. And it does not require a search to find this sentiment; it is in a sense sticking out everywhere and one can hardly avoid finding it."

OLYMPIC CUTS HER OWN TIME

Five Days, 13 Hours, 20 Minutes from Daunt's Rock to the Lightship.

The new White Star liner Olympic, which arrived in Quarantine last night and anchored, has made even better time on her second voyage westward than she did on her first, nearly a month ago. She left Queenstown at 2 P. M. on Thursday, July 13, and passed the Ambrose Channel Lightship at 10:50 P. M. last night, making the voyage across in 5 days 13 hours and 20 minutes from Daunt's Rock.

Capt. E. J. Smith, in his wireless dispatch last night, said that the Olympic's daily runs were 525 miles to noon on Friday, July 14; 560 to noon on Saturday, 534 to Sunday, 536 to Monday, and to noon yesterday 518 miles, making an average speed for the five days of 21.68 knots an hour.

The Olympic is expected to dock at 8 o'clock this morning. Among her passengers is Lord Pirrie, head of Harland & Wolff's shipbuilding yard at Belfast, who was the principal associate with J. Pierpont Morgan in forming the Atlantic combination now known as the International Mercantile Navigation Company, of which the White Star line is a part.

MRS. WHITNEY'S GEMS FOUND

Recovered in Pawnshop from Negro Porter Trying to Sell Necklace.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 18.—A valuable necklace, supposed to be the property of Mrs. Payne Whitney of New York, and thought to be part of the jewelry stolen from her on a train from Providence to Boston, has been recovered. Israel Davis, a porter on the New Haven road, and once a preacher, was arrested by Inspectors Norton and Patterson in a pawnshop this evening, and the necklace found in his possession.

On July 8 Mrs. Whitney came from New York to Providence by boat and thence by train to Boston on the way to Manchester-by-the-Sea. She mislaid her handbag containing $1,500 worth of valuables, and when she went to look for it it was gone. She supposed it was stolen by a trainman and notified the head porter, Frank E. Cooper, who reported it to the police and railroad detectives. Her initials were on the bag.

To-day the Inspectors followed Davis into a pawnshop. He showed the necklace to the broker, and the Inspectors then questioned him closely. He finally said he had found the bag and made no effort to find the owner. He says he left the bag on a seat on the train.

WOMAN IN AUTO SLAIN.

Shot, Meant for H. C. Beattie, Her Husband, Fired by Man Near Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, Va., July 18.—While returning to the city in a motor car from Chesterfield County to-night, Mrs. H. C. Beattie, Jr., was shot and instantly killed by an unidentified white man, who escaped.

The killing occurred five miles from Richmond. Officers with bloodhounds are searching for the slayer.

Mr. Beattie, driving the car, slowed down as he saw a man walk into the road. The stranger cried:

"You had better run over me."

"You have got all the road," said Beattie and started to pass.

The man raised a shotgun and fired. The load blew off the top of Mrs. Beattie's head.

Beattie jumped from the car and grappled with the slayer, who gave him a smashing blow across the face with the gun, leaving an ugly scar. Beattie got possession of the weapon and the stranger disappeared.

Springing back into his car, Beattie found his wife lying across the seat. He tossed the shotgun into the tonneau and started for Richmond, steering with one hand while he held the body with the other. He drove five miles to the home of a friend and gave the alarm.

Mrs. Beattie was 23 years of age. She was married a year ago and was prominent socially.

Low rates to Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis and West via Ches. and Ohio. Tickets at 20th and Broadway; also all Penna. R. R. Ticket Offices.—Adv.

MAINE WRECKED FROM OUTSIDE

Evidence of Such an Explosion Disclosed by Clearing Cofferdam of Water.

DOUBLE BOTTOM UPHEAVED

Found to be Elevated More Than Forty Feet Above Its Normal Position.

MUD DELAYS FULL INQUIRY

Battleship, Sunk Deep in the Silt of Havana Harbor, Presents New Engineering Problem.

HAVANA, July 18.—The process of removing the water surrounding the wreck of the Maine was practically completed this evening, when the water level in the cofferdam had been lowered eighteen feet, leaving the wreck surrounded by islets of mud, small pools and sinkholes of green, slimy water, in which scuttled myriads of crabs and other small creatures. The soundings to-night showed nowhere a depth in excess of four feet.

The structure of the bow as far aft as frame 18 is now exposed, permitting an analysis of the plates, beams, and ribs, and it has been shown conclusively that they originally belonged to the structure of the double bottom, which is now elevated to a height of some forty feet above the normal position, apparently giving confirmatory evidence of a tremendous exterior explosion.

The dregs of water remaining in the cofferdam can be removed in a few hours, but it is now apparent that the engineers are confronted with an infinitely more serious problem, the removal of the mud in which the remains of the battleship are embedded from a minimum of thirty-seven feet to a depth that can only be conjectured.

Although the water now is only two feet lower than in previous pumping operations, the revelations with regard to the shattered condition of the hulk have been vastly enlarged, owing to the lateral outspreading of the distorted frames and plating, especially in the forward section, where the principal force of the explosion was expended.

In the confused mass of wreckage of the bow is to be seen a curved piece of steel. This is believed to be what Ensign Powelson identified before the Sampson Court of Inquiry as part of the flat keel of the Maine. Naval Constructor Ferguson, in charge of the examination of the wreck, declines to say whether he can fully confirm Powelson's identification, but says that adjacent plates and beams are unquestionably from the vicinity of the keel.

The wardroom and officers' quarters on the starboard side are exposed, but owing to a considerable list the mud is level with the ceiling, precluding at the present time the possibility of exploration. The present intention is not to attempt to remove the trifling quantity of water within the cofferdam, but to make preparations to erect foundations for cranes and derricks, with which to extract the heaviest parts of the wreckage, after which a means for removing the mud will be decided upon. The necessity for extensive excavations may consume several months.

Among the developments as a result of the pumping to-day was the exposure of a section of the armor belt abreast the midship superstructure. This is about level with the surface of the water, in normal position, but separated from the forward portion of the belt, which doubtless was blown out.

Exploration of the gallery to-day resulted in the discovery of two pots half full of beans and other articles for kitchen use, some of which at first were believed to be human bones.

The hope of the discovery of the skeleton of many of the crew is diminishing on account of the unexpectedly complete demolition of the berth deck.

The engineers are greatly pleased with the success of the cofferdam, which in spite of much adverse criticism is now resisting fully 95 per cent. of the estimated maximum strain with not the slightest sign of weakness. It is believed that the wreck will be ready for inspection by the Board of Inquiry within two months.

An interesting point which the engineers are now investigating is whether the bulkhead immediately aft the central superstructure, where it is believed the hull was almost completely broken in half, remains in good condition, in which case it is believed little difficulty will be experienced in floating out the after one-third of the ship.

HISTORY OF MAINE EXPLOSION.

Havana Startled by the Disaster on Night of Feb. 15, 1898.

It was on the night of Feb. 15, 1898, that Havana was shaken by a terrific explosion, that a flash as of lightning lit up the harbor, and then the Maine sank slowly beneath the waves, carrying with her 260 of her crew. Already relations between the United States and Spain were strained, and instantly the cry "Remember the Maine" sprang into being. It was Capt. Sigsbee who first grasped the resulting importance of the destruction of the Maine and was cool enough, even with his ship scarcely under water, to send to the Secretary of the Navy the message:

"Public opinion should be suspended pending further report."

It was Capt. Sigsbee, too, who recorded

later what every one here appreciated that "the explosion of the Maine was the ultimate incident which impelled the people of the United States to regard Spain as an impossible neighbor. Although the war which followed was not founded on the destruction of the Maine as a political cause, that disaster was the pivotal event of the conflict which terminated Spanish possession in the Western World. Considerations like this must continue to give the Maine a unique place in the history of the United States, especially since the character and magnitude of the disaster make it one of the most shocking on record."

It is a matter of record that Father John P. Chadwick, Chaplain of the Maine, stated some time after the explosion that when the Maine was ordered to Havana harbor its crew were in doubt whether the mission was to be a peaceful one or a warlike one. Havana folk were as uncertain as were the Maine complement as to the purpose of the battleships's presence, and, according to the Chaplain, it was rumored in Havana the night before the explosion that a great event would happen on the following night.

Crew Trapped Asleep.

The catastrophe occurred about 9:30 o'clock. Most of the crew were asleep. Of the thirty officers attached to the ship all but four were aboard. Father Chidwick was also in his stateroom and recounting his experiences afterward he said:

"I was in my room when a loud explosion rang through the ship. It lurched to one side and all the lights were extinguished. I and I believe others on board thought at first that war had begun, for we expected it momentarily, and that we had been hit by a shot from the fort.

"I ran to the deck and amidships. From there forward was one mass of flames. From the flames and from the surrounding water, in which floated still-blazing fragments of the wrecked ship, sounded cries of 'Save me! Help me!'

"Capt. Sigsbee was on the poop deck. He was giving orders calmly, and a handful of men, those that had escaped the explosion, were obeying them."

Father Chidwick declared that reports that had reached him from men on deck at the time of the explosion and from others who saw the explosion, that the bodies of men were sent shooting sixty feet into the air. The turret of the ship, which weighed more than 100 tons, was found more than 100 feet away.

What Inquiry Court Said.

The report of the court of inquiry which convened on the United States ship Iowa after the explosion of the Maine was returned on Monday, March 29, 1898. The board making the report consisted of Capt. W. T. Sampson, President, and Lieut. Commander Marix, Judge Advocate. In the report they found, first, that the United States battleship Maine arrived in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, on the 25th day of January, 1898, and was taken to Buoy No. 4, in from five and a half to six fathoms of water, by the regular Government pilot. The United States Consul General at Havana had notified the authorities at that place the previous evening of the intended arrival of the Maine.

Second, the state of discipline on board the Maine was excellent, and all orders and regulations in regard to the care and safety of the ship were strictly carried out. All ammunition was stowed in accordance with prescribed instructions, and proper care was taken whenever ammunition was handled. Nothing was stowed in any of the magazine or shell rooms which was not permitted to be stowed there.

The temperature of the magazines and shell rooms was taken daily and reported. The only magazine which had an undue amount of heat was the after 10-inch magazine and that did not explode at the time the Maine was destroyed. The fire alarms in the bunkers were in working order and there never had been a case of spontaneous combustion of coal on the Maine.

The two after-boilers of the ship were in use at the time of the disaster, but for auxiliary purposes only. With a comparatively low pressure of steam and being tended by a reliable watch, these boilers could not have caused the explosion of the ship. The four forward boilers have since been found by the divers and are in a fair condition.

On the night of the destruction of the Maine everything had been reported secure for the night at 8 P. M. by reliable persons through the proper authorities to the commanding officer. At the time the Maine was destroyed the ship was quiet and least liable to accident caused by movements from those on board.

At Frame 18, the vertical keel was broken in two and the flat keel bent into an angle similar to the angle formed by the outside bottom plating. This break is now about six feet below the surface of the water and about 30 feet above its normal position. In the opinion of the court this effect could have been produced only by the explosion of a mine situated under the bottom of the ship at about Frame 18 and somewhere on the port side of the ship.

In the opinion of the court the Maine was destroyed by the explosion of a submarine mine which caused the partial explosion of two or more of her forward magazines. The court has been unable to obtain evidence fixing the responsibility for the destruction of the Maine upon any person or persons.

HAS RIOTOUS AUTO RIDE.

Pennsylvanian Arrested in Central Park Calls Police Hirelings.

A well-dressed man, calling himself Edgar Herbert, a manufacturer, of 621 Ferry Street, Easton, Penn., was arrested last night on the East Drive in Central Park, where he was driving a large touring car. He was arrested by Policeman Miller of the Arsenal Station and locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct and intoxication.

According to the police, Herbert was driving through the East Drive in a zigzag course and yelling at the top of his voice. Miller heard the man's yells and jumped into the middle of the roadway and called to him to halt.

"Out of my way, hireling," shouted Herbert.

Herbert finally brought the car to a stop. At the station he used such abusive language to the policeman that a charge of disorderly conduct was made against him.

Herbert refused to tell his New York address, and called the police "servants, hirelings," and other names.

BULL FORTUNE WON, SHE DIES

Mrs. Vaughan Succumbs to Consumption on Day Will Case Is Settled.

WEST LEBANON, Me., July 18.—Six hours before the time set for the hearing in the Probate Court at Alfred, Me., for the settlement of the famous Bull will contest in her favor Mrs. Olea Bull Vaughan, the contestant of the will of her mother, Mrs. Ole Bull, died here to-day.

The death of Mrs. Vaughan was due to tuberculosis and was not unexpected. During the will trial at Alfred she was unable to be present owing to her illness. Her deposition was taken and several of the lawyers interested in the case interviewed her, but the court did not require her attendance at the hearing.

The will of her mother, Mrs. Ole Bull, the widow of the famous Norwegian violinist, bequeathed the greater part of the property, estimated at half a million dollars, to certain persons in India. The trial lasted nearly two months and developed an unusual line of testimony in which the contesting lawyers sought to show that Mrs. Bull's disposition of her property had been influenced by reason of her beliefs in certain Hindoo doctrines.

Before the hearing in the Probate Court had been finished an agreement was reached and the case was continued until to-day.

BIDDEFORD, Me., July 18.—The agreement by which the contest over the will of Mrs. Ole Bull was compromised recently was confirmed at a special sitting of the York County Probate Court here to-day, wills and codicils being ordered dismissed. Ralph S. Bartlett of Boston, counsel for Mrs. Olea Bull Vaughan, daughter of Mrs. Bull and contestant of the will, who died in West Lebanon to-day, filed a petition for administration of the estate.

Mrs. Vaughan leaves three adopted children, her own daughter having died some years ago.

Mr. Bartlett's petition was granted, and he was appointed special administrator of the estate.

WILEY'S ANSWER IN; REPRIMAND LIKELY

Taft Hopes to Keep the Government's Food Expert Without Offending Wickersham.

CASE BEFORE THE CABINET

All the Papers Turned Over to Wilson —Inquiry to Consider Legality of the Remsen Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Very little time was occupied at the Cabinet meeting this morning with the cases of Dr. Wiley and his associates in the Bureau of Chemistry in the Department of Agriculture. When Secretary Wilson left the department for the White House not all the replies from Dr. Wiley, Dr. Bigelow, and Dr. Kebler had reached him, but before the Cabinet meeting was ended a messenger from the department brought the last of them to him.

When the President reached the Department of Agriculture in his round of the Cabinet he asked Secretary Wilson about the status of the Wiley case. Mr. Wilson replied that he had just received the papers and had not had time even to glance at some of them. The President thereupon asked him to take the papers back to the department and go over them fully and formulate his own opinion regarding the case. Then all the papers, including the Secretary's opinion, are to be submitted to the President for his action.

In spite of the fact that Secretary Wilson and Dr. Wiley have long been at odds it was predicted to-day that Mr. Wilson will recommend leniency. He is aware of the popular sentiment in favor of Dr. Wiley, and for that reason, if for no other, some of his friends declare that he will not concur with Mr. Wickersham in suggesting that Dr. Wiley's resignation would be acceptable.

There is a growing belief in Washington that the President will welcome such a ruling, and that he will find a way to settle the whole question without either dispensing with the services of Dr. Wiley in the Bureau of Chemistry or putting an apparent slight upon Attorney General Wickersham. It has been suggested that the way lies open for him to write an opinion scoring sharply the practice of juggling with salaries which is notoriously prevalent in various departments and on which Dr. Wiley seems, on the record as thus far published, to be technically guilty.

Warning to Other Officials.

That would serve as a reprimand to Dr. Wiley for his part in the employment of Dr. H. H. Rusby, the expert pharmacognosist, and at the same time afford a warning to all other department officials who have been doing the same thing. There is a widespread feeling that such a reprimand would be sufficient in the case of Dr. Wiley. But as yet there is no substantial indication of what the President will do and there is only speculation about it.

The President has not yet given any consideration to the matter, it being always his policy in such cases to wait until the full record is available and then reach his own conclusion upon a personal examination of the complete record. When he does receive all the papers he expects to give them the fullest study and consideration before taking any action. He is desirous of effecting a final settlement of the matter as promptly as possible, but that does not mean that he will not devote to it all the time that is necessary for a careful examination of the full record.

It was made clear at the White House this afternoon that the President does not regard the opinion rendered by Attorney General Wickersham as necessarily binding upon him. Nor will it be considered that action by the President other than that recommended by the Attorney General will constitute a reflection upon Mr. Wickersham. It was pointed out that as a matter of fact the opinion of the Attorney General was not properly one of the documents in the case.

Asked Wickersham's View.

When the question of the charges against Dr. Wiley and the others was first mentioned in Cabinet meeting some time ago the President, who was at that time closely occupied with other business, asked the Attorney General informally to look over the record and give his legal opinion on it. This was to be for the convenience and possible guidance of the President, but was not intended to be used as a finding necessarily to be followed in determining final action.

Secretary Wilson took the papers with him when he left the Cabinet meeting, and worked on them to some extent during the afternoon and evening. He declined this evening to talk about the case further than to say that there was a great deal of work involved in going over all the papers carefully and he could not express an opinion as to when he should be ready to formulate his own conclusions for the President.

Dr. Wiley declined to-day to discuss his answer in any way, but intimated that it was "brief and to the point."

Late this afternoon Mr. Moss, Chairman of the House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Agriculture, received word from Secretary Wilson over the telephone that in all probability the papers and documents in the controversy over Dr. Wiley would be sent to the committee to-morrow afternoon. The Secretary said that it had developed that there was much more material pertinent to the inquiry than might be supposed, and it had taken a large force of typewriters working with all expedition to get the matter ready.

The committee will not begin its hearings this week, as it will take several days for the members to familiarize themselves with the record as it comes from the department. Mr. Moss said to-night that he should think the committee would be doing well if they could begin next Monday to examine witnesses.

Broad Scope of Inquiry.

It is becoming apparent from day to day that the scope of the investigation will be far wider and the quest more searching than is generally expected. The committee will endeavor to get witnesses from the two sides of the benzoate of soda controversy. The precise procedure in the department with cases of violations of the pure food law will be brought out as fully as possible.

It is said that the Food and Drug Inspection Board, consisting of Dr. Wiley, Dr. Dunlap, and Solicitor McCabe, has abated a large number of cases under the "three months rule," and no prosecutions have been made in hundreds of cases, where Dr. Wiley believed the cases should have been taken into court.

The three months rule was made to provide for a situation where the report of the inspectors had not been acted on, the analyses had not been made, or some delay had occurred on account of the inability of the Bureau of Chemistry to keep up with the vast amount of work put upon it, and the case had become what is called "stale" and the offenders, having modified their methods, stopped using the deleterious drugs and changed their labels to comply with the law, it was deemed for the best interests of the Government and the public to drop the case. The number of abated cases has been about two to one of the cases that have been prosecuted.

Wilson's Course Criticised.

Members of the committee that will investigate the Wiley case have raised a point that will be taken care of during the investigation. This is to find out why Secretary Wilson pursued the course of asking the Attorney General for an opinion as to the legality of the Remsen Board and went on and authorized an expenditure to date of upward of $200,000 when the question of the law involved was never sent to the Controller of the Treasury.

It would have been proper for the Secretary to send it to the Controller, and some members of the committee regard it as strange that Mr. Zappone, the disbursing officer of the Department of Agriculture, did not do so when the matter of spending the money required by the board came before him. If it should now turn out, as is rumored with decided probability, that the first opinion written in the Department of Justice was to the effect that the appointment of the Remsen Board could not be sustained as legal and that this opinion after all holds good, it will put the Secretary of Agriculture in a very awkward position and will make the report condemning the expenditure of less than $100 on account of the services of Dr. Rusby look very queer when nearly $200,000 have been expended illegally for the Remsen Board.

ENEMIES IN WILEY'S OFFICE.

Food Adulterators Helped by Them, The Drug Reporter Suggests.

The Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter of this city in its current issue strongly intimates editorially that the charges against Dr. Harvey W. Wiley are largely due to the activity of Dr. Wiley's enemies in his own office, who are acting in accordance with the wishes of those who desire to put out impure foods and drugs. The Reporter says in this connection:

> If the error that is now charged against the Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture should prove to be true, it could probably be shown that he is the victim of the carelessness—or worse—of clerks whose business it is to handle the official documents bearing on his work. The enemies of pure food and drugs are not all engaged in manufacturing and mercantile pursuits, and there is an impression at Washington that in the departments of the Government which are charged with the administration of the Food and Drugs act, there are not lacking those who not only openly endeavor to overrule Dr. Wiley's decisions in favor of the consumer, but who resort to all kinds of trickery to nullify his work, or, to use the parlance of the street, put him in a hole.
>
> According to those who take this view of the situation, the programme was for Dr. Wiley to be at present in the deep hole dug for him and some of his assistants, whose enemies are a credit to them, but, somehow, the doctor sidestepped just as the forces which were to topple him over the brink of the excavation were about to give him the final shove, and it is now a question whether or not these forces will be able to gain their equilibrium before the sides of the hole surround them.
>
> While we deprecate the conditions at Washington, manifested by this evident desire on the part of certain servants of the people to have ousted some of their fellow-servants who do their work well, we find much to be thankful for in the showing made by the public on its own behalf when its good and faithful servants seemed to be in danger. We believe that without exception the daily press of this city, and every daily paper from out of the city that has come to hand since the matter under discussion has been before the public, has expressed in no uncertain tones its belief in the honesty and efficiency of Dr. Wiley, and said in effect that for the public to lose his services would be a calamity. And the papers but voice the ideas of their readers in so far as these ideas have been expressed—and they have been expressed by clubs, societies, associations, and other organized bodies of men and women who stand for the consumer as against those who heartlessly exploit that long-suffering individual for gain, regardless of his health or even life.
>
> Dr. Wiley has the confidence, the friendship, the backing of the people of this country; the people of this country rule when they have a mind to, and it seems that they have a mind to rule in the matter of retaining Dr. Wiley's services, together with those of such of his fellow-workers as co-operate with him rather than try to block his progress.

Not only The Drug Reporter but practically every important trade paper in the city is standing behind Dr. Wiley as against his enemies.

HOTCHKISS ON FIRE AGENTS.

Urges National Association to Train Them in Salesmanship.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 18.—"More real agents in the fire field, rather than fewer agencies," was the advice given by William H. Hotchkiss, State Superintendent of Insurance, in an address on "State Laws and the Insurance Salesman" at the annual convention of the National Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents in this city to-day. "I commend this sentiment with emphasis," said he, "to those who seek through pending legislation the establishment in New York of a single agency system." Mr. Hotchkiss continued:

> The new law for the licensing of fire agents in New York is, in effect, but a law for registry. True, once granted, a license can be taken away, and, of course, its renewal refused. But, the manufacturer's apprentice, the grocer's clerk, the barkeeper, the barber or the corner lounger may still be a licensed fire insurance agent. In effect the company appoints; the State merely rubber stamps. So long as this is so, yours cannot be a profession.
>
> I know not what this association and the affiliated local bodies throughout the land are doing to this end; but, if fire insurance agency is to become, at last, a profession, there must be schools of salesmanship, more real insurance agencies must be created to do the public's business.
>
> You seek to remedy this by statute and a bill prohibiting such agencies has been introduced at Albany. You would decree, in effect, that hereafter each company shall have but one agency in any single community. Franklyn, does this not look just a bit monopolistic? More; what really will be accomplished by the legislation suggested? If certain companies will not now keep to their agreement, how unlikely that the agreement itself will last.

Mr. Hotchkiss devoted a part of his address to conditions in life insurance twenty years ago, saying there were too many untrained agents and urging that the same methods should be pursued in the fire field to-day as were followed in life insurance, and which have made salesmanship in that line a profession.

CONGRESSMAN DIDN'T HELP.

Goldfogle Meets Friend on Liner and Friend's Trunks Are Held Up.

Congressman Goldfogle, having provided himself with a revenue cutter pass, went down the bay early yesterday morning to meet the North German liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie at Quarantine when she arrived from Bremen. He boarded the liner and went up to the pier at Hoboken, where he afterward stood leaning over the trunks of Miss Minnie Garrison, a buyer of a department store in Philadelphia.

When the Deputy Surveyor on the pier had been notified by the Inspector and the Appraiser that they could not agree with the valuation made of some laces by Miss Garrison in her declaration, and he had expressed his dissatisfaction to their owner, Congressman Goldfogle turned to the customs official and said: "I am Congressman Goldfogle." Then he stepped back.

The Deputy Surveyor said: "How interesting," and then ordered the three trunks belonging to Miss Garrison sent to the Public Stores for appraisement. She was allowed to take two other trunks away with her.

The card catalogue at the Custom House shows that in January, 1908, when Miss Garrison arrived from Europe on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., her trunks were sent to the Public Stores, and after her effects had been appraised she had to pay $165 extra duty on articles undeclared.

GOV. WILSON PREDICTS.

Tells Monmouth County Democrats the Democrats Will Win in 1912.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 18.—Six hundred Democrats of Monmouth County at a dinner at Avon to-night heard Gov. Woodrow Wilson predict Democratic success in 1912.

It was useless to talk of the formation of a third party, said the Governor. People were asking which of the old parties had seen the modern light, and were turning to the Democratic Party. This Government for the first time was yielding to the teachings of Thomas Jefferson. Everywhere, every Government was being subjected to a test as to whether it lives up to the real Jeffersonian test.

NEWSPAPER COUPONS LEGAL.

Post Office Regulation Prohibiting Them Annulled by Hitchcock.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Postmaster General Hitchcock to-day issued an order practically annulling the postal regulation, which has existed for many years, prohibiting the use of return coupons in advertisements.

The action is considered of importance to publishers, as the refusal to permit the use of such coupons has caused much controversy between them and the department.

Auto Kills a Child.

Six-year-old Milton Rosenswyz of 6 Kiley Avenue, West Arverne, L. I., was run down and killed by an automobile at Wygand Place and the Boulevard, West Arverne, yesterday afternoon. Robert Rotheim of 810 Fox Street, the Bronx, an automobile salesman, who was alone in the car, was arrested.

HOSTILE FLEET NEAR IN BIG WAR GAME

Trying to Get Into the Sound, Batter the Coast Defenses, and Capture New York.

SMALLER FLEET ON GUARD

Fast Destroyers and Submarines and a Few Make-Believe Battleships Seeking the Enemy.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENPORT, N. Y., July 18.—The big naval game planned to show whether or not a foreign fleet could capture the entrance to Long Island Sound, demolish the land fortifications along the Connecticut and New York shores, and thus make possible the occupation of New York City started at 8 o'clock this morning. At that hour the home fleet steamed out to sea to search for, and if possible destroy, the make-believe hostile fleet that is known to be headed for the Sound, under command of Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, the Commander in Chief of the United States Atlantic Fleet. Under the programme mapped out by the Navy Department experts, the battle must end by noon on Thursday.

Commander E. W. Eberle, U. S. N., who is in command of the defending ships, said this morning just before his fleet sailed that he hoped to locate the enemy by sundown, and he did not deny that if he was lucky the twelve torpedo boats under his command would dart forth to-night for the purpose of putting as many of the battleships and armored cruisers out of commission as possible.

There is no way of finding out to-night whether or not the quest was successful, as both fleets are supposed to be miles out, the one trying to sneak its way into the sheltered waters of the Sound and the other trying to find it in time to keep it outside. The fleet under Eberle is supposed to be picketed to-night between Fisher's Island and Montauk Point, the destroyers, which are among the fastest of their type afloat, darting up and down the line, with the officers on board alert for the first sight of an approaching battleship or cruiser.

By sunrise this morning all was bustle on board the vessels of the "red" or home fleet. From the Dixie, the converted cruiser that is the flagship of Eberle, signals were constantly being wigwagged to the destroyers, submarines, old-time cruisers that were once units in the famous White Squadron, and even an old monitor that is so ancient that it is almost a perfect sister in appearance of the vessel that sunk the ironclad Merrimac in the civil war.

Scattered among the crews of the vessels were several hundred naval militiamen from New Jersey, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and Maryland. As fate would have it, the civilian sailors from New York and Brooklyn are all in the fleet that is going to blow New York to smithereens within the next two days, unless the brave blue jackets under Eberle find them before they get into the Sound and the destroyers and submarines are able theoretically to send them where Davy Jones's locker is supposed to be.

The manoeuvre problem was aptly described by Commander Eberle last night as one intended "to exhibit for the first time the problem of defending New York from the Sound approach." It is not being worked out, he added, for the sole benefit of the naval militia, but is designed for the instruction of regulars and militiamen alike. The problem contemplates a situation where a powerful fleet of hostile ships is approaching New York by way of the Sound, while opposed to them is a fleet of much weaker ships augmented by several flotillas of modern torpedo boat destroyers and submarines. The supposition so far as Eberle's fleet is concerned is entirely correct in the present manoeuvre, for under him, with the exception of the torpedo craft and submarines, there is not a single vessel that would last a minute once it had the bad luck to get within striking distance of a modern dreadnought. Here is the fleet that is defending New York and on the skill of which New York is trusting to escape destruction on paper.

ATLANTIC TORPEDO FLEET.

Commander, E. W. Eberle.
Dixie, flagship, Commander J. K. Robison.

SEVENTH TORPEDO DIVISION.

Reid, flagship, Lieut. Commander John S. Doddridge.
Smith, Lieut. E. C. S. Parker.
Flusser, Lieut. Commander James P. Morton.
Lamson, Lieut. Commander John McC. Luby.
Preston, Lieut. Commander David F. Boyd.

EIGHTH TORPEDO DIVISION.

Paulding, flagboat, Lieut. Commander Yates Stirling, Jr.
Drayton, Lieut. Commander K. M. Bennett.
McCall, Lieut. Commander A. McArthur.
Roe, Lieut. Commander Clark H. Woodward.
Terry, Lieut. J. C. Fremont.

NINTH TORPEDO DIVISION.

Perkins, flagboat, Lieut. Commander J. R. P. Pringle.
Warrington, Lieut. W. M. Hunt.
Burrows, Lieut. J. F. Hellweg.
Sterret, Lieut. R. L. Berry.
Tripp, Lieut. F. D. Berrien.

THIRD SUBMARINE DIVISION.

Grayling, flagboat, Lieut. Donald C. Bingham.
Bobitz, Ensign S. Danenhower.
Narwhal, Lieut. C. W. Nimitz.
Salmon, Ensign W. G. Child.
Snapper, Ensign J. W. Jewell.
Stingeray, Ensign C. N. Hincamp.
Tarpon, Ensign J. W. Barnett, Jr.
Castine, tender, Lieut. R. A. Koch.

The above are all modern vessels of their type, but not so with the rest of the home fleet. The old cruisers and the lone monitor are in this instance supposed to be battleships. They are the old cruiser Chicago, the old torpedo boat Rodgers, the ancient Isle De Cuba, so old when she was captured from the Spaniards that the Navy Department did not have the heart to give her an American name; the monitor Tonopah, and the converted yachts Vixen and Aileen.

Any one of the eighteen battleships under Osterhaus in a real engagement could sink the whole defending fleet. Imagine the old Tonopah running afoul the giant North Dakota, with her ten twelve-inch guns and twenty odd guns of smaller calibre.

The Osterhaus fleet, which is fighting to get into the Sound, is the biggest and finest ever assembled under one command in the history of the country. Whereas the fleet up to a few weeks ago numbered sixteen battleships and four cruisers, it now numbers nineteen first-class battleships in addition to a division of armored cruisers and a fleet of a dozen splendid naval auxiliaries. Eighteen of these battleships and three of the cruisers are now on the eve of attacking New York. They are supposed to be foreign ships for the next three days, and if they were New York would face a problem of how to put ninety twelve-inch guns out of business, in addition to scores of 10, 8, 7, and 6 inchers. This is the enemy and the list tells its own story:

ATLANTIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, Commander in Chief.

FIRST DIVISION.

Connecticut, flagship, Capt. William R. Rush.
North Dakota, Capt. Albert Gleaves.
Michigan, Capt. Nathaniel R. Usher.

SECOND DIVISION.

Rear Admiral C. J. Badger, Commander.
Louisiana, flagship, Capt. Albert G. Winterhatter.
South Carolina, Capt. Augustus F. Fechteler.
Kansas, Capt. J. A. Hoogewerff.
New Hampshire, Capt. Thomas S. Rodgers.
Vermont, Capt. Walter McLean.

THIRD DIVISION.

Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, Commander.
Missouri, flagship, Commander Frederick L. Chapin.
Minnesota, Capt. G. R. Clark.
Idaho, Capt. Herbert O. Dunn.
Mississippi, Capt. William F. Fullam.
Maine, Capt. F. W. Kellogg.

FOURTH DIVISION.

Rear Admiral Thomas B. Howard, Commander.
Virginia, flagship, Capt. James H. Glennon.
Georgia, Capt. William L. Rodgers.
Nebraska, Capt. J. P. Parker.
Rhode Island, Capt. John Hood.
Ohio, Capt. W. W. Buchanan.

FIFTH DIVISION.

Rear Admiral Sidney A. Staunton, Commander.
Washington, flagship, Capt. Richard M. Hughes.
Chester, Commander Benton C. Decker.
Salem, Commander George R. Evans.

Of the above the North Dakota, Michigan, and South Carolina are dreadnoughts. The Delaware, the fourth of the Dreadnoughts, is not taking part in the game. She has just returned from the coronation of King George, where she was the biggest ship in the great international fleet that was reviewed by the King.

To-morrow some time the contending fleets are expected to clash. By Thursday night, at the latest, New York should know whether or not it has been bombarded and captured or whether the plucky little torpedo-boat destroyers and submarines and the old-fashioned cruisers under Eberle have turned the trick and saved the city from destruction.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., July 18.—Fleeting glimpses of torpedo boat destroyers and submarine as they scudded about on the watch for invaders were the only indications of mimic war visible to the residents of Watch Hill, Block Island, Newport, and other places within the war zone to-day.

Two destroyers remained in the vicinity of Block Island the greater part of the day, but disappeared in the distance late in the afternoon, while the tiny vessels of the submarine fleet were seen on several occasions off Point Judith, Brenton's Reef, and elsewhere in the Narragansett Bay district. All kept well off shore so that their identity could not be ascertained.

Following the rule laid down by the War Department that the use of wireless be eliminated, the ships of both the attacking and defending fleets refused to-day to answer calls. Wireless operators at Newport tried for hours to connect with the Connecticut, the flagship of the invading fleet, to deliver a message, but without avail.

All along the southern shore of Massachusetts and Rhode Island the residents are keeping awake to-night watching for the flashing of the searchlights and other indications that the battle is on.

FISHERS ISLAND, N. Y., July 18.—A bank of fog covers the waters to the eastward of this island to-night and it drifted at sundown over Long Island Sound. While the fortifications which guard this entrance to New York will not take part in the war game, there is lively interest among the officers and artillerymen stationed here. It is recalled that nine years ago when the war game was played off here with the forts as part of the defense several war vessels under cover of the fog crept through the Race and actually got by the guns of all the batteries and then anchored out of range to the westward of this island. With fog to assist the attacking fleet tonight, the garrison expect to wake up in the morning and see some of the smaller vessels off shore. For their own information, anticipating that the first attempt to slip by the defending fleet, which will be stretched from Montauk Point to No Man's Land, the officers at Forts H. G. Wright, Michie, Mansfield and Terry have doubled the guards and all have been ordered to keep sharp watch to seaward.

ROCKEFELLER BIG TAXPAYER.

Pays on More Property Than Any One Else in Cleveland.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 18.—John D. Rockefeller is the biggest individual taxpayer in Cuyahoga County, according to figures compiled by the County Quadrennial Board of Appraisers to-day. He pays taxes on real property in Cleveland and in various parts of the county, the appraised value of which is nearly $6,000,000.

His property in Cleveland, including the Rockefeller Building, is valued at $1,961,170. In East Cleveland he pays taxes on property, including his Forest Hill estate, valued at $1,280,000. Property owned by him in Cleveland Heights is valued at $200,000.

Besides this, Mr. Rockefeller is charged with the taxes on about $2,000,000 worth of other real estate which has been turned over to the Abeyton Realty Company, of which he is the principal owner.

All of Mr. Rockefeller's personal property is listed for taxation in New York City.

HIS LORIMER STORY JUST LIKE HINES'S

Lumber Buyer's Words Almost Identical with Employer's in Denying Funk's Testimony.

MORE ABOUT HINES'S BOAST

Declared he Elected the New Senator, Union League Club Clerk Says—Burgess Contradicted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The Senate Select Committee investigating the Lorimer scandal to-day heard corroborative evidence on both sides. Isaac Baker, a buyer for the Edward Hines Lumber Company, swore—almost in Mr. Hines's own words—that Mr. Hines in a telephone conversation with Mr. Lorimer before his election had told the candidate that the Administration greatly desired his election and that he must leave no stone unturned to obtain the Senatorship.

Mr. Baker said that he had been present when Mr. Hines talked over the telephone to Mr. Lorimer and in response to questions he said that he had not again thought of that conversation for nearly two years. He denied that Mr. Hines or any one else had "refreshed" his memory of the conversation or that before taking the stand he had read Mr. Hines's testimony.

On the other side, Donald M. Frame, a cigar clerk in the Union League Club of Chicago, swore to having overheard the conversation between Mr. Hines and Herman H. Hettler in which, as Mr. Hettler told the committee yesterday, Mr. Hines had boasted of having personally elected the "new Senator." Mr. Frame said that he could not remember the exact words, but that he was sure of the substance.

Mr. Baker testified that he made the trip from Washington to Chicago with Mr. Hines, ending on May 26, the day Lorimer was elected. He was present in Wirt H. Cook's room at the Grand Pacific Hotel when Hines had a long distance telephone talk to Springfield about Lorimer's election that day.

Cook has testified that Hines said he would be down on the next train prepared to furnish all the money needed. Hines denied this remark. So did Baker to-day. The witness repeated almost verbatim Mr. Hines version of the conversation. Baker was also at the Union League Club, he said, the day Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the International Harvester Company, asked Hines, according to Hines, for the privilege of contributing to Lorimer's campaign fund. Funk declared Hines had asked him to contribute $10,000 toward a $100,000 fund.

To-day Baker gave an account of the meeting of Hines and Funk, just as Hines had done, even describing how Funk took hold of Hine's left arm, near the elbow and walked away in conversation. He was sure Funk had asked to be introduced to Lorimer as Hines testified, but which Funk denied.

On cross-examination Baker said he first recalled the telephone conversation in Cook's room, after the publication of the so-called White confession on April 30, 1910.

"What made you recall it then?" asked Senator Kern.

"Cook was getting off the string and making threats about what he would do to Mr. Hines."

The witness said there was nothing unusual about the conversation that would make him remember it.

"White didn't mention the conversation, did he?"

"No, but he or the papers were talking about a lumberman with a black taking money to Springfield."

The witness said he never repeated the conversations until after the Helm committee investigation at Springfield last Spring.

Baker said he had neither read Hines's testimony about the conversations nor heard him give his version of them.

"Don't you regard it as remarkable then for you to make precisely the same report of those conversations that Hines does?" inquired Senator Kern.

"No, Sir, I do not."

Charles McGowan of Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada, next took the stand as the hitherto unidentified "young Canadian, who was on the Winnipeg flier in March, 1911, during the alleged conversation between W. F. Wiehe and William Burgess about the Lorimer election jackpot. Burgess testified that Wiehe remarked to him in the presence of the Canadian that a jackpot was raised to elect Lorimer, and that he subscribed $10,000 to it.

"Did Mr. Wiehe at any time during the conversation say anything about there having been a jackpot raised to elect Lorimer or about Mr. Wiehe having contributed to it?" inquired Attorney Hynes.

"No, Sir, replied McGowan, "there was nothing said about the election of Senator Lorimer."

B. A. Johnson of Chicago, until July 1, 1911, general staff representative of the American Lumberman, testified positively that Wiehe did not say that a fund was raised to elect Lorimer.

TRIAL OF DETECTIVES BEGUN.

Men Employed in Scott Mausoleum Case Indicted on Black Hand Charge.

ERIE, Penn., July 18.—When the Federal Court resumed its session to-day the Grand Jury returned indictments against Gilbert B. Perkins of Pittsburg and Charles Franklin of Philadelphia, private detectives, charging them with using the mails to defraud in connection with alleged Black Hand letters sent to Charles H. Strong. The case was at once called for trial, and before adjournment to-night three witnesses had been called by the Government.

With the indictment is filed a letter alleged to have been sent to C. H. Strong and made public for the first time. It reads:

> Erie, Penn., Feb. 15, 1911.
>
> C. Strong: You leave $50,000 at 11 P. M. Feb. 26, 1911, at Thirty-first and Pennsylvania Avenue or you will have your branes blowed out. Either you or your wife. If you bring any police along they will be shot and my men will make a strong battle.
>
> BLACK HAND'S DEATH.

The indictment charges that the defendants on Feb. 18, 1911, actually mailed in Erie a Black Hand letter, addressed to Mr. Strong, demanding $50,000, and that on Feb. 16, 1911, they mailed a second letter to Mr. Strong, of which the above is a copy.

Conrad Klein, a hotel keeper, was called to place Perkins and Franklin in Erie at the time the letters were received by Mr. Strong.

Charles H. Strong told of the desecration of the mausoleum of the late Congressman W. L. Scott, his father-in-law, and the subsequent employment of Perkins and his men to run down the ghouls. He told of the receipt of the letters and identified them. He said they had been turned over to Perkins by his wife and S. S. Walker, his private Secretary, and that when Perkins left his employ on Feb. 18, he gave them to Henry E. Fish, former attorney for Strong.

Mr. Fish, the third and last witness of the day, told of receiving the letters from Perkins, and from Fish the letters passed to Post Office Inspector Oldfield.

Before adjourning court for the night Judge Charles P. Orr, who is hearing the case, cautioned the jury to report immediately to the court any attempt to approach them or hold communication with them.

ARREST ART DEALER HERE.

M. T. Lane Accused of Beating a Pittsburg Hotel for His Bill.

Maurice T. Lane, 61 years old, who the police say is well known to art connoisseurs throughout the world, and who formerly owned many valuable art treasures, was arrested in his apartment, 240 West 102d Street, where he lives with his three daughters, late last night, by Detective Leigh of the District Attorney's office, on a warrant signed by Alderman Fugessio of Pittsburg, charging him with cheating a hotel keeper of Pittsburg out of a bill amounting to $2,700. He is alleged to have incurred this bill previous to June 7 this year. He was locked up in Police Headquarters, charged with being a fugitive from justice.

According to a copy of an indictment which accompanied the warrant, F. C. Smith of the Lamont Hotel, Pittsburg, says that Lane lived at the hotel for eight months previous to June 7, when he surreptitiously removed his luggage.

The police say that Lane went to Pittsburg to sell works of art, including paintings and tapestries, but found business bad. A number of Pittsburg millionaires to whom he hoped to sell art treasures did not care for his wares. He lived at the Lamont in great style.

Lane is a small man with a gray mustache, and looks prosperous. In the Baltimore fire, the police declare, he lost $100,000. On the copy of the indictment it is said that he is also known as "M. T. Lanne."

MAYOR JOINS FIGHT TO KEEP OUT CHOLERA

Continued from Page 1.

symptoms of cholera cases on board during her voyage over," the agent testified. "The Royal Italian Commissioner reported to Dr. Doty that there was absolutely no cholera on board."

Mr. Dushkind laid much stress on this testimony, as he is trying to show that none of the Moltke's cholera cases was contracted in Italy, but on Hoffman Island and through some sewage getting into a drinking water cistern.

Dr. Doty's lawyer, on the other hand, pointed out that the steamship agent's testimony shows that Dr. Doty was more alert, strict, and careful than the Italian Royal Commissioner was.

A number of Health Department officials were then called in rapid succession. It appeared that they hadn't brought their records with them, and Mr. Dushkind complained that the public officials of this city, and especially Commissioner Lederle of the Health Department, were ignoring the commission's subpoenas.

"I wrote to Dr. Lederle asking him for a copy of the regulations of his department, and he didn't even answer my letter," Commissioner Bulger exclaimed angrily at this point. "All I've got to say is that subpoena after subpoena is going to be issued by us until all the books and records we want are produced."

Commissioner Bulger didn't do much talking on his own account yesterday. An interview which was published over his name in a Sunday morning paper seems to have caused him some embarrassment. The interview quoted him as saying with considerable emphasis and elaboration that he intended to recommend Dr. Doty's dismissal by Gov. Dix. Early in the investigation Commissioner Bulger promised Dr. Doty that he would not make any statement regarding the case until his report had been turned into the Governor.

"I refuse to be interviewed on that interview or on any other subject connected with the investigation," he said yesterday.

Drs. Walker, a private physician, and McGuire and Murphy, two physicians attached to St. Vincent's Hospital, in one of whose public wards Cushing, the Hoffman Island watchman, spent a day before the fact that he had cholera was discovered, described the details of the case on the stand yesterday. After either being dismissed or having sneaked away from Hoffman Island, on Monday of last week, Cushing went on a spree in Manhattan. He returned to Staten Island on the following Wednesday, but while drinking in a saloon, was taken with cramps and other severe symptons. He went home and sent for Dr. Walker. The latter thought he had ptomaine poisoning or enteritis. Cushing got so much worse on Thursday that Dr. Walker had him sent to St. Vincent's Hospital. Next day Dr. Walker, from another of his patients, learned that Cushing had been working on Hoffman Island. He drove in haste to Dr. Doty, but the latter had apparently already been tracing Cushing's movements, for he was making arrangements to take him from the hospital to Swinburne Island.

Mr. Dushkind, late in the afternoon session, recalled Maurice J. Doyle, Dr. Doty's bookkeeper, to the stand and questioned him still further about the John D. Marston coal bills. Marston is merely an employe for a coal mining concern at 1 Broadway and doesn't seem to have any coal business of his own. Nevertheless, he has received several thousand dollars for coal from the Quarantine authorities during the last few years. Mr. Dushkind brought out the fact yesterday that none of the orders for coal for which bills have been presented by Marston is to be found registered in the Quarantine order book.

"Several thousand dollars of public money has been spent, but there is no proof that the coal was actually delivered," Mr. Dushkind exclaimed.

Lawyer Scofield, for Dr. Doty, said last night that there were undoubtedly records on Hoffman Island by means of which the coal consignments could be traced, and that the orders had probably been given over the telephone.

Dr. Doty's Friends Active.

It was learned yesterday that Dr. Doty's friends have been consulting earnestly among themselves recently as to how best to come to his aid. Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, President of the Academy of Medicine, recently wrote to Dr. J. W. Brannan of Bellevue Hospital that he was willing to testify for Dr. Doty at the investigation whenever he was called. Drs. William P. Northrop, Simon Flexner, and Abraham Jacobi have given Dr. Brannan the same assurance.

"All the acts with which Dr. Doty has been charged in the course of the present investigation are capable of an entirely proper explanation," Dr. Brannan said last night. "The piano which was tuned by Dr. Doty out of State funds was used by the nurses on Hoffman Island. The flowers and tennis balls were on the grounds of the station. At Bellevue and at other hospitals the public pays the flower and tennis charges, too. In the Sloane Maternity and all other lying-in hospitals women, like the Alexandrovski woman, are encouraged to work in the wards up to a short time before they are going to be mothers, because it distracts their minds. The sick children are not obliged to walk from vessels to the hospital at Quarantine. Orderlies carry them. The well ones, however, walk, and it is the well ones whom the ignorant witnesses have seen. Cholera can't possibly be carried by the clothes, and any up-to-date surgeon will testify that Dr. Doty is right in not obliging his employes to fumigate their clothes before coming to Manhattan. When the first testimony against Doty came out Dr. Northrop sent me a letter saying that Dr. Doty was apparently being blamed for things which he had done on Northrop's own advice."

CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

Scattered Cases in Cities—Another Italian Ship Due at New York.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—A cablegram to-day from Consul-General Snodgrass at Moscow gave the results of a general inquiry by all the American consuls in Russia as to cholera conditions. He stated that the health authorities of Russia have reported that there is no cholera in the Empire. Our consuls, however, report that the newspapers state that there are cases here and there, and it is more than likely that their statements are to be relied on rather than the official reports.

There are, according to the Russian newspapers, cases at St. Petersburg, Kostioma, Kozar, Baka, Samara, and Usa. There are also suspicious cases at St. Petersburg, Vitelbsk, Astrakan, Navo, and Tcherkaska, but no deaths were reported from these places.

Reports are due within a few hours from Surgeon Geddings, stationed at Naples, in regard to the general condition of the epidemic throughout the cholera district in Italy. The Public Health authorities apprehend that the latest reports will show a gradual increase of the disease.

The conditions are this Summer more than ever aggravating with prolonged heat periods, and the epidemic having started so early it has gained an appalling headway for this season. Within a few days another steamer is due in New York from Italian ports, the Principe Piedmonte, and the precautions will be redoubled to prevent the landing of any suspected cases of infection. There are now at Quarantine nearly 300 immigrants undergoing examination for the presence of bacillus carriers, and with the arrival of the next steamer the facilities of the place will be fully put to the test. Surgeon General Wyman said today that thus far the work of the Quarantine Station had given the public every assurance of being able to cope with the work put upon it, and there was no reason now apparent why it should not be able to protect the city and country against the spread of the disease.

SICILIANS BLAME MAYORS.

Think They Got Cholera Germs at Rome—Drive Out Red Cross Workers.

CHIASSO, Switzerland, July 18.—The Italian Government is encountering great difficulty in Sicily, where the cholera has appeared in grave form, in overcoming the hostility of the people toward the doctors and officials.

The Red Cross workers, who have often been attacked by peasants, have been obliged to depart from villages where their presence is greatly needed.

Superstition has reached such a point in some of the rural districts that several of the Mayors who went to Rome to be present at the unveiling of the monument to King Victor Emmanuel II. have been unable to return to their posts, the villagers believing that they went to the capital to bring back germs of infection.

MAHON, Minorca, July 18.—Several cases of cholera have been discovered among the crew of the German steamer Hispania, which arrived to-day from Italian ports. The steamer was at Naples on June 24.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Because of the prevalence of cholera in Italy Secretary MacVeagh to-day cabled orders to the revenue cutter practice ship Itasca at Marseilles to strike the port of Naples from its itinerary. The vessel has on board thirty cadets from the Revenue Cutter School at Fort Trumbull, Conn.

The Itasca will proceed from Marseilles to Gibraltar and thence home.

SUBWAY DEAL MADE WITH INTERBOROUGH

Continued from Page 1.

Aneny report, will make the enlarged Interborough Subway capable of transporting more than three times as many persons as it is said to have carried in the last fiscal year.

The plan to allow the city an additional 3½ per cent. over and above its interest, when the interest is earned, he considers of no avail in a situation in which the prospects are that the subway, operating to its maximum capacity and with the degree of congestion now realized in the present Subway, will be unable for an indefinite number of years to earn enough to support the city's capital issued for construction. Therefore he proposes to oppose the McAneny-Prendergast agreement with the Interborough and vote that the extended system be turned over to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit in accordance with the recommendations of the McAneny report.

An element of comedy was added to the transit situation yesterday, when George S. Coleman, general counsel for the Public Service Commission, who was instructed last week upon the motion of the new Commissioner, J. Sergeant Cram, to prepare contracts for the third tracking of the Interborough's elevated lines, asked for further instructions on the ground that the basis underlying the forms of contracts which the commission tentatively adopted last Fall differed radically from the basis underlying the elevated third track terms laid down in the McAneny report, which the commission also voted to approve.

In a formal statement at the meeting of the commission, Mr. Coleman explained his difficulty and was told that he should follow the terms of the McAneny report. Those terms provide that to the Interborough shall be allowed, as a cumulative charge against the profits of the elevated system, an amount equal to the net profits figured on an average of four years before the beginning of operation of the extended system, and that thereafter profits should be divided half and half with the city. The contracts which the Public Service Commission prepared last Fall provided compensation to the city of 2 per cent. on the estimated increase in gross receipts at the express stations.

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INDICT BOTH GIRLS FOR SHOOTING STOKES

Grand Jury Charges Them with Attempted Murder and Assault in Two Degrees.

LETTER HUNT AGAIN FAILS

Long-Missing Witness Appears at Police Trials, but Denies Having Had Any of the Stokes Missives.

Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad, the two girls who shot W. E. D. Stokes, proprietor of the Ansonia Hotel, in their rooms in the Varuna apartment house, at the corner of Eightieth Street and Broadway, were indicted yesterday for attempted murder and assault in the first and second degrees.

The report of the Grand Jury, which was handed to Judge Crain in General Sessions, caused some surprise, as it had not been expected that the indictments would charge more than assault in the first degree.

District Attorney Whitman said last night that he did not expect the case would be reached until October. The girls will be in court this morning, when new bail will be furnished. They were not in court yesterday because their appearance would have interfered with a matinée performance in which they were booked as "Those Girls." They took the news of their indictment in almost a jocular mood, stating that they had absolute confidence in their ability to convince a trial jury that what they did was justified under the circumstances.

Mr. Stokes spent forty minutes with the Grand Jurors just before the indictments were handed up. He narrated each incident of his visit to the Varuna and the outcome of it. The only other witness heard was Detective James J. McCormick, who made the arrests in the case.

At Police Headquarters, an hour after the Grand Jury had concluded its work, the trial room on the third floor was filled with persons connected with the case intent upon discovering if the evidence in the case of the four detectives on trial for allowing certain Stokes letters, written to Miss Graham, to slip out of their possession while they were supposed to be on guard at the Varuna immediately after the shooting, would throw any light upon the present whereabouts of the missing correspondence. In this they were disappointed. Deputy Commissioner McKay heard witnesses flatly contradict each other for four hours and then announced that he would not render a decision as to the four detectives, Walsh, Flynn, Sullivan, and Devery, until to-morrow.

The testimony, which George Gordon Battle, representing the accused policemen, said was closed at 8 P. M., developed one new line of evidence of an unexpected character. It was the story of Michael Bersund, who has frequently been mentioned during the police trial as having had stolen letters in his possession, but whose whereabouts have heretofore been as great a mystery as that of the letters from the bundle tied with pale pink ribbon

Bersund was produced at 7 P. M., after three recesses of ten minues each had been declared to make waiting for him easier. His appearance was finally brought about through the volunteered services of Sylvester L. Cosgrove of the Cosgrove Detective Agency. Mr. Cosgrove, who had kept him away, said, when questioned as a witness, that he had done so because he was an important witness in another case and he did not wish him tampered with. He promised to produce him, and when he was urged to do it forthwith sent out an automobile. It was gone three hours, and then returned with the missing man.

He is slender and tall, as described in court by witnesses for Stokes, but instead of having light scant hair, as had been asserted, he had very dark hair and plenty of it.

This point was made much of by Mr. Battle on account of the fact that Stokes witnesses asserted this man had figured in many ways in connection with the case and had called at the Ansonia Hotel, where he took letters out of his shoes, whereas he himself asserted that he had never been at the Ansonia Hotel in his life, and had nothing whatever to do with the transfer of letters from the Varuna.

He objected to the designation of himself as a private detective, made by Leslie S. Pietre of the Ansonia, who is private secretary for Mr. Stokes. He described himself as a yachting engineer who cruises for hire each Summer and lives ashore in the Winter with his friend and countryman, John Bloom, Superintendent of the Varuna. Describing his connection with the missing letters, he said that all he knew about them was that one day while he was packing up his stuff in a room of Bloom's flat in the Varuna a private detective named James Cummings approached him and asked him if he knew the Conrad girl and her companion.

He replied that he did not, he said, and was then asked to write his name and address on a slip of paper so the detective could reach him. This he did, and that was the extent of his interest in the case.

Mr. Stokes's secretary, who presented the slip of paper in evidence, declared that Bersund had brought it to him at the Ansonia with the memorandum, "See F. F. at 182 Palisade Avenue, West Hoboken," written upon it, and had brought with it a letter addressed to Miss Graham, which he carried in his shoe. Bersund characterized this testimony as perjury, declaring that on the day the detectives from Mr. Stokes had questioned him a letter was lying nearby which had just arrived for Miss Graham. The detective copied the initials of the sender with the return address, which was written on the back, he said, and went away with this memoranda. They were the same initials that he was alleged to have furnished Stokes's secretary at the Ansonia.

Newspaper reporters and photographers furnished testimony that they had free access to the Varuna apartment of the two girls for an hour and forty minutes after the shooting before the arrival of the four accused detectives to take charge. They took photographs, they said; looked through letters, copied some, and carried some to their offices, with the permission of Bloom, the Superintendent. Later the letters were returned. One photographer testified that he made three trips between his office and the apartment, carrying and returning letters each time. Another said that he met Bloom, the Superintendent, in the hallway, with a portfolio under his arm, before the police arrived, Bloom remarking to him as they met that it would do him no good to look through the rooms, as he (Bloom) had already gone through them thoroughly, and had carried out everything worth while.

The detectives, who were on trial, identified various newspaper photographers as persons Bloom, the Superintendent, had brought into the apartment while they were there, announcing them as friends of his. They maintained that they had carried away every letter found in the place as the result of a thorough search and that letters found after they left must have been returned by some one who had taken them away before their arrival.

Before a decision is rendered by Deputy Commissioner McKay, he will take into consideration a brief to be filed to-day by Mr. Battle, summarizing the case in behalf of the detectives. The specific charges still remaining against them involve disobedience of orders, making false reports, and conduct prejudicial to the good of the force.

NOT TO PUT BLAME ALL ON HAVEMEYER

Congress Committee Is Seeking Some Living Sugar Trust Official to Hold Responsible.

HEARINGS BEGIN HERE

Sub-Committee Will Go to Lake Mohonk to Get the Testimony of John R. Arbuckle, Trust Enemy.

The Congressional Committee which has been inquiring into the affairs of the American Sugar Refining Company and its methods of doing business, transferred its hearings from Washington to this city yesterday.

The committee met in the Custom House in the morning, but its members, prospective witnesses, and the reporters so overflowed the largest available room there that the hearing was held in the afternoon in the Circuit Court room in the Federal Building. The committeemen attending are Representative Hardwick, Chairman, of Georgia; Jocaway of Arkansas, Garrett of Tennessee, Raker of California, and Sulzer of this city, Democrats, and Madison of Kansas and Hinds of Maine, Republicans. They expect to be in session here throughout the week, and have taken up quarters at the Oriental Hotel, Manhattan Beach.

The committee came to this city primarily, it was said yesterday, to hear the testimony of John R. Arbuckle, reputed to be the American Company's stoutest and most outspoken enemy, Mr. Arbuckle's health not permitting him to go to Washington. But Mr. Arbuckle is ill at his Summer home at Lake Mohonk, and a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Garrett and Madison, will go up there to hear what he has to say.

The committee may also ask to see such records and books of the company here as could not be conveniently carried to Washington.

To reporters who asked him about it, Chairman Hardwick explained that the Congressional investigation has put on trial both the American Sugar Company, commonly called the Sugar Trust, and the United States Department of Justice. The committee wants to know in what respects the American Company has violated the Sherman anti-trust law, Mr. Hardwick said, but also in what respects the anti-trust law may be strengthened by amendments. Then Congress is anxious, the Chairman emphasized, to learn why it was that the Department of Justice flatly refused to prosecute the American Company until forced to do so by exposures and the collection of $2,000,000 back dues by other agencies of the Government.

Power That Havemeyer Wielded.

Much of yesterday mornnig was spent in an effort to draw out from Washington B. Thomas, Chairman of the American Company's Board of Directors, an estimate of the power in the company's affairs wielded by the late Henry O. Havemeyer. Apparently the testimony of Mr. Thomas in the morning, under the questioning of Representative Garrett, which seemed to show that Mr. Havemeyer was the chief force, and therefore chief offender, if there was such, was not altogether to the committee's liking.

At any rate, in the afternoon, when Representative Raker did the firing for the committee he tried to show that the Board of Directors was not composed of "feeble-minded gentlemen," but of men of strong wills and purposes, who backed up Mr. Havemeyer in the more important of his policies. The effect of this, it was inferred, would be to divide the responsibility for the acts of the American Company among living men rather than heap it upon the dead.

"I have been interested," remarked Mr. Garrett to Mr. Thomas, "in the testimony given in this inquiry regarding the dominating character of the late Henry O. Havemeyer. He was a man who would dominate, was he not?"

"He was a strong man," admitted Chairman Thomas.

"Isn't it a fact that the Board of Directors did very little at its meetings except ratify what Mr. Havemeyer did or proposed to do?" was asked. Here Mr. Garrett explained that he had inferred from the statements of another witness that it was the custom of the board to meet informally before the official meeting, discuss and practically decide upon what was to be done, and then ratify such decisions a few moments later, so that the minutes were as brief as possible, consistent with anything like accuracy. Mr. Thomas admitted that, while Mr. Havemeyer was an almost all-powerful force in the American Company, he did not think that, as a rule, the Directors transacted the business of the company at informal meetings, of which no records were kept.

"Mr. Havemeyer opposed publicity, did he not?" asked Mr. Garrett. The witness said he did.

"Was he not supported by his colleagues in the company?"

"Not by all," was the reply.

In this connection, Mr. Thomas said, after some reflection, and with the evident purpose of having his statement go into the record, that he was not attacking a dead man's record.

"I want to say right here," he declared, "that I want none of my remarks to be taken as a reflection upon or a criticism of Mr. Havemeyer's methods of running the corporation. He ran it as a Captain runs his ship, and I don't wish to be considered as disparaging his ideas."

But Mr. Thomas informed the committee that as soon as Mr. Havemeyer died and he himself became a greater power in the affairs of the American Company he brought about a reversal of the Havemeyer policy of secrecy.

"Following Mr. Havemeyer's death," questioned Mr. Garrett, "was there a discussion among the Directors as to a change of policy from secrecy to publicity?"

"I don't think there was any such discussion," replied Mr. Thomas. "I took it upon myself to direct that annual reports be made to the stockholders and the public."

"Then you effected this change of policy?" asked Mr. Garrett.

"I was largely responsible," Mr. Thomas replied, "if I may be allowed to say so, but I couldn't have done it, of course, without the co-operation of the other Directors."

Responsibility of Living Men.

This line of questioning was in contrast with that conducted later by Representative Raker.

"Were there any weak or feeble-minded men among the Directors in Mr. Havemeyer's time?" Mr. Thomas was asked.

"Certainly there were no feeble-minded men in the board," Mr. Thomas asserted with emphasis.

"What I mean," explained Mr. Raker, "is that Mr. Havemeyer's associates in the conduct of the American's affairs were all experienced, able men, capable of independent thought and action."

"I would not prefer to say myself that all were able men," replied Mr. Thomas with regard for that fact that he was one of the men referred to.

"Well, excepting yourself," pursued Mr. Raker. Mr. Thomas replied "yes," then, and Mr. Raker remarked:

"For myself, Mr. Thomas, I think you are well able to take care of yourself, mentally and physically." The witness bowed his thanks.

Control of the National.

Several times during the day effort was made to get Mr. Thomas to admit that the National Sugar Refining was owned entire by the American Company, but Mr. Thomas would only say that his company h[illegible] interest in it.

"The National Company's stock is now in litigation in the Chancery Courts of New Jersey, is it not?" asked Chairman Hardwick.

Mr. Thomas replied yes, and in answer to another question, that he should judge that the American Company would benefit by the suits on account of its large holdings of stock.

"Has the American Company had anything to do with engaging counsel for the complainants in this suit?" pursued Mr. Hardwick.

James M. Beck, general counsel for the American Company, objected to this question, and in the argument which followed Chairman Hardwick said:

"This question is important from its bearing on inter-State commerce. If the American Sugar Refining Company is reaching out we should know it. Now, what I want to know is, did the American Company have anything to do with engaging counsel for this suit?"

Mr. Thomas replied that so far as he knew his company had done nothing toward aiding or abetting the suit.

When Mr. Thomas had been turned over to Mr. Raker for questioning Hr. Raker said:

"Now, isn't it a fact, Mr. Thomas, that the American Company holds the National Company in its hand like a boy clutches a marble?"

Mr. Thomas would not admit that he knew any such thing. Mr. Thomas was questioned about the reported appointment of a committee consisting of the President and Vice President of the Board of Directors to fix the prices of sugar generally, but let the wind out by explaining that this committee was named to fix the prices of the American's own sugar and that even then he did not think it had ever done so.

Denies Price Agreement.

Attempts were made to show that the American company controlled the prices of sugar, the so-called independent companies raising or lowering the price after the lead of the American. But Mr. Thomas said he could mention several instances where the other companies had led, in changing prices and that no agreement, written, oral, gentlemen's, or any other kind existed for the control of prices.

After some squabbling as to the admissibility of a question as to whether or not the presence of an inactive American refinery in a locality was calculated to keep out another company's plant, a hypothetical question covering the same ground was asked, and Mr. Thomas said he did not think a rival company would be stood off by any other company's unused plant. Thomas S. Fuller, of counsel for the American Company, objected to the question in any form on the ground that it had to do with inter-State commerce, and as Mr. Thomas is under indictment on a charge of committing acts in restraint of trade, he could not be asked to incriminate himself.

Chairman Hardwick ruled, however, that the question as revised was purely hypothetical, and directed Mr. Thomas to answer it.

John E. Parsons, former counsel for the American Sugar Company, waited in the room all of yesterday, expecting to be cabled, but Mr. Thomas was kept on the stand throughout the day, and will go on again this morning.

FAST BREAK IN COTTON.

Rush of Selling Orders at Opening Here and in New Orleans.

The cotton market had a more active and excited opening yesterday morning than for months past, with a sensational break in prices. Private cables had been received from Liverpool saying that the old bull leaders were liquidating, and when business started in the local market practically every broker around the ring had selling orders.

First prices were at a decline of from 25 to 29 points, and while a rally of from 10 to 12 points occurred from this level, liquidation of long cotton continued. The South was a big seller, and before midday August contracts had sold at 13.24, or $2.50 a bale below the closing price of Monday, while new crop months were from $1.50 to $1.70 a bale net lower, with December selling at 12.17 against 13.78, the recent high point.

Continued rains in the Southwest, increasing confidence in the big estimates of the coming crop, together with unfavorable trade advices and claims that prices of some leading brands of cotton goods had been cut to a 10-cent basis for raw material, helped the general selling movement, and wth this was the fear that after two years of almost uninterrupted success the bull leaders had at last found themselves on the wrong side of the market.

A report became current that Eugene G. Scales, a bull leader, had lost between $1,500,000 and $2,000,000 by the collapse in futures.

NEW ORLEANS, July 18.—Prices crumbled on the opening of the local cotton market to-day. At the first stroke of the gong brokers began to fill an immense accumulation of selling orders, wired in from all over the cotton country.

Reports of heavy rains in Oklahoma apparently started the selling. Private messages from Liverpool said that large selling orders were coming from America, Europe, the Orient, and the cotton world generally on the widely cabled report that the big American holders were selling out. Friends of the leading bull operators denied that there was any truth in this story.

At the bottom of the slump that followed the opening, the December option was 25 points under yesterday's close. This was a break of a quarter of a cent a pound, or $1.25 a bale. The buying by shorts checked the decline and caused a reaction of about 5 points.

Later in the day the market weakened again under fresh selling based on the promise of more rain in the cotton country and favorable weekly weather reports. August went down 43 points, or $2.15 a bale, and the new crop months were down 35 to 36 points under.

HELD FOR INSURANCE FRAUD.

Malschick, Balaity, and Weinberg Accused of Running Fake Concerns.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—At a hearing here to-day of three officials of fourteen "Mutual Fire Insurance Companies" of this city on the charge of operating fraudulent concerns, a nineteen-year-old boy testified that he had been picked off the street and made President of two of the concerns and Secretary of a third at a total salary of $5 a week. The witness, Herman S. Robinson, said he was homeless when hired to run errands. He was told that he must "dress up," and said that one of the defendants had outfitted him at a clothing store. At the end of the hearing the three officials, David Balaity, Jacob Malschick, and Charles Weinberg, were held under bail for trial.

Robinson testified that he knew he had been made President, but thought it was only a matter of form. He said that the janitor of an office building, in which the fourteen companies were operated from the same room, also was made President of one of the concerns. Robinson further testified that he had presided at Directors' meetings of his companies, but had no idea of what was done. "I always read a newspaper or went to sleep. Balaity did all the talking," he said.

Ernest K. Mueller, a solicitor employed by two of the concerns, which the State Insurance Department charges were all controlled by the same principals, testified that while he was connected with the concerns, new ones were organized with a total "fake" capitalization of $1,500,000. The names of the alleged subscribers, he said, were taken from the city directory.

Harry S. Thiel, another solicitor, testified that "agents of the companies got 50 per cent. on all business they wrote and Inspectors 10 per cent. of all business written by those under them.

"The money came in fast," he testified. "Balaity and Malschick both had tin boxes in which they kept the cash and the boxes were often full."

The office of the concerns were recently raided. The concerns, it is charged, wrote fire insurance in all parts of the country, and it is asserted that their total receipts were $27,000 a month.

HEAT MADE MIND BLANK.

Highland Falls Merchant, Missing a Week, Turns Up Again.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., July 18.—August Merrill, a Highlands Fall merchant, who disappeared more than a week ago, was found in the Erie Railroad Station at Jersey City last night by a friend and brought back to his home.

Merrill went to New York during the recent hot weather to buy goods and was overcome by the heat so that his mind became a blank. He said to-day that he came to in an Indiana town but did not know how he got here.

GOV. DIX AND MURPHY CLASH ON PRIMARIES

Legislature Gets Forcible Message Saying the Blauvelt Bill Doesn't Redeem Pledge.

DIX FOR AN HONEST BILL

Wants Official Ballot—Murphy Does Not—Senate Against Framing Bill as Dix Proposes.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 18.—Gov. Dix and Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy are at odds over what sort of a direct nominations bill the present Legislature ought to pass in redemption of the unequivocal pledge for State-wide direct primaries made in the Rochester platform.

Gov. Dix sent to the Legislature to-day a message which, while not truculently insistent, urged the passage of "a suitable measure for the establishment of efficient and honest primaries, thereby meeting a reasonable and righteous demand of the people of the State of New York." The message was read in both houses at to-day's session. Among other things it urges a provision in the bill for an official primary ballot.

One of Mr. Murphy's accredited representatives in the law-making body told THE TIMES correspondent that he did not look for any drastic changes, just to please the Governor, in the direct primaries bill now pending before the Legislature, which provides for a form of primaries as unlike the direct nominations as a political boss "possibly could make them."

"Gov. Dix is in the wall-paper business, and doesn't know the first thing about politics," he said, in explanation of the attitude maintained by the Tammany continent.

In the course of his message Gov. Dix says:

"Direct nominations is not, and should not be, a party question. All the political parties have declared in favor of the principle of direct nomination of party candidates and of members of party committees by enrolled party voters. The Rochester platform pledged the Democratic party to the principle of State-wide direct primaries that will 'insure to the people the right to choose members of political committees and nominate candidates for public office.' The Republican platform was hardly less explicit. The duty of fulfilling these pledges to the people should rest alike upon all members of the Legislature, irrespective of political affiliation. The question should be approached, not in party spirit, but with an eye single to serving the State, and to the improvement in political methods and conditions which will inevitably follow the adoption of a system of nominations and committee appointments that will place directly in the hands of party voters the nomination of party candidates and the naming of members of party committees.

"The people of the State have accepted in good faith the declaration of the political parties, and especially the declaration of the Rochester convention, to mean a primary law State-wide in its application and operation and insuring to party voters the right to nominate practically all candidates for elective offices.

Bill Not What Voters Expected.

"This expectation is not met by the direct nominations bill reported to the Legislature by the Assembly Judiciary Committee. In working out the details of a system of direct nominations, honest differences of opinion may exist. These differences should be settled by discussion, and perhaps by mutual concession and compromise that involve no surrender of the essential and vital elements of the principle of State-wide direct nominations. But the system itself rests on fundamental requirements that cannot be ignored or surrendered. If the political parties represented in the Legislature are to keep faith with the people, party primaries must be surrounded with all the safeguards and accessories of a general election. Town, village, and ward candidates are now nominated at direct primaries. It can be claimed with some reason that the State convention should be retained. Only a State convention consisting of delegates elected by the party voters from the political subdivisions represented in the convention can with authority and propriety adopt a platform that will enunciate the party interpretation of political principles and state the party position on pending public questions and political issues. With these exceptions, the bill should apply to all elective offices and to all political committees.

"Members of political committees, beginning with the State Committee and including all the lesser committees, should be the choice of the party voters of the district they represent on the committees. It is no proper function of the State convention to name or elect the members of the State Committee of the party. I do not believe the people will tolerate a bill that takes from the voters of the party within the political subdivisions that constitute the State Committee the right to name its representative on the highest and most powerful body within the party organization.

"An official ballot is another essential requisite of a direct nominations measure that will meet the expectation and the demands of the people of the State. The absence of an official ballot will create confusion and chaos, and may open the door to fraud. Nominating primaries should be conducted with all the safeguards of an election. An official ballot is as essential to an honest and efficient primary as it is to the election of candidates on election day. Party and political chaos should be avoided and not invited. Chaos would be inevitable at a nominating primary without an official ballot. Neither should nominations be made unnecessarily expensive. The absence of an official ballot would compel each candidate to print and distribute his own ballot. This condition must inevitably produce confusion, both inside and outside party lines, and in many instances create an expense so great as to prevent many men from seeking public office."

Starts First Real Skirmish.

The Legislature had waited nearly seven months for the first real skirmish over direct primaries. In the debate which followed the reading of the message in the Senate the bills of last year—those of Senator Hinman and Senator Cobb—were brought forward by the Republicans as meeting the views of the Governor, while the new Democratic members insisted that the Governor had made particular reference to the Burd bill, or the Ferris-Blauvelt measure, which has been amended in the Assembly Judiciary Committee to meet the wishes of the Tammany organization.

Last year the Republican organization took the responsibility of killing the Direct Nominations bill urged by Gov. Hughes, and the issue was taken to the Saratoga Convention, where, under the leadership of Theodore Roosevelt, the delegates voted in favor of a direct primary plank, and the Democrats, in convention at Rochester, committed the party to a bill which would "insure to the people the right to choose members of political committees and nominate candidates for public office."

Since the beginning of the legislative session it has been apparent that the Tammany leaders and the Republican organization representatives have been opposed to a bona fide direct nominations bill. Five different measures providing for direct nominations were introduced, and they have remained in committee since January. Amendments made to one of the measures in the Assembly Judiciary Committee indicated that Tammany Leader Murphy was not in accord with Gov. Dix in his endeavor to carry out the party pledge. He insisted on an unofficial ballot, which would permit a voter to appear at the primary with any form of ballot. He also insisted that the direct primary should apply only to legislative offices and that members of the State Committee should be elected by district delegates to the State Convention.

Such features aroused the opposition of Democrats in up-State districts, who owe their election in several instances to their pledges in favor of a direct primary bill.

When Gov. Dix was acquainted with the situation in the Legislature he let it be known that nothing short of a fulfillment of the platform pledge would be acceptable to him. He was aided by Senator Roosevelt of Dutchess County, Lieut. Gov. Conway, and Speaker Frisbie, who also insisted that an effective bill should be passed.

In the debate over the disposition of the message it was plain that both the Democratic and Republican leaders were indifferent as to the fate of direct primaries. With the chances in favor of the Democratic members dividing on the form which the proposed primary law should take, the Republican Senators decided to support the Hinman Statewide Primary bill, which is practically the same as the Hinman-Green measure of last year. It was shown that if the Republicans were taken at their word the independent Democrats, such as Senators Roosevelt, Burd, Loomis, Saxe, and Duhamel, could effect its passage in the Senate.

Senator Wagner moved that the Governor's message be referred to the Judiciary Committee. Senator Roosevelt immediately proposed that the committee be instructed to report a bill in accord with the Governor's message. This was opposed by the Democratic and Republican leaders. The motion was defeated, the only votes in its favor being those of Senators Roosevelt, Saxe, Newcombe, Hinman, Thomas, and Wainwright.

Senator Brackett then moved that the Judiciary Committee be instructed to report favorably the Hinman bill. Senator Wagner said the motion made a burlesque of direct primaries. He assured the Senate that ample opportunity would be given to vote on the merits of the proposition.

"I shall support any motion to direct the committee to report a real primary measure," Senator Roosevelt said.

The Brackett motion was defeated. In its favor were the Republican Senators and Senators Roosevelt and Saxe.

Senator Brackett made another motion requiring the Judiciary Committee to report the Cobb compromise bill for the consideration of the Senate. This measure more nearly meets the views of Gov. Dix, as it provides for the direct nominations of candidates below those on the State ticket, preserving the State Convention.

Senator Grady took a hand at this stage, and on his motion the Brackett motion was laid on the table and the discussion ended. It was made clear to-day that a large section of the Democratic members of both Houses would make a strong fight against the plan of Tammany and the Old Guard of the Republican Party to defeat a satisfactory primary measure at the present session. In the Assembly the Tammany version of the direct primaries bill was advanced to third reading without debate.

OUSTS CANAL ENGINEERS.

Senate Passes Bill Abolishing Advisory Board—Patronage for Bensel.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 18.—In spite of Democratic opposition, the Tammany leaders of the Senate to-day succeeded in getting votes enough to pass the Manly bill, which legislates out of office the Canal Advisory Board of Engineers. The scheme was opposed by the canal interests of the State, which held that the board was an effective check upon the State Engineer, who is charged with making the plans for the one-hundred-and-one-million-dollar canal improvement.

It was believed for a time that the plan to abolish the board had been abandoned, but the bill was revived a short time ago by the activity of State Engineer Bensel, who under the bill will have power to select advisory engineers at will, with the approval of the Governor.

"This is not a bill in the interest of economy," said Senator Loomis (Dem.) of Buffalo. "It is a breach of faith. Its object is to do away with any supervision of engineering work. The bill means that the Democrats, now they are in power, do not intend to be watched, as were their Republican predecessors."

Senator Brackett said that no Democrat was disposed to speak in favor of the bill, which was inspired by party greed, and that it could only be passed by brute force.

The bill passed by a vote of 27 to 18. All the Democrats except Senators Loomis, Burd, and Roosevelt voted in favor of it, as did Senator Platt of Steuben, (Rep.)

The Board of Advisory Engineers was established after the damaging disclosures made of extensive graft in connection with the work on the Barge Canal during the administration of George W. Aldridge, the Republican leader of Monroe County, then State Superintendent of Public Works under former Gov. Black.

The Executive Committee of the Barge Canal Terminal Conference, held in Albany in March and April last, to-night sent to Albany a protest against the bill. The objection is to the amendments which, the committee says, eliminate the provisions designating the sites for the terminals as agreed upon at the conference, referring the selection of the sites to the Canal Board.

The committee says that the sites designated in the original bill were such as, in the judgment of those best qualified to decide, would best serve the commercial, manufacturing, and transportation interests of the State, and were selected without reference to any other consideration or influences.

The Legislature is told that the canal and commercial interests of the State would not approve of the expenditure of nearly twenty millions of dollars upon canal terminals unless all the safeguards which have surrounded the expenditures for the enlargement of the canals are preserved. The committee also objects to the abolition of the Advisory Board of Consulting Engineers, and says it will actively oppose its approval by the people at the polls when submitted.

PASSES SUPPLY BILL.

Assembly Approves Appropriation of $4,157,000—$2,000,000 Saved, Says Smith.

ALBANY, July 18.—The annual supply bill, carrying an appropriation of $4,157,000, which Majority Leader Smith says represents a saving of $2,000,000 over last year's bill, passed the Assembly to-day.

While declaring that the Democrats had really worked hard on the bill and accomplished not a little, Minority Leader Merritt objected to the Democrats charging the approaching deficiency of nearly $5,000,000 to former administrations, "because the Treasury has been looted." It is no one's fault, he said, because it is due only to the natural increase in the State's expenditures. He said he favored a direct tax.

Leader Smith called attention to the fact that department heads had cut their appropriations down by 10 per cent, at the request of the leaders, and that this certainly showed economy.

"We have carried out our pledges of economy," he concluded.

WOULD OUST BURGESSES.

Committee Favors Bill Abolishing Albany Corps—Gardiner Protests.

ALBANY, July 18.—The Senate Committee on Military Affairs to-night reported favorably the McManus bill repealing the charter of the Albany Burgesses corps.

The report followed a hearing on the measure, at which Senator Griffin, chairman of the committee, read a letter from Col. Asa Bird Gardiner of New York in defense of the organization, saying he had "watched with inquietude the steady and persistent efforts of the 'National Guard ring' to throttle military spirit in this State, and the latest and most daring venture is this attack on the Albany Burgesses corps."

FOR EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY.

ALBANY, July 18.—The Assembly to-day passed the Jackson resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so that the Legislature may pass an employers' liability act. The amendment would give the Legislature authority to make provision for the security and protection of the lives, health, and safety of workmen; for compensation for injuries to workmen caused by accidents arising out of their employment, and for insurance against accidents, sickness, or old age.

There was considerable objection to the resolution on the ground that it was too broad in scope, but on Mr. Jackson undertaking to have it modified in the Senate, the Assembly approved the resolution unanimously.

TWINS BORN ON RIVER BOAT.

Kennebec Lands Extra Passengers at Albany, Daughters of Mrs. McGovern.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 18.—When the steamboat Kennebec of the Manhattan Line reached here this morning there were two more passengers than when the vessel left New York last evening. They were twin daughters of Dr. and Mrs. James McGovern of New York City, the latter of whom was on her way to the Adirondacks. She was taken to St. Peter's Hospital, and congratulations sent to the absent father.

On Wednesday night last a daughter was born to Mrs. George Mullin of Brooklyn while she was a passenger on the steamboat Rensselaer of the Hudson Navigation Line, en route up the Hudson.

DIX GAVE $10,000 JOB TO HOLLOW TILE MAN

So Tammany Laughs When It Reads That Moore's Appointment Is a Slap at Murphy.

HAS SUIT AGAINST CITY

For Work on Building Code Which McClellan Rejected—Still in Fight Against Concrete Men.

Politicians in Fourteenth Street and around the City Hall were very merry yesterday when they read in dispatches from Albany that Gov. Dix had given a slap at Charles F. Murphy by appointing John D. Moore one of the new Conservation Commissioners at a salary of $10,000 a year.

"I guess Murphy would welcome any number of slaps like that," said a Tammanyite, with a loud guffaw.

Gov. Dix, as a matter of fact, couldn't have made an appointment that would have been more pleasing to the Tammany leader.

Mr. Moore is well known about the City Hall and has been for several years. He has been almost a daily visitor there since early in the second McClellan administration, for he, more than any other one person, is responsible for the proposed new building code which stirred up so much opposition among builders, architects and other business men. Mr. Moore fought hard to have a building code which favored hollow-tile interests passed in the McClellan administration and he has worked even harder to have a similar one passed by the Gaynor administration. He failed in the first attempt and, judging from yesterday's developments, he is likely to fail in the second attempt also. A history of the building code war is a history of Mr. Moore's political activities in the city since he came from New Haven, Conn., along about 1907.

In that year the Building Code Revision Commission was formed to revise the code which has been in force since 1899. Before that the reformers had tried to get a new code, but Tammany had a special reason for having a code drawn after its own plans, so the Building Code Revision Commission was formed. Mr. Moore was made one of the Commissioners. His prominence in the Knights of Columbus organization had brought him in contact with Daniel F. Cohalan, long Murphy's right hand adviser, and it was always understood that Mr. Cohalan was responsible for Mr. Moore's appointment.

It has long been a matter of argument just what interest Mr. Murphy had in the National Fireproofing Company, which was supposed to profit most from a code which favored hollow tile over concrete. Some said his interest must be considerable. Before the commission was at work very long it became apparent that it was drafting a code that favored the hollow tile people. Representatives of the concrete interests became thoroughly aroused. One provision of the proposed code which particularly aroused their ire limited all buildings to be built of concrete to a height not to exceed eighty-five feet. This, the concrete interests declared, would absolutely preclude their putting up any buildings at all. The fight on the proposed code was a memorable one. Finally it reached Mayor McClellan. The Mayor promptly vetoed it. After that Mr. Moore did not appear around the City Hall quite so often as he had done.

Mr. Moore was next heard from when it was announced that he had brought suit against the city for the $10,000 which had been promised him for his work on the code. Controller Metz, and later Controller Prendergast, held up the payment on the ground that it was excessive. The Corporation Counsel is still considering the matter.

Mr. Moore became very prominent around the City Hall again this year, when the Aldermen took up the matter of framing another code. Alderman Kenneally is Chairman of this committee, and he has been in frequent consultation with Mr. Moore. In fact, it is no secret that Mr. Moore has done a great deal in regard to redrafting its provisions. Again and again Chairman Kenneally has been attacked as favoring the hollow-tile interests.

One of the provisions of this code, like its unfortunate predecessor, limits the height of reinforced concrete buildings. Mr. Moore has disclaimed all authority for the provisions relating to hollow tile and concrete, but he has been looked upon as the spokesman for the advocates of the former method of building

At the hearing which Mayor Gaynor held on the code yesterday Mr. Moore was not present, although he was at the City Hall as usual, receiving congratulations upon his new appointment. One of his friends jocularly pointed out that the amount of his first year's salary, $10,000, is the exact amount for which he is suing the city.

Mayor Gaynor has declared several times that he has no intention of signing the code as drafted, as he does not want any favoritism shown any particular interest. He threw the hollow tile people into a state of alarm yesterday by intimating that he saw no reason why the height of reinforced concrete buildings should be limited. In holding a hearing on a bill that has not yet been passed the Mayor created a precedent. There were no hollow tile representatives present, but Chairman Kenneally spoke for them. T. M. Vinton, representing the other side, called it "Alderman Kenneally's code," and he told the Mayor that the Alderman was trying to mislead him.

"That doesn't look probable," replied the Mayor. "If they were trying to mislead me they wouldn't come here to convince me. They would pass the code."

"There is one way of misleading people by being apparently fair," replied Mr. Vinton. "The whole course of Alderman Kenneally and his associates has been in favor of hollow tile."

When the question of height was taken up the Mayor wanted to know why the height was restricted.

Mr. Perry of the Turner Construction Company said there was no legitimate reason, and the Mayor, turning to Chairman Kenneally, said:

"You must take the restriction off the height of reinforced concrete buildings. I see no reason why any restriction shall be placed upon them."

Alfred Oliver of the Clinton Wire Manufacturing Company, whose material is used in reinforced concrete construction, told the Mayor that the proposed code required his material to be much heavier than at present and that this would almost prohibit its use.

Ernest Flagg, the architect, gave it as his opinion that the entire code was wrong in theory. He said it neglected safety in construction. The Mayor, it was said, would not sign the code until important changes have been made in it.

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An interesting sale today at Saks'
278 Women's Lingerie Dresses
reduced from 20.00
to $8.75

¶ So far this season no sale has quite equalled this in what it offers, no matter how it may have exceeded it in extent. This is the bright particular star in the firmament of Summer values, and we believe that the disparity between the regular price of 20.00 and the reduced price of 8.75 best conveys the unusual character of the event. Simply stated, these dresses have hitherto sold at 20.00 each. Today they are reduced to 8.75. When the 278 are sold the sale will be over, so that we are not in a position to say whether this sale will continue throughout the day or not. But we will hazard a prophecy that it will be concluded within a few hours.

¶ There are two models. One of all-over English eyelet embroidery. Yoke and kimono sleeves are made of tucked net with insertions of linen lace, and the skirt is trimmed with wide linen lace to match. The other model has wide insertings of Cluny and is made of Hamburg embroidery, with tiny tucks and kimono sleeves. Both models have Dutch neck.

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Women's 16 button pure silk gloves, heavy weight, with double tip fingers. White or black.
Special at 79c.

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9 Inches Long x 6½ Inches Wide x 4 Inches Deep—Blue or Green Morocco—Silk Lined—Supplied with Gold Plated Hair Brush, Clothes Brush, Pin Box—2 Glass Bottles, Gold Plated Screw Tops—Glass Jar, Gold Plated Top—Glass Flask Having Gold Plated Bottom and Top—Leather Covered Standing Mirror—Leather Case Containing Needles and Colored Silks—White Celluloid Comb, Buttonhook, Knife—File—Steel Nail Scissors. These Articles are so Compact There is Still Space in Case for Handkerchiefs, Gloves, etc.—Lock and Key—Complete.............. $43.00
Pigskin.............. $45.00
SHOPPING BAGS—From $5.75

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Cross Madison Bag
For Ladies

Tan or Black Grained Oxhide—Moreen Lined—With Elastic Pockets for Toilet Articles—Gold Plated Lock and 2 Slide Locks—Extremely Light Weight and Easily Carried, as Sides do not Protrude—Without Toilet Articles—
12 Inches— $12.50
14 Inches— $13.50
16 Inches— $14.50
TOILET SET for Above—6 Glass Bottles with Gold Plated Tops—White Celluloid Mirror, Hair Brush, Clothes Brush, Comb—Bone Tooth Brush and Nail Brush—Complete.............. $14.00
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TRYING TO PREVENT REVOLT OF LORDS

Opposition Leaders Do Not Want Amended Veto Bill Rejected in Upper House To-morrow.

STATUS OF ASQUITH PEERS

Problems That Will Arise if a Large Number Are Created—Heirs to Peerages May Be Ennobled.

LONDON, July 18.—The urgent summons issued yesterday by Lord Morley of Blackburn to the Liberal members of the House of Lords, calling upon all supporters of the Parliamentary bill to be present on Thursday in anticipation of a possible forced division on the third reading, places him in a curious position. There is no intention on the part of the regular Opposition to throw out the measure on its third reading. They will not only not vote against the amended measure, but, so far as official opposition is concerned, the bill will be allowed to pass its third reading without division.

The possible attitude of the free lance Unionists is what Lord Morley fears, and hence his summons to the Radicals, only forty-six of whom were present to support the second reading of the veto bill.

When Lord Morley moves the adoption of the bill the strange situation will be presented of a Government leader proposing the passage of a measure which his friends in the Cabinet and the House of Commons have already decided immediately to repudiate.

Mr. Balfour had another long conference with Lord Lansdowne to-night, and it is understood that they decided to adhere to the policy of allowing the amended Veto bill to pass the third reading without division.

So far there is no sign of any motion to reject the bill, and although it is still possible that the insurgent peers may challenge a division, it is not expected that the revolt will be big enough to endanger the bill at this stage, as Lord Lansdowne and his associates are doing their best to counteract the threatened uprising.

There is much curiosity on the part of politicians over the Cabinet's list of potential peers. That a list has been made and is awaiting the possibility of its use should this be necessary to obtain the final passage of the Veto bill there is no doubt.

The Government's spokesmen have said repeatedly within the past week that Premier Asquith was prepared to meet all contingencies of the situation in all details, which is taken to mean that he has hidden up his sleeve two leading sources of supply—these being the eldest sons of the present Liberal peers and members of Parliament.

The proposal to ennoble the eldest sons presents an amusing phase of the revolution. Peers of baronial rank think that if their sons are made Barons they themselves should be promoted to be Viscounts. Moreover, some of the more prominent members of Parliament who are not unwilling to join the nobility cherish the conviction that if a host of Barons are to be poured into the Upper House, of whom a large proportion must be commonplace persons, they are entitled to receive the higher distinction of Viscountships.

To draw on the House of Commons for new Lords would present difficulties. If 100 or more members of the lower chamber are taken, a miniature general election will be necessary to fill their places, and the country and the politicians alike are tired to death of elections, with the consequent turmoil, expense, and disturbance to business. Moreover, the Government cannot afford to risk members of Parliament except from safe Liberal constituencies.

The social status of the new peers, if they are created, is the subject of no little speculation. The Conservatives profess to believe that they will be looked upon with amusement and contempt. One writer says that American heiresses are far too shrewd to find such quasi noblemen objects of their ambition. Another suggests the addition of the title of Count to the British peerage for the Asquith peers in order to distinguish them from the other Lords, as noblemen created for a special political purpose.

ROUTED BY HAITIAN REBELS.

Government Troops Flee—United States Sending Second Warship.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, July 18.—The revolution is making progress.

The Government troops were routed at Trou and have returned in disorder to Cape Haitien.

The situation is calm here, but if the Government falls it is feared that there will be disorders, as all the disciplined troops are in the north.

The foreign residents are apprehensive, but the expected arrival of American warships will have a reassuring effect.

CAPE HAITIEN, July 18.—The arrival off the cape of the United States gunboat Petrel has served somewhat to reassure the public, but a feeling of apprehension is general.

Business here is practically suspended and the merchants have put up their shutters. Communication with the interior is interrupted.

KINGSTON, July 18.—The Haitian navy's new warship Antoine Simon, formerly the Consul Grostuck, is crippled leaking, and unfit for service.

She is being towed here for repairs.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The situation in Haiti is causing grave anxiety to American Minister Furniss, who reported to the State Department that the revolution appears to be growing. The revolutionists have seized several important points, among them the second city in the Republic, Gonaives, where large quantities of supplies belonging to an American railway construction company are stored.

A telegram from the Minister to-day suggested the advisability of sending another American warship to Haitian waters, and the gunboat Des Moines, now at Boston, is under orders to proceed there at once.

If the situaton continues to increase in gravity, a third vessel will be dispatched, and the gunboat Petrel, now on the north coast of Haiti, but under orders to return to the United States, may be detained.

$1,500,000 Damage in Luzon.

MANILA, July 18.—Damage amounting to $1,500,000 has been done by the typhoon and floods in Luzon. The tobacco provinces have been isolated.

ASKS SPAIN TO EXPLAIN.

Excitement Caused by Alleged Insults to Frenchmen at Alcazar.

PARIS, July 18.—France to-day asked Spain to explain the arrest of M. Boisset, the French Consular Agent at Alcazar, Morocco, by a Spanish patrol, the report of which incident is confirmed by official advices.

M. Geoffroy, the French Ambassador at Madrid, will return to his post this evening. The press is aroused over what it calls the repeated insults on the part of Spain, and demands apologies.

The French newspapers first turned their attention from the Franco-German controversy to the Spanish attitude a week ago, when the French Government asked its Chargé d'Affaires at Madrid to request an explanation of the mistreatment of two Frenchmen by Spanish troops at Alcazar. At that time the press declared that France would no longer accept the "provocations" from Spain, which began with the extension of her military operations in Northern Morocco.

The latest incident has further inflamed the feeling here.

MADRID, July 18.—According to a semi-official statement issued to-night, the Foreign Office has requested the Spanish Legation at Tangier for information regarding the reported arrest of M. Boisset, the French Consular Agent at Alcazar.

WANTS TO TAX BACHELORS.

Lyons Municipality Asks Parliament to Grant the Authority.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 18.—For the first time in France a resolution in favor of a tax on bachelors was voted by the Lyons Municipal Council this afternoon. The Council thus proposes to raise $60,000 that it needs for the alleviation of the distress suffered by innumerable large families among the laboring classes in the city.

It is proposed to make all single men residing in Lyons liable to a tax of $2 and a supplementary tax of $1.25 if they pay a weekly rent of $1 or more.

Parliament has been asked to pass a bill to bring the proposed tax into operation.

FRIENDS OF RECIPROCITY.

Canadian Cabinet Minister Found No Opposition in Western Canada.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, July 18.—Frank Oliver, Minister of the Interior in the Laurier Cabinet, has gone to Ottawa after six weeks' investigation into reciprocity with the United States.

"In my trip I did not discover opposition to reciprocal trade in any quarter," he said. "The people of the West, whom I met in three prairie provinces, are unanimously for the agreement."

MR. GATES STILL IMPROVING.

Irregularity and Weakness of Heart the Most Alarming Symptoms.

PARIS, July 18.—John W. Gates showed a further slight improvement to-night. The kidneys and heart, the attending physicians state, are acting satisfactorily.

The attack of nephritis, which was the primary cause of Mr. Gates's illness, continued to moderate to-day. The secondary difficulty, that of irregularity and weakness of the heart, has given the physicians concern and necessitates the use of stimulants. These stimulants, however, act well.

RECKLESS AIRMAN PUNISHED.

Gilmour's Certificate Suspended Because He Imperilled the Public.

LONDON, July 18.—The Royal Aero Club has suspended for one month the aviator's certificate of D. Graham Gilmour because he flew in a manner dangerous to public safety in the course of the recent Henley regatta.

This will prevent Gilmour from participating in the British circuit race for [illegible],000, which will start from Brooklands on Saturday.

GIFTS TO ABBATEMAGGIO.

Money Sent from Here—He Cannot Have It While a Prisoner.

VITERBO, July 18.—Gennaro Abbatemaggio, who is hugely enjoying his rôle of informer against the Camorrists, has been further flattered with gifts from abroad. He has received from parties in New York a check for $160 and three shares of stock.

The laws of Italy do not, however, permit a man to receive presents while he is a prisoner, and accordingly the Director of the prison has sequestered the gifts intended for the prosecution's witness.

FOSS CHARGES MONOPOLY.

Urges Massachusetts Senate to Investigate Shoe Machinery Situation.

BOSTON, July 18.—A message requesting the Legislature to investigate the manufacture of shoe machinery in this State, which, the Governor asserts, is a monopoly, and, if necessary, to enact additional laws so that other industries may not be placed in jeopardy, was sent to the Senate to-day by Gov. Foss.

The Governor points out in his message that the manufacture of shoes is one of the principal industries of the State and that it seems to be a fact that practically all of the machinery used in their manufacture belongs to one corporation, organized under the laws of another State, but operating principally in Massachusetts. By its ownership of these machines this corporation, says the Governor, has been enabled to maintain an almost absolute monopoly not only of its own business but of the shoe manufacturing industry.

"The situation," continued the Governor, "calls upon us to determine whether any relief can be afforded under the present law, and, if not, what legislation may be enacted to meet the situation."

Included in the massage is the Attorney General's opinion that the determination of the action of the State toward the alleged monopoly is primarily for the Legislature.

EX-SHAH IN PERSIA TO START A REVOLT

Seeks to Regain Throne—Travels Across Russia, Despite That Country's Promises.

BROTHER HEADS A REBELLION

Troops Sent to Kurdistan to Suppress It—Deposed Ruler by His Act Forfeits $82,500 Annual Pension.

TEHERAN, July 18.—Mohammed Ali Mirza, the exiled Shah of Persia, has returned to his own land for the purpose of making another bid for the throne.

The ex-Shah is now at Gumesh Tepe, a small port on the Caspian Sea in the northern part of Persia, near the Russian border, and it is stated that a Russian vessel conveyed him to that place.

Soon after Mohammed Ali was dethroned, in July, 1909, he proceeded to Russia, and arrived at Odessa in October of the same year. The Russian Government undertook by protocol to keep the ex-Shah under strict surveillance and to prevent all intrigues looking to his return to Persia and to his recapture of the throne.

Notwithstanding this, the deposed Shah has made a journey, quite rapidly and without molestation, from Odessa to Gumesh Tepe, a distance of about 1,500 miles.

What force Mohammed Ali has with him is not known.

The Government has ordered Sidar Safar to proceed to Kurdistan with 2,000 horsemen and guns to crush the rebellion in that district, which has made considerable progress under the leadership of Salar ed Dowleh, brother of the deposed Shah.

LONDON, July 18.—The sudden and unexpected appearance of the ex-Shah, Mohammed Ali Mirza, in Persian territory, is a great surprise. He left Odessa some weeks ago for Baden, near Vienna, where he was living with his family until July 6. It was understood that he left Baden for Marienbad to take the waters, with the intention of returning to Baden.

By this attempt to recapture the throne, Mohammed Ali forfeits a pension of $82,500 yearly. According to recent dispatches from Teheran, his brother, Salar ed Dowleh, is at the head of a small rebellion in Kurdistan, with 3,000 men, and has proclaimed himself in favor of Mohammed Ali's pretensions.

Even as Crown Prince Mohammed Ali showed himself a determined opponent of the Reform, or Nationalist Party, in Persia, and when he succeeded his father as Shah in January, 1907, his reactionary tendencies almost immediately brought him into conflict with the newly created Parliament.

Mohammed Ali, who is 39 years old, ascended the throne just after the Nationalists had won their great victory. He took the oath of fidelity to the new Constitution, but it was soon known hat he was intriguing against it. December, 1907, the Ministry resigned and several members of it were arrested, but were released on the intervention of the British Minister, the Nationalists having appealed to the Powers against the Shah's violation of the Constitution.

Then the Shah signed and sealed a "Declaration on the Koran" of renewed fidelity to the Constitution, but he broke his promises again, and disorder and unrest became serious throughout the country. Two bombs were thrown at the Shah as he was riding through Teheran on Feb. 28, 1908. He was unhurt, but several men were killed. The Shah regarded Parliament as directly accessory to the attempt to murder him, and called upon it to give up the guilty persons. This demand was met with open defiance, and then for the first time it was openly proposed that the Shah be deposed.

The Shah withdrew from his palace and sent a body of royal troops to bombard the Parliament Building. Parliament was dispersed and the Constitution was withdrawn. After six months of revolutionary agitation, in the course of which there was a good deal of serious fighting, the Shah decided again to grant a Constitution to the country, and a proclamation to that effect was issued. This did not prevent the Nationalists from pushing their previous successes. They entered Teheran, and eventually the Royalist forces capitulated, the Shah taking refuge in the Russian Legation.

Mohammed Ali Mirza's little son was proclaimed Shah and Mohammed was exiled to Russia, where for a year or two he appeared to be contented. It was even reported that he was studying medicine.

Recently there has been much disaffection in Persia, and reports have been current that the ex-Shah was making preparations to attempt to regain his throne.

UNDAUNTED BY TRAIN BANDIT.

Brakeman Shoots One Who Holds Up Passengers on Northwestern Pullman.

BELLE PLAINE, Iowa, July 18.—A bandit who attempted to hold up the occupants of a Pullman on an east-bound Northwestern passenger train early to-day lies in a local hospital with a bullet wound in his side. He gave his name as William Morris, and said his home was in Plainfield, N. J.

When the train was between Tama and Belle Plaine, the occupants of the car were awakened by Morris, who demanded in loud tones that they surrender their money and other valuables. While the surprised passengers were hurrying to comply with the order the brakeman slipped into the car and with drawn revolver ordered the bandit to surrender. The latter resisted and the brakeman fired.

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18.00 and 20.00 Cassimere, Cheviot and Worsted Suits............ 12.50
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Two piece Suits with all extra weight eliminated, but tailored so excellently that the fit and shape retaining qualities are very superior.

18.00 and 20.00 Crash homespun and Velour two-piece Suits.............. 12.50
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30.00 and 32.50 Irish Homespun, Tropical Worsteds and Foreign Crash; Norfolk and English models............ 20.00
32.50 and 35.00 Scotch and Irish Homespun, Foreign Tropical Worsteds and Flannels........... 25.00

Worsted Suits, suitable for every service, in tropical and light weights, in over two hundred exclusive designs, in lightest grays and tans to darkest silk mixtures on blue, black and brown grounds; full and half lined.

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27.50 and 30.00 lightest and medium weight Worsted Suits...... 17.50
30.00 and 32.50 English and finest American Worsted Suits; lightest and medium weights...... 20.00
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WOMEN'S LINEN AND SERGE SUITS; DRESSES OF BATISTE, MARQUISETTE, LINEN AND VOILE; LINGERIE WAISTS; EVENING WRAPS OF CHIFFON, VOILE AND SATIN; COATS FOR MOTOR AND GENERAL TRAVELING WEAR; TRIMMED MILLINERY.
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COMPLETE OUTFITS FOR BOYS, INFANTS AND CHILDREN.
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Be sure it's well boiled.

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But precedent—as many of our customers have found—is against it.

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The prices, plus the duty, would be more. Likewise the doubt—here entirely removed.

Now is a good time to select for Autumn delivery.

The Largest Specialty Rug House in America

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Avenue & 35th Street
NEW YORK

A visitor to New York hired a cab for two hours. The cabby drove so fast that the visitor was scared.

"Don't drive so recklessly," he said. "I'm in no hurry."

"Aw, g'wan wid yez," replied the cabby. "Do you think I'm goin' to spend the whole day drivin' you round for two hours?"

The advertiser who uses various combinations of various kinds of advertising in various kinds of mediums to reach the farmers who read Farm and Fireside, is spending a whole day driving around two hours.

Gathered together in the circulation of Farm and Fireside are hundreds of thousands of farm homes, and the short, sure, easy way to reach them, is to advertise in Farm and Fireside.

FARM AND FIRESIDE
THE NATIONAL FARM PAPER
New York Springfield, Ohio Chicago
67

Germs are rampant. Destroy them before they carry disease into your system. Use Vernas Lotion, the curative mouth wash.

Free Trial Bottle for name of your dealer.

Delightful in flavor, yet the most powerful in antiseptic and germicidal properties. Instantly destroys germ-life. Hardens gums, purifies mouth, strengthens throat. Applied promptly to cuts, wounds, etc., prevents infection.

Sold at all Drug Stores 15c 50c $1.00

Vernas Lotion

VERNAS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 249 W. 36th St., N. Y.
12

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw

Your particular chimney problem studied by experts, and estimates given without charge. The work is undertaken with this understanding:

We will not accept payment unless successful.

Kitchen ventilating systems preventing cooking odors.

FREDERIC G. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor
215 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ORDER TO-DAY.

¶ Your vacation will be more enjoyable if you arrange to have The New York Times each day by mail.

¶ Be sure to place your order with your newsdealer, send directly to Publication Office, or telephone Circulation Department, Bryant 1000, and have the Daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times sent to your country address.

¶ Out-of-town newsdealers order enough for their regular customers only, as unsold copies are not returnable.

¶ Daily and Sunday editions 17c. per week, 75c. per month; to Canada, 21c. per week, 90c. per month.

¶ Have The Times follow you.

SAYS ICE MONOPOLY WAS NEVER BROKEN

Definite Charges Filed by Whitman's Assistant Against Directors of the Old Trust.

EVIDENCE ACCUMULATING

Oler Writes Waldo That "Liar" Was Not Meant for Him and Waldo Answers with Affidavits.

Definite charges were filed yesterday against Wesley M. Oler, Thomas Pettigrew, Robert N. Bavier, Edward J. Reilly, Harry Bester, George W. Westall, and others of having conspired to continue, through the Knickerbocker Ice Company and the Ice Manufacturing Company, the monopoly of the American Ice Company which was declared illegal by the Supreme Court on May 5, and to have formed an agreement to restrict competition.

The charges were made in a long affidavit which Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford filed yesterday with Magistrate Appleton. The American Ice Company and the American Ice Securities Company, he declares, controlled 80 per cent. of the supply of natural ice and 40 per cent. of artificial ice, and so also do the Knickerbocker Ice Company and the Ice Manufacturing Company. In fact, he declares these corporations are merely the old Ice Trust under a different guise.

Mr. De Ford goes into the history of the supply of ice in the city at great length. He harks back to March 11, 1899, and declares that the condition that prevailed then is changed only in form now. At that time the Knickerbocker Ice Company of Maine and the Consolidated Ice Company of the same State controlled 80 per cent. of the natural and 40 per cent. of the artificial ice needed in the city.

He alleges that from April 14, 1899, to July 6, 1908, natural ice was supplied to New York dealers from docks known as "ice bridges" on the North, East, and Harlem Rivers, and that in 1906 the defendants possessed about seventy-five of these. The ice was distributed to consumers not only in the American Ice Company's wagons, but in those of the Merchants' Union Ice Company, the Interborough Ice Company, the National Ice Company, and those of the small "independent" dealers, all of whom were controlled by the American Ice Company.

The Knickerbocker Ice Company of Maine and the Consolidated Ice Company proceeded to organize the American Ice Company about March 11, 1899, and this concern about Jan. 1, 1900, he alleges, acquired control of both the Knickerbocker Ice Company of Maine and the Consolidated Ice Company, thereby creating and establishing unlawfully a monopoly for the manufacture, production, and sale of ice.

The affidavit recites the legal proceedings taken against the American Ice Company, which resulted in the infliction of a fine of $5,000 and on May 5 last the cancellation of its charter to do business in this State.

Says Monopoly Went Right On.

Then, Mr. De Ford charges, Wesley M. Oler, Thomas Pettigrew, and the others he named, who are directors of the American Ice Company, the Knickerbocker Ice Company, or the Ice Manufacturing Company, about May 5 conspired to continue this monopoly for the benefit of themselves and the stockholders of the American Ice Company and to organize certain corporations which should take over the plant of the American Ice Company and its control of other ice companies, and its organization for the production and marketing of ice.

The corporations thus formed to continue the system of monopoly and the restraint of trade, Mr. De Ford says he is informed, are the Knickerbocker Ice Company of New Jersey and the Ice Manufacturing Company of New York. He also alleges that about May 5 last the American Ice Securities Company was organized under the laws of New Jersey and now owns and controls a majority of the stock of the American Ice Company.

Mr. De Ford's affidavit was handed to Magistrate Appleton yesterday afternoon at a brief hearing in one of the General Sessions courtrooms. District Attorney Whitman was present, but took no part in the proceedings. Mr. De Ford also handed to the Magistrate a large batch of subpoenas and requested him to sign them.

He explained that these were for independent ice dealers, and that it was intended to issue them in batches so as to bring in court at the same time all the men who had business with a particular dock. Probably fifteen or so witnesses would be summoned at one time, and he expected that the hearings would take two or three weeks at least.

Frank R. Savage, counsel for the Knickerbocker Ice Company and the Ice Manufacturing Company, intervened to say, on behalf of the officers of the companies, that there was no need to subpoena them. They would be willing to appear with any records required at any time.

"The District Attorney desires that these proceedings should have the greatest publicity," remarked the court.

"My clients also desire to have the utmost publicity," replied Mr. Savage. At the same time he said he did not intend to take part in the proceedings before Magistrate Appleton, although informed that he was at perfect liberty to do so.

Mr. De Ford wanted to know if Mr. Savage could produce any information he might want to use about the American Ice Company and the American Ice Securities Company, and Mr. Savage said he would inquire into the matter.

Police Evidence Turned In.

The hearing was then adjourned till 1:30 this afternoon, when a batch of witnesses will be on hand to tell of the experiences of an independent ice dealer at one of the docks controlled by the Knickerbocker Ice Company. The District Attorney's office has no lack of information. Robert Adamson, Secretary to Mayor Gaynor, transmitted to him yesterday, a copy of Police Commissioner Waldo's report on the ice situation and several affidavits which were taken by the police in their investigation.

There are about fifty of these, and they were sworn to by such petty ice dealers as pushcart men or cellar dealers. Many of them were so illiterate that they could not sign their names and were obliged to attest their affidavits with a mark.

Still more information is rolling in. Max Flastner of 133 Goerck Street, with a place of business at 128 Lewis Street, went yesterday afternoon to the office of Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty and made an affidavit to the effect that he had been in the habit of trading with the National Ice Company at the foot of Broome Street and the East River. Up to July 1 he had always paid $2 a ton. On July 7 he asked for four tons, and it was loaded on his wagon. Then he was asked to pay $5 a ton for it, he says. He protested and the ice was taken off.

Later in the day Flastner went back, and said he would, at any rate, take one and a half tons, but he could not afford any more. The ice was put on his wagon, and then, according to the affidavit, the superintendent of the dock asked $15, as the price had gone up to $10 a ton. Flastner could not pay that, so once more the ice was taken off his wagon.

Oler Writes to Waldo.

Wesley M. Oler, President of the Knickerbocker Ice Company, has been very much annoyed at certain published interviews with him, in which he was quoted as calling Commissioner Waldo a liar. He wrote yesterday to the Commissioner this letter:

> The Hon. Rhinelander Waldo, Police Commissioner:
>
> My Dear Sir—I have just seen a copy of The Evening Mail in which a statement is made that I characterized you as a liar.
>
> My remarks are correctly stated in the interview which states "that the charge that we are using sixty fewer barges this year than we did last year was a deliberate lie and the man who made it is a liar."
>
> You see your name is not mentioned. I do not think for a moment that you made any such statement, since you have in your possession my statement given to you through your secretary stating just the number of barges we did have. Yours very truly,
>
> WESLEY M. OLER, President.

Commissioner Waldo replied to this statement by giving out yesterday afternoon an affidavit made by Lieut. James J. Cronin, which shows where the statement about the barges came from.

Cronin swore that on July 13 he went to see James Cairns, of the East River Ice Company, at Grand Street and the East River. Cairns informed him that he knew of his personal knowledge that in 1910 the American Ice Company had at least sixty more barges at work than at present. The following day, Lieut. Cronin testified, he went again to see Cairns with Detective Charles L. McGowan, and the statement was repeated to both of them. Moreover, Cairns declared that in 1910 at this time the American Ice Company had in barges at Weehawken a reserve of from 20,000 to 30,000 tons of ice in the Delaware & Hudson basin, but that it had no reserve to-day.

Cronin also saw Cairns in company with Lieut. Hennessey on July 13, and the ice dealer then, the detective bears witness, said that the Knickerbocker Ice Company had a number of boats now unemployed and stored in the Erie Basin in Brooklyn and in the New Jersey Central Basin at Communipaw. Commissioner Waldo is satisfied that the testimony of his men as to these statements having been made to them is reliable.

The Board of Aldermen took a hand in the ice situation yesterday. Alderman Alexander S. Drescher, Chairman of the Committee on Parks, moved that the Dock Commissioner and the Sinking Fund Commission be requested at once to cancel all leases of docks and piers made to any person or corporations charging more than $2 a ton for ice wholesale.

Vice Chairman Bent wanted to have the motion referred to a committee, but Alderman White supported Alderman Drescher in demanding its consideration.

"That's the only way we can reach these people who are extorting high prices for ice," he declared.

Alderman Willard expressed the fear that the resolution could not be enforced, although he favored it, if it could be, and Alderman Dowling asked if the best way to keep down prices was to raise pier rentals as the prices go up.

Alderman Downing wanted the resolution put over on the ground that there was not a quorum, but Alderman Drescher asked if the rights of the people were to be denied for a mere technicality like that. So the board let the resolution go through with the amendment that the leases should not be canceled, as the proposer had suggested, but should not be renewed when they expired.

RATS FREED IN A CROWD.

Man Who Did It and Frightened Women Is Fined $1.

Women's screams of terror and boys' shouts of expectant fun mingled at Delancey and Chrystie Streets yesterday afternoon, when twenty large rats were suddenly liberated in the crowded street. Something like a panic followed when the rodents began to scamper in all directions toward hiding places, dashing perilously close to women's skirts in their rapid progress across pavements to friendly, open-doored cellars.

John Kief, who said he lived at 545 First Street, which doesn't exist, but would be in the neighborhood of the middle of East River, if it did, had the rats. He said he was a rat catcher, and that his employers sell rats to medical institutions for animal experiments. He had been buying them at 5 cents each from the Delancey Street merchants, and had so many that they attracted the curiosity of Joseph Fogerago, a lad of 19, of 156 Forsyth Street.

Fogerago said afterward he felt sorry for the rats, but he is suspected of having scented some fun if those rats could only be set free in a street full of women. He had an argument first with Kief, then a scuffle, and in a jiffy the rats were at liberty. The police arrested both men. Fogerago was fined $1.

ATHLETE DROWNS DIVING.

Friends on Shore at Orchard Beach See Him Disappear from Launch.

William Lintian, a young athlete whose swimming has been much talked of by the crowds at Orchard Beach, Pelham Bay, this Summer, was drowned yesterday afternoon after diving from a launch 200 feet from shore. He was 19 years old, and his home was at 183d Street and Ryer Avenue, Bronx.

With a few companions, Lintian had spent most of the day in the water at Orchard Beach. His friends on shore saw him swim out to the launch and watched him dive offf. When he did not come to the surface they swam out. Not a trace of him could be found. The alarm was sent to the life-saving station, and Commodore Hoffman had his men take up the search.

Late in the evening a party headed by Benjamin May of Fordham Avenue and Raymond William of City Island found Lintian's body. In the boat was Miss Mabel Mulligan, said to have been engaged to marry the young man. When his body was brought to the surface Miss Mulligan fainted.

ESCAPES HANGING BY DEATH IN CELL

Hickman, Wife Murderer, Dies in Convulsions and Cheats Waiting Gallows by One Hour.

SAID HE WOULD NOT HANG

Twice Escaped, Twice Tried Suicide—Doctors Talk of Death from Fright, but Poison Is Suspected.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., July 18.—One hour before he was to have gone to his death on the gallows, Charles Hickman, wife murderer and jail breaker, died in his cell at Beaver Prison this morning. Hickman, who twice sawed his way out of his steel cell, only to be recaptured, and who had made two attempts to end his life, had positively declared that he would not die on the gallows.

Physicians incline to the opinion that he died from fright. The popular belief, however, is that he died from strychnine poisoning thought to have been smuggled past the death watch through the same untraced agencies which on two past occasions supplied the saws with which Hickman secured temporary freedom. This theory is being investigated.

Hickman's insistence that he would never hang and his escapes and attempts upon his own life had caused thousands to believe that he would thwart the executioner even at the last moment. Even Sheriff Hartzell and his assistants shared this feeling.

Hickman actually died just before 9 o'clock this morning. At 10 o'clock he was to have gone to the scaffold. He had tried to inhale gas Sunday evening, but was prevented by the death watch. Late Monday night he showed symptoms of cholera morbus, and he grew worse during the night. At 8 o'clock this morning he was in convulsions in his cell, with physicians in constant attendance.

While the doctors labored with the condemned man within, outside in the jail yard the Sheriff and his assistants were arranging the preliminaries to the execution. Everything was in readiness for the hanging when a physician announced that Hickman was dead. Though the doctors declare that fright and nervousness probably brought on the collapse, the Coroner of Beaver County will hold an autopsy to determine if there are any signs of strychnine in Hickman's stomach. An investigation also will take place to determine if any poison could have been smuggled to the condemned man. His two children visited him Sunday, but they are not suspected.

Hickman shot and killed his wife, of whom he was insanely jealous. He had been a heavy drinker.

PROMOTER RYAN TO TESTIFY.

Must Tell House Committee About Controller Bay Claims.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Richard S. Ryan, the promoter of the Controller Bay Railroad & Navigation Company, who is alleged to have written the "Dick-to-Dick" letter which cannot be found, but which is declared by Miss M. F. Abbott, a writer, to have been in the Interior Department files, has been summoned to appear before the House committee which is investigating the Alaskan land controversy.

Mr. Ryan is now in New York, where he was served with a subpoena to appear in Washington next Thursday, though he will not testify until later. Delegate Wickersham of Alaska, will testify Thursday.

Capt. James P. Adams, Assistant Government Forester, testified to-day regarding President Taft's order of Oct. 28, 1910, restoring to public domain the shore lands of Controller Bay. He said he knew the thirty or sixty day notice before any claims could be filed, missing in the final order, was in the original draft. The elimination of the notice is said to have given advantage to Ryan claimants on account of their presence on the scene.

Discrimination by the Alaska syndcate against the Humboldt Steamship Company of Seattle, was charged by Charles D. Drayton, counsel for the company.

The White Pass & Yukon Railroad, controlled by the Guggenheim interests, he said, annulled an agreement with his company at the behest of the syndicate steamship companies and assessed excessive wharfage charges and excessive railway rates from Skagway to points in the interior against it.

"Is there any way of limiting the charges demanded by the Yukon Company or is that company a law unto itself?" asked Chairman Graham.

"No," said Mr. Drayton. "The Secretary of the Interior has for some time been doubtful of his authority to modify rates in Alaska."

PREACHED UNDER AN ALIAS.

Dead Ohio Pastor Used Assumed Name to Live Down His Past.

XENIA, Ohio, July 18.—Following his death here after an operation for appendicitis, it was discovered to-day that the Rev. Myron M. Bruce, aged 22, pastor of the Pleasant View Church, near Jamestown, had been living under an assumed name, and that his real name was Ainsworth. His father, the Rev. Myron Bruce Ainsworth, pastor of the Christian Church at Franklin, Ind., came here to-day to take the body to Allisonville, Ont., for burial.

Three weeks ago the Pleasant View Church advertised in a religious paper for a minister. In a few days a letter is said to have come from the Franklin pastor recommending "his cousin," the Rev. Myron M. Bruce. Arrangements were speedily made for the reception of the new pastor.

Mr. "Bruce" arrived and for three weeks preached the Gospel fervidly. Then he was taken sick and died after an operation. Mr. Ainsworth was summoned, and when he faced the body cried out: "He is my son, not my cousin."

The alleged deception is said to have been due to the young man's desire to live down past incidents in his life.

THIEF AT COFFIN'S SIDE.

Steals Jewels in Sorrow-Stricken Home—Suspect Caught.

Celia Abramowitz, twenty-two years old, whose parents live at 221 Pennsylvania Avenue, Brownsville, died Monday in the Jewish Hospital, Brooklyn, and many mourners crowded the Abramowitz home yesterday. The funeral cortege was just about to start for the cemetery when Miss Clara Abramowitz, the dead girl's sister, discovered the loss of a handbag containing jewels that had been left her by Celia.

In the handbag were a gold bracelet and a long gold necklace with a gold heart pendant, the heart set with a small diamond. She had laid it down near the coffin only a minute before.

The girl set up a cry, in which parents, relatives and friends joined, for it seemed clear that a theft had been committed in the sorrow-stricken home. At the same time it was discovered that a man who had been one of the foremost in offering his sympathy to the family had also disappeared.

Samuel Birnbaum of 325 Rivington Street, Manhattan, fiancé of Miss Clara, and several friends started an investigation which led, the police were told, to the discovery that a handbag had been thrown into an ash can across the street by Jacob Salzman, thirty-two years old, of 224 Pennsylvania Avenue. He protested when seized, and was denounced as the "meanest thief in the world" by indignant mourners. A large crowd gathered and Policeman Joseph Herzing had trouble in getting the man safely to the Liberty Avenue Police Station. The handbag when recovered was empty.

In the police station and at the New Jersey Avenue Court the man, who was held on a charge of larceny, protested his innocence. He was held in $1,000 for the Grand Jury. The funeral was delayed two hours.

OLD FOES AT MANASSAS.

Union and Confederate Veterans March Over Famous Battleground.

MANASSAS, Va., July 18.—On the historic ground at Blackburn's Ford, Centreville and Union Mills, where fifty years ago to-day skirmishes prior to the great battle of Manassas were taking place between Gen. McDowell's Federal forces and the Confederates under Gen. Beauregard, veterans of the Blue and Gray trudged to-day under the guidance of Capt. James E. Herrell, a member of the famous Confederate Black Horse Cavalry, who participated in the battle.

Many of the aged fighters renewed memories of days gone by and recounted incidents which occurred on the exact spot half a century before.

To-night at a camp fire at the Manassas Court House the gray-haired soldiers gathered to tell stories of the first great battle of the war between the States.

Congressman Loudenslager Ill.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 18.—Congressman Henry C. Loudenslager of the First New Jersey District is seriously ill at his home in Paulsboro, near here. He is suffering from diabetes and several other ailments.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Capt. E. Carpenter, Coast Artillery, to Fort Howard, Maryland, to observe coast defense exercise; thence to Fort McKinley, Maine, same duty.

Changes in Engineer Corps: Lieut. Col. W. C. Langfitt, to Norfolk, and relieve Lieut. Col. M. M. Patrick of duties pertaining to Norfolk Engineer District; Lieut. Patrick to Havana, Cuba, for duty in connection with the removal of the wreck of the Maine.

An Army Retiring Board is appointed to meet at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, for examination of officers. Detail: Cols. A. B. Dyer, Fourth Field Artillery; J. F. Guilfoyle, Ninth Cavalry; Lieut. Col. A. C. Macomb, Ninth Cavalry; Maj. G. A. Skinner, Medical Corps; First Lieut. L. P. Williamson, Medical Corps, and First Lieut. J. P. McAdams, Eleventh Infantry, recorder.

Lieut. Col. J. A. Maney, Second Infantry, report to Col. A. B. Dyer, Fourth Field Artillery, President of Army Retiring Board, Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, for examination.

Major A. L. Lasseigne, Fifth Infantry, to Camp Perry, Ohio, and report to Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans, General Staff, Executive Officer National matches, duty.

Major E. T. Cole, U. S. A., (retired,) detailed as professor of military science and tactics, Girard College, Philadelphia.

Lieut. Col. T. W. Griffith, Twenty-eighth Infantry, detailed for duty in connection with National matches, Camp Perry, Ohio.

Capt. S. Heintzelman, Sixth Cavalry, report by letter to commanding General, Central Division, for duty as inspector-instructor of cavalry of the organized militia of Missouri, Nevada, Mo., Aug. 20-27.

Capt. T. A. Pearce, Paymaster, relieved from duty San Antnio; to proper station, Atlanta, Ga. He is relieved at Atlanta in time to proceed to San Francisco and arrive not later than Sept. 1 for duty with Western Division.

Lieut. Col. G. B. Davis, Deputy Commissary General, to Louisville, Ky., to inspect subsistence.

Capt. G. Vidmer, Eleventh Cavalry, to Fort Ogelthorpe, Ga., for temporary duty.

Capt. J. T. Moore, Twenty-seventh Infantry, to Camp Perry, Ohio, duty National matches.

Maj. D. M. King, ordnance, to Watertown Arsenal, Massachusetts, on business pertaining to ordnance.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander C. R. Miller, to duty Naval Observatory, Washington.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived.—Delaware at Provincetown; Perkins, Tonopah, and Isla de Cuba at Gardiner's Bay; Petrel at Cape Haitien; California at Mare Island; West Virginia and Colorado at Seattle.

Sailed.—Monaghan from Boston for Gardiner's Bay; Salem and Chester from Provincetown for cruising; Vermont from Provincetown for Boston; Ajax from Provincetown for Hampton Roads.

The New Jersey was placed in commission at the navy yard, Boston, July 15.

The Hist has been ordered placed out of commission at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

$100,000
Partnership Protection

Net cost 1911 on policies issued 1910:

Age............ 25 35 45 50
Net cost....... $855 $963 $1,275 $1,650

Smaller or Larger Amounts Pro Rata.

Policies renewable every five years at attained age without medical examination. Investigate this before deciding on ANY policy.

ROBERT A. SASSEEN, 165 B'way, City

FINE FISHING NOW ALONG JERSEY COAST

Sea Bass, Blue and Weak Fish Being Caught in Abundance Near Shore.

BIG HAULS AT SEABRIGHT

Men in Skiffs Take Bluefish Weighing from Seven to Ten Pounds—Crabbing in the Shrewsbury.

All along the New Jersey coast line there has been of late a remarkable run of Summer fish, with bluefish, weakfish, and such ground fish as sea bass and sea porgies in abundance. Also, there has been a catch of fluke that has been phenomenal.

From Cape May to Sea Isle City, which contains the well-known fishing grounds of Anglesea, Stone Harbor, Seven Mile, and Avalon, the latter appropriately named for another well-known fishing ground on the California coast, there have been drumfish, channel bass, sheepshead, croakers, and bonitos to reward the angler.

Further along the coast from Absecon to Forked River, which usually enjoys these varieties of fish, in Great Bay, Little Egg Harbor, and Barnegat Bay, there has been a splendid rush, which came with the warm weather, of the muscle wrecking bluefish; the dainty feeding weakfish, the sea bass with the hump across the shoulders, and with sea porgies that no one disdains, being a pan fish of the first order.

And with the coming of these fish, rare and semi-tropical fish have come that have been picked up by fishermen, much to their amazement and wonder.

The Seabright fishermen, too, have come in for a share of the vast schools. Men in "Seabright skiffs," who go out before dawn, have been bringing in bluefish weighing seven, eight, nine, and ten pounds. The weakfish have averaged between five and eleven pounds, and the sea bass have been weighing from three to six pounds, the weakfish running uniformly about two pounds. Any day the Seabright fishermen are looking for horse mackerel and the bonito.

Capt. Fred Foster of the steamer Angler proudly showed two drumfish last night, which he picked up in the small boat of the steamer Angler, anchored off Seabright. The fish excited a good deal of interest at the Battery landing last night, as they did on the boat, for even veteran fishermen of the "banks" are not always familiar with anything but the usual fish.

Strange as it may seem, the bluefish have even invaded Sewaren, on the Kill von Kull, the deep and winding channel between New Jersey and Staten Island. On the other side of Staten Island, facing the ocean, those who have found the bluefish and weakfish in Prince's Bay in a biting mood have taken these fish in large numbers, the weakfish being taken two at a clip.

At Corson's Inlet kingfish and big channel bass are biting in such numbers that sometimes several channel bass and two dozen kingfish are landed on a tide. The biggest channel bass taken in the last several days weighed forty pounds and was hooked by a woman angler, a Mrs. Curry.

The Barnegat Bay fishermen, in addition to taking the various fish named, have given pointers to the younger generation of anglers as to how to bait and rig for butterfish, white perch, and the young bluefish that have not reached the "snapper stage."

In addition to these fish, which women delight to angle for, crabbing parties are numerous all along the estuaries of the coast. The Shrewsbury River, one of the best crabbing grounds near New York, is yielding up a plentiful supply to all those who seek this crustacean.

Tuckerton Bay last week recorded as it top-notch catch for the week 441 weakfish, taken by three anglers, all using rod and reel. Barnegat's best catch last week for a party of three was 214 weakfish, taken in a like manner.

Even the humble eel has been in the list of fish that has delighted the angler, for during this month eels are clear and fat. The Spring has awakened them from their dormant state and the Summer has put them on the lookout for food—and good food and a hunt for it is good for eels as well as for the human animal.

In Great South Bay, on the Long Island shore, schools of bluefish have struck in and the bay is dotted with sailboats, motor boats, and other craft because of the abundance of these fish. In addition to the bluefish there are weakfish, fluke, and where there are wrecks in the bay sea bass and sea porgies are caught. But the best places are the off-shore wrecks, for it is there that the "ocean bulldogs" congregate.

Maine has frequently been called the "fisherman's State," but New Jersey, with such vast centres of population to draw from as New York and Philadelphia, at each end of the State, in addition to its own numbers of fishermen, certainly is running Maine a close race for second place as a "fisherman's paradise.

The UNTHOUGHT-OF Things—
Costumer
Umbrella Stand
Stationery Cabinet
Wardrobe
Telephone Table
Bookcase

Charles E. Matthews
COMMERCIAL FURNITURE
275 Canal Street
Just East of Broadway
PHONE 1299 SPRING

GIMBELS

Store Closes at 5:30 Daily. Saturdays at 12:30.

GIMBEL AUDITORIUM
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY
July 19th, 20th and 21st
EXHIBITION OF
"BEAUTY IN FACE AND FORM"
WITH LECTURE BY
AMELIA SUMMERVILLE
2:30 to 4, in the Afternoon
(For Women and Girls Only)

Representing the proper care of Beauty from dawn to dinner—the coiffure, the toilette, with all its fascinating secrets, the fitting of the corset and the donning of outer apparel. Auditorium, Eighth floor

"I Never Saw So Many Really Nice Things So Cheap!"

No wonder the woman was so enthusiastic about what she saw in this First JULY CLEARANCE SALE at Gimbels.

It is an economy event without precedent in New York City. Everything is so fine and fresh and nice, because there aren't any old goods in this New Store.

But, we are determined "To Keep the New Store NEW"—that is why so many delightfully fresh and desirable things are being sold without reserve, at the lowest prices shrewd shoppers can remember.

NOW is the time to buy for today's need, for next Fall, and to have a treasure chest of pretty things for next Summer, at quite insignificant cost.

This Sale of Linen Suits And Lingerie Dresses
Is for Women and Young Women

Frankly, the statement that we are now going to make seems quite incredible. But we invite you to come and be convinced.

Nine out of every ten women who visit our Salons and select dainty Frocks and Linen Suits are astonished when they discover that they may be fitted without alterations. So is it any wonder that this attire is walking out so quickly—sometimes on the customers themselves?

Styles are irresistible, as they are different. Nothing flashy. And last but not least—*prices.* Women are quite right when they tell us that these prices are not equalled elsewhere in lowness. This is because many of the economies may be enjoyed on attire from our regular stock. In the several special purchases we have had to make to keep up the variety, economies are really worth while.

Tailored All-linen Suits
$5, were $7.50 — $10, were $12.75
$7.50, were $9.75 — $12.50, were $16.50
$8.50, were $10.75 — $15, were $25. $18.50, were $30

White Lingerie Dresses
$5, instead of $7.50 — $10, instead of $15
$7.50, instead of $10 — $12.50, instead of $17.50

Demi-tailored Linen Dresses
$5, regularly $7.50 — $12.50, regularly $16.50 and $13.50
$7.50, regularly $10 — $18.50, regularly $25
$10, regularly $14.50 — $25, regularly $35

Sizes in each collection—women's 32 to 44; young women's, 14, 16, 18 and 20-year sizes. Third floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

SHIRT SALE

Our remarkable twice-a-year money-saving event for which so many men and young men eagerly wait.

Our $2 silk striped pongee Shirts, with French cuffs; reduced to $1.15

Our $3 silk and linen and fine silk striped pongee Shirts; reduced to $1.65

Our $3.50 and $5 silk and linen and silk and madras Shirts; reduced to $2.35

At our 49th St. store, sale only of
Our $3.50 and $5.00 Shirts at $2.35
Our $6.00 and $7.50 Pure Silk Shirts at $4.65

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R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
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MEN'S & YOUTHS' SUITS--$11.75

Formerly $14.75, $18.50, $22.50

Sizes 32 to 44

3-PIECE SUITS of blue or black pencil stripe worsteds, gray mixed worsteds and cheviots, self-striped blue worsteds.

2-PIECE SUITS made of homespuns, flannels and wool crashes, in some sizes many silk lined.

These suits are from our regular stock—lines that have become broken through large selling. The sale affords a unique opportunity to secure a first class suit much below its intrinsic value.

Other Suits in stock up to $29.75

Fifth Floor.

LARCHMONT YACHT CLUB'S LADIES' DAY

Large Throng Enjoys Water Sports, Dinner, Fireworks, and Dancing.

From noon, when all the yachts in Larchmont harbor "dressed ship," until the sundown gun, and from then until after midnight there was fun for the merry company of yachtsmen and their fair guests who gathered at the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday, for it was ladies' day of race week, and the jolliest and best one, all agreed, that they have ever enjoyed. In the evening the grounds surrounding the clubhouse looked like fairyland, with the hundreds of Chinese lanterns and displays of fireworks, and later after the dinner parties had been dismissed there was dancing in the club theatre, called "Pandemonium," to the west of the clubhouse.

The motor boat race, in which eight boats started, attracted most attention. It was managed by the Regatta Committee — Horace Boucher, Rutledge Schmidt, and Butler Whiting—from F. M. Wilson's power yacht Sumida. The course was thirty miles, five laps of six miles each, and some of the closest racing seen this Summer was that between the winner, J. Stuart Blackton's Vita and the Edith II., owned by A. E. Smith. They finished only a second apart, the Vita winning on time allowance. The Peter Pan IV., however, made the fastest time over the course; she covered it in 1 hour 23 minutes 26 seconds, or at the rate of 27.04 knots, or 31.09 statute miles an hour.

It was a red-letter day for the club, both on shore and afloat. The harbor was filled with steam, power, and sailing craft of all rigs.

The yachts at anchor in the harbor included the Curola, Commodore Leonard Richards; the Atlantic, Wilson Marshall; the Inca, E. J. Luckenbach; the Allegro, James Elverson; the Cynthian, Merrill B. Mills; the Ethel May II., A. E. Smith; the Paula, J. Stuart Blackton; the Sybilla II., the Raco, R. S. Townsend; the Canandaigua, Charles Martin; the Kestrel, Edward F. Caldwell; the Maspeth II., Christian Meyer; the Blue Peter V., J. H. Brookfield; the Sunida and Bosco, Commodore F. M. Wilson; the Taro, C. B. Prettiman, practically all the racing fleet.

Those present who enjoyed the water sports and the fireworks and ball in the evening were:

Commodore Seward Richards, Vice Commodore John Proctor Clarke, Secretary Frank Hardy, Treasurer R. E. Robinson, John E. Hazzard, Barney French, Fleet Captain J. D. Probst, and ex-Commodore Wilson Marshall.

Guests—Commodore Hazen Hoyt, Rear Commodore F. M. Wilson, Dr. W. E. Bullard, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ross Collins, Stephen E. Cremin, Mr. and Mrs. Morton W. Smith, Frederick M. Thompson, John D. Goin, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Fitzpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Martin, Mr. and Mrs. I. Robinson, Leonard S. Herzig, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Halstead, Vernon F. West, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Fry, Seymour J. Hyde, Horatio R. Harper, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Klotz, Mr. and Mrs. W. Knabe, Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Manning, Mr. and Mrs. Richard A. Monks, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Amory, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Parker, Charles Seabury, William Selach, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Sheldon, Henry E. Smith, Louis G. Spence, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Flint, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. McMannus, and Miss Estelle McMannus.

Summary of the sporting events:

HANDICAP SPEED BOAT RACE.

Start, 1:53. Course, 30 Miles.

Boat and Owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Vita, S. S. Blackton	3:19:30	1:26:30
Edith II., H. E. Smith	3:19:31	1:26:31
Peter Pan IV., J. Simpson	3:16:26	1:23:26
Spatter, T. F. Chesebrough	Did not finish.	
Adelaide, H. C. Cashing	Time not taken.	
Kajeruna, C. W. Kinsella	Disabled.	
Monimia, G. McK. Brown	Did not finish.	
Ran, G. McK. Brown	Did not finish.	

Corrected time—Vita, 1:16:30; Edith II., 1:16:31; Peter Pan IV., 1:23:26.

SWIMMING MATCHES, AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION AUSPICES.

1,000 Yards.—Won by R. Rider, City A. C., handicap 1 minute 25 seconds. Time—16:10. second, B. Goodwin, New York A. C., 15:15 1-5.

100-Yard Swim, Members' Sons Under 16 Years.—Won by F. Lamson; R. Manning, second. Time—1:32 1-5.

100 Yards, Members' Sons Over 16 Years.—Won by G. Voles. Time—1:20 2-5. A. Southwick, second.

100-Yard Swim, Amateur Athletic Union, Handicap.—Won by G. Eddy, unattached, (handicap 11 seconds.) Time—1:15. Second, C. Lathran, (16 seconds.)

50-Yard Sack Race.—Won by Joe Ruddy, New York A. C.; J. Manley, New York A. C., second. Time—0:45 2-5.

Tub Race, for Members.—Won by Ralph Manning; W. Swan, second. Time—1:19.

Scramble Race.—Won by R. Keogh. Time—0:16 1-5.

Push Ball, (five men to team.)—Draw.

Canoe Race, (Medley.)—Won by Ford and Ford; Barton and Giffin, second.

Harlequin Race.—Won by Joe Ruddy, New York A. C.; F. Ennis, second. Time—2:45 2-5.

Boxer Papke Returns Home.

Billy Papke, the middleweight champion fighter, returned from his tour of Europe and Australia yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, accompanied by his wife and a six-month-old son, who was born in London. He said that he had been away from America for ten months, and during that time he had fought five battles, one in Australia and one in London. Papke says he has found a white hope in South Africa, whom he is going to train for a fight with Jack Johnson. "He is not 21 years old," said Papke, "weighs 200 pounds, and is 6 feet tall. He is strong and game, and can stand punishment."

Papke said that Jack Johnson got a bigger reception in London than King George did from the crowds in the streets, and in his interview with the reporters there Johnson said that he was treated like a human being in London, and did not intend to go back to America until he was forced to, and then he would return to England as soon as he could.

BEST ATHLETES COMPARED.

Spalding, Returning from Europe, Calls Attention to Advance of Foreigners.

J. W. Spalding, who has just returned from a trip to Europe, made the following statement in relation to the results of the English and American championships which were held on July 1. He makes the statement after comparing the English and Pittsburg championships that an American team could have been sent to the English championships this year which would have won positively all the events, except perhaps the four-mile, and with George Bonhag in good shape we would probably have won that, too. The four-mile race was the only event in the English championships in which the winner's performance was better than that at Pittsburg. The English championships heretofore have principally been won by Englishmen, but this year, Mr. Spalding stated, the meeting took on a sort of international aspect, and the foreign athletes won championships that heretofore have never been won by any one but an Englishman. It shows just how the different countries of the world are progressing athletically.

Mr. Spalding furthermore made the statement that an opinion was expressed by a leading English sportsman that the time is not far distant when the English auhorities will confine their championships to British subjects only, and hold at some other tme another championship meet, international in character, open to the world.

The following table of performances of the American and English championships will prove interesting reading at this time:

100 yards dash—(A.) F. L. Ramsdell, 0:10 2-5; G. Henry, 0:10. 220 yards dash—(A.) F. L. Ramsdell, 0:22 1-5; J. Nelson, 0:21 4-5. 440 yards run—(C.) F. J. Halbaus, 0:50 4-5; E. J. F. Lindberg, 0:49. 880 yards run—(G.) H. Braun, 1:59 4-5; M. W. Sheppard, 1:54 1-5. Mile run—(E.) D. F. McNicol, 4:22 1-5; A. R. Kiviat, 4:19 3-5. 4-mile run—(F.) H. Kolehmainen, 20:3 3-5; 5 miles—G. V. Bonhag, 25:50 2-5. 120 yards hurdle—(E.) P. R. Phillips, 0:16 1-5; A. B. Shaw, 0:15 3-5. Running broad jump—(E.) P. Kirwan, 23 feet 5½ inches; P. Adams, 23 feet 40-100. High jump—(G.) R. Pasemann, 6 feet; H. Grumpelt, 6 feet 1 inch. Pole vault—(G.) R. Pasemann, 12 feet; E. T. Cooke, H. Coyle, S. Bellah, 12 feet 6 inches. 16-pound shot-put—(E.) J. Barrett, 43 feet 5 inches; P. McDonald, 47 feet 9 inches. Thowing 16-pound hammer—(E.) G. E. Putnam, 147 feet 7½ inches; C. Walsh, 177 feet 6½ inches.

Mr. Spalding is a member of the American Olympic Committee for Stockholm in 1912, and while abroad made a careful study of the foreign athletic situation. He is of the opinion that it would not be good judgment on the part of the American athletic enthusiasts to have too confident an idea in relation to the final outcome of the track and field portion of the Olympic games that will be held at Stockholm next year. Of course, abroad, nearly all the foreigners that Mr. Spalding conversed with admit that America, owing to its superior all-around athletic ability and large teams, as demonstrated in the past, will win premier honors, but nevertheless we in America must remember that many of the foreign countries now have not large and strong teams, but individual point winners that will surely shine in their respective events.

AUTO RACE AT SAVANNAH.

Vanderbilt Cup Race on Nov. 27—Grand Prize Three Days Later.

All doubts as to the dates selected for the running of the Grand Prize and Vanderbilt Cup races at Savannah next November were dispelled yesterday when the entry blanks for the two road race classes were sent out to the automobile manufacturers in this country and abroad. The Automobile Club of America has sanctioned the third grand prize race, to be held on Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 30, while the American Automobile Association has approved of the seventh Vanderbilt Cup race for Nov. 27. No mention is made of the light car races in the blanks sent out yesterday.

There has been considerable discussion since it was first announced that the Savannah Automobile Club was to have the promotion of the Vanderbilt Cup race as well as the Grand Prize as to what dates these events would be held on. At first the Georgia club asked to have the races run on Nov. 29 and 30, but the A. C. A. and the A. A. A., which controlled the issuing of sanctions, demanded that at least two days intervene between the running of the Vanderbilt Cup and the Grand Prize. It was contended that the entrants in the Vanderbilt race who intended also entering the Grand Prize event needed more time to prepare for the latter event after the running of the Vanderbilt.

Brighton Auto Races Sept. 2 and 4.

With the announcement that the twenty-four-hour race scheduled for Brighton Beach on Aug. 4 and 5 had been postponed until early in September because of the lack of entries made by July 17, E. A. Moross, who is director of the contests at the track by the sea, made public the programme for the two-day matinee meet which is to be held on Sept. 2 and 4. In the entry blanks for the around-the-clock contest the promoter specified that at least ten entries must be made by July 17 if the meet was to be held on the date scheduled. As there were only six cars nominated, a postponement was decided upon. It was said that the race would likely be held after the second day of the matinee meet was ended, on Sept. 4. If such is the case, it will be the first time that a twenty-four-hour race has been run on a Monday and Tuesday, the usual days for such a contest being Friday and Saturday. The Sept. 2-4 meet will be practically a duplicate, as far as the programme is concerned, of the successful session held on July 3-4 at the same track. Eight events are scheduled for Sept. 2, while on Labor Day ten contests will be run. The feature events, in addition to the heats for the Remy Brassard and trophy, will be an hour race for the W. B. trophy, on Sept. 2, and a fifty-mile race for cars with piston displacements under 600 cubic inches on the final day. All of the races will be open to stock cars.

NILES BEATS LITTLE IN EASTERN TENNIS

Bostonian Takes Measure of New Yorker in Match on Longwood Courts.

BOSTON, July 18.—In the star match to-day in the Longwood Cricket Club singles Raymond D. Little of New York, internationalist, was defeated in the second round by Nathanial W. Niles, Massachusetts champion, in straight sets. Little started play in a manner that suggested a quick elimination of the Massachusetts crack, and in the first set he led, five games to one, having up to this point played his opponent to a standstill. Then the game of Little went wrong, and Niles, after bringing the set to deuce, won the odd games and the set, 7—5.

The second set resolved itself into a struggle for supremacy. Little recovered amazingly, with Niles playing at the top of his game. Time after time Niles was within a point or two of winning the set and the match when Little brought the score to eight all, nine all, and ten all, until in the twenty-first game Niles broke through his opponent's service, and on his own service ran the set out.

Little was the only favorite to be eliminated, but in the Eastern doubles W. A. Larned, the National champion, and W. J. Clothier, in a long-drawn-out match, had their hands full in disposing of C. F. Watson, Jr., and H. Torrance, Jr., in four sets. It was Clothier and not Larned who saved the day.

Summary of the day's playing:

Longwood Singles.—First Round, (Completed)—G. F. Touchard, New York, defeated C. F. Watson, Jr., Orange, N. J., 5—7, 9—7, 6—3.

Second Round, (Continued)—Shaw McKean, Philadelphia, defeated T. B. Plimpton, Boston, 6—4, 10—8; T. R. Pell, New York, defeated H. W. Webber, Sandwich, Mass., 6—2, 6—2; A. S. Dabney, Jr., Boston, defeated W. H. Abbott, Boston, 6—2, 6—3; N. W. Niles, Boston, defeated R. D. Little, New York, 7—5, 12—10; Touchard defeated M. L. Whiting, Boston, 0—6, 6—2, 6—4.

Third Round, (Continued)—H. W. Washburn, Bridgeport, Conn., defeated E. E. Perry, Boston, 6—4, 6—4, 6—2; W. J. Clothier, Philadelphia, defeated W. C. Grant, New York, 6—1, 6—2, 6—2; F. C. Inman, New York, defeated L. J. Grant, New York, by default; L. E. Mahan, New York, defeated A. Holmes, Boston, 6—2, 6—0, 6—3; E. P. Larned, Summit, N. J., defeated G. W. Wightman, Boston, 6—4, 6—0, 6—2; M. H. Long, San Francisco, defeated J. S. Nicholl, Boston, 6—1, 6—2, 6—1; Ewing Taylor, New York, defeated E. V. Page, Boston, 7—5, 8—6, 6—2, 6—4; R. C. Seaver, Boston, defeated McKean, 3—6, 6—3, 6—0, 6—1; F. H. Gates, New Haven, defeated G. T. Putnam, Boston, 9—7, 6—4, 2—6, 0—6, 8—6; Dabney defeated J. D. M. Jones, Providence, 6—8, 8—6, 6—4, 6—1; L. H. Martin, Lowell, defeated S. H. Voshell, Brooklyn, 7—5, 9—7, 6—3; J. H. Chase, Boston, defeated G. C. Caner, Philadelphia, 6—3, 6—3, 6—0.

Eastern Doubles Championship.—First Round—F. H. Harris, Brattleboro, Vt., and J. G. Nelson, Hanover, N. H., defeated E. L. Beard and T. B. Plimpton, Boston, 6—1, 7—5, 8—6; W. J. Clothier, Philadelphia, and William A. Larned, Summit, N. J., defeated C. F. Watson, Jr., Orange, N. J., and H. Torrence, Jr., New York, 6—2, 6—2, 8—10, 11—9; G. F. Groesbeck, New York, and G. Beals, Boston, defeated A. L. Williston and C. B. Wilbar, Boston, 5—7, 6—2, 6—4, 4—6, 8—6; C. E. Barker and A. B. Hillman, Boston, defeated H. Plimpton and A. Bryant, Boston, 6—3, 6—4, 6—3; H. Greenough and C. Frothingham, Boston, defeated L. J. Grant and A. D. Champlin, New York, by default; J. B. Read and J. W. Jackson, Boston, defeated E. F. Torrey, Jr., and N. Johnson, New York, 6—4, 6—2, 6—3; S. P. Ware and N. W. Cabot, Boston, defeated E. R. Speare and G. F. Wales, Boston, 6—1, 6—1, 6—4; R. Bishop and E. H. Whitney, Boston, defeatetd R. W. Currier and H. L. Davenport, Boston, 6—3, 6—3, 6—4.

Second Round—M. H. Long, San Francisco, and C. R. Gardner, Boston, defeated G. W. Phillips, Boston, and R. B. McClave, Scranton, Penn, 6—2, 6—2, 6—2; R. C. Seaver and G. T. Putnam, Boston, defeated S. Henshaw and J. D. E. Jones, Providence, R. I., 6—4, 6—2, 3—6, 6—2; R. C. Bray and S. L. Beals, Boston, defeated J. W. Foster and F. B. Taylor, Boston, 6—4, 6—4, 6—0; F. C. Inman and A. Holmes, New York, defeated F. B. and W. M. Washburn, Bridgeport, 6—3, 4—6, 6—4, 6—4; C. Adams and D. E. H. Wood, Boston, defeated A. Grimm, New Orleans, and W. Henderson, Boston, 6—0, 6—1, 6—2; Ware and Cabot defeated Reed and Jackson, 6—4, 6—2, 4—6, 6—0; Bishop and Whitney defeated Barker and Hillman, 6—1, 6—1, 6—2; F. C. Beggs and S. H. Voshell, New York, defeated C. H. Collester and F. L. Schuyler, Worcester, 6—2, 6—4, 6—4; W. C. Grant, New York, and H. A. McKinney, Providence, defeated C. R. Currier and L. H. Martin, Lowell, 6—4, 6—4, 6—1; I. R. Kent and C. S. Penhallow, Jr., of Boston, defeated A. P. and P. Everts, Boston, 6—3, 8—10, 8—6, 7—5, 9—7; L. E. Mahan and T. R. Pell, New York, defeated E. P. Larned, Summitt, N. J., and — Frelinghuysen, New York, 3—6, 6—2, 7—5, 6—2.

Siwanoy Country Club Tennis.

The continuation of the Siwanoy Country Club tournament on the club's courts at Mount Vernon yesterday furnished some lively matches, and capital progress was made in the singles toward the final round. Two of the players won their places in the semi-final round, Dr. William Rosenbaum of the Harlem Tennis Club, and A. D. Hammett, the young player from New Rochelle. They are in different sections of the draw, the doctor being in the top and Hammett in the lower. The summary:

Men's Singles.—Third Round—C. W. Breck defeated F. P. Breck, 2—6, 6—3, 6—4; Dr. W. Rosenbaum defeated W. D. Bourne, 8—6, 6—3; A. Behr defeated H. L. Farrington, 6—3, 2—6, 6—3; A. D. Hammett defeated M. A. Colton, 6—0, 6—0; A. E. Burchard defeated Harry Parker, 6—2, 6—3; W. L. O'Brien defeated F. L. Holbrook, 6—1, 6—2.

Fourth Round—Dr. W. Rosenbaum defeated C. W. Breck, 6—3, 6—2; A. D. Hammett defeated A. E. Burchard, 6—1, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—First Round—W. L. O'Brien and R. Augur defeated W. D. Bourne and Ralph L. Baggs, 6—4, 5—7, 6—4; Dr. W. Rosenbaum and A. D. Hammett defeated M. Zogbaum and H. W. Holbert, 6—1, 6—3; M. A. Colton and H. L. Farrington defeated M. peabody and partner by default; G. R. Coughlan and F. P. Breck defeated E. Taylor and partner by default; G. M. Lord and C. W. Breck defeated George Parke and A. H. Hamm, 5—7, 6—3, 6—2; F. L. Holbrook and H. Pond defeated Coulter and Tully, 6—0, 6—3; H. Beekman and Alfred Latimer played Major and Johnson, 4—6, unfinished.

Second Round—M. A. Colton and H. L. Farrington defeated H. L. Ghormley and P. F. Mann, 6—2, 2—6, 6—0; G. R. Coughlan and F. P. Breck defeated G. M. Lord and C. W. Breck, 6—4, 6—3.

BOXING SHOW CALLED OFF.

The show which the Twentieth Century Athletic Club had scheduled for last night between Porky Flynn of Boston and Joe Jeannette did not come off, consequently the club was forced to defer the début of their "2 in 1" policy until next week. There will be two shows next week, the first on Tuesday night, when a second attempt to put on last night's bill will be made.

On Friday night of this week Frank Mantell of Providence, the clever, hard-hitting middleweight pugilist, and Ted Nelson, the Australian champion of that class, will come together in a ten-round contest. The winner of the match will appear in the near future against George "Knockout") Brown of Chicago at the same club. Brown was matched to fight "Cyclone" Johnny Thompson at Gary, Ind., on July 4, but the club called off the bout at the last moment. Mantell bars no one at his weight, and is training conscientiously at New Dorp, S. I. Willie Howard of Brooklyn, who fought a ten-round draw with Frank Loughrey of Philadelphia, and more recently forced Tommy Maloney to extend himself to the limit to escape defeat, will also appear in a ten-round engagement with "Fighting" Joe Hyland.

KNOCKOUT AT BROWN'S.

The star bout at Brown's gymnasium last night between Andy Morris of Boston and Jim Savage of Orange, N. J., terminated in a most disappointing manner after the second round had ended, as Morris, who was agitated by a remark made by the Jerseyite, let his powerful right swing over on Savage's jaw, and the latter was knocked out. Morris was promptly disqualified, although he apparently was no more to be blamed than Savage.

The contest last night was the second between the pair, and on the other occasion the Bostonian won in the third round by the knockout with the same punch that ended the fray last night. Both men were out to win from the first tap of the gong, and Morris as in the other bout was leading when the critical moment ended the bout. Savage begun by forcing the work to the man from the Hub, and in the first round scored with a straight left jab several times. He then pounded the body when they came in close, but Morris also did good work at close range and landed in turn on Savage's body with hard blows.

Toward the close of the initial round Morris showed a flash and landed right and left hard on Savage and staggered Jim once with a stiff right to the face. Morris did the better work in the latter part of the round and won the honors.

When the bell rang for the second round the Jerseyite again began to force matters, and scored mostly with a left jab and had Morris covering on the ropes. Morris became enraged and sailed into Savage and was doing all the work. It was plainly seen that Savage had tried his best in these rounds, but failed to make an impression on Morris. Morris had all the better of the fighting, and after the bell rang he started to break away, when Savage stuck out his jaw and made a remark which caused Andy to lose his head for the moment, and he swung the damaging blow which ended the encounter. Savage was knocked senseless, and was not revived for some time, and while the officials and seconds of both boxers were arguing the case the spectators became enraged and made all sorts of threats toward the Bostonian.

It was only a question of time just how long Savage would last, and had the disqualification been avoided Morris in all probability would have been the victor.

K. O. Brown Puts Kenny Out.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 18.—K. O. Brown knocked out Eddie Kenny of Chicago in the second round of their ten-round scheduled bout at the Knickerbocker Athletic Club here to-night. Brown refused to fight Kenny at the last moment, he refusing to let Brown enter the ring with the club's official referee. There was a discussion between the club referee and Brown's manager. Finally Charlie White was selected to referee the bout between Brown and Kenny.

FAVORITES HOME FIRST.

Don, Gold Dollar, Viola Strong, and Adell Ross Win at Kalamazoo.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., July 18.—Good racing, but no sensational time, marked the second day of the grand circuit meet here to-day. It was a day for the favorites, not one being defeated. While the track was fast, a high wind prevented any remarkable records. The attendance was about twice as large as on the first day. The summaries:

2:08 Pace.—3 in 5, purse, $1,000.

Don, ch. g., by Almenwood, (Brown)	1	1	1	
Twinkling Don, b. h., (Murphy)	2	2	3	
My Shady Bell, b. m., (Snow)	5	3	2	
Sam, b. g., (Barnes)	3	4	4	
Simmon Kenton, br. h., (Tallman)	4	dr		

Time—2:06½; 2:07½; 2:09¼.

2:10 Trot.—3 in 5, purse, $3,000.

Gold Dollar, ch. g., by Pulsus, (G. Macey)	1	1	1
Belvasia, b. m., (Cox)	2	2	2
Electric Todd, br. h., (L. McDonald)	3	3	4
Lulu Arion, ch. m., (J. Benyon)	5	6	3
High Admiral, blk. s., (Geers)	4	4	6
Bob Riley, b. g., (McHenry)	6	5	7
Capt. George, b. h., (Murphy)	8	7	5
The Angelus, b. s., (Colby)	7	8	8
Direct Tone, br. g., (Updyke)	dis.		

Time—2:07¾; 2:06½; 2:08¼.

2:19 Trot—3 in 5, purse, $1,000.

Viola Strong, b. m., by Strong Boy, (Geers)	1	2	1	1
Dolly S., b. m., by Star Flex, (Hoffman)	2	1	2	6
Wapanee, b. h., (Grady)	5	5	6	2
Lady McKinney, b. m., (Murphy)	4	3	4	3
Sid Anna, ch. m., (Snow)	3	4	3	4
Peter Clay, b. h., (Dean)	6	6	5	5

Time—2:13¾; 2:11½; 2:11¾; 2:14¾

2:17 Pace.—3 in 5, purse, $1,000.

Adell Ross, blk. m., by J. H. L., (Hogan)	1	1	1
Eddie Dillard, ch. h., (Snow)	2	3	2
Amherst Boy, blk. h., (Murphy)	3	2	3
John Black, b. g., (Shively)	4	4	4
Nellie G., b. m., (Wolverton)	dis.		

Time—2:08¾; 2:11⅛; 2:12⅛.

Bermudans Cricket Winners.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—The Bermuda cricketers defeated the Merion Cricket Club eleven in a one-inning match to-day at Haverford, with nine wickets to spare. The local team was retired for a total of only 88 runs. J. R. Conyers scored 38 and A. West 40 for the visitors. Their total with 8 scored by Fisher before he was retired and 8 extras gave Bermuda the game with the loss of only one wicket.

Motor Racing Drivers' Meeting.

Matters of importance that concern not only racing drivers, but manufacturers of cars which compete in contests as well, will be taken up at a meeting of the Motor Racing Drivers' Association of America at Hotel Empire in this city on Friday, July 21, at 6 P. M. All drivers and racing team managers who have suggestions to offer that will tend to improve racing conditions are invited to attend. The association has progressed to a point where it is now recognized by both the American Automobile Association and the Manufacturers' Contest Association. Both of these bodies have requested the Motor Racing Drivers' Association to make suggestions to be considered in connection with the drafting and adoption of the contest rules for 1912. George Robertson, President of the Motor Racing Drivers' Association, has been courteously invited to attend the coming M. C. A. meeting at Detroit in August by President Coffin of that organization.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

FAIR PLAY FOR THE ICE MAN

The past week has seen one of the most unfair and vicious attacks ever made upon a corporation or group of men who are honestly carrying on a legitimate business enterprise.

It has been repeatedly stated in the daily newspapers of this city that the Knickerbocker Ice Company has conspired to take advantage of the unprecedented weather conditions with a view to unduly profit by the hot spell by limiting the supply of ice and raising the price of this commodity.

The statements of irresponsible people have been accepted by the city authorities and newspapers and it has been made to appear that this company has acted in an inhuman manner and used illegal methods in the regular course of its daily business.

Based on the complaints of many individuals, the district attorney has called a public hearing, and if any concern dealing in ice has been found to have acted contrary to the laws of this State, and if evidence is produced to show that this is so, the law will take its course.

This is perfectly proper and as it should be; but the company of which I am president resents most emphatically the prejudging of such allegations, and protests the unfairness with which it has been singled out and attacked in the public press on the claims and assumptions of irresponsible individuals.

There Is No Monopoly!

The Knickerbocker Ice Company does about 38% of the business in Greater New York. The other 62% is supplied by manufacturers of ice and natural ice dealers who bring their ice from the Hudson River. Of the manufacturers, there is in Manhattan a daily capacity of 3,545 tons, of which the Knickerbocker Ice Company directly and indirectly operates 38 5-10%.

In the Bronx there is a daily capacity of 1,405 tons, of which the Knickerbocker Ice Company directly and indirectly operates none.

In the Borough of Brooklyn, with a daily capacity of 3,210 tons, the Knickerbocker Ice Company directly and indirectly operates 24%.

In the Borough of Queens, with a daily capacity of 530 tons, the Knickerbocker Ice Company directly and indirectly operates none.

In the Borough of Richmond there is a daily capacity of 180 tons, of which the Knickerbocker Ice Company directly and indirectly operates none.

In the natural ice business there are 43 unloading bridges in Manhattan and Bronx, of which the Knickerbocker Ice Company directly and indirectly operates 16.

In Brooklyn there are 20 unloading berths, of which the Knickerbocker Ice Company directly and indirectly operates 11.

During more than half the year manufactured ice supplies fully four-fifths of the regular demand. The capacity of all these manufacturing plants is 8,870 tons a day, or a capacity of 2,661,000 tons, of which the Knickerbocker Ice Company handles directly and indirectly but 25 6-10%. Natural ice is largely a supplement to the manufactured ice in the heated season.

On the Fourth of July we had 28,000 tons of natural ice melting in our barges, in preparation for normal July weather, as compared to 20,000 tons the same day last year. The heavy demand thrown upon us exhausted not only the daily production of our plants—our daily shipments from the Hudson River, but also this reserve supply, so that we were compelled to refuse ice to anybody who was not a regular customer, in order to be able to carry out our contracts, legal and moral.

No organization made up of human units is capable of 100% increased demands upon its resources can maintain it for any length of time, and that is just what happened in the recent hot spell. It is but fair to us to state that what has occurred in New York during this hot spell has occurred in practically every large city in the United States.

We are dealing in a perishable commodity which loses 40% in hot weather, between the time it is loaded and delivered in New York, so it is absolutely impossible to carry a supply large enough to meet such a demand as that of the last two weeks, without such a loss as to make a prohibitive price for ice.

Is This Greed?

Not only did we supply the normal amount of ice usual at this time of the year, but we actually delivered to the trade in New York 13,000 tons more than during the same period of last year, which was a very hot period, and of these 13,000 tons 7,000 were given to other retailers, who are in competition with us in the same class of business, against 6,000 tons to our own wagons.

If we were unable to supply the demand of our regular customers, how can we be expected to supply the demands of other people's customers until the demands of our own regular customers are satisfied!

We are proud of the fact that during the first 15 days of July this year we supplied the public with 22,000 tons more ice than during the same period of 1907; 15,000 tons more than the same period of 1908; 26,000 tons more than the same period of 1909; 15,000 tons more than the same period of 1910, and in doing this **more than half of this amount was given to competitive retailers.**

This Company maintains an organization capable of handling the business which it normally does, but in the unprecedented hot spell which we have just had, the inability of its competitors to supply their own trade has thrown upon us double the amount of anything that our resources could supply, having proper regard for our own trade which depends upon us normally.

We never claimed a scarcity of barges, tugs or supply in our ice houses. It was only our inability in the short time allowed to get the ice to market. That our facilities were ample for any ordinary demand is evidenced by the fact that the recent normal weather has put us in normal condition again.

We had a larger supply on hand the 1st of July than we had at this time last year, when we had an unusually hot spell, and last year our supply was ample, and we had every reason to believe it would be ample this year, and, but for the inability of our competitors to take care of their trade, we should have been able to take care of ours reasonably well, but it was not possible, in the short time allowed, to secure experienced men to increase our loading capacity sufficiently to meet the sudden and excessive demand made upon us.

Why Condemn Us Off-Hand?

Now we submit, in all fairness, that we should not be criticised for not doing the impossible, nor should we be held responsible for the failure of our competitors to supply their trade, nor should we be expected to deny ice to our regular customers in order to take care of transit business. That we have shown no disposition to take advantage of the situation is evidenced by our not advancing the price to the public, but have maintained the same price to the retail trade in New York that was in operation prior to the hot spell. The only advance made has been a half dollar a ton at the bridge, to offset the extraordinary efforts and expenditure we have made to get the ice here.

I submit that we are entitled to fair play in the public press, as we know we will have from the public when they are supplied with the facts.

In 1907 this Company paid nothing on its $15,000,000 Cumulative Preferred Stock, which represents actual cash invested. In 1908 it paid not one cent; in 1909 it paid 1½%; in 1910 it paid 1¼%; in 1911 ½ of 1%. If this money had been invested in New York City Bonds, it would have paid a return many times larger upon the investment.

We had every opportunity to get any price we might have wished for our ice during the past week, and yet, in the face of our small profit, as shown above, have kept the price reasonable.

We are in the business of selling ice and are anxious to sell every ton we can. Furthermore, we are human beings ourselves, and we deny the accusation of trafficking in the sufferings of the multitude of consumers we are trying our utmost to serve.

WESLEY M. OLER
Pres. Knickerbocker Ice Company

New York, July 19th

$72.50 Round Trip
California and North Pacific Coast

Favorable Stop-Overs
Liberal Return Limits

Low Round-Trip Fares from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver and North Pacific Coast.
Daily to September 30.

The route of the San Francisco Overland Limited, Los Angeles Limited, Portland and Puget Sound Express and Oregon-Washington Limited, also China and Japan Fast Mail.

Corresponding Low Rates from Other Points

The Best of Everything

Ticket Offices
Chicago and North Western Railway

R. M. JOHNSON, General Agent,
461 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

CL1348

Just Arrived—500
¼ Silk Lined Blue Serge Suits
Which We've Marked $22
Instead of $30

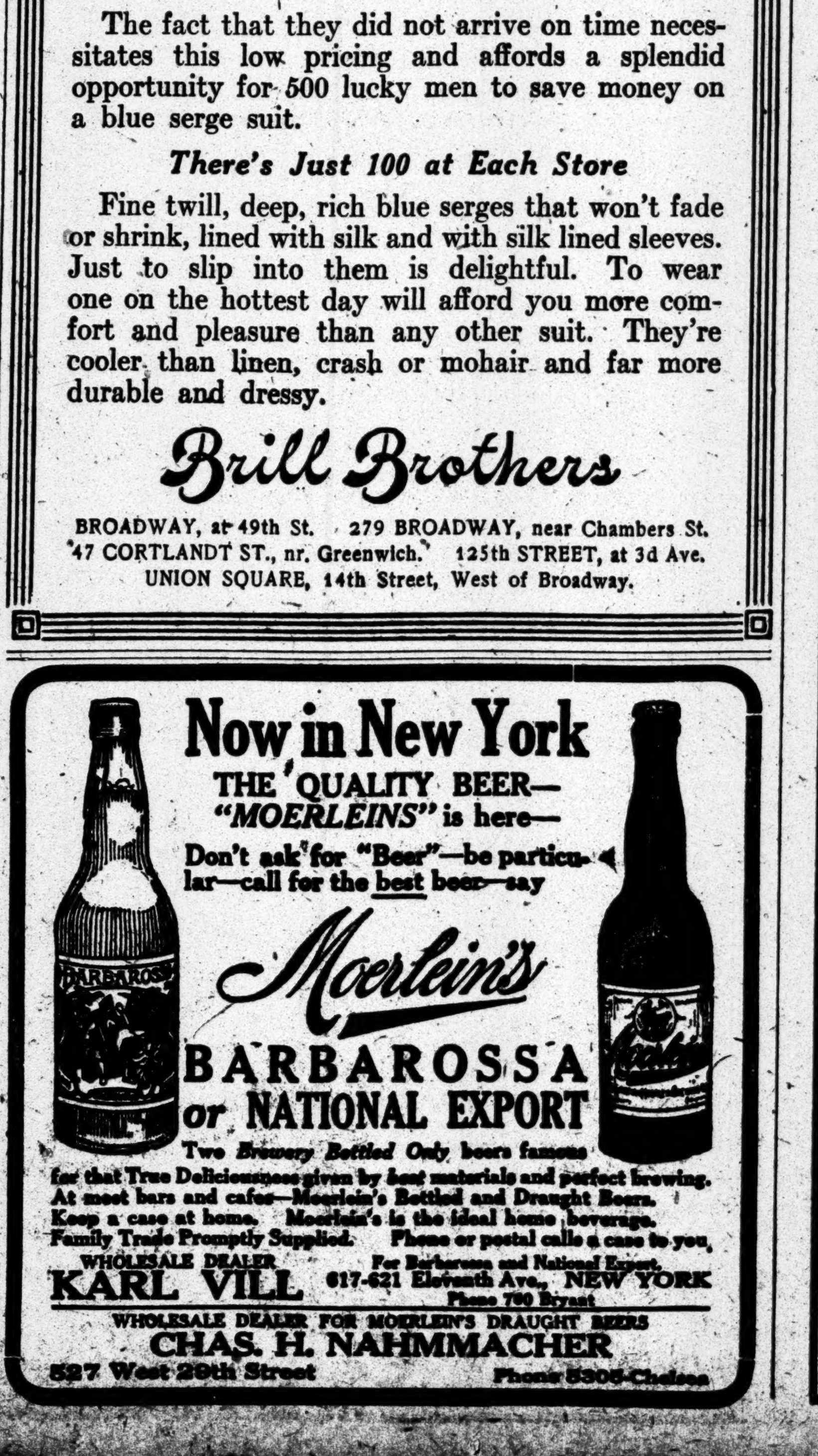
The fact that they did not arrive on time necessitates this low pricing and affords a splendid opportunity for 500 lucky men to save money on a blue serge suit.

There's Just 100 at Each Store

Fine twill, deep, rich blue serges that won't fade or shrink, lined with silk and with silk lined sleeves. Just to slip into them is delightful. To wear one on the hottest day will afford you more comfort and pleasure than any other suit. They're cooler than linen, crash or mohair and far more durable and dressy.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.



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THE "QUALITY BEER"—
"MOERLEINS" is here—
Don't ask for "Beer"—be particular—call for the best beer—say
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BARBAROSSA
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MARQUARD AN EASY MARK FOR REDLEGS

Giants Careless in Their Play and Fail to Straighten Keefe's Curves.

THE SCORE.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	2	0	—8
New York	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

CINCINNATI.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Bescher, lf	3	1	2	2	1	0	0	0
Marsans, cf	4	1	3	0	0	1	0	0
Hoblitzel, 1b	5	0	1	0	1	14	1	0
Mitchell, rf	5	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Downey, ss	4	1	0	1	2	2	3	1
Grant, 3b	4	1	1	1	1	4	3	0
Egan, 2b	5	2	3	0	0	3	9	0
McLean, c	4	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Keefe, p	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	0
Total	37	8	12	5	8	27	19	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	3	0	2	1	0	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	0	1	0	2	3	0
Snodgrass, cf	4	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
Murray, rf	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
Merkle, 1b	3	0	0	1	0	6	0	0
Bridwell, ss	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
*Becker	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fletcher, 3b	4	0	1	0	1	3	2	1
Meyers, c	3	1	1	0	0	9	1	0
Marquard, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
†Donlin	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Crandall, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	5	3	1	27	11	3

*Batted for Bridwell in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Marquard in the eighth inning.

Two-base hits—Grant, Keefe. Three-base hit—Marsans. Home run—Donlin. Sacrifice hits—Marsans, Marquard. Stolen bases—Bescher, (2,) Marsans, Egan. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 8; New York, 5. Double plays—Grant, Egan and Hoblitzel, McLean, Grant and Hoblitzel. Struck out—By Marquard, 8; by Keefe, 1. Bases on balls—Off Marquard, 5; off Keefe, 3. Passed ball—Meyers. Hits—Off Marquard, 12 in 8 innings, (at bat 34;) off Crandall, 0 in 1 inning, (at bat 3.) Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason. Time of game—Two hours and four minutes.

The Giants slipped smoothly into third place in the pennant race yesterday, the impetus for the shove downward being provided by "Bobby" Keefe of the Cincinnati Reds. Young Robert has become nothing less than a peril to the Giants in their flirtation with the silken sash. When the Reds, with "Bobby" propelling the ball, trounced the New Yorks at the Polo Grounds yesterday by a score of 8 to 2, it was victory No. 3 for the former Yankee pitcher against McGraw's men.

The Reds gingered up to a gait which made the Giants look snail-like in contrast. Not the least deplorable part of the shock was the unruly lacing of Dick Marquard, who is at present the King George of the Giant pitchers, having usurped "Matty's" throne some time back. "Rube" was nailed for a dozen smashes, which were judiciously bunched. He was wild or awkward, but the Reds just peppered him punctually, that's all. It took the Cincinnati team to trip him up after he had won six victories in a row.

The crowd of 6,000 had one brief moment of sweet consolation in the eighth inning when Mike Donlin, wearing the make-up of a pinch hitter, jammed a screeching home run drive into the laps of a happy bunch of howling orphans in the right field stand. And more's the pity that the bases were arid and barren at the time of the tremendous smash. That was the only serious nick that embellished Keefe's record.

It seemed that the full membership of the hard losers' club sat in at yesterday's confab. Just as soon as the Reds began to reach Marquard the glib tongues began to guy the Giants and warbled a line of talk that would have been rough even for a team sliding into the cellar. In view of the romantic way the Giants have been wooing the championship, all this discord seemed unnecessary. They played slipshod ball at times, and a day's rest evidently did them more harm than good.

Clarke Giffith had a chance to smile. Out in Redland they are yelling for his scalp, but he keeps right on plugging as if he had his job for life. Armando Marsans, the Cuban centre fielder, also had a day of delight. He got three hits and ran the bases like wild fire. He got a three-bagger in the third inning, when Murray fell all over himself trying to knock down the drive, and boldly started to steal home. The Stogie would have turned the trick if Hoblitzel, who was batting at the time, hadn't swung his bat higher in the air to bite at a skyscraper and popped a foul to Fletcher. Dick Egan, also, found the Rube easy picking and got three hits.

In the first two innings the Reds showed remarkable dexterity in the field. Two fast double plays killed off the Giants' chances. Keefe weakened briefly in the third inning. Meyers singled to centre and was sacrificed by Marquard, making the trip to third on Devore's single to centre. Meyers had an inclination to score on the hit, but Marsans made a deadly accurate toss to the plate and held the Indian at the third corner. When Egan fumbled Doyle's grounder a moment and missed a chance to cut off Meyers, the Indian scored and Egan had to be satisfied to get Doyle at first.

The serious undermining of Marquard's fine record began in the fourth inning. After Mitchell had sent a fly kiting into Snodgrass's hands, Fletcher made a low throw to first after getting Downey's grounder. Grant whisked a two-bagger under John T. Brush's automobile, sending Downey to third. Egan scored Downey and Grant with a single to left. McLean added to the Rube's discomfort by hitting to left, and Keefe walked, and the base apartments were all rented. "Bob" Bescher bounded a hit over Marquard's roof into centre field, and Egan and McLean scored. Bescher was nailed trying to stretch himself to second. Marsans smashed a long fly to deep centre field, but Snodgrass backed after it and hauled it down.

More disaster for Marquard in the sixth inning. Egan singled and McLean flied to centre. Keefe doubled to the automobile and scored Egan. Murray made a wild throw in and "Bobby" went to third. Bescher singled, and so did Marsans, the Cuban's contribution scoring Keefe. This same Keefe started the eighth inning by striking out. Bescher walked and Marsans pushed a red-hot hopper through Marquard. Then he stole second and Bescher stole third simultaneously. Hobby's drive to right scored Bescher and the Cuban.

Mike Donlin, who is also an actor, strutted to the bat in the eighth in place of the humbled Marquard. "Turkey" waved at a couple and then waited for three balls. With "3 and 2" on him, Mike heard the boys in the right field stand yelling at him, so he gave the ball a fast ride in that direction. These were honest boys, too, for they threw the ball back, and some day they will grow up to be honest men.

STEPPING STONES BACKWARD.

Giants weren't the only sleepy ones. Umpire Johnstone yelled, "Battree fur St. Looey, Keefe and McLean."

If dusky Marsans keeps up this whaling of his, Johnny Bates 'll have a hard job getting back.

Said the refreshment pest: "Going to be exciting finish. Get cool drink before it starts." Wrong again.

There'll be no double-headers at the Polo Grounds until the team returns from the West next trip. Too hot on uncovered stands to sit in at 2 o'clock.

Amalgamated hammer throwers said, "Take him out," when two hits had been made off Marquard. Fine to be a baseball hero.

Devore, Bridwell, and Fletcher were all within reach of Egan's Texas Leaguer in the fourth. They pulled straws to see who'd take it.

Peculiar double play in the second. Bridwell bunted, McLean threw to third, and Grant nailed Murray, then Grant whipped it to first and got Bridwell.

Why doesn't Keefe save some of those hops for the Cubs and Phillies?

Even Cincinnati can't lose all the time.

"Griff" is sure of his job for another day, anyway.

That road to Dublin is a smooth, bitulithic pavement compared to the highway to the front of the league.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati, 8; New York, 2.
St. Louis, 8; Brooklyn, 3.
Philadelphia 4; Pittsburg, 2.
Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburg, 1.
(Ten innings.)
Chicago, 14; Boston, 6.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland, 9; New York, 6.
Washington, 7; Chicago, 1.
Philadelphia, 12; St. Louis, 3.
Detroit, 16; Boston, 7.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Newark, 1; Jersey City, 0.
Jersey City, 9; Newark, 4.
Toronto, 4; Rochester, 3.
Montreal, 3; Buffalo, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	51	31	.622	Pittsburg	48	36	.544
Chicago	48	31	.608	Cincinnati	33	45	.423
New York	48	32	.600	Brooklyn	30	48	.385
St. Louis	45	34	.570	Boston	20	61	.247

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	59	24	.711	New York	41	41	.500
Philadelphia	53	29	.646	Boston	42	42	.500
Chicago	42	39	.519	Washington	29	55	.345
Cleveland	44	42	.512	St. Louis	22	60	.269

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	54	30	.643	Jersey City	36	41	.468
Baltimore	54	30	.643	Buffalo	35	42	.455
Toronto	48	36	.571	Newark	30	48	.385
Montreal	36	40	.474	Providence	28	54	.341

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati at New York, 4 P. M.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Two games.)
Pittsburg at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Boston at Cleveland.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Buffalo at Montreal.
Rochester at Toronto.

Phillies Win a Double-Header.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—The largest crowd that has been inside the National League grounds here in the last fifteen years saw the home team win two games from Pittsburg this afternoon by scores of 4 to 2 and 2 to 1. Philadelphia took the first game by pounding Camnitz off the rubber in the first inning, four runs being scored on five hits, including a home run by Paskert and a triple by Beck. The second game was a pitching duel between Alexander and Leifield, the winning run being scored in the tenth inning on Paskert's triple and Lobert's single. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Knabe, 2b	2	0	0	2	2
Paskert, cf	3	1	1	0	0
Lobert, 3b	3	1	0	1	0
Lud'r's, 1b	3	1	1	7	1
Walsh, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Beck, rf	3	1	1	0	0
Doolan, ss	3	0	2	4	4
Dooin, c	3	0	1	12	1
Moore, p	3	0	1	0	0
Total	26	4	7	27	8

PITTSBURG.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	0	0	1	3
Leach, cf	2	0	0	0	0
C'pbell, cf	2	0	1	0	0
Clarke, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Wagner, ss	3	1	1	1	4
Miller, 2b	4	0	0	0	2
McK'nie, 1b	2	0	0	13	0
Wilson, rf	4	0	0	2	2
Gibson, c	4	0	1	5	0
Camnitz, p	0	0	0	0	0
Steele, p	3	0	1	0	4
Total	32	2	5	24	15

Errors—McKechnie, Doolan.

Philadelphia	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	..	—4
Pittsburg	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Three-base hit—Beck. Home runs—Wagner, Paskert. Sacrifice hits—Paskert, Beck, Doolan, Knabe. Stolen bas—McKechnie. Struck out—By Camnitz, 1; by Steele, 2; by Moore, 12. Double play—Wilson and Gibson. First base on error—Philadelphia. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 6; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Camnitz, 1; off Steele, 2; off Moore, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Steele, (Walsh.) Pitchers' records—Off Camnitz, 5 hits and 7 times at bat in one inning; off Steele, 2 hits and 19 times at bat in seven innings. Time of game—Two hours and seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Knabe, 2b	3	1	0	2	4
Pask't, cf	5	1	2	2	0
Lobert, 3b	5	0	1	0	1
Lud'us, 1b	3	0	1	7	1
Thomas, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Walsh, lf	4	0	3	1	0
Beck, rf	3	0	0	0	0
Bransf'd, 1b	1	0	0	1	0
Doolan, ss	3	0	0	6	2
Dooin, c	3	0	1	10	2
Alex'r, p	4	0	0	1	4
Total	34	2	8	30	14

PITTSBURG.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	1	1	0	3
Leach, cf	2	0	0	1	0
Clarke, lf	4	0	2	2	0
Wagner, ss	4	0	1	2	3
Miller, 2b	3	0	0	1	3
M'K'nie, 1b	4	0	0	11	3
Wilson, rf	4	0	1	2	0
Simon, c	3	0	0	8	1
Leifield, p	3	0	1	1	2
Total	31	1	6	*28	15

*One out when winning run was scored.
Error—Miller.

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Paskert, Walsh, Luderus. Three-base hit—Paskert. Sacrifice hits—Leach, Knabe. Stolen base—Paskert. Struck out—By Leifield, 7; by Alexander, 9. Double plays—Doolan and Luderus; Byrne, McKechnie, and Wagner; Doolan, Knabe, and Luderus. First base on error—Philadelphia. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 8; Philadelphia, 8. First base on balls—Off Leifield, 3; off Alexander, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Leifield, (Luderus.) Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

Southern League.

At Memphis—Montgomery, 6; Memphis, 0.
At Atlanta—Mobile, 5; Atlanta, 0.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 4; Birmingham, 3.
At Nashville—Nashville, 6; New Orleans, 5.

American Association.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 7; Toledo, 8, (ten innings.)
At Columbus—Columbus, 6; Louisville, 5.
At Milwaukee—Minneapolis, 6; Milwaukee, 2.
At Kansas City—St. Paul, 7; Kansas City, 4.

Connecticut League.

At Waterbury—Waterbury, 6; New Britain, 5 (12 innings).
At Springfield—Springfield, 4; New Haven, 2.
At Hartford—Hartford, 2; Bridgeport, 1 (11 innings.

NAPS LAND HARD ON YANKEE PITCHERS

Cleveland Rolls Up Nine Runs in Seventh Inning, Winning Uphill Game.

THE SCORE.

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	..		—9
New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	—6

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Graney, lf	3	1	0	2	0	0
Olson, ss	4	2	3	0	4	0
Jackson, rf	3	2	1	1	0	0
Stovall, 1b	3	0	0	10	1	0
Birmingham, cf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Lindsay, 3b	3	1	0	0	1	0
Turner, 2b	4	0	0	3	3	0
Fisher, c	4	1	2	8	1	2
Krapp, p	2	0	0	1	3	0
Blanding, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
*Lajoie	1	0	1	0	0	0
†Mills	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	9	9	27	14	2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Wolter, cf	5	1	2	1	0	1
Hartzell, 3b	4	1	2	1	2	1
Creel, lf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Knight, ss	3	0	1	3	2	1
Chase, 1b	4	0	1	10	1	0
Johnson, 2b	3	1	0	2	2	0
Sweeney, c	3	1	1	6	1	0
Quinn, p	3	0	0	0	4	0
Brockett, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Caldwell, p	1	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	6	10	24	12	3

*Batted for Krapp in seventh inning.
†Ran for Lajoie in seventh inning.

Two-base hits—Jackson, Wolter, (2.) Three-base hit—Cree. Stolen bases—Hartzell, Daniels, Knight, Sweeney, (2,) Quinn. Double play—Knight, Johnson, and Chase. Pitching record—5 hits off Quinn in 6 innings, none out in the seventh; 1 hit off Brockett in 1-3 inning; 3 hits off Caldwell in 1 2-3 innings; 6 hits off Krapp in 7 innings; 4 hits off Blanding in 2 innings. First base on balls—Off Krapp, 2; off Blanding, 1; off Caldwell, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Krapp, (Daniels;) by Blanding, (Sweeney;) by Brockett, (Lindsay;) by Caldwell, (Graney.) Struck out—By Krapp, 3; by Blanding, 1; by Quinn, 6. Wild pitch—Krapp. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 2; New York, 7. Time of game—Two hours and eighteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Mullin.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 18.—Swapping horses in the middle of a stream turned apparent victory for the New York Yankees into their fourth straight defeat here, and gave the Naps their ninth victory in a row. Score: Cleveland, 9; New York, 6.

Jack Quinn, who started the game for the Yankees, shut out the Naps for six innings with three inoffensive hits. Not a man had reached second base, and only nineteen men faced him in the six innings.

The Yanks were three runs to the good, and it looked like the Naps' winning streak had been punctured, when Olson opened the seventh inning with a single to centre and Jackson followed with a double to right, while the fans, scenting the usual Nap rally, made the air ring with cheers. At this point Manager Chase seemed to have made his mistake. Apparently panic-stricken, he waved Quinn to the bench and Brockett was sent to the mound. He lasted but a few minutes, in which time Olson scored while Stovall was being thrown out at first base. Birmingham's single scored Jackson, and Lindsay was hit.

Then Brockett, glad to be relieved, walked to the bench and Caldwell came to the rescue, only to be pounded severely. Turner flied to Cree, who made a fine catch back of short, but with two out Fisher got a short single, filling the bases, and Lajoie was called from the coaching line to bat for Krapp. The scene in the stands as Larry came to bat was enough to take the nerve out of any pitcher, and Caldwell merely offered up a prayer and pitched a ball. Lajoie swung and the ball sailed between third base and short stop, Birmingham and Lindsay scoring, and Fisher and Lajoie advancing when Wolter threw wild to the plate. Mills was sent to run for Lajoie, who got a tremendous ovation as he walked to the bench. Graney was hit, again filling the bases, and Olson, on his second trip to the plate during the inning, singled, scoring two more. Jackson walked, filling the bases for the third time, and Stovall was walked, forcing in Graney. Knight fumbled a grounder off Birmingham's bat, Olson and Jackson scoring and Birmingham being safe. Stovall, however, was out at third, ending the only inning in which the Naps scored.

The Yankees batted Krapp early, but didn't bat long enough. After two men had been easily disposed of the little pitcher gave Hartzell a base on balls after having two strikes on him. The third sacker stole, took third base on a wild pitch, and scored on Cree's long hit against the right field wall that went for three bases, Jackson making a vain effort to get the ball by a leap. Knight's single scored Cree, but the lengthy shortstop died trying to steal. Krapp, aided by fine fielding, kept the visitors well in hand until he quit the game to let Lajoie win it.

Turner halted a run in the third by the most marvelous play of the game. With one out Daniels singled and stole second. He got to third while Olson was throwing out Wolter, and started home when Hartzell sent a vicious liner toward right. Turner leaped into the air, knocked down the ball, recovered, and threw the fleet Yankee out before the run crossed the plate. In the sixth inning, though Wolter started with a double, he did not get beyond third base. But in the seventh inning, after Chase had been nipped at the plate for the second out, Sweeney, who had singled and stolen, and Quinn, who got to first on a fielder's choice, worked the double steal, and Sweeney scored when Fisher threw wild to second.

The Yanks with the score hopelessly against them got busy with Blanding in the ninth inning, the big Texan having taken Krapp's place. Johnson walked and Sweeney was hit. Caldwell forced Sweeney, but Johnson scored while Daniels was being thrown out. Hartzell's single and Wolter's double netted the final run, Cree forcing Hartzell for the last out.

Champions Pound Brown Boxmen.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 18.—Philadelphia pounded St. Louis pitchers hard, driving two of them from the mound to-day, winning the final game by a score of 12 to 3, and making a clean sweep of the series. Leonard, for the champions, was effective in all but two innings. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	5	0	1	0	0
Oldring, cf	6	2	3	0	0
Collins, 2b	4	0	0	6	4
Baker, 3b	4	2	2	2	4
Barry, ss	5	1	3	3	7
Murphy, rf	4	2	3	2	0
McInnes, 1b	4	1	2	10	1
Thomas, c	3	2	1	4	0
Leonard, p	4	2	1	0	1
Total	39	12	16	27	17

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotton, cf	4	1	1	0	1
Austin, 3b	5	0	1	1	2
Schw'z'r, rf	2	0	0	0	0
Meloan, rf	3	0	2	0	0
Laporte, 2b	4	1	2	5	7
Hogan, lf	5	1	3	2	0
Stephens, c	3	0	0	4	0
Criss, 1b., p	2	0	0	3	2
George, p	2	0	0	1	1
Wallace, ss	4	0	1	1	6
Nelson, p	0	0	0	0	1
Black, 1b	3	0	0	10	2
Total	37	3	10	27	22

Errors—Stephens, McInnes, (2,) Thomas.

Philadelphia	0	6	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	—12
St. Louis	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hits—Baker, Murphy, Hogan, Barry. Three-base hits—Austin, Laporte. Sacrifice hits—McInnes, Leonard. Double plays—Wallace, Laporte, and Criss; Baker, Collins, and McInnes; Barry, McInnes, and Thomas. Stolen bases—McInnes, (2.) Bases on balls—Off Nelson, 2; off Leonard, 5; off Criss, 3; off George, 1. Struck out—By Leonard, 3; by George 2. Hits—Off Nelson, 7 in 2 innings; off Criss, 6 in 3 innings; off George, 3 in 4 innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 12; Philadelphia, 8. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Parker.

Senators in Winning Form.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Washington batted all three of Chicago's pitchers hard to-day and won an easy victory, 7 to 1. A force-out, single, and an error saved the locals from a shut-out. Score:

WASHINGTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	5	1	3	0	1
Sch'fer, 1b	5	1	1	12	0
Elb'f'd, 2b	4	0	2	4	7
Gessler, rf	4	1	2	1	0
C. W'ker, lf	5	1	2	3	0
M'B'de, ss	4	0	1	1	0
Conroy, 3b	3	2	3	3	2
A'smith, c	4	1	2	3	0
E. W'ker, p	4	0	2	0	0
Total	38	7	18	27	14

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Int're, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Lord, 3b	4	1	2	3	2
Cal'han, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Bodie, cf	4	0	1	1	0
M'C'nell, 2b	4	0	1	4	4
Collins, 1b	3	0	0	7	0
T'nehill, ss	4	0	2	5	3
Sullivan, c	2	0	0	2	4
Payne, c	1	0	0	3	0
White, p	0	0	0	0	0
Olmstead, p	0	0	0	0	0
Baker, p	3	0	1	0	1
*Lange	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	1	8	27	14

*Batted for Sullivan in the seventh inning.
Errors—Payne, Milan, C. Walker, Conroy.

Washington	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	—7
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Hits—Off White, 4 in one and one-third innings; off Olmstead, 3 in no inning; off Baker, 11 in seven and two-third innings. Sacrifice hits—McBride, Elberfeld. Stolen bases—McBride, Conroy. Double plays—Elberfeld and Schaefer; McConnell, Tannehill, and Collins. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Washington, 8. First base on balls—Off Baker, 2; off E. Walker, 1. Struck out—By Baker, 5; by E. Walker, 1. Passed ball—Ainsmith. Wild pitch—E. Walker. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and O'Loughlin.

Tigers Bat Hard Against Boston.

DETROIT, Mich., July 18.—Karger was easy; Killilay was wild; Hall was wild, and the result was Detroit, 16, Boston, 7. Fifteen runs were over when Cicotte started pitching and Detroit took things easy. Score:

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Drake, cf	1	0	0	1	0
Jones, lf	5	1	1	2	0
Bush, ss	4	1	1	2	6
Cobb, cf	5	1	3	4	0
Crawf'd, rf	4	2	1	2	0
Del'h'ty, 1b	5	3	3	7	0
Mori'ty, 3b	4	3	3	0	1
O'Leary, 2b	2	1	1	8	2
Stanage, c	4	2	2	6	1
Donovan, p	3	2	1	0	1
Total	37	16	16	27	11

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	4	1	1	2	0
G'dner, 3b	4	0	1	0	0
Speaker, cf	4	1	1	4	0
Lewis, lf	2	0	1	0	0
Thoney, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Yerkes, ss	3	1	0	1	5
Engle, 1b	4	2	2	12	0
Purtell, 2b	5	0	1	1	3
Car'g'n, c	5	1	2	2	0
Karger, p	1	0	0	0	1
Killilay, p	0	0	0	0	2
Hall, p	1	0	0	0	0
Cicotte, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	38	7	10	24	11

Errors—Speaker, Bush, (2,) Moriarty, Stanage, Donovan, (2.)

Detroit	0	5	5	0	5	0	0	1	..	—16
Boston	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	0	0	—7

Two-base hits—Carrigan, Crawford, Moriarty, O'Leary, Stanage. Three-base hits—Delehanty, Donovan. Home run—Engle. Hits—Off Karger, 3 in 1 1-3 innings; off Killilay, 4 in 2-3 inning; off Hall, 6 in 3 innings; off Cicotte, 3 in 3 innings. Sacrifice hits—O'Leary, 2. Sacrifice flies—Yerkes, Moriarty. Stolen bases—Hooper, Gardner. Double play—Bush, O'Leary and Delehanty. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Detroit, 7. First base on balls—Off Karger, 1; off Killilay, 1; off Hall, 3; off Donovan, 5. First base on errors—Boston, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Killilay—O'Leary. Struck out—By Cicotte, 2; by Donovan, 4. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Connolly.

DESERTERS REJOIN BOSTON.

Herzog and Miller Get in Line After Conference with Officials.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 18.—Charley Herzog, shortstop of the Boston National League team, and Roy Miller, right fielder, who announced Saturday night to Manager Tenney and President Russell that they were going to quit the game because they had not been fairly treated by the club officials, decided to-night to change their plans, and both are again in the fold. They will be in their regular positions tomorrow when the Rustlers line up against the Cubs for the final game of the present series.

It required a lengthy conference between the two players, President Russell, and Manager Tenney before peace was effected in the ranks of the Rustlers. It had been announced since the pair deserted that there was little chance of Herzog returning to the team, as he was regarded as a troublemaker. Herzog's complaint was that he had not been reimbursed for a fine of $300 imposed for indifferent playing. As for Miller, President Russell admitted that he was right in his statement that he was receiving little more than his minor league contract called for before joining the Boston team. It was stated that the club officials were willing to talk terms with Miller, but not with Herzog.

On second thought, it was decided to call a conference and invite both players. Miller is the best hitter on the Boston team and Herzog ranks with Bill Sweeney as one of the club's best all-around assets. The loss of the pair would tend to further demoralize the team, and it had already begun to show itself in the threats of other players to retire. This prompted action by the officials, and to-day's meeting was the result. It is thought that both players were granted their demands.

Yankees Get a New Pitcher.

CHICAGO, July 18.—It was announced at Western League baseball headquarters to-day that the New York team of the American League had purchased Pitcher George Clark of the Sioux City (Iowa) team of the Western League. The price is said to have been $5,000 and two players. The men are Klepfer and Fitzgerald, a pitcher and an outfielder. Both are required to report to the Sioux City team immediately, while Clark is to remain with Sioux City until the end of the season of the Western League.

Toronto Draws Again in Cricket.

Toronto's visiting cricket eleven played the second game of their tour here yesterday, when they had as opponents the team of the Crescent Athletic Club on the latter's ground at Bay Ridge. Yesterday's game was more evenly contested than Monday's match with Bensonhurst, but time did not allow for a finish and another draw was registered. The Crescents were the first to bat, and after compiling 169 for the loss of seven wickets they declared their innings closed, and then disposed of six of Toronto's batsmen for 124, when time was called for the day.

W. F. Jackson, with 56, was the high score man of the game for the home team, and was ably assisted by F. A. Sarjeant, J. T. Johnstone, J. A. Simpson, E. R. Hawkins, and Dr. E. C. Beling, all of whom got into double figures. At bowling Johnstone captured three wickets for 37 runs, while Dr. Beling took two for 11. For toronto H. S. Reid was again most successful with the bat, scoring 31, while Dr. W. E. Dean scored 28, and E. G. Hull and O. Turville added 23 apiece. The visitors' best bowlers were T. W. Seagram, three, for 23, and Hull, two, for 33. The score:

CRESCENT A. C.

W. Bonnar, c. Lambe, b. Seagram	5
C. Townend, b. Reid	8
E. B. Reece, b. Seagram	9
W. F. Jackson, b. Cooke	56
J. A. Simpson, b. Seagram	13
J. T. Johnstone, b. Hull	22
E. R. Hawkins, b. Hull	12
Dr. E. C. Beling, not out	10
F. A. Sarjeant, not out	25
Extras	9
Total (declared)	169

J. O. P. Humphreys and W. D. Andrews did not bat.

TORONTO C. C.

E. G. Hull, b. Jackson	23
H. S. Reid, c. Reece, b. Johnstone	31
H. S. Wolfinder, c. Humphreys, b. Johnstone	4
Dr. W. E. Dean, st. Simpson, b. Johnstone	28
O. Turville, not out	23
R. Cooke, b. Beling	0
J. McDonald, b. Beling	6
R. S. Hart, not out	0
Extras	9
Total (six wickets)	124

T. W. Seagram, F. Smith, and H. Lambe did not bat.

The visitors will play a team representing the New York and New Jersey Cricket Association at Livingston, S. I., to-morrow at 11 A. M.

CARDINALS GET BIG LEAD ON BROOKLYNS

Knetzer Wild and Ineffective and Four Runs Are Scored in First Inning.

The combination of timely hitting, fast fielding, and clever pitching which has transformed the St. Louis Cardinals from prospective tail-enders to pennant possibilities was much in evidence at Washington Park yesterday when the Mound City Sensations hooked up with the Superbas in the second game of the present series, and Bresnahan's boys had no trouble annexing the victory. They jumped to the front in the first five minutes of play, and the Dahlenites never threatened to overcome the lead. The final count was 8 to 3, and the victory, coming while the Pirates were suffering a double defeat at the hands of the Phillies, considerably strengthened the Cardinals' grasp on a first division berth.

Bresnahan trotted out his star righthander, Bob Harmon, and he had the home team helpless all the way up to the final inning. In the ninth, when the Superbas did not possess a Chinaman's chance of overtaking the seven-run lead which the Cardinals has amassed, Harmon's effectiveness began to lag, but he stopped the belated rally before the Superbas had really threatened to make trouble.

Knetzer proved as ineffective as his rival was strong. The Brooklyn boxman paved the way for his own defeat in the opening chapter by handing out passes to two of the first three Cardinals to face him, and the quartet which followed came across with two singles, a double, and a sacrifice fly. A peculiar error by Zimmerman, who lost control of the gall and missed second base by about twenty feet on a short and easy throw, helped the St. Louis cause along and four runs were chased across in the opening chapter. In the next inning Knetzer performed like a champion and mowed down the side with three successive strike-outs, but in three different innings later in the game the Cardinals bunched their hits and doubled their first inning score.

Huggins started the procession around the corners in the first inning by drawing a pass and stealing second after Hauser had filed to Hummel. Ellis drew another gift, and Konetchy hit sharply to centre, scoring Huggins. Burch hustled the ball to Zimmerman to catch Ellis at third, and Zimmy attempted to check Konetchy at second. The ball slipped from Zimmy's hand and rolled to left field, Ellis scoring and Konetchy taking third. Evans chased Konetchy across with a long fly which Coulson grabbed against the fence. Mowroy got two bases on a clout to left field and scored on Oakes's single past short. Oakes ended the inning trying to steal.

The Cardinals were quiet for the next three innings, but picked up another counter in the fifth. Huggins again started things with a double past third, and Hauser's scratch single on an attempted sacrifice put Miller on third. A sacrifice fly by Ellis to Burch sent Huggins across. A single by Evans, Mowrey's sacrifice, and a drive to left centre by Bliss added another run to the St. Louis collection in the eighth inning.

With one out in the ninth Hauser was safe on Tooley's fumble, and Ellis singled past short. Konetchy hit to the right field fence, but Hauser and Ellis played it safe to escape a double play, and the drive, instead of scoring one or two runs, simply filled the bases. Evans fanned, but Mowrey singled to centre, scoring Hauser and Ellis. On the return throw Konetchy was caught between second and third base, ending the inning.

Brooklyn went out in order in six of the first eight innings. In the third, Zimmerman hit to the score board for three bases and scored on Erwin's drive to centre field for three more. Erwin was thrown out, Bliss to Harmon, trying to score on a short passed ball. Daubert beat out a scratch hit as a starter in the seventh, but was held at Konetchy's corner while the next three batsmen went out. Jake was the only Brooklynite to be left on base up to the ninth. In the last inning Barger batted for Knetzer and drew Harmon's first pass. Burch followed by drawing another. Daubert and Wheat were easy victims, but Zach's out advanced both runners. Hummel hit along the right field foul line for a single, scoring Barger and Burch, and Johnny romped to third on Coulson's Texas Leaguer over Hauser's head. Tooley forced Coulson at second for the third out.

The Cardinals close the series with a double-header at Washington Park this afternoon. The score:

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b	4	2	1	1	0
Hauser, ss	4	1	1	1	5
Ellis, lf	3	2	1	0	0
K'tchy, 1b	5	1	2	7	0
Evans, rf	4	1	1	4	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	1	2	3	1
Oakes, cf	1	0	1	1	0
M'Iver, cf	2	0	1	2	0
Bliss, c	4	0	1	7	2
Harmon, p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	34	8	11	27	

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burch, cf	3	1	0	3	1
D'bert, 1b	4	0	1	9	1
Wheat, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Hum'l, 2b	4	0	1	5	3
C'lson, rf	4	0	1	2	0
Tooley, ss	4	0	0	1	2
Z'm'm'n, 3b	3	1	1	0	2
Erwin, c	3	0	1	5	3
Knetzer, p	2	0	0	1	0
*Barger	0	1	0	0	0
Total	31	3	5	27	12

*Batted for Knetzer in the ninth inning.
Errors—Tooley, Zimmerman.

St. Louis	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	—8
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	—3

Two-base hits—Huggins, Mowrey. Three-base hits—Zimmerman, Erwin. Sacrifice hits—Mowrey. Sacrifice flies—Evans, Ellis. First base on balls—Off Harmon, 2; off Knetzer, 5. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1. Struck out—By Harmon, 7; by Knetzer, 5. Stolen base—Huggins. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

Cubs Win in Ragged Contest.

BOSTON, July 18.—Chicago received many bases on balls, hit safely when it was necessary, and Boston made some costly errors, the result being a score of 14 to 6 in favor of the visitors. Schulte made a home run in the sixth inning with the bases full. The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf	2	3	0	2	0
Schulte, rf	4	4	3	1	0
Hofman, cf	3	2	1	3	1
Zim'm'n, 2b	5	1	2	3	3
Doyle, 3b	4	2	1	0	3
Tinker, ss	4	0	0	1	8
Saier, 1b	4	0	2	12	2
Archer, c	3	1	2	3	0
Graham, c	1	0	0	0	0
Richie, p	4	1	0	2	0
Total	34	14	11	27	17

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sw'ney, 2b	5	1	1	2	0
Tenney, 1b	3	1	2	8	1
Kaiser, lf	3	1	0	2	0
Spratt, ss	4	1	2	1	4
Ing'ton, 3b	3	1	1	3	3
Kling, c	4	0	0	6	0
Flah'ty, rf	4	1	2	4	0
Jones, cf	4	0	1	0	0
Tyler, p	3	0	0	0	2
Pfeffer, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	6	9	27	13

Errors—Sweeney, Tenney, Kling, Tyler, Zimmerman.

Chicago	0	1	5	1	0	4	0	3	0	—14
Boston	1	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	—6

Two-base hit—Saier. Three-base hits—Tenney, Hofman. Home run—Schulte. Hits—Off Tyler, 11 in eight innings. Sacrifice hit—Richie. Stolen bases—Doyle, Tinker, Saier. Sacrifice flies—Kaiser, Archer. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Chicago, 4. First base on balls—Off Tyler, 9; off Richie, 2. Struck out—By Tyler, 5; by Richie, 2. Wild pitch—Tyler. Time of game—Two hours and nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

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EASTERN LEAGUE.

Newark and Jersey City Divide Honors in a Double-Header.

Jersey City and Newark played a double-header at West Side Park yesterday. The Indians took the first game by the score of 1 to 0 and the Skeeters the second by 9 to 4. After Louden had hit for three bases in the first game, Pitcher Justis made a balk, which permitted Louden to score. "Joe" McGinnity was easy for the Skeeters in the second game. The score:

FIRST GAME.

NEWARK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bailey, rf	4	0	0	3	0
Agler, 1b	4	0	1	10	0
Kelley, lf	3	0	1	2	0
Dalton, cf	4	0	0	3	0
G. Smith, 2b	4	0	0	2	3
Louden, ss	4	1	2	0	3
Reams, 3b	3	0	0	1	1
Cady, c	3	0	1	6	2
C. Smith, p	3	0	1	0	0
Total	32	1	6	27	9

JERSEY CITY.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Breen, 2b	4	0	0	2	2
Gettman, cf	4	0	2	4	0
Dolan, 3b	4	0	1	3	1
Dein'g'r, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Abstein, 1b	3	0	1	5	0
Wheeler, rf	4	0	0	3	0
Roach, ss	3	0	0	7	1
Ton'm'n, c	3	0	0	2	3
Justis, p	3	0	1	0	1
Kissinger, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	0	6	27	8

Errors—Louden, Dolan.

Newark	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Gettman. Three-base hit—Louden. Stolen bases—Reams, (2,) Kelly, Dolan. Bases on balls—Off Justis, 3. Struck out—By C. Smith, 5. Balk—Justis. Double play—Cady and G. Smith. Left on bases—Newark, 4; Jersey City, 6. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Wright and Killen.

SECOND GAME.

JERSEY CITY.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Breen, 2b	5	2	1	3	4
G'tman, cf	5	0	2	2	0
Dolan, 3b	5	1	1	2	4
D'n'ger, lf	4	3	3	0	0
Abstein, 1b	3	1	1	12	0
Wh'ler, rf	4	0	3	3	0
Roach, ss	4	1	1	1	2
T'reman, c	4	0	0	4	0
Frill, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	37	9	12	27	12

NEWARK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bailey, rf	5	1	0	0	0
Agler, 1b	5	0	1	8	0
Kelly, lf	5	0	0	4	0
Dalton, cf	2	0	0	0	0
Meyers, cf	2	0	0	1	0
Smith, 2b	4	0	1	2	4
Louden, ss	3	2	1	4	2
Reams, 3b	3	1	1	0	1
Cady, c	4	0	2	5	3
M'G'ty, p	3	0	1	0	0
*McCarty	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	4	7	24	10

*Batted for McGinnity in ninth inning.
Errors—Louden, (2,) Reams, (3,) Dolan, Wheeler, Roach.

Jersey City	3	0	1	1	2	0	1	1	..	—9
Newark	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Agler, Wheeler, (2.) Three-base hits—Dolan, Deininger. Home run—Deininger. Stolen bases—Bailey, Breen. Sacrifice hit—Frill. Bases on balls—Off McGinnity, 2; off Frill, 1. Struck out—By McGinnity, 5; by Frill, 4. Batters hit—Louden, Reams. Passed ball—Tonneman. Double plays—Louden, Smith, and Agler; Breen and Abstein. Left on bases—Newark, 6; Jersey City, 7. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Killen and Wright.

At Toronto.

											R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	3	9	1
Toronto	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	..	—	4	10	4

Batteries—McConnell, Wilhelm, and Mitchell; Tesreau, Bachman, and Kocher. Umpires—Messrs. Doyle and Byron.

At Montreal.

											R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	6	4
Montreal	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	..	—	3	4	2

Batteries—Schultz and McAllister; Dubuc and Curtis. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Kerins.

New York State League.

At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 5; Utica, 2. Utica, 2; Wilkesbarre, 0.
At Scranton—Scranton, 3; Syracuse, 1.
At Elmira—Elmira, 3; Troy, 2.
At Binghamton—Albany, 4; Binghamton, 2.

Tri-State League.

At Trenton—Harrisburg, 4; Trenton, 0. Trenton, 8; Harrisburg, 5.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 5; York, 1. Wilmington, 5; York, 4.
At Lancaster—Lancaster, 5; Altoona, 8. Altoona, 5; Lancaster, 2.
At Reading—Reading, 1; Johnstown, 0. Reading, 3; Johnstown, 2.

New England League.

At Worcester—Worcester, 8; Lawrence, 4.
At Haverhill—Haverhill, 5; Lynn, 4.
At Lowell—Lowell, 3; Fall River, 2.
At Brockton—Brockton, 5; New Bedford, 4. Brockton, 4; New Bedford, 3.

South Atlantic League.

At Savannah—Columbus, 7; Savannah, 1.
At Columbia—Macon, 6; Columbia, 3.
Other games, postponed; rain.

Another Zimmerman for Cubs.

CHICAGO, July 18.—There will be two Heine Zimmermans with the Chicago Nationals next season. The second Heine hails from the Atlanta club of the Southern League and plays centre field. He stole 105 bases last season. President Murphy announced to-day that he would purchase the player for use next season.

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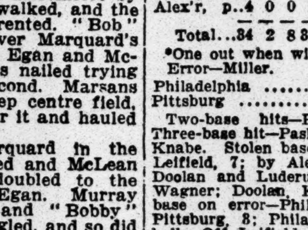

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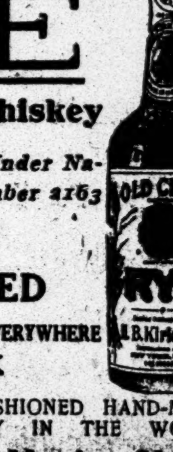

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REACHING A SETTLEMENT.

Mr. Prendergast bows to Mr. McAneny just as Mr. McAneny had previously bowed to Mr. Prendergast. In other words, it was the chief officer of Manhattan who gave Brooklyn access to Manhattan for a single fare for reasons of public policy alone. And the Controller, a resident of Brooklyn, at a critical moment lends his strength to the confirmation of the right of Manhattan and Bronx to the completion of the transit system necessary for their best development and the largest interests of the city as an entirety. Neither gentleman is misled by the confusion between capital and capitalization, or by the prejudice which would refuse to capital what it has a right to, both by contract and by performance.

The considerations to the contrary which have been advanced within the last few days have been impertinent to the issue, and better become anybody than negotiators on the part of the city. The city, having put forward certain estimates of traffic as an inducement to the Interborough to make the arrangement which the city desires, is in no position to object to the conclusions deduced from those figures. If the increase of traffic is realized, there is no risk at all in subordinating the city's profits to the Interborough's. The reluctance of some negotiators for the city to accede to this marshaling of income is the precise measure of the reason behind the Interborough's insistence upon it. The Interborough has no source of credit except these figures and the traffic based upon them. The city has both an independent credit and an independent source of profit from the contract with the Interborough. It is possible both that the Interborough may be disappointed in its business and that the city may concurrently profit in its tax receipts. The Interborough's case has been prejudiced by false talk of a "guarantee" of profits and of a "bonus." The only practical guarantee is a guarantee of the prophecy of the traffic on which the negotiations have been based. The "bonus" is merely reward for operation, and it would be earned if the business should fulfill expectations.

There may be good faith behind both views of those figures. The gentleman who cannot conceive that the Interborough can carry a billion passengers ought to be the last to object to the so-called "guarantee" to encourage the Interborough to bind itself to arrangements necessitating that volume of traffic if there are to be any profits. As matter of fact, he has been foremost in objecting to a contract so favorable to the Interborough that it might enable it to discharge certain other obligations with profits earned in this unlikely way. The two positions are mutually destructive, and one of them is unworthy of consideration. The city is contracting with the Interborough, and what use it makes of its profits is no concern of anybody else. The Interborough should be held to proof of its capital expenditures on which it asks return, and there should be no reluctance to allow it also fair return above its necessary expenditures for interest, amortization, and costs of operation. This result was never nearer, and it is our conviction that it is in the public interest. The delay for reaching this result, and which has so angered many, has been amply justified, and would have been unnecessary if reason had sooner been superior to prejudice.

THE FARM COLONY BILL.

An interesting fact about the Chanler Farm Colony bill, now before the Governor for his signature, is that every important charitable and correctional agency in the State has indorsed both its purposes and the methods it would employ to rid the State of the tramp evil. Doctors often disagree, but when they do agree usually they are correct in their diagnosis and remedy. Tramps are parasites, and more. They are a nuisance in the cities, and often a nuisance and a menace besides in the thinly settled and poorly policed parts of the State.

About 20,000 of these objectionable characters are committed annually to the penitentiaries, jails, and other disciplinary institutions of the State, costing altogether, it is estimated, not less than $2,000,000. Under the present treatment of the tramp problem, or rather the lack of all specific treatment, the number is not lessened, except by the natural process of death. On the other hand, it is yearly increasing, all the time the burden of the charge is growing heavier.

The bill proposes that a small commission shall investigate the tramp evil and report on the advisability of having a State-controlled farm to which tramps and vagrants may be committed, where they may receive the instruction best calculated to cause them to mend their ways and in the end making self-respecting, productive citizens out of those now a charge upon the community and of very little account to themselves. It is a piece of constructive legislation which we hope the Governor will approve.

THE CLUB AND THE MAN.

A club is essentially a company of clubbable men. It is perfectly true that all of a man's club associates may not be of the sort he prefers for intimate acquaintances. But they should all have the manners, the comprehension of social obligations, that seem to him fitting, or he will not feel at home in his club and will surely leave it. No man is compelled to belong to any particular club or to any club at all. No club can compel any man to join it. A club means comfort, ease, good fellowship under restrictions which do not seem hard to bear to those who, by seeking membership, accept them.

Why, then, should any man desire to retain his membership in a club which obviously prefers his room to his company? It is no discredit to any man not to belong to this club or that. The gentleman who has brought suit against The Players to compel them to restore him to membership seems to take the wrong point of view. His case differs somewhat from that of a man to whom membership in a club has been refused, as he thinks, unfairly. The mere fact that his name was "up for membership" indicates that he has friends in the club who desire his companionship.

In the case of Mr. Barry the whole club seems to be of one mind. He is charged with no offense the commission of which would in the least injure his social standing in the community. Nor would the fact of his withdrawal from the club because he wrote in a magazine article that actors do not read much and that education is unnecessary in their calling injure him in either a business or a social way. The court ruled yesterday that the question he raises is purely a question of law. It is an interesting suit, certainly. But why should any man desire to retain membership in a club which is obviously no longer his club? That is what makes the case so interesting. To pay one's fees and go in and out of a clubhouse is not the essential part of belonging to a club. If one is not admittedly clubbable and his fellow-members are not responsively clubbable, he might as well belong to the Belvedere in Central Park.

MANOEUVRING FOR POSITION.

What is now going on at Washington is merely a process of staking out political claims, or asserting that certain individuals saw certain issues first, and possess the rights of discoverers to all benefits thereto appertaining. For example, on Saturday Democratic Leader Underwood filed a claim of some novelty. He announced that there would be no consideration of pension legislation at this session of Congress. It is tardy, but it entitles him and his party to a certain modicum of praise. His share and the share of his party would have been larger if he had not been anticipated by President Taft, who had allowed it to be understood that it was no use sending to him such pension laws as had been useful to the Republican Party in preceding campaigns. Just a little before the Democratic leader he saw that more merit could be acquired by opposing than by promoting pension gratuities.

As another example may be mentioned the currency reform issue. Senator Newlands and Mr. Bryan see this simultaneously, and stake out similar claims to supersede Senator Aldrich's plan with their own. Instead of district associations they prefer State associations of banks in affiliation with National banks. Senator Newlands thinks that the Federal Government should regulate all banks, State and Federal alike. Mr. Bryan would add a mutual guarantee of deposits along the lines which have worked so badly in his and neighboring States which have tried the idea to the bitter end. It is cheering to remark that anybody thinks political merit can be acquired by attention to this subject, so long neglected by the Republicans, and a word of encouragement is due those who keep the matter before the people, even by proposals not altogether admirable. But here again it is to be remarked that President Taft has preceded the gentlemen named. He was foremost among Republicans in perceiving that the issues they had despised were of prime importance.

The tariff is the most conspicuous example of political manoeuvring. It is now announced that the regular Republicans will unite with the Democrats to beat the bill of Senator La Follette, and that then both factions of Republicans will unite to beat the Democratic bill. This balks the efforts of promoters of both bills to put the President in a hole. The rivals are so eager to stake out this claim that neither will allow the other to succeed. It is well that it is so, since no good bill can result from such manoeuvres. The time has arrived for a campaign in favor of a tariff bill which the country shall impose upon Congress in the manner exemplified by the President's campaign for reciprocity. No such claim can be made for any tariff suggested by any individual, or designed to benefit any class. The demand is for a National tariff, and the President is the man who now commands the ear and confidence of the country. They make a mistake who think to acquire merit by embarrassing the President. The season for seeing issues will close with the passage of reciprocity. The sooner thereafter that Congress adjourns the better.

STATEWIDE DIRECT PRIMARIES

Gov. Dix is not at all satisfied with the Ferris-Blauvelt Direct Nominations bill. It does not provide what the platform promised, Statewide direct primaries which will enable the people in their wisdom to choose their political committees and nominate candidates for office. Practically all candidates for elective offices, in the Governor's opinion, must be brought within the scope of this bill. Nevertheless, some concession should be made to antiquated ideas which may still have their uses. The State Convention, the Governor thinks, must be preserved:

> It can be claimed with some reason that the State Convention should be retained. Only a State convention consisting of delegates elected by the party voters from the political subdivisions represented in the convention can with authority and propriety adopt a platform that will enumerate the party interpretation of political principles and state the party position on pending public questions and political issues.

The platform is, indeed, important. Obviously, a satisfactory declaration of principles cannot be got from the people meeting in small groups at the polling places all over the State. We should have not one but 3,000 platforms, and no two alike. Yes, the State Convention must be preserved to the end that we may have platforms fit for the candidates to stand on.

But the candidate is more important than the platform. It is the man who heads the ticket, not the platform, that interests the average voter. It is in general the character, the ability, the record, and the principles of the candidate that determine the election or go far toward determining it. But while you cannot get up a platform at the direct primaries, they may be trusted to make a wise choice of candidates. We may safely leave that to the uncoördinated impulses of Yaphank, Horseheads, and Tonawanda. Without consultation and exchange of views, without any possibility of such an exchange, the voters may be trusted, through the working of some mysterious psychic force, we suppose, to hit upon the right names.

At least, this is the theory of the direct primary, if it has any theory at all. In practice, of course, the managers of the machine would see to it that the impulses of the voters were very carefully coördinated in advance of the primary. They would choose the candidates and the voters would ratify the choice at the primaries, very much as the reformers say they now do at the conventions. Probably the bosses under the direct primary system would have no more trouble than they are now put to under the convention system. It all comes to this, that, having grown weary of the word Tweedledum, we go to a prodigious lot of bother and agitation and legislation to turn the page in order that our eyes may contemplate the word Tweedledee.

PROSPECTIVE NEW PEERAGES.

There is a strong probability now that the British Premier may be compelled to ask the King to appoint many new Peers, whether the Veto bill, as amended, is returned to the House of Commons to-morrow, or a division is forced in the House of Lords and the bill is voted down. The lower house will not accept the amendments, and if the Lords deliberately reject the bill it will be passed again in the Commons. Compromise now seems impossible. The bill must be accepted by the Lords, and for that reason enough new peerages must be created to secure a majority vote. This extraordinary proceeding now seems unavoidable. It is thought that fifty new Peers may suffice. The disposition of the Government to carry its point in face of all obstacles would thus be manifested, and the Conservative Peers (now drolly termed the "insurgents" in some of the press dispatches) might withdraw from the contest. But it may be necessary to appoint 350, or even 500, as the opposition in the upper house seems determined to fight to the end.

Of course it is generally believed that Mr. Asquith has prepared a list from which he will select new Peers. It may include, as reported, the eldest sons of Liberal Peers, but it is not likely that any large number of members of the House of Commons can safely be appointed. The vacancies thus created would have to be filled by elections, and that would take time and further confuse the situation. Some of the vacancies, too, might be filled in the elections by opponents of the Government. The British people seem to be in complete sympathy with the project to restrict the political power of the Lords, but change of sentiment in many districts and boroughs might be revealed if many by-elections were held.

Doubtless all the gentlemen who have been listed for peerages, in case the crisis compels new appointments, have been informed of the honor that possibly awaits them, and probably nearly all of them are possessed by eager anxiety. It is worth while for any Englishman to be a Peer, even with the legislative authority of the upper house curtailed. Mr. T. P. O'Connor, who certainly speaks with knowledge of his subject when he discusses British politics, says that a full list of 500 possible Peers has been made out. The Liberal Party includes many men of large wealth, and the universities can be drawn upon. Professional and literary men generally belong to the Liberal Party. The idea that the new Peers would be objects of derision is not well founded. They will have earned their titles as fairly as any created on the King's birthday or other great State occasions. They will represent, too, an ideal formed in the public mind. They will not be open to the charge of having bought their peerages. Indeed, they will be placed in the position of doing their party, and through it the country, a favor by accepting them.

The situation is, indeed, amazing to the rest of the world. But Great Britain takes it very calmly. Nothing is more certain now than that the House of Lords is to lose its power of veto, and that the control of the finances of the nation will be left entirely in the House of Commons.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Not Exactly a Case of Banishment.

For crimes committed in this country the penalties fixed by our laws do not include that of banishment, either temporary or permanent. At first thought, therefore, it seems more than a little queer that Judge Dike should have given Karl von Metz Meyer, just convicted on his own confessions of many burglaries in Brooklyn, what was in effect his choice of going to prison for a long term or of returning to Norway, never to come back.

What the Judge really did, however, was something quite different, and what Judges are constantly doing in many cases where the law gives them discretionary power—he suspended sentence for reasons in his opinion sufficient and warned the prisoner of unpleasant experiences that would be his if he failed to observe the conditions on which leniency had been extended to him. The only unusual feature of this case is that Judge Dike, instead of making mere abstention from crime the alternative of prison, gave the young man what amounted to permission to do what he chose provided only that he did it in some other land than this.

Incidentally, the Judge first secured from the youth's father a promise to keep him in Norway and take care of him there—a promise, by the way, which events may prove more easily made than kept, since the father has over the son only the power of the purse and may find this an inadequate restraint. In explanation of his course, Judge Dike contented himself with saying that he did not see why the United States should support in idleness a foreigner of whom it could so easily get rid, but the chances are that he had other and higher motives for being merciful. Presumably he was one of the several people whom Meyer impressed with the belief that his burglaries were not the result of an ineradicable bent toward crime and that it would be a pity and a mistake to send him to a place whence in all probability he would emerge an educated and confirmed evildoer.

This presumption is creditable to the Judge's head and heart alike, but some may think that if the young Norwegian is worth saving and can be saved the attempt might as well be made here as elsewhere. The father has apparently failed once in like efforts, and is not unlikely to do so again.

Distracting Their Attention.

While the presence of cholera no further away from the city than the islands in the lower bay is of course a matter of some seriousness for New York and the rest of the country, the seriousness lies in the necessity it creates for the expert utilization of the protective measures made available by sanitary science, not in any doubt or question that those measures, thus used, will be effective in preventing an epidemic of the disease here.

The public's confidence in Dr. Doty and its new knowledge of what cholera is and how it is conveyed from the sick to the well, are both well demonstrated by the complete absence of the panic fears which prevailed when a like emergency last arose. Now everybody except Judge Bulger and Mr. Dushkind is quite calm, and perhaps even their excitement is restricted to what may be called office hours and does not at all interfere with their sleep. Indeed, the only real apprehension anywhere is based on the knowledge that their most ill-timed "investigation" may distract the attention of the Quarantine officials and employés from their enormously important work enough to decrease their efficiency at the very moment when their best efforts are needed. Careless bookkeeping is reprehensible—there's no denying that—but to convict them of it just now would not be the proudest of achievements if done at the cost of letting cholera get a foothold at midsummer in our crowded tenements.

Cholera, it must be remembered, is a preventable, but not a curable, disease, and though everybody who catches it does not die, the mortality is high. The few who do recover owe almost everything to "nature" and less to their doctors than to their nurses. In these respects the malady is much like yellow fever and typhoid, and it is like them, too, in not being in the slightest degree "contagious," though terribly "infectious," to keep up an old distinction that is probably more convenient than real.

If only there were no more immigrant ships to arrive from Italy the situation would be one hardly to excite uneasiness, so easily could it be handled. Its difficulty increases with every addition to the number of imported cases and "suspects," because of the greater amount of watchfulness required and the larger possibility of accidents and oversights. The remedy would seem to be a tightening of the restrictions on the other side of the water.

Evidently Might be Worse.

Mr. Catlin, the newly appointed State Superintendent of Highways, imposes a great—yes, a cruel—strain on public credulity when he asks belief for the statement that politics had nothing to do with his getting the office. Other things he says, however, are reassuring and encourage the hope that he will bring some knowledge as well as good intentions to the performance of his duties.

He has long been interested in road construction, he declares, and has built miles of roads on his own farm. Best of all, Mr. Catlin expresses appreciation of the fact that road maintenance is in many ways of even more importance than road construction, and of the other fact that since the automobile came into general use the "good roads" of other days no longer deserve the name.

Those are two sound doctrines, and if practiced as well as preached by the new official a few gleams of sunshine may lighten a prospect that is otherwise pretty dark. That the law was changed against all competent advice is not Mr. Catlin's fault, of course, and his remarks at least warrant the expectation that if the new system of conducting the State's highway operations and expenditures does not work well, he will not long lend it countenance or his name.

CHOLERA AND IMMIGRATION.

Former President of Louisiana Health Board Writes of Method He Used.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is specially unfortunate that investigations and criticisms calculated to discredit our quarantine system should be inaugurated at the present time. In face of a threatened invasion of epidemic disease an executive officer needs all his wits concentrated on preventive measures. Even at the expense of his personal interest he should give the State and city the benefit of the best talent he possesses.

Taking for granted that all the most approved methods have been or will be pursued at our local station, I would suggest as a further safeguard that immigration be restricted, or prevented entirely, from cholera-infected ports till the present crisis has passed. It is thoroughly within the province of State or National authority to do this. As President of the Louisiana State Board of Health, controlling all the State's quarantine, I had occasion more than once to shut off all passenger traffic from infected ports.

There is no quarantine station in the world with sufficient equipment to handle properly in the way of detention, segregation, and observation the number of suspects liable to be brought into this port from Southern Europe during the present epidemic conditions in that country. With the record to date of six deaths and eighteen cases, it behooves our officials to resort to extraordinary measures. A few more weeks of present and increasing uneasiness I fear will result in other States declaring quarantine against New York. It is not improbable that some timid people have already been deterred from coming to New York during the present cholera scare. The principle of "prevention is better than cure" applies as much to quarantine as to medical practice.

S. R. OLLIPHANT, M. D.

New York, July 17, 1911.

THE VOTE ON SUFFRAGE.

What Must Be Done Before Women of New York Can Vote.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The reported statements of some of the suffrage leaders regarding the vote taken in the Senate at Albany last Wednesday, on the proposed woman suffrage amendment, are so misleading that I trust you will allow me space in your columns to explain just what the situation is regarding woman suffrage legislation in this State.

The suffragist who enthusiastically exclaimed that now she "hoped to vote in New York in 1912" shows a lamentable lack of knowledge of legislative procedure in regard to constitutional amendments.

The Stilwell resolution which failed to pass the Senate on July 12 is a proposed constitutional amendment, and as such it would have to pass both houses by two successive legislatures before it could go to the people at the polls for final action. For instance, if such a resolution or amendment had passed the Senate and the Assembly this year, then it could not have come up for consideration again until the session of 1913, when there will be a new Legislature, for the Senators elected in 1910 serve until 1912. If during the session of 1913 both houses of the Legislature should again pass the woman suffrage amendment, it would then go to the voters to vote upon at the polls in November, 1913, and if the amendment was carried there the women of New York would vote in 1914.

At the present time, however, the woman suffrage amendment in this State has not advanced to even the first step in this procedure, since it has not passed either the Senate or the Assembly. It did not even come before the Assembly for a vote at this session, since the Assembly Judiciary Committee failed to report the bill. Nearly one-third of the Senators were absent when the roll-call was taken on the Stilwell resolution last Wednesday, and since those who favor woman suffrage do not usually hesitate to proclaim their allegiance to it, it is pretty safe to assume that the absentees were not ardent suffrage adherents.

The threat made by the suffragists that they will work to prevent the re-election of the Senators who voted against their bill does not show a very broad spirit nor a desire to encourage good legislation, since some of the men who are opposed to woman suffrage have given good service to the State, as their legislative records will show. Let us hope that the time is far distant in this State when a legislator must rise or fall according to his attitude on the question of woman suffrage.

ALICE HILL CHITTENDEN,
Chairman of Legislative Committee, New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.

New York, July 17, 1911.

WASTE REMOVAL.

Offers a Substitute for Night Removal of Ashes and Rubbish.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Should the night removal of ashes and rubbish not prove satisfactory, I would suggest the following, which I proposed at a meeting of the Women's Health Protective League last May:

The Department of Street Cleaning should divide the city into a certain number of districts, (according to the proximity of the dumps,) to that they can be cleaned up within three hours during the day, namely, one district between 7 and 10, another between 10 and 1 o'clock, and so on. Thus the receptacles at the beginning of each route would be exposed on the streets only a short time.

But in order to insure full and complete success for this method the driver, after emptying the receptacles, should ring each householder's bell and they must remove the receptacles from the sidewalk. All who fail to comply should be fined for a repeated offense. The city should make this a provision of the Sanitary Code, like the one requiring all ash and garbage receptacles to be covered.

This sanitary regulation is not enforced at present, although it is the height of the fly season, which means the sacrifice of thousands upon thousands of lives while these uncovered, reeking garbage receptacles stand exposed ten and sixteen hours outside the doors of fishmen, butchers, green grocers, and delicatessen stores.

A great menace to health are also the street sweepers' cans, filled with manure, their surroundings made filthy by man and beast, especially in the congested districts, and they offer another feeding and breeding place for flies and mosquitos. These receptacles cannot be covered, but whether full or empty they should be kept in an oblong covered iron box painted green and placed on the curb of the sidewalk.

These regulations should be added to the city's Sanitary Code, and in order to enforce them the Board of Health should co-operate with Commissioner Waldo and his 10,000 policemen, who so quickly abated the smoking auto nuisance under the efficient direction of their able chief. They would give us a noiseless, clean, odorless, flyless, and therefore a sanitary city.

Mrs. FLORA SPIEGELBERG.

Kaaterskill, N. Y., July 16, 1911.

Subway Manners.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was taught to offer my seat to ladies when traveling. I foolishly did so a few days ago in the Subway. All I got in return from the "lady" was a glassy stare, a devilish grin, and "Oh, sit down, my boy. I don't want your seat." And I am just 30!

NEVER AGAIN.

New York, July 17, 1911.

KENYON COX ON OUR ART.

Something to be Said in Favor of American Subjects.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial article in The Times of Sunday on Mr. Kenyon Cox's complaint in Scribner's of the difficulties of historical art in this country is on the right road, but it does not go far enough. You quote Mr. Cox as saying that our history is short, our modern costume formless and ugly, and American historical subjects particularly unfitted for pictorial and especially for decorative treatment. But are they? Has Mr. Cox any authority on which to deny a statement that in the ancient times from which our present art arbitrators get their art inspirations there were no Kenyon Coxes to deplore similar conditions at that period? If the costumes of the past were those of to-day and the old masters had put them into sculpture and pictures, wouldn't we of to-day who were wearing togas, tablecloths, and things, cry out from our outraged art sense just as Mr. Cox cries out? Why haven't we quite as good subjects now as in the past for historical paintings? Do we so much lack the subjects, or the masters to handle them? Is it the manner of a historical painting that is representative of the times and the spirit of men, or is it the matter behind the art? If there were great minds, if there were intellect and intelligence, among artists, if the message in the history of modern times were fully comprehended by the wielders of brush and chisel, would there be those difficulties in expression that Mr. Cox now finds so numerous as to be practically prohibitive? If the artists who interpret were of such mettle as the men and women who have made modern history, would there be lack of adequate expression of those great deeds?

Art, so called, is not art, but a restricted and educated sense of fineness that has no place in the minds of those who make art possible, that is fitting to nature. The history of art will show that the greatest artists made rules of their own and followed them to success, to fame. The small artists, unable to take any initiative, are merely followers of the great. If we want great pictures we must have great minds to realize the greatness of the subjects and strong hands to materialize their meaning for the times which made them. Put Adam in his fig leaf, Caesar in his toga, Napoleon in his uniform of France, Washington in his buff and blue, Grant in his fighting clothes, and Roosevelt in his khaki, and let that stand as higher art than Washington in a fig leaf or Roosevelt in a toga for art's sake. The great artist has to say what he has to say in his own way, and if his message means anything it will stand for all time and against all criticism. It will make art.

W. J. L.

New York, July 17, 1911.

USING THE LIBRARY.

A Cataloguer Replies to a Reader's Complaint.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, R. S. Bicknell, is evidently another member of the League of Grumblers. His statements are so vague, ambiguous, and exaggerated that they do not seem worthy of a reply. Yet, as a humble cataloguer and educator, I, unauthorized, will endeavor to explain certain conditions to him and others that will make clear what may appear to be deficiencies.

First, the catalogue trays. I admit that they stick, but we have no control over heat. He knows well that this unusual spell has caused a noticeable expansion, but this will be eliminated and is too small a matter for discussion.

Secondly, alphabetical arrangement. His statement is absolutely ridiculous. All authors are arranged alphabetically. In case an author uses a form of name different from his full name, reference is given, so that no difficulty is presented. In addition, there are as many different cards for this work as it can have subjects, according to the nature of its work, e. g.: "Jeremias, Alfred. The Old Testament in the light of the ancient East; manual or biblical archaeology. English ed. Translated from the second German edition by C. L. Beaumont; edited by the Rev. C. H. W. Johns * * *" a card under Jeremias, Alfred; under Panbabylonism; under Bible.—Old Testament; under Beaumont, C. L., translator; under Johns, the Rev. Claude Hermann Walter, editor. The inquirer may find this volume under any of the above subjects, in addition to the name of the author.

Thirdly, the scattering of the volumes. The primary object of our large structure was to enable the greatest number of readers to gain the greatest amount of material in the most convenient form. First, the general collection has been placed in seven huge stacks directly underneath the main reading room, with which they are connected by the most improved means of lifts, tubes, &c. Secondly, special collections have been placed in various sized rooms, with ample seat and desk for the serious student. Since he, an individual, has been incommoded, therefore he complains when many hundreds are accommodated. "Again, what is good for the majority may be bad for the individual."

Fourthly, the slip. Day in and day out even the most intelligent of readers fail to fill out the slip properly. The pages are not mind readers and need full information. The slip indicates clearly what data must be copied from the card. "No, no, they know what I want," seems to be the impression of the average reader. If they are asked to correct the slip they feel insulted and regard us with contempt.

Lastly, in the public catalogue room there is a staff of officials under the Chief of the Information Bureau, any one of whom will be too pleased to answer the thousand and one questions that may arise. The fact is, the stranger is under the impression that if he ask a question he may be considered ignorant. Do not fear to ask questions. That is our duty, to serve you.

A HUMBLE CATALOGUER.

New York, July 17, 1911.

"LOST" ENGINEERS.

An Automobile Driver Has a Theory of the Bridgeport Wreck.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your "Topic of the Times" "When Minds Fail to Function" most truly says that carelessness in its ordinary meaning was not the cause of the Bridgeport wreck. There are bewildering optical illusions when traveling at speed in the night. I have observed them when driving an automobile at night. Although familiar with every turn of a road, I have been for seconds at a time "lost," and unable to tell at the moment just where I was within a half mile, mistaking one well-known landmark for another, but almost immediately recovering my sense of location. It seems to me to be due to the unusual strain on the muscles of the eyes in the effort to focus them on dim objects passing in rapid succession. Somewhat like it is the inability to determine at night on which side of the road is a distant light, or which way another vehicle is traveling, both of which often prove contrary to expectation.

I can conceive that the engineer of the Federal Express, accustomed, perhaps, lately to daylight work, and not lately, perhaps, having been over the line, was affected suddenly with such an optical illusion, and just at the time when he should have picked up his signals and slowed down for his cross-over, he was "lost," and before recovering himself the crash came.

Driving an automobile is more or less like driving a locomotive, while the higher customary speed of the latter doubtless has a proportionately more serious effect at night upon the vision. I have heard that the South Norwalk wreck of 1853 was due to a somewhat similar optical illusion, the engineer, rounding the curve at the bridge, mistaking a chimney for the old-fashioned square black signal block, which, in its raised position, indicated a clear track. Doubtless many other wrecks, particularly at night, where the engine-driver has done the thing inexplicable on any reasonable ground, have been caused by some optical illusion, equal to blindness in effect, but, perhaps, not yet fully understood and "allowed" for.

LUX.

New York, July 17, 1911.

The Defense of Dr. Wiley.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am very glad The Times has taken up the cudgel so ably and effectively for Dr. Wiley. You treat him as if he were a brother. I see so much in the capital of similar efforts to discredit men who are doing excellent service for the Government that I become disgusted, and it is refreshing to see so strong and influential a journal as The Times taking up a cause like Dr. Wiley's simply in the interest of justice. I do not know Dr. Wiley and never saw him, but I hope The Times will not let up until he is safe.

ARMY OFFICER.

Washington, D. C., July 17, 1911.

MAYOR SIGNS BILL TO REMOVE TRACKS

After Central's Lawyer Announces Willingness to Carry Out Eleventh Avenue Plans.

CENSURES THE AGITATORS

Previous Measure, Which He Vetoed, Was Fraudulent, Declares Gaynor, and Campaign for It Humbug.

After a public hearing yesterday on the McClelland-Walker bill, which provides for the removal of the New York Central Railroad tracks from Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues, under an agreement to be made between the railroad and the city, Mayor Gaynor signed it and returned it to Albany with a memorandum attacking those who had opposed it in favor of another bill, with which he had refused to have anything to do. This is his memorandum:

> I am glad to accept this bill on behalf of the city of New York. It provides for the taking of the tracks of the New York Central Railroad Company off the surface of Tenth and Eleventh Avenues and the placing of them underground or overhead, according to the locality, and for other like changes, all at the expense of the company.
>
> The people of the localities to be benefited have been deceived for years by certain dishonest politicians and newspaper proprietors who pretended to be working for the removal of the tracks when they were doing no such thing, but using the matter wholly for political humbug. The whole chapter is infamous from beginning to end. It shows also, I regret to say, how easy it is to gull honest people by deliberate lying.
>
> For many years this has been going on, with no intention on the part of the falsifiers to do anything whatever to benefit the people in the locality. And when I caused this bill to be drawn for the actual doing of the work, and had it introduced in the Legislature, I found that these falsifiers were able to introduce an entirely fraudulent bill, under which the purpose could never be accomplished, as they well knew, and have it passed in advance of this bill. After I disapproved of it the present bill was finaly advanced and passed, although they opposed it covertly and openly. And now we are actually to have the plans made for the removal of the said tracks from the surface and the work begun.
>
> W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

J. Bleeker Miller, a property holder, appeared at the hearing against the bill as did ex-Assemblyman Owen Boylan, while Vice President Ira W. Place, on behalf of the New York Central, said his company was ready and willing to carry out the provisions of the act. The Mayor told him that he was glad to hear it and that the company should get busy on plans at once.

5TH AVENUE'S CHANGED LOOK

Process of Widening Roadway Has Now Reached Vanderbilt Mansion.

The process of widening Fifth Avenue from Forty-seventh Street to the Plaza by cutting seven and one-half feet from the property on each side of the street and giving the added space to the roadway has reached the W. K. Vanderbilt house at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-second Street. The appearance of the famous house will undergo a great change. The broad flight of stone steps and the carved balustrades will be removed. The heavy stone fence surrounding the sunken court in front of the house will have to go. In place of the present graded ascent to the Fifth Avenue entrance there will be a staircase of a few steps.

Other changes along the street now under way are at St. Patrick's Cathedral, which will lose a few feet of its front lawn; the Buckingham Hotel, where the narrow grass plot in front will be taken up for the sidewalk; the houses of John Innes Kane and Charles Hoffman, already in the hands of contractors for the remodeling of the entrances.

Two years ago Fifth Avenue was widened from Twenty-third Street to Forty-seventh Street. Plans for the improvements above the latter street were approved last April. Scores of houses will have to sacrifice ornamental entrances, fences of iron or stone or flights of carved stone steps. None of the houses has its actual front extending over the new building line, but in many cases it has been found necessary to remodel the whole front of a house to bring the entrance down to the street level.

SAY PUPILS WERE COERCED.

Irish-American Societies Object to School Salute to British Flags.

The United Irish-American Societies have complained to the Board of Education about the conduct of Principal Stuart H. Rowe of Wadleigh High School, who, they charge, displayed the British flag in one of the school rooms about coronation day and required the school children to salute it.

They charge that Mr. Rowe violated the State law and the city school law, and ask for "an investigation and such action as the facts may warrant." The letter adds:

"Complaints of coercion have been made by pupils of the Wadleigh High School and by parents. These complaints, if made personally or in writing by the complaining pupils or their guardians, would cause such pupils to be persecuted and punished by class teachers and Principal."

Principal Rowe is also said to have read or caused to be read to the pupils a political document in the form of "a letter which Leonard Challenor, head master of a school in Handsworth, England, had been advised to send to City Superintendent Maxwell, which political document Mr. Maxwell sent to the Principals of high schools for action," and to have "caused the pupils to rise and salute the British flag and to repeat the formula: 'I salute the British flag and hope there will be an arbitration treaty between England and America.'"

The letter is signed by James Clancey, Chairman, and John Sheehy, Secretary of the Board of Directors of the United Irish-American Societies.

CHANGES IN CUSTOMS STAFF.

Many of the Older Men Are Listed for Demotion or Dismissal.

Another big lot of demotions and promotions in the office of Francis W. Bird, Appraiser of the Port, is said to be due. The Appraiser has neither affirmed nor denied that there is to be a readjustment of salaries in harmony with the policy of Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, to advance young men while reducing the compensation of the older men in cases where it is found that they are less efficient than formerly. This policy, it is understood, will be pursued vigorously in the immediate future.

While the Appraiser declined yesterday to discuss this proposed action, it is known that it is to be taken in obedience to an order of the Secretary. The names of some of the old employes listed for salary reduction were mentioned freely in customs circles. These men have been in the Government service from twenty to forty years each. The impression at the Appraiser's warehouse is that an attempt is being made by the Treasury administration to crowd out the older employes, several of whom are veterans of the civil war. Some of them have appealed to political leaders to use their influence to avert reductions or dismissals, but without effect. Even Senator Root, it is said, has been unable to do anything for the oldtimers.

LUNCH IN COLORS ON SUFFRAGE CART

Women Go After Votes with Pure Food, Done Esthetically in Orange and National Flags.

WERE DARED TO EAT IT

More Lunch Carts Are to be Started to Reach the Head and Heart by Way of the Stomach.

The Woman Suffrage Party opened its lunch cart campaign at Fordham Square, corner of Pelham and Third Avenues, yesterday at noon, striving for the vote by way of the stomach. It was a gay looking lunch cart, with yellow banners framing the pie, coffee, and milk signs. Besides, there were the portraits of distinguished citizens. The beautiful bust of the lunch cart man peered over the top of a banner displaying a checkered shirt, a lovely lavender collar, and a blue tie.

Cards have been floating in the vicinity of Fordham Square bearing these words:

"Have a Suffrage Sandwich!"

"Drink a glass of Suffrage Lemonade!"

Following was a general invitation to come and help celebrate on Tuesday, July 18, the anniversary of the first woman suffrage convention in Seneca Falls in 1848. These cards were all in yellow, the suffrage color, or they should have been, only the Bronx printers ran out of yellow cards, so the last announcements they ran off were on lovely crushed raspberry.

Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw took a party in her automobile from the Woman Suffrage Party Headquarters, in the Metropolitan Tower, up to the Bronx, with the yellow banners and the Stars and Stripes flying, carried by the color bearer of the party, Miss Jeannette Rankin, who wore red lapels on her blouse to match the crimson in the National flag.

The lunch wagon was placed within the shadow of Fordham College and just opposite the Park Republican Club headquarters, and the Democracy of the district was represented by Mrs. William E. Morris, whose husband is Tammany leader of the Thirty-fifth Assembly District. Mrs. Gertrude Murdock Duncan, leader of the Thirty-fifth for the Woman Suffrage Party, presided at the open-air meeting held in front of the lunch wagon at 12 noon. Mrs. W. W. Penfield, Mrs. A. E. Fisk, leader for the Bronx; Mrs. Laidlaw, Mrs. Martha W. Suffren, Mrs. William Swan, Captain of one of the Thirty-fifth's election districts, and whose husband is President of the Ranacaque Club; Miss Ida Craft, Miss Edith M. Whitmore, and Miss Marion Burrill were among the speakers.

"To-day our lunch wagon campaign begins," said Mrs. Penfield, who is acting head of the party in the absence of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt. "We hope, if the money is forthcoming, to put a suffrage lunch wagon in every borough. What better way to make the unthinking mass of citizens see the connection between the ballot and the cost of living?

"Our men and women need to realize that a sensible and united use of the ballot could secure purer, better food at less cost. Perhaps if we preach to the eye and to the stomach as well as to the head we can make people see these truths.

"Women must be made to see the relation between the cost of living and the vote, as well as the relation which many of them are now beginning to realize exists between pure food, sanitary working conditions, good schools, adequate police protection, and the vote."

Mrs. Penfield told the audience that the women were going to win the campaign they had begun if they had to fight for it.

"We may have to work, we may have to fight, but win we will," said she. "Do not imagine that the women of New York will be patient much longer. All over the world women are gaining on the women of New York. We refuse to be left behind. Our duty to home, to State, to God, demands political expression of women to be the next step in the evolution of the race."

Mrs. Penfield congratulated the Bronx upon its Senators and Assemblymen. A group of urchins who gathered in the front row looked serious. A beer-cart man, who got down from his wagon to listen, appeared to give the suggestion serious thought. The women applauded.

Two resolutions were passed—one petitioning the Senators and Assemblymen at Albany to "consider the life and health of the people as paramount to the money interests of a few business people in action upon the bill known as the Turley bill, now pending." This was made in the name of the 30,000 members of the Woman Suffrage Party, the food of the family coming under their direct charge.

The second resolution was in the form of a petition to the President of the United States and the Secretary of Agriculture to "retain and uphold Dr. Harvey M. Wiley."

At the close of the open-air meeting the women gathered up their pretty Summer frocks and entered the lunch wagon, where they courageously ate "pies, coffee, and milk" at lowest lunch cart prices.

LORD CAMOYS NOT ENGAGED.

Denies He Is to Wed Miss Mildred Sherman of New York.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 18.—The Pall Mall Gazette says it is authorized by Lord Camoys to deny the report of his engagement to Miss Mildred Sherman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Watts Sherman of New York.

EX-MAYOR WEDS DIVORCEE.

George M. Landers of New Britain Married to Mrs. Katherine Sheffield.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 18.—Mrs. Katherine Sanford Sheffield was married to George M. Landers by Justice of the Peace Lewis Crandall this afternoon.

Mrs. Landers only a few weeks ago obtained a divorce from George Sheffield, and immediately after the decree was granted at a private hearing at Norwich Mrs. Sheffield's engagement to Mr. Landers was announced. Mrs. Landers has just returned from a two months' tour through France and Germany. She has a beautiful Summer villa in the Pequot colony, Sea Acre, where the nuptial knot was tied to-day.

Mr. Landers is one of New Britain's prominent manufacturers and was Mayor of that city for two terms, going out of office about a year ago. Both Mr. and Mrs. Landers are wealthy in their own right. Mrs. Landers is the daughter of the late George Sanford, Professor of Music at Yale, who died about a year ago. The marriage was witnessed by relatives of the couple, including Mrs. Landers, mother of the bridegroom, and also the ex-Mayor's grandmother, Mrs. Judd of New Britain.

DE ROY—BLOOMINGDALE.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Nina De Roy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. De Roy of 243 West Ninety-eighth Street, formerly of Pittsburg, Penn., to Edwin I. Bloomingdale of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Dunham Weds Adolf J. Lunde.

Miss Frances Waldo Dunham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert J. Dunham of this city, and Adolf Julius Lunde, were married yesterday at St. Mary's Church in Harlem by the Rev. Hiram R. Hulse.

Hudson-Rand Wedding on July 15.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Curtis Rand announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Anna Huntington Rand, to Alfred John Hudson on July 15 at Richmond Hill, N. Y.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Arthur Curtiss James is planning a cruise to Europe during September with Mrs. James and a party of friends. They expect to start from Newport on his auxiliary yacht Aloha, and the first stop will probably be Lisbon. The party will return by Christmas.

Dr. and Mrs. George D. Stewart of 61 West Fiftieth Street may be congratulated upon the birth of a daughter on July 15 at Amityville, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. William Phelps Eno are at the Hotel Gotham on their way from Washington, D. C., to their country place, at Saugatuck, Conn.

E. Coster Wilmerding is sailing to-day on the Lusitania for a short trip abroad.

William Church Osborn, who is departing for Europe to-day, will join Mrs. Osborn and his daughter, Miss Aileen Osborn, abroad, returnnig early in the Fall.

Mrs. Robert Taylor Varnum and her daughter, Miss Justine Ingersoll, are at the Lyman House, Bar Harbor, for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerardus M. Wynkoop are spending the Summer at Prout's Neck, Me.

Miss Elizabeth Ducat of Chicago and New York is at Bedford Camp, Saranac Lake, for the season.

Miss Harriette Cady has left Fairholme, at Morristown, N. J., where she was the guest of Mrs. Julius Catlin, for her Summer home, at Sag Harbor, where she will remain for two months.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Rogers (Miss Cornelia Barnes) sailed on July 14 from Quebec, and will tour England and France, returning here late in August.

MRS. LADENBURG HONOR GUEST

Entertained by Meadow Brook Hunt Club Members at Long Beach.

Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis in St. Luke's Hospital, as first stated in THE TIMES yesterday, left for Long Beach, L. I., yesterday afternoon and will stay at the Hotel Nassau until Aug. 1, when she will go to her bungalow at Newport.

Last night she was the guest of honor at a dinner given at the hotel by Robert Potter and J. A. Rawlings and other members of the Meadow Brook Hunt Club, who congratulated her upon her recovery from the operation. In all, Mrs. Ladenburg was in St. Luke's Hospital for twenty-eight days, going there on June 19, a few days after her arrival with her daughter, Miss Eugenie Ladenburg, from Europe.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on Lusitania and Oceanic—The Arrivals.

Liners leaving for Europe to-day, and some of their passengers are:

LUSITANIA, (Liverpool)—Miss Clara A. Albright, Walker Allen, A. L. Allen, Reese D. Alsop, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Anderson, Miss Della Archbald, E. D. Atherton, H. K. Babbitt, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Barber, Lieut. Col. H. F. Barclay, Maitland Bartlett, Commander and Mrs. Carlyon Bellairs, R. L. Benson, Mrs. G. N. Benson, Dr. and Mrs. A. D. Bevan, Archibald Blanchard, Mrs. H. S. Bowren, Miss M. T. Bowren, William C. Bowers, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Bowers, H. B. Brindle, Vernon H. Brown, C. S. Brown, Prof. and Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Miss Sarah Schuyler Butler, R. C. Cairns, Miss Katherine Cameron, H. R. Carberry, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Chapin, Mrs. J. H. Clews, W. P. Clyde, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Cook, W. S. Crosby, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Crump, Charles W. Dayton, Mrs. E. H. Dunbar, B. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Forbes, Alfred Fraser, Miss Frances E. Fraser, Miss K. Gandy, Mrs. C. Genet, Miss M. B. P. Garnett, W. E. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. E. Drexel Godfrey, Mrs. C. H. Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim, Misses Eleanor, Gertrude R., and Barbara Guggenheim, Julian Halford, Mr. and Mrs. Bayard Henry, Mrs. J. C. Hoagland, Dr. W. G. Hudson, Walter E. Ives, Gen. and Mrs. T. L. James, Darwin P. Kingsley, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, Harold M. Lockwood, H. Loudon, Henry A. Pemberton, A. W. Preston, Mrs. Mary H. Price, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Rice, Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Russell, Charles E. Sampson, Mrs. S. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. James J. Sill, Mrs. Robert Stuart, Capt. G. B. Thomson, Miss Alice Turite, Loyd Warren, H. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. James K. Young, and Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd B. Sanderson.

OCEANIC (Southampton)—G. F. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Beggs, Courtenay W. Bennett, British Consul General in New York; Mrs. Bennett, Miss Bennett, Mrs. A. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. James N. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bullitt, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Cadwell, J. D. Cameron, Miss C. J. Chamberlayne, Wallace S. Chauncey, Mrs. G. W. Chauncey, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Church, Walter L. Dodge, Mrs. H. Downing, Miss A. C. Doyle, F. H. Foster, Mrs. R. E. Gallaher, Mrs. F. M. Gardner, Miss Ruth Gardner, Mrs. A. C. Garrett, James T. Gillard, Dr. and Mrs. F. S. Goodridge, Mrs. Marie Hamilton, Miss M. C. Hanley, E. C. Haynsworth, Miss Helen Hicks, C. C. Hyde, Robert Jaffray, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Jameson, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Knowles, H. B. Livingston, Mrs. A. Markell, Lieut. Col. W. Hamilton Merritt, J. G. Miller, William C. Osborn, Mrs. Campbell Reuton, C. A. Richmond, Arthur C. Rounds, Philip C. Scanlan, Mrs. J. Struthers, Mr. and Mrs. Royal C. Taft, Miss E. H. Terrill, Mrs. W. H. Thurston, Russell W. Todd, Eugene C. Upton, Mr. and Mrs. William Vreeland, the Rev. and Mrs. Horace A. Walton, Mrs. W. W. White, Mr. and Mrs. S. Whitman, Mrs. W. L. Watson, Percy L. Wendell.

Liners arriving yesterday, and some of their passengers, were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Beekmann, Prof. Juan Buitrago, Maurice Brower, H. Gallert, Mrs. G. A. Mann, M. B. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Arnold, Dr. Charles H. Abbott, Edwin W. Andrews, Arthur Bentley, Miss Sarah Burnett, Miss M. B. Bingham, Mrs. P. Browne, Mrs. J. B. H. Boross, Dr. Martin Blix, Edward B. Baccon, Mrs. W. Chandler, Jr., Miss R. Crowly, Frank L. Carter, C. B. Dickson, Miss Lucy Eastman, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Enright, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie H. Gray, Baroness Agnes Grote, W. J. Gardener, Mrs. R. W. Harris, Miss K. Hobson, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Holt, Miss Mary Holt, Mrs. C. F. Hibbard, Judge E. G. Henry, Mrs. S. W. Lamson, A. Elmo Lawler, Mrs. R. R. Logan, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Levitt, G. A. Mann, Mrs. E. R. Mathews, Mr and Mrs. H. J. Marton, Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. Pillow, Mr. and Mrs. W. Papke, Mrs. Allen Paul, Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Sullivan, Henry W. Savage, Clarence Singer, Mr. and Mrs. K. H. Thompson, W. Storrs Wells, J. R. Wells, Mrs. R. McClure, Miss J. V. McClure, A. F. Patch, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Robinson, L. S. Root, J. B. Spalding, and Mrs. J. H. Wessell.

KROONLAND (Antwerp).—Mrs. W. P. Adams, Mrs. Virginia Ayres, Miss M. M. Ayres, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bannard, B. H. Berry, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. A. Black, Mr. and Mrs. Horace H. Furness, Jr., Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Gale, Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Gooding, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hampton, Mr. and Mrs. H. Loftus, Mrs. G. H. Morrow, Dudley C. Newton, Miss J. Rumsey, Miss M. Rumsey, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin W. Weary, Miss E. C. Williams, Mrs. E. Wright, Thomas Raborg, Miss Eva Jenison.

Singer Dies After Troth Announced.

Miss Maud C. Mettler died suddenly of acute indigestion at her home, 17 West Forty-ninth Street, Bayonne, yesterday, on her twentieth birthday. On Sunday her engagement to John Miller of Bayonne, was announced. Miss Mettler was a well-known church singer.

To-day's Music in the Parks.

The Mall, Central Park, at 8 P. M. Arnold Volpe Orchestra.

PART I.

"The Star Spangled Banner."
Overture—"Leonore" No. 3........Beethoven
Symphony—E Minor, No. 5........Tschaikowsky
(a) Andante Cantabile.
(b) Finale Andante maestoso. Allegro vivace.
Capriccio Espagnol..........Rimsky Korsakoff

PART II.

Prelude to "King Rene's Daughter"........
Julian Edwards.
Overture—"Orpheus"..............Offenbach
'Cello Solo—"Kol Nidrei"..............Bruch
E. Bronstein.
Two Hungarian Dances..................Brahms
Scenes Napolitaines....................Massenet
"America."

Bryant Park. Francesco Fanciulli's Band.

PART I.

National Hymn—"Hail Columbia"......Fyles
Overture—"Sicilian Vespers"............Verdi
Characteristic—"Bal d'Enfants"........Jaxone
Grand Selection—"Mephistopheles"......Boito
Valse Caprice—"Love's Herald"......Fanciulli

PART II.

Suite d'Orchestre—"Scenes Pittoresques"...
Massenet.
(a) March; (b) "The Angelus"; (c) "Fete Boheme."
Excerpts from the "Spring Maid"..Reinhard
"Rhapsodie Hungarian No. 2"...........Liszt
National Anthem—"Star Spangled Banner".
Key.

Abingdon Square Park, at 8 P. M. Usher's Band.

PART I.

"Star Spangled Banner."
March—"The Thoroughbred"..........Engleman
Overture—"Morning, Noon and Night in Vienna"........................Von Suppe
Concert Waltz—"Dreams of Childhood"........
Waldteufel.
Selections from the Comic Opera "Marcelle"
Luders.
Patrol—"The American"...............Meachim

PART II.

Grand Selection—"Maritana"..........Wallace
Characteristic Piece—"Yankey's Ideal" Stimson
Medley Overture—"Merry Melodies of the Day"..........................Schulz
Quartette from "Rigoletto"...........Verdi
Finale—"Dixie Gray"...................Morse
"Home, Sweet Home."

SAVAGE BACK WITH SINGERS AND PLAYS

Icilio Calleya, Harry Lion, and Irma Dalossy for "Girl of the Golden West."

NEW MUSICAL COMEDIES

"Little Boy Blue," "Somewhere Else," and "The Grape Girl"—Farces by Foreign and American Authors.

Henry W. Savage, who returned on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie yesterday from Europe, said that his trip had been a combination of business and pleasure. After completing his business, Mr. Savage took a three-weeks holiday in Baden-Baden and the Black Forest district, which he said was the first real vacation he had enjoyed for years.

In discussing the artists he had engaged for his coming production in English of Pucini's opera, "The Girl of the Golden West," Mr. Savage said he had Icilio Calleya, a tenor from Milan, who in his estimation will rival Caruso. "He was the principal tenor in Genoa," said Mr. Savage, "and had the leading tenor rôles in Berlin and at La Scala, Milan. Calleya was born on the island of Corfu of British parentage and speaks English fluently.

"I have also engaged Harry Lion as an alternate for the rôle of Johnson. Mr. Lion is a Swedish tenor from the Royal Opera, Stockholm. He comes of one of the famous Swedish musical families and is a nephew of the Norwegian Consul in this city.

"In Leon de Souza," Mr. Savage went on to say, "I have another tenor of rare personality and vocal qualifications. He is a grandson of the great La Blache and is a fine actor as well as singer.

"For the rôle of the Sheriff I have engaged William Beck, baritone, at present engaged for the Paris opera season. He is a Hungarian by birth but sings with equal ease in English and other foreign languages. He was formerly with the Covent Opera Company in London and has sung in this country in a varied répertoire in the Hammerstein and Andreas Dippel companies.

"In Cologne I engaged Irma Dalossy, a dramatic soprano with an exceptional voice covering nearly three octaves. She will alternate in the rôle of Minnie with Edna Blanche Showalter and Mme. Louisa Villani, whom I engaged on this side before sailing. I have also engaged Mme. Dina Pughlia for the character part of Wowkle, the Indian woman."

Mr. Savage said that perhaps the most important engagement he had made on his trip abroad was that of Maestro Giorgio Polacco as his first conductor, who was the personal choice of Puccini himself. He was the guest of Puccini at the première of the opera in Rome and has had experience in America for two seasons with Mme. Tetrazzini.

Puccini was greatly interested in the production of "The Girl of the Golden West" in English, Mr. Savage said, chiefly because of the story and the traditions of the theme being entirely American.

"I will give the opera a generous production," said Mr. Savage, "quite in keeping with Mr. Belasco's drama and the score of the famous Italian composer. I will employ an orchestra of fifty-two pieces, and all of the supernumeries will be rehearsed in New York and accompany the opera company throughout the tour, which will begin about Nov. 1."

Other attractions which Mr. Savage will produce next season are "Little Boy Blue," a musical comedy from the German of Rudolph Schanzer and Karl Lindau, with music by Henry Bereny, which was produced in Berlin and Vienna under the title of "Lord Piccolo." The American adaptation is by A. E. Thomas and Edward Paulton. The scenes are laid in the Bal Tabarin and a baronial hall on the Scottish moors. The piece will be produced on Broadway in October. Another novelty for early production is a fantastical musical comedy, entitled "Somewhere Else," by Avery Hopwood, the author of "Seven Days." Mr. Hopwood, who is now in Europe, will return in two weeks to collaborate with Gustav Luders, the composer of "The Prince of Pilsen," who is working on the score for the new piece.

Another early production will be "The Grape Girl," a romantic musical comedy of the French school, with libretto and lyrics by James Clarence Harvey and score by Gustav Luders, and "The Prince's Child," a new operetta by Franz Lehar and his collaborateurs in "The Merry Widow." This piece had a run of 200 nights in Vienna, Mr. Savage said.

In addition to these musical attractions, Mr. Savage brought with him the manuscript of "Baron Good-for-Nothing," a comedy from Berlin by Heinrich Schrottenbach, and "The Lieutenant's Ward," another Berlin comedy by Leo Walther Stein, "The Summer's Folly," a German comedy on the line of "Old Heidelberg," and another Berlin success, entitled "Weeping Josephine," from the German of Julius Engle, in which the heroine is a sort of Cinderella. Mr. Savage will also produce a new light comedy, "Le Million," which made a great success at the Palais Royal in Paris last year. It is on somewhat similar lines to Sardou's "A Scrap of Paper." The American adaptation has been made by Leo Ditrichstein.

Rupert Hughes is engaged on a new farce for Mr. Savage, and expects to deliver to him the completed manuscript by Nov. 1. It is based on a new idea, Mr. Savage said. "The Divorce Fund," a new satirical comedy by A. E. Thomas, is also scheduled for an early production by Mr. Savage.

For Dorothy Donnelly Mr. Savage has under consideration two plays by American authors and negotiations will probably be closed when Miss Donnelly returns from Paris in August.

When asked about reviving "The Merry Widow" again this season, Mr. Savage said: "I shall give it a rest for a year and then give it a splendid revival. I will also give 'The Prince of Pilsen' a season off, and send the comic opera on tour when I revive 'The Merry Widow.'"

Mr. Savage added that during his stay in Berlin he arranged for the German adaptation of "The Sho-gun" and "Woodland," which he hopes to have ready for European production about Christmas time, when he will go over to superintend the final rehearsals and production.

GABY DESLYS COMING HERE.

To Appear at Winter Garden This Fall—Her London Sketch.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 18.—Gaby Deslys, the Parisian vaudeville artiste, whose visits to Lisbon are said to have contributed to the revolution which cost Manuel his throne, has been engaged by the Shuberts to appear at the Winter Garden in New York this Fall. Her contract is for eight weeks, with the option of another four. Her salary is said to be $4,000 a week. Miss Deslys will sail on Sept. 12 and open in New York on Sept. 25.

Gaby Deslys is now playing at the Alhambra, London, in a sketch which is utterly without dramatic merit, but which allows her to wear a variety of costumes, each more exiguous than the other, till she finally flops into a very handsome bed which adorns the stage throughout the entire performance.

"The Pink Lady" for Australia.

J. C. Williamson, the Australian manager, on the eve of sailing yesterday, concluded arrangements with Klaw & Erlanger for the Australian production of McLellan and Caryll's "The Pink Lady," which is running at the New Amsterdam Theatre. The production will be made at Melbourne soon after the London production, which will come early in the new year. The Australian production of "Ben Hur," for which Mr. Williamson has arranged with Klaw & Erlanger, will be made this Fall.

WAR CORRESPONDENT WEDS.

Both Mr. Wildman and His Bride Were Divorced in June Last.

Edwin Wildman, an ex-war correspondent, now President of a magazine, and Miss Mary E. Stephenson, an Englishwoman, went over to Jersey City on Monday afternoon and were married, with President James Creelman of the Municipal Civil Service Commission and Mrs. Creelman as their only witnesses.

Mr. and Mrs. Wildman had to get their license to marry in New Jersey, of course, but presumably at their request, Registrar Joseph Carlin, of the Jersey City Bureau of Vital Statistics, did not announce its issue until more than twenty-four hours after the marriage.

At the Bureau of Vital Statistics Mr. Wildman said he was 42 years old and lived at 118 East Thirty-first Street. He said he had been married in 1896 to Miss Sophia S. Chapman, and that they were divorced in this city on June 24 last.

The bride said she had been married eight years ago to Charles Christler, and had divorced him in Reno, Nev., on June 18 last.

Mr. Wildman, after serving as special correspondent of Leslie's Weekly, became in 1897 Deputy United States Consul at Hongkong, China.

AMENDS TO DR. ROBERTSON.

Whom the Types Will Print as Robinson, Which He Says Is Foolish.

Dr. R. S. Robertson, who has been an ambulance surgeon in the Brooklyn Hospital for four long months, has suffered on five separate occasions during that time by having his name reported in the newspapers as "Dr. Robinson." Dr. Robertson writes to THE TIMES that there is considerable difference between Robinson and Robertson "and only a careless, senseless fool with no eyes and smaller brain than orbits could overlook or mistake one name for the other."

Dr. Robertson was last called Dr. Robinson in THE TIMES report of the factory fire at Fifth and Atlantic Avenues, Brooklyn, on Monday. He is particularly grieved because he has friends in this city and up State who know that he is attached to the hospital staff.

SIAM A MODERN NATION.

It Has Automobiles, Airships, and Warships, Too, Says Our Consul General.

G. Cornell Tarler, Consul General and Secretary of the United States Legation at Bangkok, who arrived here yesterday from Bremen on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie, said that Siam was a much misunderstood country. The natives were intelligent, industrious, and progressive. They had good, level roads, plenty of automobiles, and some airships.

Prince Chakrabhongs went up in one last February and enjoyed it. The Prince and Mr. Tarler left Bangkok on the same steamer for England, where they both stopped off and saw the coronation.

Mr. Tarler added that Bangkok had a population of 700,000, and the present King, who is thirty-one years old, was very progressive and was trying to better conditions in his country.

English was the court language, and most of the educated Siamese also spoke French and German. The King's yacht, the Maha Chakari, is an armored cruiser with two funnels, the Consul General said, and the natives were proud of it. The Government had also several good torpedo boats.

WRONGS OF CHILD WORKERS.

Exhibition Now Open In This City Illustrates Evils Needing Correction.

More than 1,000 persons have visited in the last few days the child labor exhibition which the National Child Labor Committee has opened at the northwest corner of Twentieth Street and Fourth Avenue.

The exhibit consists in part of many photographs showing little children at work for long hours in tobacco, canning, cotton, and other factories, the pinched faces and stunted forms exciting the pity of all who view them. There are also statistics and graphic illustrations of the number of children of very tender years still employed in factories of many kinds, and the effects of such employment on the development of their bodies and minds.

The National Committee does not work directly to induce factory owners to stop the employment of children, but to get Legislatures to pass more rigid laws limiting such employment.

The exhibit, which has been attracting much attention here, has already been seen in many of the cities of the country, including Boston, St. Louis, Washington, Nashville, Memphis, Birmingham, Montgomery, and Raleigh. Miss Elizabeth McMurtie Dinwiddie, who has asisted in assembling it, accompanied it to al these cities. The leaders in this demonstration against child labor are Messrs. Owen R. Lovejoy, Chairman, and Felix Adler, Vice Chairman, of this city.

The exhibit can be seen from 11 to 5:30 o'clock week days, except Saturday, when the rooms are opened at 10 and closed at 1 o'clock. It wil remain here until Aug. 3.

HEN TOTES THE PIPE.

Even Scratches the Match for Her Indolent Owner and He Smokes Up.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 18.—The white leghorn hen, owned by John Grohan of Glenville, which, Grohan reported recently, helped him build a chicken coop by holding the nails in her beak after he had whacked his finger, has, so Grohan says, learned a new trick.

When Grohan gets home after his day's work he is very fond of sitting on the porch and enjoying his pipe. As soon as Grohan sits in his easy chair it is a signal for the hen to go into the house, get his bag of tobacco and pipe and bring them to him. After Grohan has filled his pipe he puts a match in the hen's beak and she scratches it across the floor and then he lights his pipe. Grohan says he expects to teach the hen to put out the match. Being of an indolent disposition, he also hopes that by and by the hen will be able to choose the match for herself, at the word of command.

OPEN-AIR DRAMA AT SCHOOL.

"The Merchant of Venice" to be Acted Under Civic Auspices.

The first open-air theatrical performance to be given in New York under civic auspices will take place on Wednesday evening July 26, in the playground of Public School 64, Tenth Street and Avenue B. The play will be "The Merchant of Venice," and the presentation will be under the direction of the Theatre Centre for Schools, of which Julius Hopp is the manager. Warner Oland will have the rôle of Shylock, and the character of Portia will be assumed by Madge Corcoran. The entire company will be made up of professional actors.

Neighborhood interest in the performance is being aroused by the boys of the school, who have formed an auxiliary to the Theatre Centre for Schools, with Samuel Schwartz as President and Max Taylor as Vice President.

Grecian Dancers at Carnegie Lyceum.

Mlle. Elli L. Victoros and a company of Grecian girls will give a series of ancient Greek dances at Carnegie Lyceum this evening, making their New York début. The programme will be in two parts, and will consist of fifteen numbers, which will include several examples of old dances, and recitations of ancient and modern Greek poems. The dancers are announced as coming from the ancient theatre of Dionysus and the Stadium at Athens.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Arthur Hammerstein announces the engagement of Mabel Roebuck, Lionel Adams, James Wilson, and Frank Hollins for the leading roles in "The Moral Code," a new drama which is to be produced in Rochester on Aug. 21.

The first chorus rehearsal of "The Red Widow," in which Raymond Hitchcock is to star under the management of Cohan & Harris next season, will take place next Monday on the roof of the New Amsterdam Theatre. Mr. Hitchcock and the other principals will begin rehearsals a week later.

The complete cast for "Seven Days," that will reopen the Astor Theatre next month, will consist of Willard Lewis, James Manley, William Lyons, Thomas McMahon, William Evile, Cecil Butler, Irma La Pierre, Winona Shannon, Mary Land, and Marie Haynes.

T. W. Percyval will return to America to play the kindly old parson in "Pomander Walk" next season. He will be remembered as the author of "Sunday," in which Ethel Barrymore starred, and of several other plays.

OUSTED BY PLAYERS, SUES.

Richard Barry, Dropped for a Criticism, Asks to Be Reinstated.

Richard T. Barry, a writer, appealed to Justice Giegerich in the Supreme Court yesterday for a writ of mandamus, restoring him to membership in The Players, from which organization he was expelled on May 15 last because he had published an article in a magazine entitled "Why Women Are Paid Less than Men," wherein he had stated that the theatrical profession represented a low mental condition and did not show genuine feeling in its stage delineations. The art of thinking for themselves among actors, he said, was at a low ebb.

Mr. Barry's counsel put the question to Justice Giegerich whether The Players considered themselves censors of what a newspaper man should write. The lawyer read extracts from the article which, he said, discussed its subject from a purely economic point of view. There was nothing in it, he contended, to cause The Players to take such action as they did.

Ex-Justice Joseph F. Daly, representing The Players, asked Justice Giegerich to consider first that the organization is made up of well-known actors, artists, lawyers, and other men of note. He mentioned Edwin Booth, Lawrence Barrett, Gen. W. T. Sherman, and Mark Twain as the organizers of the club, and said:

"This is purely a question of fitness. The objects stated in the articles of the incorporation are the promotion of social intercourse between the theatrical and other professions. In the course of his article this man goes out of his way to display his contemptuous opinion of the theatrical profession. To say that members of the theatrical profession do not think is not only false, but libelous, and his other statements hold them up to ridicule and contempt."

Mr. Barry's lawyer obtained permission to submit fuller citations of law on the points involved.

Court Values a Broadway Frontage.

In granting an application for a reduction of the tax assessment on the property of the American Express Company's buildings at 63 and 65 Broadway, Justice Lehman decided yesterday that the value of the Broadway frontage was $150 a square foot. The Justice says the assessment of the property in 1905 should have been $2,225,000 in 1906 $2,092,500, in 1907 $2,182,500, and in 1910 $2,231,000.

SUFFRAGE LEADER DEAD.

Mrs. Eliza Osborne Was Vice President of New York Woman's Association.

AUBURN, N. Y., July 18.—Mrs. Eliza Osborne, widow of David Munsen Osborne and mother of Thomas Mott Osborne, ex-Forest, Fish, and Game Commissioner, died to-night. Her son, who had been summoned home from Europe, and her two daughters, Mrs. James J. Storrow of Boston and Mrs. Frederic Harris of Springfield, Mass., were with her when she died. Mrs. Osborne was in her eighty-second year.

She was Vice President of the New York Woman's Suffrage Association, and, associated with the late Susan B. Anthony, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, and the Rev. Dr. Anna H. Shaw, had been a leader in the movement for years. Her donations were many, among them being a women's educational and industrial union building valued at $200,000 at Auburn. She was also an extensive contributor to many philanthropies.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES L. C. WILKENING, a wholesale dealer in butter and eggs, died at his home, 678 Warren Street, Brooklyn, on Monday.

The Rev. CORNELIUS A. PHELAN, pastor of the Catholic Church at Sea Isle City, died yesterday at his home in Paterson, N. J., from pneumonia. He was 40 years old.

ANDREW B. MARTIN, one of the oldest expert accountants in the city, died at his home, 1,086 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday. He was born in Ireland eighty-one years ago.

THOMAS A. WATSON, 61 years old, senior member of the firm of T. A. Watson & Co., commission merchants, of 99 Park Place, died suddenly of apoplexy Monday at his home, 607 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

EDWARD S. FEARN, an undertaker, and for forty years Sexton of the Ascension Memorial Church at 245 West Forty-third Street, died yesterday of heart disease at his home, 305 West Forty-third Street.

WILLIAM GRAHAM, for many years an Inspector in the New York Clearing House, died on Sunday at his home, 227 Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn. He was 56 years old. His wife and three sisters survive him.

GEORGE A. WILES, who for many years was associated with the Profile House, White Mountains, died yesterday of appendicitis. He was married last year to the daughter of the late Major B. F. Corwin of Brooklyn.

Dr. PHILIMINE GINGRAS, a prominent veterinary surgeon of eastern Connecticut and Rhode Island, died suddenly on Monday at his home in Jewett City, Conn. He led in naturalization work among the French and organized many French Republican clubs.

DAVID M. RINALDO, a New York jeweler, died suddenly on Monday at Saratoga Springs. He conducted branch stores at Hot Springs, Ark., and Saratoga Springs. Mr. Rinaldo was born in New York 55 years ago. His wife and one son, Lawrence Rinaldo, survive him.

Major C. BROOKS, President of the Southwark Foundry and Machine Company of Philadelphia and widely known in financial and business circles, died suddenly in Philadelphia yesterday from heart disease. He won the rank of Major in the civil war. Mr. Brooks was 67 years old.

The Rev. GEORGE COYLE of Waterbury, Conn., a well-known Roman Catholic clergyman and at one time professor at St. Thomas Seminary in Hartford, died in Hartford yesterday. It was said that he was the only Catholic clergyman in Connecticut who held the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

Mayor WILLIAM J. ADAMSON of Paulsboro, N. J., died at White Haven Sanitarium Monday night. He was 65 years old and a lifelong resident of Paulsboro. He had been Mayor for the last four years. He was a member of the local lodge of Free Masons, the Odd Fellows, and the Knights of Pythias.

DAVID BONAPARTE GOEWEY, one of the oldest Masons in the State, died on Sunday at Lyons, N. Y. Born in 1818 at Sand Lake, he became a Mason when he was 21, and held membership for forty-five years in Humanity Lodge, No. 406. He was a wheelwright and invented the dovetailed wagon spoke.

Capt. RICHARD B. S. GRIM, a member of the Veteran Association of the Thirteenth Regiment of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at his home, 130 Hull Street. For eighteen years he was a clerk in the employ of the Standard Oil Company. His wife, three sons, and two daughters survive him.

ANDREW GERNAUD, who spent more than half a century in pursuit of the solution of the problem of perpetual motion, died on Monday in Baltimore at the age of 88. During the course of his experiments he came across an idea which he gave to his son, William Henry Gernaud, and this idea the son perfected into a corn reaper and binder that made a fortune.

CHARLES GREGORY KING of Cleveland, one of the largest orange growers in the country, died here on Friday. He spent several months of the year in Florida, where, with his brother, Ralph T. King, he owned an orange grove. He was graduated from Brown University in 1884, following his brother by six classes, and since 1899 he had been a member of the Board of Trustees of the university. In June he was in Providence attending a meeting of the Brown Corporation.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

EDMUND L. COCKS, died July 5, 1911; left more than $7,500 realty and $2,000 personalty to his wife, Anna E. Cocks of 150 West 177th Street.

MARIA RASCH, died Dec. 12, 1910; left $1,000 personalty to her husband, Hans Rasch of 199 Third Avenue.

LAURA CONKLING, died July 7, 1911; left more than $10,000 realty and $10,000 personalty; $2,000 to the Church of the Transfiguration, 3 East Twenty-seventh Street; $2,000 to the House of the Holy Comforter Free Home, 139th Street and Riverside Drive; $500 to Laura Williams, 235 East Twenty-sixth Street; $500 to Benjamin B. Wood; $5,000 each to her brothers, Alfred and Howard Conkling; $1,000 to Blanche C. Conkling, and $600 to Annie Donovan.

FRIEDRICH SPULER, died July 5, 1911; left more than $15,000 personalty to be divided equally between his two daughters, Anna and Rosa Spuler, and his sons, Peter and Friedrich Spuler, the latter a prisoner in Sing Sing.

PAUL CONSTANT JOSEPH LE TERRIER, died July 15, 1910, at Benoville, France; left $2,000 personalty to his wife, Marion Le Terrier of Rye, N. Y.

SARAH WOODS, or SARAH HINIFRED WOODS, died June 11, 1911; left $12,000 realty and $6,200 personalty to be divided equally among Retta Cuelen, Frances Cuelen, and Mary Cuelen of England, with the provision that $150 be given to Thomas Smith of Chicago, Ill.

FRANK L. CLARKE, Jr., died July 7, 1911, at Barryville, Sullivan County, N. Y.; left $40,000 personalty to be divided equally between his widow, Marion A. Clarke of 601 West 181st Street, and his brother, Frank W. Clarke of the same address.

FLORENCE E. REA, died March 8, 1911; left $10,000 personalty to be divided equally between her mother, Mary H. Rea of 522 West 121st Street, Mrs. C. George Frank, Chicken, Alaska; Sadie Lucille Rea, 521 West 112th Street; Ellen M. Goin, 30 West Fifty-ninth Street, and Dr. Henry Bretenstool of 152 West Fifty-seventh Street.

CARY SELDON RODMAN, died June 12, 1911; left $2,000 realty and $300 personalty; $2,500 to Nancy Marion Rodman of Newburg, N. Y.; $500 to Elsie F. Rodman, and $500 to Charles Butler.

WILLIAM LEIPER VAN NEST left all his estate to Catharine Van Nest.

BRITISH CHIEF RABBI DEAD.

Very Rev. Dr. Hermann Adler Was His Father's Successor.

LONDON, July 18.—The Very Rev. Dr. Hermann Adler, Chief Rabbi of the United Hebrew Congregations of the British Empire, died to-day.

Dr. Hermann Adler, who was born in Hanover in 1839, succeeded his father, Dr. Nathan Marcus Adler, as Chief Rabbi of the United Hebrew Congregations of the British Empire. The position is one of great importance, for by an unofficial agreement the Chief Rabbi has at least a veto upon the Rabbinate of a set of synagogues which has grown from four to sixteen of the richest congregations of the United Kingdom. The Chief Rabbinate overshadows the whole of the English Jewish ministry. Dr. Hermann Adler came of a family of Chief Rabbis, for not only did his father hold that position, but his great-granduncle, Tebele Schiff, held the same position in the eighteenth century.

It was as a baby that Hermann Adler was taken to England in 1840, the year of his father's election, and he received an English education at the University College School, though he studied rabbinics under Rappaport in Prague. He was for a short time Principal of Jews' College, and although the duties of his office occupied much of his time, he was able to publish a number of works, and for a year he was President of the Jewish Historical Society of England. As a preacher he was indefatigable and ingenious, and it was said of his sermons, of which he delivered close to 2,700 in fifty years, that they displayed a remarkable fertility of subject and freshness of presentation.

His seventieth birthday was celebrated elaborately in 1909. One of the celebrations was a reception at Gunnersbury Park, when Lord and Lady de Rothschild received the members of the London and country congregations. Dr. Adler was made an honorary member of the Athenaeum and an honorary LL. D. of St. Andrews University. He was recognized outside his community in many ways, and numbered among his friends such men as Gladstone, Huxley, and Cardinal Manning.

William P. Chambers Drops Dead.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., July 18.—William P. Chambers, father of Robert W. Chambers, the novelist, and himself a well-known New York lawyer, dropped dead from apoplexy on the porch of his Summer home at Broadalbin, a village about six miles east of here, this afternoon. Mr. Chambers, who had spent his Summers in Broadalbin for several years, had been in ill-health for some time. Mr. Chambers leaves a wife and two sons, Robert W. and Walter B., both of New York. He was 84 years old, and was born in Broadalbin.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

STEWART.—At Amityville, July 15, to Dr. and Mrs. Stewart, 61 West 50th St., New York City, a daughter.

HESS.—July 16, Hyde Park, to Mr. and Mrs. George Hess, a son.

Married.

BRAINERD—SHEPARD.—On July 15, at Edgartown, Mass., by the Rev. Alexander Mann, D. D., rector of Trinity Church, Boston, Eleanor, daughter of Mrs. Marshall Shepard, to Henry Boies Brainerd of Montreal, Canada.

LUNDE—DUNHAM.—At St. Mary's Church, New York, July 18, Frances Waldo, daughter of Aledbert J. and Anna E. Dunham, to Adolf Julius Lunde, Rev. Hiram R. Hulse officiating.

KNAUSS—ERNST.—July 17, Mary C. Ernst to Adam J. Knauss.

Brooklyn.

SULLIVAN—HAMILTON.—July 17, Helen G. Hamilton to Frederick B. Sullivan.

New Jersey.

CARTER—McDONALD.—July 15, Newark, Flora McDonald to Walter C. Carter.

GALLIGAN—DONNELLY.—July 15, Newark, Lilian F. Donnelly to Dennis J. Galligan.

JAEGER—GOURSAT.—July 17, Atlantic Highlands, Martha Goursat to Charles F. Jaeger.

MAYNARD—DOUGLAS.—July 12, Elizabeth Douglas to Arthur W. Maynard.

SMALL—SCHNEIDER.—July 15, Newark, Catherine M. Schneider to Arthur W. Small.

STRUCK—PORTER.—July 15, Elizabeth, Ida M. Porter to Charles J. Struck.

New York State.

MYERS—GENSLER.—July 16, Ossining, Pearl Gensler to William H. Myers.

Died.

CADWELL.—On July 17, 1911, at the home of his sister, Mrs. Neal Farnham, at Bronxville, N. Y., George L. Cadwell, age 51 years, son of Mrs. Alonzo H. Linton of Minneapolis, Minn. Minneapolis (Minn.) and Jacksonville (Fla.) papers please copy.

CARTER.—On Saturday, July 15, at Norfolk, Va., Louise Helen Frost, wife of James Lowell Carter of New York, formerly of Brookline, Mass. Funeral at 148 Walnut St., Canton, Mass. Interment at Lancaster, Mass., on Wednesday, July 19.

DE GROVE.—On July 17, 1911, at Lake Placid, N. Y., Edward Ritzema De Grove, in his 64th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 72 East 55th St., on Thursday, July 20, at 10 o'clock.

FEARN.—On Tuesday, July 18, 1911, at his residence, 305 West 43d St., Edward S. Fearn, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral services from the Ascension Memorial Church, 245 West 43d St., on Friday, the 21st inst., at 2 P. M. Interment at Woodlawn.

LEWIS.—On Monday, July 17, 1911, at his home, Englewood, N. J., Dr. Edwin A. Lewis, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y., in the 64th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, Englewood, N. J., Wednesday, July 19, on arrival of train leaving Jersey City at 10 o'clock A. M. Interment at Naugatuck, Conn., Wednesday afternoon.

LICHTENSTEIN.—On July 18, 1911, at her residence, 14 West 74th St., Catherine Hoyt, wife of the late Seamen Lichtenstein, in her 78th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MARTIN.—July 18, 1911, Andrew B. Martin, in his 82d year. Funeral from his late residence, 1,086 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, July 20, 8 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment private.

MURRAY.—On Monday, July 17, 1911, Joseph, beloved husband of Ellen Murray. Funeral from his late residence, 311 East 18th St., on Thursday, July 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, East 14th St., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment in Calvary.

TAYLOR.—Joseph. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Campbell Building,) Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. Pyramid Masonic Lodge invited.

WATSON.—Suddenly, Thomas A. Watson. Funeral services from his late residence, 607 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, July 22, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.

WILLIAMS.—At her residence, 61 East 75th St., on Monday, July 17, Ida Coster, wife of the late Thomas Bisland Williams. Funeral at Grace Church, Broadway, on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

WOODWARD.—On July 18, at her residence, 365 West 23d St., E. B. Deodata, widow of George Evertson Woodward and daughter of the late Benjamin and Elisa Duryea Mortimer. Funeral private.

BARTNER.—George A. D., 117 Roosevelt St., July 16, aged 52.

BOEHM.—Conrad, 743 East 133d St., July 16, aged 46. Funeral to-day.

BRENNAN.—Martin J., 384 East 135th St., July 16. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

Died.

COUGHLIN.—Pierre, July 17. Funeral 135 Avenue B, to-day, 2 P. M.

GIBBS.—Thomas, 139 East 146th St., July 17.

HAGGERTY.—Rose, 50 6th Av., July 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HILTON.—Michael, 1,727 Park Av., July 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HOUSTON.—T. Snowden, 38 West 12th St., July 17, aged 63. Funeral service to-morrow.

KEILY.—Augustus L., 138 West 104th St., July 16.

McCABE.—Mary, 161 East 124th St., July 17, aged 41. Funeral to-morrow.

ROHNER.—Louise, 306 West 21st St., July 17. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

SCHNEIDER.—Pauline, 522 West 125th St., July 17, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

WOODLOCK.—Julia, 64 West 104th St., July 16. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BASSETT.—John, 62 Java St., July 17, aged 90. Funeral service to-day.

BRAUN.—Michael, 75 Duffield St., July 17, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

DILLON.—Margaret V., 289 Kingsland Av., July 17. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

DROBINSKA.—Mary, 244 Pearl St., July 17. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

ERMST.—Robert O., St. Peter's Hospital, July 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FELTER.—Elizabeth, 95 South 2d St., July 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GRIM.—Capt. Richard B. S., 130 Hull St., July 16, aged 60.

HARTMAN.—William, East 95th St. and Avenue F., July 16, aged 72.

HORAN.—John A., Bath Beach, July 17. Funeral private.

HOULAHAN.—John T., 144 North 10th St., July 17, aged 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

JACOBS.—Reuben, 490 2d St., July 17.

JOHNSON.—Milford F., 1,059 71st St., July 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McDONALD.—Patrick, 201 South 1st St., July 16, aged 61. Funeral to-day.

MURRAY.—Annie, 72 Centre St., July 17. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—Mary, 71 Lee Av., July 17, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

PECK.—Julia, 1,409 Pacific St., July 17, aged 77. Funeral private.

PETERSON.—Julia A., 396 Hamilton Av., July 17.

SCHMIEDER.—Xaver, 92 Marion St., July 17, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VOLL.—Catharine, 271 De Voe St., July 15.

WALLACE.—Walter, 1,027 74th St., July 17.

WESTERMAN.—William J., 194 South 2d St., July 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WILKENING.—Charles L., 678 Warren St., July 17, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

Connecticut.

BENEDICT.—Annie, Bridgeport, July 15.

BEVANS.—Francis, Cannon Station, July 16, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

CORMIER.—Alphonse J., Hartford, July 17, aged 75.

DADE.—Stephen L., Noroton, July 16, aged 85. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

DALTON.—Garrett F., Greenwich, July 15.

DEVITT.—Margaret, Burnside, July 17. Funeral to-day, 8:40 A. M.

GRAHAM.—Alice E., Hartford, July 17. Funeral to-day, private.

JENNINGS.—Clifford, Norwalk, July 15, aged 49.

MOELMANN.—Gustave, Danbury, July 17, aged 56.

MOORE.—Arthur P., East Hartford, July 16, aged 68.

RENNIE.—Louise, Hartford, July 17. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

SEARS.—Nancy Q., Hartford, July 16, aged 75.

SILEO.—Rocco, Bridgeport, July 17, aged 5.

STACOFFE.—Raymond G., New Haven, July 16.

SULLIVAN.—Mary, 23 Booth St., Bridgeport, July 17. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

TURNER.—Almira E., Norwich, July 15, aged 76.

WEBER.—Elizabeth, New Haven, July 16, aged 22.

WILLIAMS.—Lee C., New Haven, July 15, aged 8 months.

Long Island.

JUDSON.—Nellie J., Southampton, July 16. Funeral to-day.

LUTTERS.—Robert, College Point, July 17, aged 72. Funeral to-morrow.

McLEAN.—John, Rockville Centre, July 17. Funeral private.

MEEK.—Margaret, Amityville, July 17.

New Jersey.

BAKER.—Lucy, Nutley, July 17, aged 32. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BARLOW.—James, Paterson, July 16. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

BECKER.—Clara, Jersey City, July 17, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

BRANNIGAN.—Annie, 274 Lafayette St., Newark, July 18. Funeral to-morrow.

BULLARD.—Daniel, Glen Ridge, July 16.

CONDON.—Matthew, 202 13th St., Jersey City, July 18.

DADE.—Isaac, 16 Hoyt St., Newark, July 17.

DANIEL.—Joseph C., North Bergen, July 16, aged 62. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DONADY.—Mary, Hilton, July 18, aged 36. Funeral July 21, 2 P. M.

GREEN.—Amelia, 112 Murray St., Elizabeth, July 15.

GREEN.—Harry, Burlington, July 15, aged 54. Funeral private.

HALLEN.—Elden B., Cranford, July 16, aged 60.

HERGERT.—John L., Linden, July 16, aged 44.

HOFFMAN.—Frederick, 498 South 12th St., Newark, July 17, aged 90.

HOUSELL.—Kate E., New Brunswick, July 16. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

JETER.—Mildred, Orange, July 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LEARY.—William J., Newark July 15, aged 38.

McFADDEN.—Mary, 204 9th St., Jersey City, July 18.

MAGNER.—Michael, 321 Willow Av., Hoboken, July 17. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

MERGNER.—Elizabeth, 190 Belmont Av., Newark, July 17. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

METTLER.—Maude C., 17 East 49th St., Bayonne, July 17, aged 20.

MATTEOS.—S. M., Rockaway, July 17, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MEYER.—Frederick, Paterson, July 15, aged 82.

MOONEY.—Catharine, Millstone, July 16. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

MOYNAHAN.—Jeremiah, 47 Greenville Av., Jersey City, July 17.

NICHOLS.—Elizabeth, 489 Springfield Av., Newark, July 17, aged 53.

O'HARA.—Winifred, Paterson, July 15.

PAGANELLI.—Vitale, 638 Park Av., Hoboken, July 16, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

PAUL.—Henry V., Plainfield, July 16, aged 72.

SATTLER.—Joseph F., Elizabeth, July 17, aged 2 months.

SCHANCK.—Elizabeth M., New Brunswick, July 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SHADY.—Robert A., 29 Belmont Av., Jersey City, July 17.

SICKEL.—Welling G., Spring Lake, July 15, aged 53.

SMITH.—Mary J., Trenton, July 16, aged 51.

SNEATH.—Margaret J., Trenton, July 16, aged 57. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VAN RIPER.—Henry, Paterson, July 16, aged 78. Funeral to-day.

New York State.

BODDEN.—Lavinia, 113 Garden St., Poughkeepsie, July 16, aged 20.

BOLWELL.—William J., 7½ Pond St., Yonkers, July 15.

DARMSTADT.—Walter J., Barryville, July 16, aged 18. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

MILNER.—Isabella, 230 Hudson St., Yonkers, July 16, aged 34.

PURDY.—Clara W., Port Chester, July 16. Funeral private.

SALOMON.—Tillie, Piermont, July 17. Funeral to-day.

TIERNEY.—Thomas J., Poughkeepsie, July 15.

TRACY.—Charles, Winsted, July 15. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

VAN VOORHIS.—Arthur E., 115 Beech St., Yonkers, July 16, aged 4.

In Memoriam.

MULROY.—William J. Mass St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8:30 A. M.

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In June the Sunday edition of The New York Times published 199,116 lines of advertisements, a gain of 30,505 lines compared with the same month last year, and nearly twice the combined gains of the only two other New York morning newspapers making a gain on Sunday.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Strong—Trading More Active—Crop News Again Very Favorable.

TRACTION ISSUES ADVANCE

Liquidation Causes Drop in New York City 4¼s—Another Large Decline in Cotton.

More general appreciation of the improvement which has lately occurred in the conditions surrounding the crops was reflected on the Stock Exchange yesterday in a general forward movement in prices which included all but a few of the issues which figured in the day's transactions. The market was firm in the early trading, but the forward movement developed along much broader lines in the afternoon, when sharp advances in several of the active issues served to enliven the whole market and to lead up to a close which showed many gains of as much as a point, with a few net advances in prominent issues considerably in excess of that figure. The expectation that an agreement would soon be reached between the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the city in respect to the construction of new subways brought about a gain of nearly 4 points in the preferred stock of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company, and the movement in this issue was a factor which contributed to an important extent to the confident buying upon which traders entered during the closing hour of the session. One of the other conspicuous advances occurred in Union Pacific, which rose nearly 3 points. Less discouragement was given in well informed quarters yesterday to suggestions of a possible reconsideration of the plan for a segregation of the Union Pacific's investment assets, though it was repeated that absolutely no official discussion has lately been had of this proposal which was first advanced several years ago and which ever since has been in abeyance.

Reading, so far from reflecting any uneasiness over the move made by the Government to revise its complaint against that road under the commodity clause of the Hepburn bill, was as strong as the rest of the leading railroad issues and made a net gain in excess of the average. The improvement in the traction shares was not limited to the Interborough-Metropolitan issues, but extended to Manhattan Elevated, which showed a gain of 5 points. Brooklyn Rapid Transit rose but a small fraction, the day's expected developments in the subway situation bearing less directly on the Brooklyn company than on the Interborough property. The steel and copper shares joined in the forward movement, United States Steel ending the day with a net gain of an even point. Advices regarding the steel trade continued of favorable tenor. Among the exceptions to the forward movement in prices were the Wheeling & Lake Erie stocks and the second mortgage bonds of the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal, which issues are subject to assessments under the plan which has been under preparation for the reorganization of the Pittsburg Terminal.

Liquidation of New York City 4¼s, supposedly for the account of a trader in New York City bonds whose position had become somewhat extended, caused a sharp setback in the price of this issue. The forward movement which has lately occurred in New York City issues has been stimulated by the expectations entertained regarding the effect on the city bond market of recent legislative enactments and by hopes entertained in some quarters of the adoption of still further laws which would increase the demand for New York City issues. Rumors that a further issue of city bonds was contemplated in the near future led to inquiries by banking interests which failed to bring any confirmation of these reports.

Another sharp decline occurred yesterday in the cotton market, which felt the effect of heavy selling prompted by the fact that recent weather conditions in the South have improved the chances for a record yield of cotton. The weekly weather report recorded generally favorable conditions not only in the cotton but also in the grain States. The only unfavorable feature referred to in the cotton belt was that a little too much rain had fallen in Mississippi and Louisiana. This presents an interesting contrast to the reports which have been coming to hand for the past two and a half months in which lack of sufficient moisture has been the one unfavorable feature. Corn was lower again and wheat also closed at a slight decline from Monday's prices.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Public Service Investment Co. for dividends on common and preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Anaconda Copper, quarterly.
Atlanta & North Carolina.
Fulton Coal Co., annual.
Locust Gap Improvement, annual.

MEETINGS.

Chicago & Eastern Illinois, special meeting.
Virginia-Carolina Chemical, annual meeting.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Time money rates, 2½@2¾ per cent. for sixty days, 2¾@3 per cent. for ninety days, 3@3¼ per cent. for four months, 3¼@3½ per cent. for five months, and 3½@3¾ per cent. for six months.

Call money opened at 2⅜, highest 2½, lowest 2¼, and close 2¼. Renewals were at 2⅜.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3 per cent. for sixty days, at 3¼ per cent. for four and five months, 3¾@4 per cent. for seven months, and 4 per cent. for nine months.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $308,731,741; balances, $25,719,213; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,466,386.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8645; demand, $4.8625.
Paris—Cable, $5.19⅜ less 3-64; check, $5.20 plus 1-32.
Berlin—Cable, 95⅛ plus 1-32; check, 95 1-16 plus 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.18⅜; check, $5.19⅜ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40.29; check, 40.26.
Belgium—Cable, $5.21¼ less 1-32; check, $5.21⅛ plus 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London, Bankers'—Sixty days, $4.8455; ninety days, $4.8355.
London, Commercial—Sixty days, $4.84⅛; ninety days, $4.83⅜.
Paris, Bankers'—Sixty days, $5.21⅞; ninety days, $5.22½ less 1-16.
Paris, Commercial—Sixty days, $5.21⅞ less 1-16; ninety days, $5.23¼.
Berlin, Bankers'—Sixty days, 94 13-16; ninety days, 94⅝.
Berlin, Commercial—Sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94⅜ plus 1-32.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 5@15c premium; New Orleans, 50c discount; San Francisco, 20c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London, at 24⅝d per ounce, and in New York unchanged at 52⅞c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	July 17.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Recets., customs..	$558,855	$11,038,794	$11,038,794
Internal revenue.	285,841	12,486,245	12,486,245
Corporation tax..	10,260	1,279,838	1,279,838
Miscellaneous ...	162,784	2,666,325	2,666,325
Total receipts....	1,017,242	27,471,204	27,471,204
Expenditures	3,844,945	44,474,016	44,474,016
Deficit	2,827,702	17,002,812	17,002,812

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $30,780,861. In banks and Philippine Treasury, $33,844,142. The total balance in the general fund was $[illegible].

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales July 18, 1911 251,731
From Jan. 1, 1911 56,190,334
Same period last year 104,932,213

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
69⅝	69¾	2,500	Amalgamated Copper..	68½	69⅞	68½	69⅝	+1¼
59¼	59½	1,600	Am. Agricul. Chem....	58½	59¼	58½	59¼	+½
54⅛	54½	1,400	Am. Beet Sugar.......	53⅞	54	53¾	54¼	+⅞
86½	86¾	200	Am. Can pf...........	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	+⅛
57⅝	57¾	3,400	Am. Car & Foundry...	56⅛	57⅞	56¼	57⅝	+1⅛
57½	57¾	2,050	Am. Cotton Oil.......	56¾	57⅝	56¾	57⅝	+1¼
99	102	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf.....	101½	101½	101½	101½	−½
23	23⅜	400	Am. Ice Securities....	23¼	23¼	23	23	−½
41	41½	200	Am. Locomotive.......	40½	41	40½	41	+1
5	5½	300	Am. Malt.............	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	−⅛
42	44	100	Am. Malt pf..........	43	43	43	43	+1
80	80⅜	1,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref.....	79⅝	80½	79⅝	80½	+1¼
39½	41	200	Am. Steel Foundries...	39½	40	39½	40	+1⅜
137⅝	137¾	1,860	Am. Tel. & Tel........	137½	137⅝	137⅜	137⅝	+⅛
..	..	4,912	Am. Tel. & Tel. rights.	6 11-16	6 11-16	6½	6⅝	−1-32
95⅝	96	100	Am. Tobacco pf........	96	96	96	96	+1
91⅛	92½	100	Am. Woolen pf.........	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	−¼
39¼	39¾	110	Anaconda Copper Co...	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	−⅛
113⅜	113⅝	5,900	Atch., Top. & S. F....	112⅞	113½	112⅞	113¼	−½
131½	131⅞	200	Atlantic Coast Line....	131¼	131½	131¼	131½	+1⅛
109⅜	109½	800	Baltimore & Ohio......	109	109½	109	109½	...
..	..	73	Bank of Commerce.....	216	216	216	216	+⅝
61¼	61⅝	100	Bethlehem Steel pf....	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	...
82⅞	83	2,700	Brooklyn Rapid Tran..	82⅞	83¼	82¾	83	+1⅝
245⅝	245¾	14,100	Canadian Pacific......	244	245¾	244	245¾	+1¼
30¼	30¾	20	Central Leather Co.....	30	30	30	30	+2⅞
82¼	82¾	2,500	Chesapeake & Ohio....	82½	82⅝	82	82⅝	...
127⅜	127½	4,710	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul..	126½	127½	126½	127½	+⅝
153½	154	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf..	153½	153½	153½	153½	+1⅛
148	149	200	Chi. & Northwestern...	148	148¼	148	148¼	−¼
23½	23⅝	300	Chino Copper.........	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	+¾
35⅞	36	8,150	Colorado Fuel & Iron..	34⅞	36	34⅞	36	+1⅛
14⅞	15	700	Corn Products Ref.....	14¾	14⅞	14¾	14⅞	+⅜
170	171⅞	100	Delaware & Hudson....	171⅞	171⅞	171⅞	171⅞	+⅛
58½	58⅝	600	Den. & Rio Grande pf..	58	58⅝	57⅞	58⅝	−⅜
36⅝	36¾	400	Distillers' Securities....	36¼	36⅝	36¼	36⅝	+⅞
37¼	37⅜	8,700	Erie	36½	37⅝	36½	37⅜	+⅞
58⅞	59⅛	1,100	Erie 1st pf...........	58⅞	59⅛	58⅞	59⅛	+⅝
106	107½	100	General Chemical pf...	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	−⅛
5⅝	5¾	400	Goldfield Consol.......	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾	...
135⅝	135¾	7,800	Great Northern pf.....	135	135¾	134¾	135¾	+1⅝
60½	61½	100	Gt. N. certs. ore prop..	61	61	61	61	+½
19¾	19⅞	6,300	Inter.-Met. vot. tr. cfs..	18¼	19¾	18⅜	19¾	+1⅜
54⅞	55	17,400	Inter.-Met. pf.........	52½	55	52¼	55	+3¾
54¼	54½	4,400	Int.-M. pf. v.tr.cfs.ext..	51⅜	54¼	51⅜	54¼	+2½
122	123½	100	Int. Harvester.........	122	122	122	122	...
123⅞	125	100	Int. Harvester pf......	124½	124½	124½	124½	+¼
48½	49½	400	Int. Paper pf.........	49½	49½	48⅞	48⅞	−⅛
42⅜	42½	100	Int. Steam Pump......	42½	42½	42½	42½	+¾
89¼	89¾	200	Int. Steam Pump pf....	89½	89½	89½	89½	+½
18½	19	1,000	Iowa Central..........	18½	18½	18½	18½	+½
36½	37	50	Iowa Central pf........	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	−¼
107¾	108	200	Laclede Gas...........	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	+½
174⅝	175	1,700	Lehigh Valley.........	174½	175	174⅜	175	−⅛
155	155⅛	500	Louisville & Nash......	154¼	155	154	155	+1
74¼	75	100	Mackay Cos. pf........	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	−¼
140	141	1,100	Manhattan Elevated...	136½	140	136½	140	+5
..	..	2	Mechanics' & Met. Bk..	220	220	220	220	...
17	17½	100	Mercantile Marine pf..	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	+¼
21⅞	22	550	Miami Copper.........	21½	21⅞	21½	21⅞	+¼
31½	32¼	300	Minn. & St. Louis.....	31½	31½	31½	31½	...
142¼	142¾	700	M., St. P. & S. S. M....	142½	143	142½	142⅞	+⅝
36⅞	37	900	Mo., Kansas & Texas..	36¼	37	36½	36⅞	−⅛
49⅞	50⅛	1,900	Missouri Pacific	49¼	50	49¼	50	+1
127½	129	10	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.....	129	129	129	129	...
19	19½	125	Nat. Enam. & Stamp..	19½	19½	19½	19½	−⅛
107¼	109¼	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf.......	107⅝	108½	107⅝	108⅛	+⅜
19⅛	19⅝	100	Nev. Consol. Copper...	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	+½
109	110	900	New York Central.....	107⅝	109	107⅝	109	+1¼
45⅝	45⅞	200	N. Y., Ont. & West....	45⅝	45⅝	45½	45½	−¼
109	109¼	400	Norfolk & Western....	109	109½	109	109⅛	+½
132¾	133	6,000	Northern Pacific	131⅞	132⅞	131⅜	132¾	+1½
27⅞	28	200	Pacific Mail	27¾	27⅞	27¾	27⅞	+½
125⅛	125¼	800	Pennsylvania R. R.....	124⅝	125¼	124⅝	125¼	+⅞
106⅛	107	450	People's Gas, Chi......	105⅛	106⅛	105	106⅛	+⅛
20⅛	20½	200	Pittsburg Coal	20⅛	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	+⅛
84	84½	1,000	Pittsburg Coal pf.....	84	84	84	84	+1¼
160¼	162	195	Pullman Company	161	161	161	161	+½
2⅞	3	800	Quicksilver	2⅝	3⅛	2⅝	3⅛	+¾
4	5¼	200	Quicksilver pf.........	5	5⅛	5	5⅛	+2⅝
36½	38	120	R'way Steel Spring....	37	37	37	37	+¾
157⅞	158	25,400	Reading	156½	158	156	157⅞	+1⅝
29½	30	400	Rep. Iron & Steel......	29⅜	30	29⅜	30	+½
93½	93¾	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf...	93½	93½	93½	93½	−⅜
32½	32⅝	1,000	Rock Island Co........	32	32½	32	32½	+⅜
64½	65¼	100	Rock Island Co. pf.....	64	64	64	64	−½
118	..	100	Rome, Water. & Og....	119¼	119¼	119¼	119¼	...
67¾	68½	500	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf...	67½	68½	67½	68½	+¼
49⅛	49⅝	4,950	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf...	47	49⅝	47	49⅝	+2⅝
142	145	100	Sears, Roebuck & Co	142	142	142	142	+1
48	49	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	49	49	49	49	+⅛
123⅛	123¼	7,200	Southern Pacific	121⅞	123¼	121⅞	123¼	+1⅜
33⅛	33¼	5,800	Southern R'way ext....	32⅝	33¼	32⅝	33¼	+⅝
73⅞	74	800	South. R'way pf., ext..	73¾	73⅞	73⅝	73⅞	+⅛
51½	53	100	Standard Milling pf....	52	52	52	52	...
112½	113	600	Texas Co.............	112¾	113½	112½	113½	−1¼
28¾	29	100	Texas & Pacific.......	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	+⅜
11	11⅜	1,350	Third Avenue	10½	11⅜	10½	11⅜	+⅛
21	21⅝	300	Tol., St. L. & West....	21¼	21½	21¼	21½	+⅛
46	47¾	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf....	47⅜	47⅝	47⅜	47⅝	−½
109¼	109¾	400	Twin City R. Transit..	109	109½	109	109½	+1¾
97	98	281	Underw'd Typewriter..	97	97½	97	97½	+½
189⅝	189¾	85,900	Union Pacific	187¼	189⅞	187¼	189⅝	+2⅝
94⅝	94⅞	200	Union Pacific pf.......	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝	+½
55¾	56	400	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf..	56½	56½	56½	56½	+⅝
42	42¼	1,400	U. S. Rubber.........	41⅞	42	41⅞	42	+¼
79⅜	79½	84,100	U. S. Steel...........	78½	79½	78¼	79⅜	+1
118¼	118⅜	1,325	U. S. Steel pf.........	118⅛	118¼	118⅛	118¼	+⅛
50¼	50½	1,600	Utah Copper	49¼	50½	49⅛	50½	+1½
58⅞	59	3,800	Va.-Caro. Chemical ...	57¾	59	57⅞	59	+1½
85	90	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C....	87	87	87	87	...
..	..	100	Va. Ry. & Power pf....	80	80	80	80	...
35⅜	35½	200	Wabash pf............	35¼	35½	35¼	35½	...
64	65	550	Western Maryland ...	65	65	64½	64½	−⅞
81¼	81⅝	1,100	Western Union Tel....	81	81½	80¾	81½	+½
75½	76	100	Westinghouse E. & M..	75½	75½	75½	75½	+½
3⅛	3½	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie....	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	−⅝
8½	8¾	400	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf..	9½	9½	8¾	8¾	−1¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¼	100¾
2s, c., 1930	100¼	..
3s, r., 1918	101½	102¼
3s, c., 1918	101½	..
4s, r., 1925	113¾	115
4s, c., 1925	113¾	115
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100	100¾
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100	100¾
D. C. 3-65s	105	..
Adams Exp.	238	239
Allis-Chalm.	8	8½
Allis-Chalm. pf.	28½	31
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101¼	..
Am. B. S. pf.	97	101¾
A. B. S. & Fdy.	90	94
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	182	182¾
Am. Can	10⅛	11¼
A. C. & F. pf.	116	118
Am. Coal	75	100
Am. Exp.	230	236
A. H. & L.	4⅞	5
A. H. & L. pf.	25	26½
Am. L. Co.	10⅛	11½
Am. L. Co. pf.	30	31½
A. Loc. pf.	103	110
Am. S. pf., B.	89	89¼
Am. S. & R. pf.	106¾	107¾
Am. Snuff	200	..
Am. Sn. pf.	96½	..
Am. S. R.	117⅞	119½
Am. S. R. pf.	117	120
A. T. & C.	78	79¾
Am. W. Co.	32	32⅝
Am. W. Pa. pf.	29½	30½
Ann Arbor	20	40
Ann Arbor pf.	60	80
Asso. Oil	..	64
A., T. & S. F. pf.	102⅝	103
B. & O. pf.	89	91
Batopilas M.	1½	1¾
Beth. Steel	32⅝	33½
B. Un. G.	142	144
Bruns. Ter.	9	9½
B., R. & P.	110	120
B., R. & P. pf.	130	150
But'k Co.	29½	31
Canada So.	66	72½
Cent. Leath. pf.	99⅝	100½
C. R. R. of N. J.	280	288
C. & S. A. Tel.	118½	120
Chi. & Alt.	20	30
C. & A. pf.	40	65
Chi. Gt. W.	22¼	22½
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	44½	45½
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W. pf.	200	205
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	140	145
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	155	165
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	2½	2¾
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	5¼	6
C., C., C. & St. L.	58	59½
C. C., C. & St. L. pf.	94½	100
Cleve. & P.	167	..
Cleve. & P. Special	96	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	..	118
Col. & So.	54	56
Col. & So. 1st pf.	81½	82
Col & So. 2d pf.	75	80
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	14½	15⅜
Cons. Coal	102⅝	..
Cons. Gas	145⅜	146¼
C. R. & L.	70	75
Corn P. R. pf.	81¼	82
Crex Carpet	74	78
Cub.-Am. S.	38	42
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	89	92½
D., L. & W.	538	543
D. & R. G.	23¼	29
D. M. & Ft. D.	5¼	15
Det. Edison	110	..
Det. & M.	120	..
Det. & M. pf.	120	..
Det. U. R.	70	74
D., S. S. & A.	10	13
D., S. S. & A. pf.	20	27
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	80	..

	Bid.	Asked.
Erie 2d pf.	47¼	48
Ev. & T. H.	83	88
Ev. & T. H. pf.	83	88
F. M. & S.	28	36
F. M. & S. pf.	64½	67½
Gen. C. Co.	125	133
Granby Con.	30	60
Hav. E. R.	95	96
Hock. Val.	122½	135
Homestake	82½	84½
Ill. Cent.	143	144½
Ill. C. l. l.	94¼	..
Inger.-Rand.	100	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	100	..
Int. Paper	11½	12
Jol. & Chi.	161½	..
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	75	82
Kan. C. So.	34¾	35½
Kan. C. So. pf.	67½	68¼
K. & D. M.	6	8
K. & D. M. pf.	39	50
Lack. Steel	37¼	40
L. E. & W.	14½	17
L. E. & W. pf.	30	33
Lake Shore	325	450
Long Island	55	56
Mackay Cos.	86½	87½
Mah. C. R.	600	..
Md. C. pf.	50	..
Mer. Marine	4⅝	5¼
May Dept. Stores	82½	83¼
May Dept. Stores pf.	112	113½
Mich. Cent.	..	130
M. & St. L. pf.	47½	..
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	155	157
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	88	89½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	67½	69
N., C. & St. L.	155	165
Nat. Bis.	136	137½
Nat. Enam. pf.	95	97
Nat. Lead	56¼	56½
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	63	67
Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	30¼	31¼
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y. A. B.	70	75
N. Y., C. & St. L.	57	59½
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	102	107
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	85	90
N. Y. D. Co.	..	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	..	66
N. Y., N. H. & H.	139	141
N. Y. & R. Beach	46½	48¾
Norf. & W. pf.	81	91
North Am.	73	73½
Nor. Cent.	215	..
N. O. T. & Light	49	50
Ont. Mining	1¼	2¼
Pac. Coast	95	105
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	95	105
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	95	99
Peo. & E.	17	21
Pere Marq.	..	30
Pere M. 2d pf.	..	83
P., C., C. & St. L.	94	97
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	108	115
P., Ft. W. & C.	167	..
Pitts. St. pf.	103½	105¼
Pr. St. Car.	36½	37
Pr. St. Car pf.	101½	108
Pub S. C.	116	120
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	100	106
Rdg. 1st pf.	90½	92
Rdg. 2d pf.	96½	98
Rens. & S.	185½	..
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	135	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	56	60½
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	130
St. L. S. W.	31½	33½
St. L. S. W. pf.	70	72
S. S. S. & I.	..	112

	Bid.	Asked.
So. P. R. S.	80	88
So. P. R. S. pf.	107½	110
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	81½	88
Stand. Mill.	16½	18
Tenn. C. R.	41½	41¾
T. P. L. Tr.	89	95
T., P. & W.	16	..
T. R. & L.	7	7½
T. C. R. T. pf.	132½	145
Und. Typew. pf.	112	113
L. B. & P.	6	7
U. B. & P. pf.	55	59
Un. Cig. M. pf.	103	109
Un. Dry G.	105¾	107
Un. Dry G. pf.	106¼	107½
U. Rys. In.	36	37½
U. Rys. In. pf.	68	69¾
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	25	29
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	96½	99⅞
U. S. C. I. Pipe	15⅛	17
U. S. Exp.	95	98
U. S. R. & Impt.	75½	77
U. S. R. & Ref.	1	4
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	..	17
U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	112½	113½
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	76	77
U. & B. R.	165	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	125	128
Va. R. & P.	38⅛	39½
Vulcan Det.	16	19
Vulcan Det. pf.	60	70
Wabash	15⅞	16
W. F. Exp.	160	167
West. Md. pf.	81	85
Westingh'se 1st pf.	117⅞	120
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	4	4½
Wis. Cent.	67	68½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

The decline in corn and cotton prices was an influential factor in stimulating buying on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The improvement in the market was gradual until the last hour, when there was a rush of shorts to cover, under the impetus of which which several of the prominent stocks attained high quotations which were above the New York Stock Exchange top figures for the day. In some quarters the upward movement was credited to a discounting in advance of the expected passage by the United States Senate next Saturday of the Reciprocity bill and the subsequent possible early adjournment of Congress.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Amal. Copper...	68⅝	69⅛	68½	69⅝
240	Am. Beet Sugar.	53⅝	54½	53⅝	54¼
120	Am. Car & F...	56⅞	57⅞	56⅞	57⅞
770	Am. Cotton Oil..	56¾	57⅝	56¾	57⅝
20	Am. Ice	23⅛	23⅛	23	23
10	Am. Locomotive	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
130	Am. Sm. & Ref.	79⅝	80½	79⅝	80½
10	Anaconda	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
80	Am. T. & T.....	137⅝	137⅝	137⅝	137⅝
883	Am. Tel. rights.	6⅝	6⅝	6 9-16	6 9-16
840	Atchison	112¼	113⅝	112¼	113⅝
20	Balt. & Ohio....	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
190	Bklyn. Rap. Tr..	82⅞	83¼	82⅞	83¼
1,890	Cau. Pacific....	244¼	245⅝	244¼	245⅝
10	Cent. Leather...	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
120	Ches. & Ohio...	82½	82⅝	82½	82⅝
530	C., M. & St. P..	126½	127⅝	126½	127⅝
260	Col. Fuel	34⅞	36	34⅞	36
10	Corn Products..	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
60	Distillers	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
150	Erie	36⅝	37½	36½	37¼
70	Erie 1st pf.....	58⅞	59⅛	58⅞	59
850	Gt. Northern pf..	134⅝	136	134⅝	135¾
830	Inter.-Met.	18½	19⅝	18½	19½
730	Inter.-Met. pf..	52⅝	55	52	55
20	Iowa Central...	18½	18½	18½	18½
80	Lehigh Valley..	174½	175¼	174½	175¼
80	Louis. & Nash..	154⅜	154⅜	153⅞	154⅜
160	Mo., Kan. & T..	36⅝	37	36⅝	37
250	Mo. Pacific....	49¼	50	49¼	50
80	N. Y. Central...	108	108¼	108	108¼
100	N. Y., O. & W..	45⅜	45⅞	45½	45⅜
80	Norf. & West..	108⅞	109⅛	108⅞	109
230	Nor. Pacific....	132¼	133	132¼	133
50	Pacific Mail....	28	28	28	28
840	Penn. R. R.....	124⅝	125¼	124⅝	125¼
80	People's Gas....	105⅜	106	105	106
9,560	Reading	156⅝	158¼	156	158
160	Rep. Steel	29⅞	30	29½	30
120	Rock Island....	32⅛	32⅝	32⅛	32⅝
980	So. Pacific.....	122	123⅜	121⅞	123⅜
540	So. Railway....	32⅝	33⅛	32⅝	33⅛
40	Third Av.	11	11⅜	11	11⅜
8,980	Union Pacific...	187⅜	189⅞	187¼	189⅝
70	U. S. Rubber....	42	42¼	42	42¼
5,260	U. S. Steel.....	78⅝	79⅝	78⅝	79¼
80	Utah Copper ...	49⅜	49⅞	49⅜	49⅞
850	Va.-Car. Chem..	57⅞	58⅞	57⅞	58⅞
40	Wabash pf......	35¼	35⅝	35¼	35⅝
60	Western Union..	81	81	80¾	81

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,100	Atlanta	.16	.18½	.16	.18½
200	Belmont	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
200	Comstock	.26	.26	.26	.26
700	Jim Butler	.26	.27	.26	.27
500	Jumbo Ext.	.19	.19	.19	.19
1,500	Kewanas	.05	.05	.05	.05
300	Mexican	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85
500	MacNamara	.17	.17	.17	.17
200	Nevada Hills...	3.55	3.55	3.55	3.55
1,000	Oro	.06	.06	.06	.06
100	Portland	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
100	Tonopah Min...	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old....	108⅜	108⅞	108⅜	109
4½s, Nov., 1957, new...	108⅜	108⅞	108⅜	109
4¼s, May, 1917, old....	102½	103	102⅜	103
4¼s, Nov., 1917, new...	102½	103	102⅜	103
4¼s, Mar., 1930-60, old.	102½	102⅞	102⅜	103⅜
4¼s, Sept., 1960, new...	102⅝	102⅞	103⅛	103⅜
4s, May, 1959, l'chg...	99⅞	100⅛	100	100¼
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg...	99⅞	100⅛	100	100¼
4s, May, 1957, l'chg...	99⅞	100⅛	100	100¼
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg...	99¼	100	99¾	100
4s, May, 1919, l'chg...	99¼	100	99¾	100
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg.	89½	90	88¾	89
3½s, May, 1954, coup..	88⅞	89⅜	88⅞	89
3½s, May, 1954, reg...	88⅞	89⅜	88⅞	89
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg...	89	90	89⅛	90⅛

SALES OF BONDS.

Total sales July 18, 1911 .. $3,896,500
From Jan. 1, 1911 485,155,000
Same period last year 387,961,800

Panama 3s, when issued
1,000 .... 102⅝
Chinese Ry 5s, rcts, full paid
32,000 .... 98¾
10,000 .... 98½
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan
1,000 .... 94⅝
2,000 .... 94½
Rep of Cuba 5s
2,000 .... 103¼
1,000 103
U S of Mexico 5s
5,000 97
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
12,000 55
N Y City 4s, 1959
41,000 100
5,000 .... 100⅛
N Y City 4s, 1957
8,000 100
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000 100
N Y City 4¼s
27,000 .... 102⅝
10,000 .... 102⅝
5,000s10f 102⅝
7,000 .... 102½
temp receipts
1,000 .... 103¼
25,000 .... 103¼
1,000 .... 103⅜
5,000 .... 103⅛
25,000 .... 103⅛
45,000 103
55,000 103
100,000 103
135,000 .... 102⅞
25,000 .... 103⅛
N Y City 4½s, 1957
25,000s10f 108⅞
new
5,000 109
50,000s10f 108⅞
Adams Express 4s
2,500 87
Alb & Susq 3½s
10,000 .... 93⅛
Allis-Chalmers 5s
1,000 .... 76⅛
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
8,000 102
Am T & T conv 4s
5,000 .... 109⅛
19,000 109
Am T & T col 4s
6,000 .... 91⅛
Am Tobacco 4s
5,000 .... 87⅝
16,000 .... 87⅞
Am Tobacco 6s
3,000 .... 105¼
Am Writ Paper 5s
6,000 .... 91⅛
Armour & Co 4½s
3,000 .... 92⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s
7,000 .... 98⅞
24,000 .... 98⅞
adjsmt 4s, stpd
6,000 .... 91⅞
10,000 .... 91⅞
convertible 4s
10,000 .... 111⅞
6,000 .... 112½
conv 4s, 1960
66,000 .... 103⅝
175,000 .... 103⅞
10,000 104
Baldwin Loco 5s
1,000 .... 103½
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s
10,000s20f 92⅞
2,000 .... 92½
gold 4s
9,000 .... 98⅞
4,000 .... 98⅞
S W Div 3½s
2,000 .... 90⅞
Bethlehem Steel 5s
1,000 .... 95⅝
Bklyn Rapid Tran ref conv 4s
2,700 87
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
1,000 .... 106½
Chi & Alton 3s
8,000 .... 72½
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
1,000 .... 95⅝
Cent Leather 5s
2,000 .... 99⅞
3,000 .... 99⅞
Cent Pac gtd 4s
3,000 .... 97⅛
1,000 97
Cent Pac gtd 3½s
50,000 .... 91⅝
Cent Vermont 4s
2,000 .... 90½
Ches & O gen 4½s
2,000 101
convertible 4½s
2,000 96
12,000 .... 95⅞
C, B & Q gen 4s
25,000 .... 96⅞
3,000 .... 96⅞
C, B & Q joint 4s
2,000 .... 97⅛
24,000 .... 97⅛
20,000 97
registered
10,000 .... 96⅞
Illinois Div 4s
5,000 .... 99⅝
Nebr ext 4s
1,000 99
Chi & East Ill ref & imp 4s
4,000 .... 81¾
5,000 .... 81⅞
Chi Gt Westn 4s
10,000 .... 84⅝
Chi & N W con 7s
1,000 .... 109⅝
general 4s
25,000 98
C, R I & Pac 6s
1,000 110
Chi, Rock I & P Ry ref 4s
81,000 .... 89½
5,000 .... 89⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s
17,000 .... 75⅝
7,000 .... 75⅞
5,000 .... 75⅝
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A
4,000 .... 98⅝
Col Fu & Ir gen 5s
1,000 .... 101½
25,000 102
Col Industrial 5s
23,000 3 .... 75½
2,000 76
15,000 .... 76⅛
5,000 .... 76⅛
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s
9,000 .... 98⅛
Conn Ry & Lgt 1st & ref 4½s, stpd
1,000 .... 102⅞
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934
1,000 .... 96⅝
Del & Hud conv 4s
1,000 c 99⅝
Del & Hud 1st & refunding 4s
8,000 .... 98⅝
Dist Secur Corp 5s
27,000 .... 77⅝
Erie 1st general 4s
4,000 .... 79⅞
Erie 1st con 4s
1,000 .... 89⅝
1,000 .... 89½
Erie conv 4s, Ser B
5,000 .... 79⅛
10,000 .... 79⅛
Erie, Pa col tr 4s
6,000 .... 89⅛
20,000 .... 89⅜
2,000 90
Fla East Coast Ry 1st 4½s
3,000 .... 97⅝
Fremont, Elk & Mo Valley 6s
3,000 .... 127⅝
General Elec conv deb 5s
10,000 161
Gen Motors 6s
1,000 .... 99⅛
Green Bay & Wn deb Ctfs B
10,000 .... 13½
Ill Cent ref 4s
3,000 .... 96⅛
2,000 .... 96⅞
Inter-Met 4½s
5,000 79
86,000 .... 79⅛
15,000 .... 79¼
24,000 .... 79⅛
25,000 .... 79¼
25,000 .... 79⅛
77,000 .... 79¼
31,000 .... 79⅛
48,000 .... 79⅜
2,000 .... 79¼
10,000 .... 79⅛
5,000 .... 79⅜
registered
20,000 79
5,000 .... 79½
28,000 .... 79⅝
80,000 .... 79⅞
80,000 80
12,000 .... 80⅛
62,000 .... 80⅛
13,000 .... 80⅜
12,000 .... 80¼
5,000 .... 80⅛
10,000 .... 80½
26,000 .... 80¼
54,000 .... 80⅜
5,000 .... 80⅝
61,000 .... 80⅜
11,000 .... 80⅝
34,000 .... 80⅞
5,000 .... 80⅞
91,000 .... 80⅞
185,000 81
5,000 .... 81⅛
Interboro R T 5s
29,000 .... 103⅝
9,000 .... 103⅞
40,000 104
Internatl Nav 5s
2,000 .... 82¼
Int & Gt Nor 6s
4,000 .... 106⅝
Inter Paper 6s
3,000 .... 103⅞
10,000 .... 104½
Int Stm Pump 5s
8,000 .... 94⅝
Kansas City So 5s
2,000 .... 100⅝
Keok & D M 1st
1,000 102
Kings Co E L & P pur money 6s
5,000 .... 116¼

Lack Steel 5s, 1915
7,000 .... 93½
1950
25,000 .... 81⅞
10,000 .... 81¼
27,000 .... 81⅞
1923
2,000 .... 98½
L E & Wn 1st 5s
1,000 .... 109½
Lac Gas Lgt of St L ref & ext 5s
1,000 103
2,000 .... 101⅞
Lake S & Mich So 4s, 1931
10,000 .... 93¼
25,000 .... 93⅞
39,000 .... 93½
3,000 .... 93⅞
13,000 .... 93¾
La & Ark 1st 5s
2,000 .... 97⅛
Lou & Nash, Atl, Knox & Ch 4s
1,000 93
L & N unifd 4s
7,000 .... 99⅝
Ev, H & N 6s
2,000 .... 112¼
Manhattan con 4s, tax exempt
3,000 98
Minn & St Louis 1st & ref 4s
1,000 71
1,000 .... 70½
Mo, Kan & O 1st
2,000 .... 106⅝
M, K & T s f 4½s
2,000 .... 87⅝
3,000 .... 87½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
1,000 .... 97⅝
Mo Pacific 4s
1,000 .... 77¼
Mo Pac 5s, 1917
1,000 101
Mo Pac 1st con 6s
2,000 .... 108⅞
8,000 109
Mo Pac 5s, 1920
1,000 .... 100⅞
Mo Pac conv 5s
25,000 93
Mob & Ohio gen 4s
1,000 87
Morris & Co sinkg fund 4½s
10,000 .... 90⅝
Nash, Chat & St L 1st 7s
1,000 .... 103½
Nassau El R R 4s
1,000 80
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
1,000 93
N Y Air Brake 1st convertible 6s
2,000 .... 103½
N Y Cent, Lake Shore col 3½s
4,000 .... 79¾
Mich C col 3½s
3,000 .... 79⅜
N Y Cent deb 4s, 1934
2,000s20f 93⅝
N Y G, E L, H & Pow col tr 5s
2,000 .... 104¼
10,000 .... 104⅛
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000 .... 132⅛
14,000 .... 132⅛
2,000 .... 132⅛
N Y, O & W ref 4s
15,000 .... 95⅜
2,000 .... 95½
N Y, O & W gen 4s
10,000 .... 92⅞
N Y Teleph 4½s
14,000 .... 100⅞
Nor & Wn con 4s
1,000 .... 97⅝
divisnl 1st 4s
5,000 .... 92⅞
Northn Pac 4s
8,000 .... 99⅝
1,000 .... 99½
18,000 .... 99⅛
2,000 .... 99⅝
Northn Pac gen 3s
4,000 .... 71¼
N W Union 7s
1,000 115
Ore R & N con 4s
1,000 95
Ore Short L gtd refunding 4s
5,000 .... 94⅝
Ore Short L 1st 6s
1,000 .... 114¼
Ore Short Line 1st con 5s
2,000 .... 112¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
5,000 .... 99⅝
14,000 .... 99⅝
1,000 .... 99⅝
4,000 .... 99½
Penn conv 3½s, 1915
3,000 97
20,000 .... 96⅞
registered
15,000 3 .... 96⅞
14,000 97
Phil, Balt & Wash 4s, reg
5,000 .... 101½
Philippine Rwy 4s
7,000 86
Public Serv Corp sinking fund 5s
1,000 94
14,000 .... 93⅞
Reading general 4s
58,000 98
Read, Jersey Cent col 4s, reg
5,000 97
St L, Ir Mt & So Riv & Gulf 4s
1,000 .... 85⅝
3,000 .... 85¼
St L & San Fran R R ref 4s
2,000 .... 81⅝
St L & S F R R gen 5s
5,000 .... 89¼
St L S W con 4s
3,000 .... 80¼
12,000 80
St Paul, M & M 1st con 6s, red to 4½s
1,000 .... 105⅝
San A & A P 4s
7,000 .... 87¼
1,000 .... 87⅞
Seaboard Air Line adjustment 5s
13,000 .... 81⅝
10,000 .... 81¼
So Pac col 4s
10,000 .... 92¼
So Pac conv 4s
4,000 99
1,000 .... 98⅞
25,000 99
100,000 .... 99⅛
So Pac, San Fran Terminal 4s
5,000 .... 91⅛
So Pac 1st ref 4s
79,000 .... 95¼
So Ry gen 4s
33,000 .... 79⅝
37,000 .... 79¼
3,000 .... 79⅝
1,000 .... 79¼
16,000 .... 79⅝
1,000 .... 79½
14,000 .... 79⅝
So Ry 1st 5s
1,000 108
M & O col 4s
2,000 87
Mem Div 4½s-5s
1,000 109
Third Av con 4s, Trust Co ctfs stamped
1,000 .... 68¼
1,000 68
Ulster & Delaware 1st refg 4s
5,000 .... 85½
Union Pac 1st 4s
9,000 .... 101⅜
4,000 .... 101½
Un Pac conv 4s
70,000 .... 108¼
5,000 .... 108⅛
9,000 .... 108⅜
25,000 .... 108⅝
50,000 109
10,000 .... 108⅞
15,000 109
20,000 .... 108⅞
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s
5,000 .... 96⅛
3,000 .... 96⅛
Union Pac 1st 4s, registered
1,000 .... 100½
U S Rubber 6s
11,000 .... 104⅝
1,000 .... 104⅛
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
5,000 106
1,000 106
1,000 .... 105⅞
22,000 106
12,000 .... 105⅞
United Railroads of San Frn 4s
5,000 68
Va-Car Chem 5s
5,000 .... 100⅛
Va Midland gen 5s
3,000 108
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
10,000 .... 66⅛
3,000 .... 66¼
Wabash 2d 5s
1,000 .... 99⅜
Wab, Pitts Ter 1st, Cent Tr ctfs
1,000 .... 48½
4,000 .... 48⅜
Wab, Pitts Ter 2d, Trust Co ctfs
1,000 .... 3¼
2,000 3
Western Elect 5s
3,000 .... 102⅝
10,000 .... 102⅝
West Md 4s
7,000 .... 88¼
4,000 88
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
2,000 .... 94½
2,000 95
Wheeling & L E 1st con 4s
50,000 85

Losers' and finders' quickest meeting place is the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Houston Oil Preferred Is Again Active and Makes Gain of Two Points.

COPPERS ARE MOSTLY WEAK

Nipissing Closes Higher—Trading in Bonds Includes More Issues, but with Little Change in Prices.

There was continued activity in Houston Oil preferred on the Curb yesterday, and on sales of 3,200 shares it made a gain of two points. American Tobacco gained and Standard Oil lost a point on light trading. Copper shares generally were weak, Braden, Giroux, and British Columbia selling off. Nipissing was the only one of the Cobalts to show a gain, closing at 9¾. Kerr Lake was unchanged at 5 and La Rose Consolidated went up to 4 1-16, back to 3 15-16, and closed, as it opened, at 4. Trading in the bond division was fairly diversified, but price movements were inconsiderable, Oregon-Washington 4s making the only change of as much as 3-16.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Tobacco ...	385	386	385	386
400	Houston Oil ...	8¼	8½	8¼	8½
3,200	Houston Oil pf.	61	63	61	63
300	Inter. R. t. tcs	27	27	27	27
15,500	Man. Transit...	3¼	3½	3⅛	3 5-16
40	Standard Oil...	660	660	659	659
300	Studebaker Co..	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼
800	U. S. L. & H...	2	2	2	2
85	U.S.L. & H. pf.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
700	Braden Cop...	4 15-16	4 15-16	4⅞	4⅞
220	Brit. C. Cop...	5	†5	4⅞	4⅞
200	*Butte & Vip...	54	†54	54	54
7,000	*Cobalt Cent..	2	2	1	2
2,500	Con. Ar. Smelt.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 1-16	1¼
500	Giroux Mining..	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6¼
13,000	*Greenwater ...	5	5	5	5
800	Greene-Can....	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
500	Inspir. Copper...	8½	8½	8½	8½
500	Kerr Lake	5	5	5	5
1,000	La Rose Con....	4	4 1-16	3 15-16	4
50	McK.-Darragh..	¾	¾	¾	¾
2,200	Nevada Hills...	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
600	Nev.-U. M & S..	¾	¾	¾	¾
100	New Baltic C...	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
400	Nip. Mines Co..	9⅝	9¾	9⅝	9¾
1,100	Ohio Copper ...	1 11-16	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
500	Pacific Smelters	¼	¼	¼	¼
700	*Porcu. Central.	80	80	80	80
300	*Porcu. North'n	66	66	66	66
800	*Porcu. Towns'e	41	41	41	41
3,000	Preston East D.	39	40	39	39
100	Ray Central ...	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
350	So.Utah M. & S.	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
295	Tonopah Min...	5 11-16	5 11-16	5⅝	5⅝
200	Tuolumne Cop..	4 7-16	4 7-16	4⅜	4⅜
100	Tularosa	¾	¾	¾	¾
4,000	Wet. Silver M..	1¼	1¼	1 1-16	1 1-16
100	Yukon Gold M...	4	4	4	4

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$70,000	Chi. Elevated new 5s	98⅝	98 7-16	98⅜	98⅝
2,000	N. Y. C. 4½s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103
50,000	N. Y. State 4s, w. i.	104 15-16	104 15-16	104 15-16	104 15-16
15,000	Ore.-Wash. R. R. & Nav. 4s	92 11-16	92 11-16	92½	92½
1,000	Texas Co. 6s	100	100	100	100
10,000	U. S. Motor 6s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼
7,000	West. Pac. 5s	93	93	93	93

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	July 18. Bid.	Asked.	July 17. Bid.	Asked.
American Tobacco	385	387	385	390
Am. Writing Paper ...	2	2⅜	1½	2½
Am. Light & Traction	300	305	308	309
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	106	108	106	108
A., G. & W. I.	10	11	10	11
A., G. & W. I. pf.	20	21	20	21
Borden's Cond. Milk..	125	127	124	126
Borden's Cond. M. pf.	107	109	107	109
Braden Copper	4⅝	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
British Col. Copper...	4⅝	5	4⅞	5
Butte Coalition	18	19	17⅞	18
Chicago Subway	3⅝	4¼	3⅝	4¼
Cobalt Central	1	2	1	2
Con. Rubber Tire	..	4⅜	..	4⅜
Con. Rubber Tire pf...	25	29	25	29
Davis-Daly Copper	⅞	1	⅞	1
First National Copper..	1	1¼	1	1¼
Giroux Mining	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	6⅜
Greene-Cananea	7⅛	7⅜	6⅞	7⅛
Guggenheim Explor...	195	200	195	200
Int. & Gt. N. 5% notes.	97⅞	98½	100¼	101
International Salt	3	5	3	5
International Rubber..	26½	27	26⅞	27¼
Kerr Lake	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
La Rose Con.	4	4 1-16	4	4 1-16
Manhattan Transit	3¼	3 5-16	3	3 1-16
M., K. & T. 5% notes.	99⅜	99⅞	99⅜	99⅞
Mason Valley	9	9½	9	9½
Mason Valley 6s	108	112	108	112
Nipissing	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝
Ohio Copper	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1 11-16
Ray Central	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16
So. Bell T. & T. 5s....	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
Standard Oil	657	660	655	660
Studebaker Co.	65	66	65¼	66
Studebaker Co. pf....	106	107	106½	107
Texas Co. 6s	98	100	98	100
Tonopah Mining	5¼	5⅝	5 13-16	5 13-16
United Cigar Mfrs. ...	56	59	56	59
U. S. Light & Heat...	1 5-16	2	1 15-16	2
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8½	8⅝	8¼	8½
Western Pacific 5s....	92⅞	93	92⅞	93
Yukon Gold Mining.	3 15-16	4 1-16	3 15-16	4 1-16

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
1st week July..	$411,056	$391,506	$19,550
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—			
2d week July..	202,165	190,311	11,854
July 1-July 14.	354,812	380,623	*25,811
WABASH—			
2d week July...	521,478	524,760	*3,282
July 1-July 14..	1,045,917	1,048,013	*2,096
TEXAS & PACIFIC—			
2d week July...	239,404	252,935	*13,531
Jan. 1-July 14..	7,392,010	7,920,130	*528,120
CANADIAN PACIFIC—			
2d week July...	2,170,000	1,928,000	242,000
July 1-July 14..	4,266,000	3,950,000	316,000
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—			
2d week July...	454,134	463,950	*9,816
July 1-July 14..	903,790	910,852	*7,062
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
2d week July...	181,419	197,180	*16,451
July 1-July 14..	367,195	398,504	*31,309
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—			
2d week July...	437,100	446,100	*9,000
July 1-July 14..	872,600	868,300	4,300

*Decrease.

KINGS COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER and EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING CO. of Brooklyn for June—

June:	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross earnings..	376,141	352,906	23,235
Operat. expen...	198,145	172,712	25,433
Net over operat.	177,996	180,194	*2,198
Bond discount...	1,689	1,689	......
Totals	176,307	178,505	*2,198
Deprec. chgs....	42,713	39,535	3,177
Totals	133,594	138,970	*5,375
Fixed charges...	71,528	62,448	9,080
P. & L. surplus.	62,066	76,522	*14,456
Jan. 1 to June 30:			
Gross earnings..	2,342,061	2,107,060	235,001
Operat. expen...	1,165,547	997,112	168,435
Net over operat.	1,176,514	1,109,948	66,565
Bond discount...	10,134	10,134	......
Totals	1,166,380	1,099,814	66,565
Deprec. chgs....	272,400	243,522	28,878
Totals	893,979	856,292	37,687
Fixed charges...	392,287	357,041	35,246
P. & L. surplus.	501,691	499,250	2,441

THE PHILADELPHIA RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY for the year ended June 30, 1911.

Gross revenue..	21,529,469	18,761,147	2,768,322
Op. ex. and tax.	13,149,060	11,456,616	1,692,444
Net revenue ...	8,380,409	7,304,531	1,075,878
Interest & rent.	8,795,968	8,634,254	161,714
Deficit	415,569	1,329,723	*914,164
HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY—			
Week July 16...	47,201	43,642	3,559
Jan. 1-July 16..	1,273,031	1,149,432	123,599
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—			
2d week July...	135,000	154,000	*19,000
July 1-July 14..	261,000	300,000	*39,000

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

TWIN CITY LINES—	1911.	1910.	Increase.
1st week July.	183,360	163,317	20,043

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION for June and six months ended June 30—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	313,662	286,209	238,171
Exp. & taxes...	8,890	12,047	9,649
Net	304,772	274,161	228,522
Jan. 1 to June 30:			
Gross	2,010,311	1,800,031	1,546,980
Expenses	55,946	57,677	53,787
Net	1,954,365	1,742,354	1,493,192

NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION & LIGHT—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
1st week July..	57,951	57,416	535
Jan. 1-July 7...	1,093,896	992,193	101,704

UP-STATE BANK REPORT.

Reports of the State banks and trust companies outside of New York City for the week ended July 15, 1911, as compiled by the State Banking Department, show:

STATE BANKS.

		Decrease.
Loans and Discounts......	$97,614,600	$387,800
Total deposits...........	102,782,900	579,300
Total reserve	22,027,000	*189,400

Average reserve, 22.8%; reserve required, 15%.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	$150,638,200	*$452,400
Total deposits..........	160,283,100	360,700
Total reserve	24,062,600	789,500

Average reserve, 15.9%; reserve required, 10%.

*Increase.

Founded 1873
Tobey & Kirk
WILL BUY:
Am. Bank Note Com.
Am. Bank Note Pfd.
Am. Malting 1st 6s
Aragon Mills 5s, 1918
Aseptic Products Com.
Borden's Milk Com.
Borden's Milk Pfd.
Buffalo Gas Common
Childs (Restaurant) Pfd.
Royal Baking Powder Com.
WILL SELL:
Hecker Milling 1st 6s
Hudson Co. Gas 5s
Safety Car Ltg. & Ht.
Sloss Iron & Steel 1st 6s
Sloss Iron & Steel 4½s
United Lead Deb. 5s
U. S. Bobbin & Shuttle Com.
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100 J. G. White & Co. Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Mohawk Valley Stock
200 Republic Railway & Lt. Com. Stock
200 Portland Railway & Light Com. Stock
200 Richmond Light & R. R. Stock
200 Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd. Stk.
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
200 Autosales Gum & Chocolate Stock
100 American Chicle Pfd. Stock
100 Computing-Tabulating-Recording Stock
150 New York State Rys. Com. Stock
100 Singer Manufacturing Stock
25 Thompson-Starrett Com. (New) Stock
40 Thompson-Starrett Pfd. Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Canadian Pacific.

The ease with which Canadian Pacific stock mounts to new high levels when roads on this side of the border barely hold their own has been a frequent source of surprise. The stock sold up to 245⅝ yesterday, which established a new high price 60 points above the quotation a year ago. The stock pays 10 per cent. in dividends, and nobody seems to expect an increase at the coming meeting of the board. Union Pacific, which operates under somewhat similar conditions, pays 10 per cent. in dividends, but its stock is selling under 190. A large part of the difference in the price of the two issues is due to the Canadian road's land holdings. Stockholders think that in the near future a company will be organized to handle the unsold lands, and that when this is done the railway stockholders will receive an extra bonus in the shape of stock in the new subsidiary.

⁂

Oil and Tobacco Stocks.

While nothing definite has been learned as to the success which counsel for the Standard Oil Company and the American Tobacco Company are meeting in their efforts to reorganize the trusts in accordance with the Supreme Court's decision, the market seems to think that the tobacco company faces a much harder proposition. In the week before the oil decision was rendered the highest price touched on the Curb by Standard Oil stock was 679. It sold yesterday at 660, which for an issue which moves from 5 to 20 points in a day represents practically no decline. In the week preceding the tobacco decision, which was handed down May 29, American Tobacco sold up to 520. Yesterday's closing price was 386, a loss of 134 points. It was said that many of the certificates coming out were in the name of a banker who will shortly return to this country from England. Notwithstanding the decline in the price of the stock, it is generally believed in Wall Street that the dissolution of the American Tobacco Company will not cut into its enormous profits.

⁂

American Business in Russia.

A representative of an American forwarding and banking company has been investigating the prospects of the development of trade at St. Petersburg, with the object, it is said, of establishing a forwarding company there. The United States Consul at that port has reported that a great obstacle to trade between Russia and the United States is the lack of confidence which arises from the unfamiliarity of the two countries with one another's business methods. It is believed that an American forwarding company of high standing would compensate in some measure for the lack of an American bank in Russia and permit a more economical medium of exchange. A New York banker who is in close touch with Russian affairs says, on the other hand, that there is no occasion for a change in present methods. He calls attention to the amount of business done in Russia by International Harvester, Singer Sewing Machine, and the typewriter companies as evidence that there are no artificial restraints on traffic between the two countries.

⁂

Paying for a Strike.

The Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company is still carrying part of the heavy burden assumed as a result of its costly strike two years ago. In the year 1911 the company had total earnings of $21,500,000, but failed to earn its fixed charges by $416,000. At the end of last year it had a deficit of nearly $1,000,000 as a result of the strike. Moreover, to meet the increased expense entailed by proper maintenance and renewals, the company now plans to put 15 per cent. of the gross revenues back into the property for the next three years, which will produce a further estimated deficit of $1,5000,000 for that period. After that the company has strong hope of being able to earn a surplus for the stockholders. It is always more costly to neglect current maintenance and improvement needs than to care for them at the proper time, and the Philadelphia Rapid Transit appears to be paying for its inability properly to provide for its property during the strike periods.

⁂

Westinghouse Fight.

The efforts being made by George Westinghouse to get back some of his lost prestige in the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company have aroused less interest than might be expected, owing to the fact that Wall Street will not concede that the erstwhile President has any chance of carrying the forthcoming election. The bankers who financed the Westinghouse Company after its troubles in 1907 are standing by Chairman Mather, and the banking interests usually have the last word in a fight for control. It is said that the administration already has proxies for 63 per cent. of the outstanding stock. Some of these proxies may be revoked in favor of Messrs. Canda and Westinghouse, but the average stockholder is apt to side with the party in power.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. copper..	5	Apr. 1, '13	100⅜	100⅝	4.60
Am. Cigar B....		Mar. 15, '12	99⅞	100	4.00
Ann Arbor.....	5	May 1, '13	98½	99	5.60
Balt. & Ohio..	4½	Jun. 1, '13	100¼	100½	4.31
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov. 1, '14	100⅝	100⅞	5.70
Ches. & Ohio..	4½	June 1, '14	99¼	99¾	4.69
C., H. & D. pur. money....	4	July 1, '13	99	99½	4.27
Chi. & Alton..	5	Mar. 15, '13	99¼	99¾	5.14
Chi. Elev. Ry..		....	98½	98⅞	5.55
Erie	6	Apr. 8, '14	100¾	101	5.59
Gen. Motors...	6	Oct. 1, '15	99	99½	6.24
Gen. Rubber...	4½	July 1, '15	97	97½	5.21
Hudson Co....	6	Feb. 1, '13	98¼	98¾	6.81
Int. & Gt. N...	5	May 15, '14	97½	98¼	5.56
K. C. R. & L..	5	Sep., 1912	94	97	..
L. St. cv. deb.	5	Mar., 1915	93¼	93¾	6.94
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb., 1913	94¾	95¼	8.40
Mo., K. & T..	5	Jun. 1, '13	99¼	99¾	5.14
Mo. Pacific ...	5	June 1, '14	97¾	98	5.76
Nat. Ry. of M.	4	Jun. 1, '13	98¼	98¾	5.21
N. Y. Central..	4½	Mar. 1, '14	100¼	100⅝	4.35
Pac. T. & T....	5	Jan. 5, '13	100¼	100⅝	4.46
Pere Marquette.	6	July 1, '12	98	99	7.03
St. L. & S. F...	5	Mar. 1, '13	[illegible]	[illegible]	5.49
St. L. & S. F...	5	June 1, '13	98¾	99¼	5.47
Southern Ry....	5	Feb. 1, '13	100⅛	100⅜	4.58
Tidewater Co..	6	Jun. 1, '13	100¼	101⅛	4.99
West. T. & T..	5	Feb. 1, '12	100⅝	100⅞	4.00
Westinghouse..	6	Aug. 1, '13	101⅝	102	4.93

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday continued dullness was shown. Tin was weak at a recession of ¼c in the bid and ½c in the asking price. Copper, lead, and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard copper—	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Spot	12.10	12.30	12.10	12.30
July	12.10	12.30	12.10	12.30
August	12.10	12.30	12.10	12.30
September	12.10	12.30	12.10	12.30
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.70	5.75	5.70	5.75
Tin	42.00	42.50	42.25	43.00

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday, quotations there for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin, are here noted in the following tables. They are the last prices of the day and compare with the final figures of Monday:

	Tuesday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	56	13	9	56	13	9
Copper, futures	57	5	0	57	5	0
Pig tin, spot	193	0	0	194	5	0
Pig tin, futures	185	5	0	188	0	0

The market ended weak. Spanish pig lead was unchanged at £13 7s 6d. Cleveland warrants were steady at 47s. Spelter was unchanged at £25.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

George Crawford Clark, Jr., a member of the firm of Clark, Dodge & Co., was elected a Director of the Columbia Trust Company yesterday.

The $5,000,000 Chicago Railway Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds offered a few days ago by Harris, Forbes & Co. have been sold.

The Clearing House Committee of the Stock Exchange directed yesterday that a special clearance of American Telephone and Telegraph Company rights be made on July 26. The delivery price will be printed on the tape at 3:15 P. M. on July 25 and at 9:45 A. M. on July 26. Only hundred-share lots and multiples thereof will be cleared.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Chicago's Drastic Cut in the Price of Gas Has Little Effect on Stocks.

DIVIDENDS APPEAR SAFE

Holders Not Frightened by Prospective Loss in Gas Companies' Revenues.

There was an improved tone in yesterday's markets in other cities, which manifested itself in the disregarding of bad news.

In Baltimore yesterday Houston Oil continued strong and active, the preferred advanced one point and the common stock made a good fractional advance. A report was circulated to the effect that the Readjustment Committee of the Houston Oil Company, in conjunction with William Saloman & Co., is working upon an entirely new financial plan, and hopes to evolve one that will be acceptable to all interests. From a trustworthy source it is learned that the new plan will embody some of the features of both the old ones, A. C. L. convertible debenture 4s, which have been steadily absorbed, are still in active demand.

East Boston land was the principal stock traded in on the Boston Exchange, being very strong. A good many small lots of Telephone were bought and sold, but the changes in prices were of no consequence. The coppers were neglected, but had a firm undertone.

Response of the Chicago stock market to the action of the City Council in cutting the price of gas to an average of 70 1-3 cents in the next five years was exceedingly slow Tuesday. Instead of the big drop in prices of the gas securities which the friends of the ordinance had expected, they receded only fractionally. In fact, there was little indication that there was any idea among the holders of gas stocks that the effort to lower the prices would affect their dividends. On the Chicago Exchange there was practically no interest in gas stocks, and the one transaction recorded up to closing time showed a falling off of only three-quarters from yesterday's closing price. Commonwealth Edison, which in a measure is affected by the same conditions which govern the gas company, seemed to show sympathy for its sister stock. It sold off a half point on the opening transaction. Later, however, it became fairly active and almost regained its earlier loss, selling to one-eighth of the price at which it closed yesterday. A feature was the demand for Chicago Elevated Railways, when issued, though this failed to bring out much stock. The common sold at from 23 to 23½, compared with 22 last week, and 85 was bid for the preferred, without sales. There were advances in both issues of Sears-Roebuck, Illinois Brick, Hart, Schaffner & Marx, and some others, while Chicago Railways, Series 2 certificates, and Commonwealth Edison were among those which declined.

The announcement from City Hall yesterday morning that the new city loan had been more than subscribed for created a favorable impression in Philadelphia financial circles. The market opened quiet and firm, the news of heavy rains over the corn and cotton belts, with lighter rains in the Spring wheat States, was also a factor. Local traction shares were the features of strength and activity.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Aug.-Aiken pf	74	74	74
25	A. C. L. of Conn	250	250	250
25	Bank of Baltimore	170	170	170
200	Cons. Power	92½	92¼	92½
35	Cons. Power pf	99¼	99¼	99¼
10	Cons. Coal	103½	103½	103½
5	Citizens' Bank	41	41	41
5	Fidelity & Deposit	151	151	151
10	Fair. & Cl. Trac. pf	85½	85½	85½
5	First Nat. Bank	148	148	148
3,200	Houston Oil	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
3,695	Houston Oil pf	63	60¾	63
25	Maryland Casualty	95	95	95
55	Maryland Trust	91	90	91
25	Mercantile Trust	46½	46½	46½
25	Maryland Trust	146½	146½	146½
60	Seaboard Co. 1st pf	87½	87	87½
100	Seaboard Co. 2d pf	60	60	60
315	United Rys	19¼	19¼	19¼

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$75,000	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s	100⅛	100	100⅛
2,000	A. C. L. cons. 4s	94¾	94¾	94¾
1,000	A. C. L. of S. C. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
8,000	Balt. City 4s, 1958	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
1,000	Balt. City Pass. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Balt. Electric 5s	95½	95½	95½
20,000	Cotton Duck 5s	76⅝	76¼	76¼
1,000	Con. Gas 5s	109	109	109
1,000	Fair. & Cl. Tr. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝
2,000	Md. Electric 5s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
1,000	Norf. Ry. & Lt. 5s	100	100	100
1,000	North Balt. 5s	110	110	110
32,000	United Rys. 3-yr. 5s	99¼	99⅜	99⅜
1,000	United Rys. inc	64½	64½	64½
3,000	United Rys. 4s	86⅝	86½	86½
12,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	88¾	88¾	88¾

BOSTON.

RAILROADS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
65	Atchison	113¼	112⅞	113¼
30	Boston & Albany	222	222	222
1	Boston & Lowell	216	216	216
15	Boston & Maine	106¼	106¼	106¼
50	Boston & Worcester	12¼	12¼	12¼
10	Boston & Worcester pf	57	57	57
81	Fitchburg pf	125	125	125
50	Great Northern pf	135⅝	135⅝	135⅝
290	Maine Central rights	38	38	38
160	Mass. Elec	23⅝	23⅛	23⅝
29	Mass. Elec. pf	94	93½	93½
206	N. Y., N. H. & H.	139⅝	139¼	139¼
10	Norwich & Wor. pf	212	212	212
60	Rutland pf	40	40	40
85	Union Pacific	188⅝	187⅝	188⅝
69	West End	88	88	88
29	West End pf	102½	102½	102½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,882	American	137⅝	137¼	137⅝
13,151	Am. Tel. rights	6 11-16	6¼	6⅝
444	Mexican	4¼	4	4
210	Mexican pf	6½	6¼	6¼
2	New England	146	146	146
5	Western	20¾	20¼	20¾
48	Western pf	97½	97½	97½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
825	Am. Ag. Chem	59	58¼	59
156	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	104	103⅝	103⅝
5	Am. Pneu. Service	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
46	Am. Pneu. Service pf	16	15	15½
27	Am. Sugar Ref	119¼	119	119
30	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	119	118	119
75	Am. Woolen pf	92	91⅝	91⅝
52	A., G. & W. I. S. S.	10¼	10¼	10¼
2,160	East Boston Land	11½	10¼	11⅛
305	Eastern S. S.	92¼	92¼	92¼
43	Edison	282	282	282
116	General Electric	162	161¾	161¾
35	Mass. Gas	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
27	Mass. Gas pf	95½	95½	95½
43	Pullman	162	161½	162
10	Reece Buttonhole	14	14	14
3	Seattle Elec	110½	110½	110½
140	Swift	102¼	102	102
132	United Fruit	197	195¼	195¼
68	United Shoe Machy	51¼	51	51
61	United Shoe M. pf	29	28¼	29
1,350	U. S. Steel	79⅝	78⅛	79⅝
26	U. S. Steel pf	118¼	118	118¼
10	Western Union	81	81	81

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
45	Adventure	6	6	6
640	Amalgamated	69⅞	68¾	69⅞
18	Batopilas	2	2	2
200	Bonanza	50c.	50c.	50c.
25	Butte Coalition	18	18	18
80	Butte-Balaklala	4¾	4¾	4¾
213	Calumet & Ariz	57	57	57
22	Calumet & Hecla	445	445	445
10	Chino Copper	23¾	23¾	23¾
150	Cons. Mercur	5c.	5c.	5c.
21	Copper Range	60¼	60¼	60¼
15	Daly-West	6	6	6
390	East Butte	13⅞	13¾	13⅞
300	Elm River	10c.	10c.	10c.
50	Franklin	11¾	11¾	11¾
605	Giroux	6 7-16	6¼	6¼
30	Granby	38⅞	38¾	38⅞
180	Greene-Cananea	7¼	7	7⅛
10	Hancock	28¼	28¼	28¼
40	Helvetia	1¼	1	1
50	Indiana	13¼	13¼	13¼
100	Inspiration	8½	8⅛	8½
254	Island Creek	38	37½	37⅝
105	Isle Royale	17	17	17
275	Kerr Lake	5¼	5 1-16	5¼
50	Keewenaw	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
115	Lake	37	36	37
25	Mass	8	8	8
100	Mayflower	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
215	Miami	21⅝	21½	21⅝
5	Mohawk	48	48	48
10	Nevada	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
495	New Arcadian	3⅜	3	3
392	Nipissing	10	9⅞	9⅞
725	North Butte	33	32⅞	33
500	Old Colony	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
80	Old Dominion	47	47	47
5	Osceola	103	103	103
45	Parrot	12¼	12¼	12¼
5	Quincy	74	74	74
10	Ray Cons	17¼	17¼	17¼
1,600	Shannon	10⅛	10	10⅛
50	Shattuck-Arizona	17	17	17
330	Sup. & Boston	5⅛	5	5
2	Trinity	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
100	Tuolumne	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
54	U. S. Smelting pf	48¾	48¾	48¼
200	Utah Apex	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
60	Utah Cons	17¼	17	17¼
855	Utah Copper	49⅝	49	49⅝
290	Victoria	1⅝	1⅝	1½
37	Wolverine	109	109	109
90	Wyandotte	1½	1½	1½

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$18,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	91¾	91¾	91⅞
5,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	108⅞	108¾	108¾
600	A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	91	91	91
1,500	A., G. & W. I. S.S.5s	70	70	70
7,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	97⅞	97	97⅞
2,000	West. T. & T. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
42	Booth Fisheries pf	65¾	65¾	65¾
71	Canal & Dock	51	51	51
109	Chicago Pneu. Tool	51	51	51
365	Chi. Rys., Series 2	28¼	27¾	27⅞
50	Chicago Subway	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
36	Chi. Elevated Rys	23½	23	23
115	Com. Edison	136⅞	136½	136⅞
190	H. S. & M. pf	102⅝	102½	102⅝
10	Diamond Match	105	105	105
50	Illinois Brick	54¾	54½	54½
50	McCrum-Howell pf	96½	96½	96½
30	National Carbon	113	113	113
100	People's Gas	105¼	105⅛	105¼
79	Sears-Roebuck	142½	142¼	142½
81	Sears-Roebuck pf	121	120½	121
119	Swift & Co	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
100	United Boxboard	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
100	U. S. Steel	78¾	78½	78½
70	Western Stone	23⅝	23½	23½

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$16,000	Chi. Rys. 4s B	88	88	88
7,000	Chi. Rys. 4s B	87¾	87¾	87¾
5,000	Chi. Telephone 5s	103¼	103⅛	103¼
2,000	Commonwealth E. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
2,000	Met. Elev. exten. 4s	82¾	82¾	82¾
6,000	Met. Elev. gold 4s	86	86	86
1,000	Mutual Fuel 5s	101½	101½	101½
1,000	Northwestern E. 4s	100	100	100
10,000	Ogden Gas 5s	93	93	93
2,000	Ogden Gas 5s	93½	93½	93½
4,000	South Side E. 4½s	95¼	95¼	95¼
1,000	South Side E. 4½s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Am. Mlg.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4	Cam. Iron	44	44	44
31	Cam. Steel	45¼	45⅛	45¼
200	Con. Tr., N. J.	76½	76½	76½
25	Elec. Co. Ama	12¼	12¼	12¼
100	Gen. Asphalt pf	73	73	73
24	Ins. Co. N. A.	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
160	Inter. Met.	19½	19⅜	19½
100	Inter. Met. pf	53	53	53
140	Lake Sup. Cpn	27	26½	27
70	Lehigh Valley	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
190	Lehigh Nav.	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
125	Leh. Val. Tr. pf. t. c.	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
1,026	P. R. T.	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
2,035	P. R. T. t. c.	22⅜	22	22⅜
256	Penn. R. R.	62⅝	62 5-16	62⅝
125	Penn. Salt Mfg	113	112½	112½
85	Phila. Co. pf	44	43⅞	44
341	Phila. Elec.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
800	Reading	79	78 3-16	79
100	Southern Ry.	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞
25	13th & 15th Pass	253	253	253
3,992	Tonopah-Belmont	6 9-16	6 7-16	6½
267	Tonopah Mining	5 11-16	5½	5⅝
108	U. G. I.	88¼	87⅞	87⅞
2,540	U. S. Steel	79	78¾	79
1,525	Un. Trac.	52⅝	52	52⅝
400	Va. Ry. & Pw	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝
160	Va. Ry. & Pw. pf	80	79½	79½
125	Warwick I. & S.	10	10	10
200	Wash. & Va. Rys	41½	41½	41½
75	West Jersey & Sea	55	55	55

PITTSBURG.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Crucible Steel pf	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞
25	Fireproofing	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
120	Fireproofing pf	26¾	26¾	26¾
200	Ind. Brewing	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
120	Ind. Brewing pf	27	26⅝	26⅝
3,808	Mfrs. L. & H.	23⅜	22½	23⅜
10	Pitts. Brewing	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
80	Pitts. Brewing pf	43¼	43¼	43¼
10	Pitts. Coal pf	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜
45	Pitts. Plate Glass	107½	107	107
230	Pure Oil	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
290	River Coal	10	10	10
840	River Coal pf	34½	33¾	34¼
2,500	San Toy	38c.	36c.	38c.
20	U. S. Steel	79¼	79¼	79¼
318	Westing. Air Brake	150	148⅜	150
46	West. Penn. Ry. pf	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝

BANK.

		High.	Low.	Last.
5	West End Sav. & Tr.	150	150	150

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Ind. Brew. 6s	90¼	90	90
2,000	Pitts. Brewing 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.05	Mexican	3.72½
Andes	.13	Occidental Con	.65
Belcher	.02	Ophir	2.02½
Best & Belcher	.31	Overman	.45
Caledonia	.50	Potosi	.22
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.05	Savage	.18
Con. Imperial	.03	Sag Belcher	.15
Crown Point	.41	Sierra Nevada	.44
Gould & Curry	.14	Union Con	1.45
Hale & Norcross	.17	Utah Con	.11
Julia	.06	Yellow Jacket	.35
Justice	.11		

TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.08
Belmont	6.65	Florence	1.32½
Jim Butler	.28	Goldfield Con. M.	5.65
McNamara	.17	Goldf'd Kewanas	.05
Midway	.17	Goldf'd Merger	.18
Montana	.68	Great Bend	.01
North Star	.13	Jumbo Exten	.18
West End	.54	Lone Star	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.01
Atlanta	.18	Silver Pick	.05
Booth	.09	Nevada Hills	3.62½
Comb. Fraction	.09		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Askked.		Bid.	Askked.
Dr. Jackkpot	5½	6	Jackpot	5	5½
Elkton	60	61½	McKinney	35	38½
El Paso	50	51	Old Gold	2¾	
Findlay	3	5	Portland	97	101
Gold Dollar	14½	16	Vindicator	71	76
Isabella	10	11	Jen. Samp.		9½

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London Exchange Dull—Spanish Securities Weak in Paris.

LONDON, July 18.—Money was plentiful and discount rates were steady to-day.

A small failure in the West African section did not affect the stock market, which was generally dull and easy, owing to profit taking. Consols, home rails, and Mexican rails declined, but Kaffirs and foreign securities were steady.

American securities were steady and prices ruled from ¼ to 1¼ points above parity during the afternoon. Canadian Pacific was firm and active and touched 252, a new high record. Light Wall Street buying caused additional gains in the afternoon, and the market closed steady at a fraction below the best.

Money, 1 per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 1 11-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 1⅛@1 15-16 per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.25; at Lisbon, 8.

PARIS, July 18.—Trading was dull on the Bourse to-day. Spanish securities were weak, on account of the Moroccan situation.

Three per cent. rentes, 94f 87½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 28c for checks.

BERLIN, July 18.—Trading was generally quiet on the Boerse to-day, but Canadian Pacific and a number of specialties were active and strong.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 45 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 2 per cent.

Private rate of discount, 2¼ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	78⅝	..	..	−3-16
Consols, account	78 15-16	..	..	−3-16
Anaconda	8⅛	39¼	39	+½
Atchison	115⅛	112⅞	112¼	+¼
Canadian Pacific	251⅝	244⅝	242⅞	+1½
St. Paul	130¼	126¾	126⅞	+⅜
Erie	37⅝	36⅝	36⅛	+⅝
Erie 1st pf	60¼	58⅝	58½	..
Illinois Central	147	143	143	..
Louis. & Nash	158⅞	154⅝	154	+½
N. Y. Central	111½	108⅝	107⅞	+⅝
Pennsylvania	64⅛	124⅜	124⅝	+⅜
Reading	80½	156⅝	156⅞	+½
Southern Pacific	125½	122⅛	121⅞	+⅞
Union Pacific	192⅞	187⅝	187	+⅜
U. S. Steel	80⅝	78⅝	78⅝	+⅛
U. S. Steel pf	121⅛	118⅝	118⅝	+¼

Exchange 4.86½.

PANAMA RECEIPTS SALABLE.

Stock Exchange Ruling That Deliveries Needn't Await the Actual Bonds.

The Stock Exchange Committee on Securities ruled yesterday in favor of the acceptance of the delivery of temporary receipts in fulfillment of contracts for bonds of the new Panama Canal issue. The subscribers for the bonds had expected that they would be issued forthwith, but in the case of coupon bonds there has been delay and the Government resorted to the use of temporary certificates. There has been some question as to whether these should be accepted on Stock Exchange contracts.

The committee's ruling specifies that contracts must be settled on July 25 by delivery of the receipts, and that the accrued interest on contracts shall be adjusted by deducting from the contract price the unaccrued interest from July 25 to Sept. 1, viz., thirty-six days, $3 per $1,000 bond. This interest rule is in agreement with the understanding on which most of the sales were made.

WESTINGHOUSE ASKS FOR NEW CONTROL

Joins Canda in Appeal for Proxies to Change Management of Electric Company.

CALLS THE NEED IMPERATIVE

Pittsburg Banks Which Subscribed to Assenting Stock Supposed to Back the Plea for Earned Dividend.

Robert Mather, Chairman of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, refused to take any notice yesterday of the circular letter sent to all of the company's stockholders by Charles J. Canda, in which they were asked to send their proxies for the annual meeting to George Westinghouse and himself.

Mr. Canda is supposed to have the backing of Pittsburg banks which subscribed at par to assenting stock in the Westinghouse Company to help it out of its receivership troubles, while Mr. Mather and his associates in power are representative of the New York banking interests which were creditors of the company at the time of its failure in 1907.

Mr. Canda thinks that it is time the Westinghouse Directors declared a dividend on the assenting stock. The company's annual report for last year showed a surplus of $4,601,000 earned, which is equivalent to 12½ per cent. on the common stock, but Mr. Mather pointed out in the report that it had been necessary to charge off in the past two years the sum of $12,000,000 on account of bad investments. He said that further readjustments of the kind must be made in the future.

George Westinghouse issued a letter from Pittsburg yesterday in which he adds his appeal to that of Mr. Canda. Mr. Westinghouse says that a change of management and policy for the company is imperative. His letter to the stockholders follows:

In view of the circular, dated July 15, 1911, issued by Charles J. Canda, who was a member of the Stockholders' Committee of 1908, I now feel called upon to state to the stockholders that in my opinion it is advisable that the following steps should be taken in order to protect their interests and to secure an early resumption of the payment of dividends on the common stock, viz.:

1. The four Directors to be elected at the annual meeting on the 26th inst. should be nominees and representatives of the stockholders who will feel that they have no interests to serve or consider, directly or indirectly, except those of the company and its stockholders, and who can devote the necessary time to its affairs.

2. The two vacancies practically existing at the present time, by reason of the resignation of Richard Delafield and the illness and incapacity of Charles A. Moore, should be filled at the annual meeting, and not reserved for subsequent action by the board. As there are sixteen Directors, the election at the present time of six Directors to represent the stockholders would probably insure a change of policy and management.

3. An independent stockholders' committee should be appointed at the annual meeting, with powers and instructions fully to investigate the management of the company and its finances since the reorganization, in 1908, to ascertain whether the large cash working capital then principally supplied by the stockholders has been duly conserved, to examine the officers and records and books of account of the company, and to report promptly the result of such investigation at an adjourned meeting of the stockholders. I believe that a thorough and impartial investigation will be of greatest aid to the stockholders in determining their future action.

4. The Board of Directors should be readjusted so as to be more representative of the stockholders' interests. The by-laws should be amended so as to dispense with the present proxy committee, which does not represent the stockholders, but was organized in the interest of creditors. The provision of the by-laws for the classification of Directors should be amended so that the stockholders may elect a majority of the board at any annual election. As the by-laws now stand, it will take three years for the stockholders to elect a majority of the board to represent them and manage the company in their interest. While due representation on the board may be accorded to present creditors whenever deemed necessary, the whole control and management should not be left with the representatives of past creditors and kept indefinitely in their hands. With the exception of myself and a few other members of the board, the Directors hold comparatively little stock, and were all originally nominated by and to represent creditors.

I am profoundly convinced that the recent policy and management of the company have been ill-advised; that the just rights and expectations of the stockholders have been disregarded, and that a change of policy and management is imperative. As I am the largest individual stockholder, and more largely and vitally interested as a stockholder than any other individual or group of individuals, it is not only my interest, but, I believe, my duty to urge the stockholders, whether of preferred or common stock, to send their proxies as requested in Mr. Canda's circular, to the end that their interests may be adequately protected and safeguarded.

GEORGE WESTINGHOUSE.

Chartered 1836
Girard Trust Co.
PHILADELPHIA
Capital and Surplus $10,000,000
E. B. Morris, President

IS
1912 AND 1913
TO BE LIKE
1892 AND 1893?
A booklet treating on this question will be mailed gratis on request.
Address—Compiling Office of the Babson Statistical Organization at Wellesley Hills, Mass.
Largest Organization of its class in the United States.

DIVIDENDS.

THE McCRUM-HOWELL COMPANY
New York-Chicago.
29th CONSECUTIVE PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

A quarterly dividend of One and Three-fourths Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company has been declared, payable August 1st, 1911, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business July 22d, 1911. Books close at 3 P. M. Saturday, July 22d, 1911, and reopen Wednesday, August 2d, 1911.

L. PRESTON GATES, Ass't Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M., Tuesday, August 1, 1911, for CONTRACT Y, for furnishing and delivering any or all of the following classes of supplies:

Class B C—Stationery and printed forms.
Class D —Miscellaneous hardware.
Class O —Engineering supplies.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5.00) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

Money for Travelers

Travelers going abroad will find it of distinct advantage to use the Letters of Credit issued by this company on its own correspondents and available in any part of the world. By reason of the extensive foreign exchange business conducted by the Guaranty Trust Company, these Letters of Credit may be cashed at any bank in every important foreign city.

Fifth Avenue Branch
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
Member New York Clearing House
Fifth Avenue & 43rd Street
Telephone, 2600 Bryant
Main Office, 28 Nassau St. London Office, 33 Lombard St.

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus, $400,000
Deposits - - - $6,000,000

Merchants and others of responsibility and standing, who appreciate the services and facilities afforded by a conservative bank, and contemplate any change in their banking arrangements, or the opening of a new account, are invited to consider relations with this bank.

UNION CLUB.
NOTICE OF RETIRING OF BONDS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons owning, holding, or in anywise interested in the bonds of the Union Club of the City of New York, that pursuant to the clause contained in said bonds providing for the retirement thereof, the Governing Committee of said Club has selected by lot for retirement the bonds of the said Union Club of the denomination of one thousand dollars each, bearing the following numbers: 15, 114, 151, 152, 207, 214, 248, 250, 306, 325, 331, and 335.

And the said Union Club further notifies all said persons that the above enumerated bonds will be retired upon the 1st day of August, 1911, at par and accrued interest, and that the said enumerated bonds will cease to bear interest on that day.

And all persons owning and holding any of the said enumerated bonds are hereby required to present same to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company at 22 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or after August 1st, 1911, for payment.

UNION CLUB,
By its Governing Committee,
F. N. LAWRENCE, President.
HOWARD TOWNSEND, Secretary.
New York, April 12th, 1911.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
FIFTEENTH YEAR.
OVER $2,000,000 NET ASSETS
CONVERTIBLE BONDS
YIELDING A GUARANTEED INCOME OF 6.66%
and participating in the profits of an estate with 13 miles of Avenue and Street frontage
Our Circular E will interest you.
Why not write for it to-day?
METROPOLITAN DEPT.,
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

DIVIDENDS.

JULIUS KAYSER & CO.
New York, July 14, 1911.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent (1¾%) on the first preferred stock and of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the second preferred stock of this company has been declared, payable August 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 25th, 1911.

The books of this company will be closed for the transfer of shares of the first preferred stock and of the second preferred stock of this company from the close of business, July 25th, 1911, to the opening of business, August 1st, 1911.

Dividend checks will be forwarded by Standard Trust Company of New York.

EDWIN S. BAYER, Treasurer.

Boonville, St. Louis and Southern Railway Company.

Holders of First Mortgage Bonds of the Boonville, St. Louis and Southern Railway Company, issued under and secured by an indenture of mortgage and deed of trust to Lewis C. Nelson and Thomas G. Portis, trustees, dated August 1, 1881, maturing August 1, 1911, will receive payment of principal and interest on presentation and surrender of the said bonds with the coupons thereon at the American Exchange National Bank, No. 128 Broadway, in the City of New York, N. Y., on August 1, 1911.

Dated New York, July 14, 1911.

BOONVILLE, ST. LOUIS AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
By B. F. BUSH, President.

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT CO.,
PORTLAND, ORE.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 4.

The regularly quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths (1¾) per cent. on the preferred stock of Pacific Power and Light Company has been declared for the quarter ending July 31st, 1911, payable on the first day of August, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20th, 1911, on which date the Transfer Books will close and re-open on August 1, 1911.

E. P. SUMMERSON, Treasurer.

The Napa Consolidated Quicksilver Mining Co.

The Napa Consolidated Quicksilver Mining Company will pay Dividend No. 1 of 40c per share in liquidation on July 20, 1911, upon surrender at the office of the Treasurer, Room 920, 141 Milk St., Boston, Mass., of certificates of stock in said company, duly indorsed over in blank, for which the company will issue a receipt signed by the Treasurer, entitling the holder to receive the final dividend when declared.

W. B. BUCKMINSTER, Treasurer.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.
25 Broad Street, New York.

Coupons due August 1, 1911, from this company's five per cent. gold notes will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the offiec of the company.

Six months' interest due August 1, 1911, on this company's one-year 6 per cent. notes will be paid on and after that date upon presentation of said notes to have such payment stamped thereon.

F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE CONSOLIDATED COAL COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS:

The bonds secured by first mortgage on the property of The Consolidated Coal Company of St. Louis will mature on the First day of September, 1911, and are payable on that date at the office of the Mercantile Trust Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York City. A new first mortgage is to be placed on the property of the Company to replace the maturing mortgage. The new mortgage and the bonds secured thereby will bear interest at the rate of Six Per Cent. per annum, and will mature on September 1, 1941. Provision will be made in this mortgage for the establishment of a Sinking Fund.

Holders of bonds maturing September 1, 1911, are offered the privilege to exchange their bonds for bonds of the new issue, on equal terms—bond for bond. Bondholders desiring to avail themselves of this privilege must give notice, either to the undersigned or to the Mercantile Trust Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, on or before August 1, 1911.

The Consolidated Coal Company of St. Louis,
By W. L. SCHMICK, Vice President,
Syndicate Trust Building, St. Louis, Mo.

LOST—COUPONS OF CHICAGO & ALTON 3½, 1950; 16, Nos. 1983 to 1998, inc.; 2, 1999 to 2000, inc.; 16, 1951 to 1966, inc. Also coupons of Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific 6%, due 1917, 4, Nos. 4523 to 4526, inc.; 2, 4776 to 4777, inc.; 1, 4857; 2, 4869 to 4870, inc.; 3, 4881 to 4883, inc.; 13, 5302 to 5314, inc.; 2, 5340 to 5341, inc.; 3, 5588 to 5590, inc. Payment on these coupons has been stopped. Finder please notify Jas B. Colgate & Co., 36 Wall Street, New York.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
Founded 1888. Banking Department Supervision. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before July 31st earn from Aug. 1st. Begin now or write for Booklet A. 38 Park Row, N. Y. C.
4½%

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

WESTINGHOUSE
Electric & Manufacturing Company,
East Pittsburg, Pa.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
To the Stockholders of Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company:

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company will be held at the chief office of the company, in the Borough of East Pittsburg, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, July 26th, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other busines as may properly come before the meeting. At such meeting amendments to the by-laws of the Company will be considered and acted upon, changing the date of the annual meeting of stockholders, amending Article IV. relating to the meetings of the Board of Directors, and amending Articles IX. and XI. relating to the duties of the Treasurer and the Auditor. All of the former non-assessing stock of the Company having been exchanged for assenting stock, which now constitutes the only class of the stock of the Company now outstanding other than the preferred stock, a resolution will be considered and acted upon that the assenting stock be hereafter denominated common stock. The stock transfer books will be closed on the 15th day of July, 1911, at 12 o'clock M., and opened on the 27th day of July, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JAMES C. BENNETT, Secretary.
Dated June 16, 1911.

POWELL & GIBERSON LINEN COMPANY.—Notice of Meeting.—A special meeting of the stockholders of POWELL & GIBERSON LINEN COMPANY is hereby called to be held on the fourth day of August, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of Shepard & Prentiss, No. 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the object of which meeting is to authorize the increase of the capital stock of Powell & Giberson Linen Company from Fifteen Thousand Dollars to Twenty-five Thousand Dollars.

Dated New York, July 17, 1911.
SAMUEL E. GIBERSON, President.
WILLIAM S. JACQUES, Secretary.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee, at Twelve o'clock Noon Saturday, September 23d, 1911.

The transfer books will be closed on Friday, the 11th of August, and reopened on the 25th day of September next.

ROSWELL MILLER,
June 29th, 1911. Chairman of the Board.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN OF A SPECIAL meeting of the stockholders of James Klaber & Company to be held at the office of Leventritt, Cook & Nathan, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 29th day of July, 1911, at 3 P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition for the immediate dissolution of said company.

Dated New York, June 30, 1911.
JAMES KLABER, President.

STATE OF NEW YORK
4 Per Cent Gold Bonds
EXEMPT FROM TAXATION
Dated March 1, 1911. Due March 1, 1961.
AMOUNTING TO
$12,500,000
Issued in Coupon or Registered Form
Will Be Sold Thursday, July 20, 1911,
At 2 o'clock P. M.,
At the State Comptroller's Office, Albany, N. Y.
$10,000,000 for the Improvement of Highways
$2,500,000 for the Improvement of the Palisades Interstate Park
These Bonds Are Legal Investments for Trust Funds

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

WM. SOHMER, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.
Albany, June 26, 1911.

BIG CANADIAN WHEAT CROP.

Conditions Flattering—Medium Results Predicted in Europe.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Official reports of foreign crops received by the Department of Agriculture and announced to-day indicate that generally favorable conditions existed abroad during June.

Conditions in Canada are, over most of the territory, pronounced flattering. Of the 10,500,000 acres under wheat this season, over 9,500,000 are in the Spring wheat provinces—Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and Alberta; the increment in area amounted to 1,200,000 acres. Ever since the seed went into the ground the Spring wheat lands have been saturated by opportune rains, and, with some exceptions, favored by forcing temperature.

In Europe Winter wheat and rye, on the whole, have fully maintained their former promise. The wheat crop of the United Kingdom, on an increased area, is regarded likely to furnish an average yield.

France, with diminished areas under both wheat and rye, promises a medium outurn of wheat, and a less satisfactory one of rye.

Spain is reported to have exceptional crops, a recent official estimate putting wheat at 157,000,000 bushels, a new high record.

The small wheat crop of Germany is probably not quite up to the usual standard, and rye is expected to show a considerable shortage.

The Hungarian wheat crop is officially estimated at 163,000,000 bushels and rye at 50,000,000 bushels.

In Russia there is much conflict of expression; the weight of opinion seems, however, to be in medium results.

In Argentina the surface under wheat is said to be 5 to 10 per cent. over the 15,500,000 acres sown last year.

The 1910 wheat crop of Chile is reported insufficient for home needs and imports are being made from Australia.

CROP YIELD AND CONDITION.

Government Report to be Issued Aug. 9—Cotton Statement Aug. 2.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The Department of Agriculture's crop report showing the condition of the principal crops on Aug. 1 will be issued at 2:15 P. M. Wednesday, Aug. 9. It will announce also the preliminary estimate of yield and quality of Winter wheat, the acreage of buckwheat, hay, and rye, and stocks of oats and barley in farmers' hands on Aug. 1.

The report showing the condition of the cotton crop on July 25 will be issued Wednesday, Aug. 2, at noon.

DRY GOODS JOBBERS OBJECT.

Inclined to Favor Manufacturers Who Fix Retail Prices.

The Jobbers' Association of Dress Fabric Buyers, an auxiliary of the National Wholesale Drygoods Association, at a meeting at the Waldorf yesterday discussed the recent action of N. C. D. Bordden & Sons, the Algonquin Printing Company, and Palmer & Bates, the last named firm manufacturers of ginghams, in modifying their conditions of sale to the jobbers by eliminating the requirement that prices be maintained to the retailer. The Borden firm took the lead in this move, following the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of the Miles Medical Company against agreements for maintenance of prices.

Counsel for the Drygoods Association have taken a different view of the decision as affecting contracts between manufacturers and jobbers from that of the Borden attorneys. They draw the distinction that in the medical case the manufacturer insisted on the maintenance of prices by the retailers, whereas the manufacturers of dry goods, with the exception of the Borden concern and those that have followed its example, fix only the price at which jobbers shall sell to retailers, leaving competition among the retailers undisturbed. It is argued that whatever might be the ultimate decision of the courts on this point it is in violation of no law according to any interpretation so far made.

In any event, the jobbers say, the question is one for the manufacturers and not for them, as they buy on the terms dictated by the former. The jobbers foresee, however, a diminution of their profits in case the manufacturers generally follow the same course as the Borden concern and there is a disposition in the meantime to push the products of other manufacturers rather than those of the firms that have made the change.

About fifty buyers of dress goods, representing important firms from Maine to California, were present at the meeting. It was explained afterward that no action is ever taken at the meetings, as to do so might be held in contravention of the Sherman act.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Price variations in the market were sharp during the session with no decided tendency, but the undertone nevertheless was not discouraging to holders. News was complex in character, and while sentiment is still inclined to the bear side, opinions have been modified considerably the past few days.

At the outset prices were higher, reflecting firmness of the Livepool market, the foreign crop advices being less favorable. As a whole, however, the apprehension expressed is not great at present in regard to the crops abroad. Weather conditions in the American and Canadian Northwest were generally favorable, there being scattered showers and cool temperatures, but notwithstanding these conditions rust reports were again numerous from Western Minnesota and scattered points of North Dakota, while insect damage was also complained of.

Continued weakness in the coarse grain market acted as a damper to bull enthusiasm during the entire session, while the reciprocity vote is exected this week. Although few doubt but that the Senate will pass the measure unamended, it evidently has not been disposed of as a market factor.

Export business is not heavy, but the quantity reported from day to day is encouraging, and it is generally believed that the United States will enjoy a good business with foreigners this coming season, probably larger than for several years, unless something unforeseen develops. Undoubtedly, however, if prospects of foreign crops are maintained, considerable competition will again be noticeable. Yesterday exporters at New York reported 10 loads of No. 2 new red and 3 loads of Manitoba, with cash sales of 100,000 bushels of new No. 2 red reported purchased c. i. f. elevator.

Estimates for nearly 1,000 cars at Chicago to-day was responsible for the late reaction, although it is believed that the maximum movement of wheat has been passed. Bradstreet's for the week increased 505,000 bushels, against a decrease of 4,846,000 bushels last week and 6,527,000 bushels decrease last year. European wheat stocks at present aggregate 73,000,000 bushels, against 64,000,000 bushels last year and 54,000,000 bushels two years ago. World's wheat stocks are 115,000,000 bushels. Cash No. 2 red quoted at 90c to arrive c. i. f. New York elevator export basis and 91½c f. o. b. for export; No. 2 hard, 96½c; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.07¾; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.03½.

CORN.—Liquidation continued during yesterday's session directly inspired by very heavy rains in parts of Kansas and good showers in Oklahoma and sections of Missouri and Iowa. Although there are still some claims that the recuperation of the plant in the Southwest from the recent precipitation is unimportant, the majority of crop accounts have assumed a more hopeful aspect, with the Burlington report very bearish on Nebraska. The Iowa State bulletin said that corn in that section was holding its own, although rainfall was generally deficient. Advices pertaining to the cash situation were less bullish, it being asserted that the decline had made buyers conservative, although the inquiry was still fair. Country offerings were not particularly heavy. Exporters bought a few loads. Cash No. 2 was quoted 68c f. o. b. afloat for export.

OATS.—Disheartened longs were heavy sellers and stop loss orders were again reached, with the market at times demoralized. Selling was in advance of an anticipated liberal movement of early oats, and the reciprocity situation has not been without influence the past few days. Cash demand is not so active, and although bulls claim that the situation had not changed materially, it was difficult to awaken much bullish enthusiasm. Bradstreet's decreased 2,000,000 bushels, against a half million decrease last week and bushels decrease last year. Cash standards quoted at 48c; No. 2 white, 49c; No. 3 white, 47½c.

PROVISIONS.—There was less pressure in the speculative market with a good undertone throughout, but sentiment continues against values. Receipts are light, although apparently commensurate with the cash demand, while the decline in foodstuffs restricts new buying.

NEW YORK MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	..	..	91⅜	91½
September	93⅛	92⅝	92¾	93
December	96⅝	95¾	95⅞	96¼
Corn—				
September	..	..	68¾	69⅜
December	69¼	69	69	69⅝
Lard—				
Spot	..	..	8.15@8.30	8.20
July	..	..	8.20@8.30	8.20
August	..	..	8.25@8.35	8.25
September	..	..	8.34@8.42	8.35
October	..	..	8.31@8.39	8.30
November	..	..	8.30@8.39	8.30
December	..	..	8.30@8.40	8.30

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	87	86	86⅝	86⅛
September	88⅝	87⅝	87¾	88
December	91⅝	90⅝	90⅞	91
May	95⅝	94⅞	94⅞	95
Corn—				
July	63¾	62½	62⅝	63¾
September	64¾	63⅝	63¾	64¾
December	61⅝	60¼	60½	61⅞
May	63½	62¼	62½	64
Oats—				
July	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¾
September	43¼	41⅝	42½	43½
December	45	43¼	44⅜	45
May	46⅞	45½	46⅜	47
Lard—				
July	8.15	8.12½	8.15	8.12½
September	8.27½	8.20	8.27½	8.22½
January	8.25	8.20	8.25	8.20
Ribs—				
July	..	..	8.40	8.30
September	8.50	8.40	8.50	8.37½
January	8.00	7.92½	8.00	7.90
Pork—				
July	15.90	15.80	15.90	15.80
September	16.00	15.85	15.97½	15.90
January	15.40	15.30	15.40	15.30

COTTONSEED OIL.

Belated liquidation and further selling pressure, partly in the way of hedges, brought about declines to new low levels again yesterday. Sentiment averages very bearish, but the extent of the decline leads to conservatism, although this modification in views seems mainly in the way of anticipating a temporary reaction. Toward the close the heavy buying which was credited to leading refining shorts asserted itself and a rally ensued. Continued favorable cotton prospects, however, which are being emphasized by decided weakness in the cotton market and more favorable weather restricts fresh speculative buying to a large extent.

	High.	Low.	Close. Bid. Asked.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.50@5.70	5.50
July	..	..	5.55@5.75	5.50
August	5.63	5.52	5.63@5.65	5.66
September	5.64	5.60	5.61@5.64	5.65
October	5.40	5.36	5.41@5.45	5.45
November	5.41	5.32	5.40@5.41	5.41
December	5.39	5.33	5.38@5.39	5.40
January	5.36	5.41	5.39@5.41	5.41
March	5.40	5.40	5.44@5.48	5.45

COTTON.

The continuance of conditions highly propitious to the growing crop seems to have caused the bulls to realize the futility of their position, and their fears were reflected in a demoralized cotton market during yesterday's session. Selling was in tremendous volume, and the heavy buying by the large spot concerns, partly for domestic trade accounts and partly for exporters, tended only to check the downward tendency at intervals, rather than to impart firmness to the list. The gossip was that a prominent bull leader has been liquidating quietly for several days and had actually taken to the bear side of the market. Of course, there were denials that any of the bulls had abandoned their position, but the duration and severity of the decline makes it logical to assume that the cotton sold has not been sold short.

Liverpool advices were far below expectations, and it was privately cabled that there was heavy American selling in that market, presumably for the account of bulls. These cables, in conjunction with another favorable weather map, showing heavy precipitation in parts of Texas and in many of the Central and Eastern States, brought about declines of 11 to 18 points at the opening. Trade was in enormous lots, and during the day the rallies were few and feeble, the close being at the largest net declines scored in several weeks. As a result, all options but July were at new low records for the season.

Crop reports were very bearish and many dispatches were received asserting that Texas had been effectively relieved from the recent drought. Habersham King claimed that 95 per cent. of the crop was in excellent condition, with 5 per cent. either too wet or too dry, but that the danger at this stage lies in a deficiency and not in an excess of moisture. The forecast for overnight was for probable showers for practically the entire belt, while the weekly Government weather bulletin was in line with expectation, giving a very favorable view of conditions, really the first very bearish report in months.

The effect of the recent cut in certain grades of goods has been decided on sentiment, and it is apparent that the shading in the prices of manufactured fabrics was not generally expected. However, with the declining tendency of raw material, spinners are being placed in a more satisfactory position, although it is still claimed that the average of losses in operating is slightly less than 2c. per pound. On the other hand, conservative interests state that to resort to curtailment would involve a loss of practically the same amount.

Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c. lower; New York spot cotton was 25c decline; middlings quoted at 14c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	13.85	13.65	13.71@13.75	14.00
August	13.55	13.22	13.34@13.35	13.75
September	12.62	12.40	12.45@12.47	12.76
October	12.40	12.22	12.25@12.26	12.52
November	12.18	12.18	12.21@12.23	12.50
December	12.37	12.17	12.22@12.24	12.51
January	12.31	12.13	12.19@12.20	12.49
February	12.21	12.21	12.19@12.21	...
March	12.37	12.21	12.25@12.26	12.55
April	12.27	12.25	12.25@12.26	...
May	12.46	12.30	12.35@12.36	12.64

Market steady at 27 to 41 decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee opened at a decline of 11 to 18 points, showed a further loss of 7 to 12 points, then rallied, and closed firm from 3 points advance to 16 points net decline. Receipts at interior points so far this season aggregate 430,000 bags against 635,000 last year. The visible supply is small, in the United States amounting to 2,144,000 bags, against 3,243,000 last year, while the amount afloat was only 169,000 bags, against 712,000 a year ago. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were at a slightly lower level.

Spot coffee steady, 13⅝c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	11.65	11.65	11.65@11.66	11.64
August	....	....	11.45@11.46	11.42
September	11.25	11.11	11.25@11.27	11.28
October	10.78	10.78	10.82@10.83	10.97
November	....	....	10.72@10.73	10.87
December	10.70	10.58	10.62@10.63	10.78
January	....	....	10.62@10.63	10.77
February	....	....	10.62@10.63	10.77
March	10.68	10.59	10.61@10.63	10.76
April	10.64	10.64	10.61@10.63	10.76
May	10.62	10.59	10.61@10.63	10.76
June	....	....	10.61@10.63	10.70

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Following is the forecast for cotton and grain States, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for Wednesday and Thursday:

Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Probably local thunder showers Wednesday and Thursday; light variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Wednesday, probably followed by local thunder showers Wednesday night or Thursday; cooler Thursday in northern portions; moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Wednesday, followed by local thunder showers Wednesday night or Thursday; cooler in northern portion Wednesday.

Utah—Generally fair, except probably local thunder showers in southern portion Wednesday and Thursday.

Oklahoma—Increasing cloudiness, probably Ofollowed by local showers Wednesday night or on Thursday; cooler Thursday.

Arkansas and Tennessee—Fair Wednesday, probably followed by showers Wednesday night or on Thursday.

Kentucky—Local showers Wednesday. Thursday unsettled.

Ohio—Increasing cloudiness, probably showers in western portion Wednesday. Thursday probably showers; moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

Indiana—Local showers Wednesday; slightly cooler in northwest portion. Thursday unsettled; light variable winds.

Illinois—Light showers and cooler Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled, moderate temperature; light, variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Showers and somewhat cooler Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; light, variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Showers and continued cool Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; light, variable winds.

Wisconsin—Probably showers Wednesday, cooler in southern portion. Thursday, overcast with moderate temperature; light, variable winds.

Minnesota—Probably fair Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; light, variable winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Unsettled and somewhat cooler Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair.

Nebraska—Fair and cooler in eastern, showers in western portion Wednesday. Thursday, showers.

Kansas—Overcast and cooler Wednesday. Thursday, probably showers.

SCHOOLS.

New York University Law School
77th Year opens Sept. 28.
Morning Class, 9-12.
Afternoon Class, 4-6.
Evening Class, 8-10.
Degrees LL. B., LL. M., J. D.
Address L. J. Tompkins, Sec., Washington Sq., N. Y.

The Wheeler School For Boys and Girls
College preparation. Strong courses in agriculture, domestic science, music and art. Athletic fields, 75 acres. Modern buildings. Liberal endowment. Terms moderate. Address
C. F. KENDALL, Principal, North Stonington, Conn.

STATE BONDS PROMISE WELL.

Bids for $12,500,000 Loan Will Probably Range from 104.50 to 105.50.

Bankers who are interested in the offering of $12,500,000 4 per cent. bonds of the State of New York, bids for which are to be opened to-morrow at Albany, predict that the sale will be a great success, and that subscriptions will be received for several times the amount of bonds to be disposed of. It is understood in Wall Street that there will be no further offering of State bonds this year.

It was pointed out yesterday that the Controller is fortunate in the time chosen for this sale, owing to the easy position of the money market. The provision allowing banks to secure postal savings bank deposits by depositing State bonds up to 90 per cent. of their par value and the possibility of the Grady measure requiring State issues as collateral for deposits of State funds becoming a law are also factors in making the new bonds attractive.

On the Curb yesterday the new 4s were dealt in a [illegible]. Opinions of bond men as to the price the Controller will receive varied from 104.50 to 105.50. The last sale brought an average of 104.30. If the Grady measure becomes a law it will be necessary for many institutions to increase their holdings of State bonds, and while up-State bankers generally oppose the provisions of the bill, it is considered likely that they will endeavor to obtain some of the $12,500,000 in bonds to be sold to-morrow. Gov. Dix is said to favor the Grady compulsory bill.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—Litigated motions. 1, 2—Glihen v. Mashbicker Cong. 3—Ernst v. Levi. 4—Sanborn v. Loew's Theatrical Enterprises. 5—Tribelhorn v. Norwood. 6—C J G Motor Car Co v. Krefeld Steel Co. 7—In re Murphy. 8—Albert v. Albert. 9—Hagan v. Hagan. 10—Cohen v. Morton Silk Weaving Co. 11—Rothenberg v. Bohorodozauer, Sick, &c, Co. 12—Cohen v. Weiser. 13—Douglas v. McDonald. 14—City of N Y v. Pinchot. 15—Gage v. Liebert. 16—Ex Lax Mfg Co v. Halpern. 17—Gardiner v. Viau. 18—Lacarto v. Burns Bros Co. 19—In re Wescott. 20—In re Zintl. 21—In re Brokopla. 22—Weil v. Weil. 23, 24—Silverman v. Fuchs. 25—Pancost v. Bliss. 26—Carnegie Trust Co v. Amsterdam Holding Co. 27—Carnegie Trust Co v. Meryash. 28—Wandell v. Metcalf. 29—Davidson v. Brown. 30—Jaeger v. Ebstein. 31—Arnold v. Penfield. 32—In re Interborough Supply Co. 33—Willets v. Tabel. 34—In re Goldring. 35—Ramminger v. Roth. 36—Obermayer v. Geening. 37—Harx v. Turney. 38—McCreery v. Coventry. 39—Levine v. Levine. 40—In re People's Surety Co. 41—Caso v. Giancaspero. 42—In re Halpin. 43—Owens v. Kelly. 44, 45—Mathesius, Jr, v. Hasse Lippman Const Co. 46—Pancost v. Bliss. 47 to 49—Jex v. Coburn. 50—In re Hyatt. 51—Kempner v. Bergman. 52—Curnen v. Curnen. 53—Higgins v. 663-665 Broadway. 54—Weber v. Weber. 55—Olnick v. Olnick. 56—Mintz v. Mintz. 57—Berk v. Hampel. 58—Wager v. Wager. 59—Bertel Realty Co v. Oliva. 60—Mamopolis v. Caulakis. 61—Boria v. Boria. 62—Rammenger v. Roth. 63—Weil v. Weil. 64—Ambrose v. Swartz. 65—Birch v. Birch, Jr. 66—Hall v. Hall. 67—Speiser v. Luban Co. 68—Brownold v. Brownold. 69—Blatz Leather Co v. Gabriel. 70—Kaskowitz v. Schoortzreich. 71—Weltzen v. Epstein Verein. 72—Bowery Bank v. Hart. 73—City of N Y v. Mungo. 74—Jacobs v. Bernstein. 75 to 78—Mayer v. Kassel. 79—State Bank v. Leinhardt. 80—City of N Y v. Curtiss. 81—Landeker v. Property Security Co. 82—Astor v. Foley, Jr. 83—Horn v. Horn. 84 and 85—Lilienthal v. Lilienthal. 86—Arnold v. Penfield. 87—Merida Realty Co v. Ostheim. 88—Black v. Bentel. 89—In re Adams. 90 to 92—Pancost v. Bliss. 93—In re Sedgwick Av. 94—Rinzler v. Oaklander. 95—Coventry v. McCreery. 96—Heistein v. Heistein. 97—Gutstadt v. Gutstadt. 98—Horn v. Horn.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lehman, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S.—Estate Louis Ettlinger.

Wills for probate—John Whitbeck, Gertrude Vasseler, John J. Noonan, Leutan B. Sutton, Oscar W. Sturges, John Condon, Charles Runals.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—United States Trust Co. v. Starr—Algernon S. Norton. In re Lasch—Charles A. Oberwager. Marshall v. Hayes (2)—Charles L. Hoffman. Gotthelf v. Brook Construction Co. (2)—James A. Foley.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Child v. Child—Alfred J. Talley. Wiesing v. Wiesing—Timothy Murray. Chapin v. Fitzgerald—Charles D. Donahue.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Robert Graves v. Edward P. S. Mulvany—Samuel C. Herriman, Emma Keller v. Salvatore Genovese—Jesse Weil.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Charles S. MacKenzie v. John Williams—Charles Oberwager.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J.—Felix Kronengold v. Julius Auerhohn—William J. Kindgen. Abraham Pemikoff v. Nicholas Schnaff—William J. Kindgen. Julius W. Stalts v. Theodore Salumbo—Alfred Minst.

Brooklyn Calendars.

COUNTY COURT—Part IV.—Ross, J. 591—Silverman v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 597—Baran v. Camps. 627—Comar v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 637—Hander v. Lake. 661—Andrews v. Schrimpe. 664—Gilluly v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 668—Hoar v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 669—Loosman v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 674½—Moskowitz v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 639, 640—Sprints v. Cooper.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 675—Mayland v. Whalen Bros. 676—Apiscolli v. Kellaren. 677—Anderson v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 678—Powers v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 679—Perlmutter v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 680—Isloy v. Rountree. 681—Goldstein v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 682—Boehme v. Eppig. 683—Heinberg v. Weinsimer. 684—Hart v. Noyes, Jr.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Pensioned on Police Surgeons' Certificate, With Amount per Annum and Date of Appointment.—Lieutenants—Joseph Toye, 65th Precinct, $1,125, Dec. 18, 1889; Charles J. Ryan, 89th, $1,125, May 1, 1882. Sergeant—Charles E. Berrien, 283d, $663, May 21, 1896. Patrolmen—James McGloin, 23d $700, Oct. 25, 1893; Michael McKenna, 36th, $700, April 3, 1889; Emil H. Hagemann, 36th, $700, Nov. 26, 1887; James P. Morrison, 66th, $700, Feb. 7, 1891; John A. Tennant, 148th, $700, Oct. 29, 1894; Henry Babington, 155th, $700, Feb. 18, 1891; Patrick Sullivan, 169th, $600, April 1, 1896; Robert McKinley, 164th, $700, Sept. 14, 1887; George Wiedeke, 168th, $700, June 1, 1891; Charles Hoffman, 277th, $700, Jan. 13, 1893; William C. Rice, Bridge Precinct A, $700, May 19, 1888.

Designation as First Grade Detective Revoked, With Transfer as Indicated.—Patrolman—Otto E. Wagner, Detective Bureau, Manhattan, to 10th Precinct.

Transfers.—Captains—John F. O'Connor, 15th to 89th Precinct, and Cornelius F. Cahalane, 89th to 15th. Sergeant—J. F. McGrath, Telegraph Bureau, Brooklyn, to 19th Precinct. Patrolmen—M. H. Gescheidt, Telegraph Bureau, Richmond, to 2d Precinct; J. J. Devine, 7th to 14th Precinct; I. Newman, 12th to 16th Precinct; J. Higgins, 28th to 8th Precinct; F. J. Lynch, 28th to 8th Precinct; J. L. Hunter, 29th to 14th Precinct; J. J. Ryan, 35th to 14th Precinct; C. Vecchio, 36th to 10th Precinct; A. Algier, 39th to 14th Precinct; F. McCarthy, 143d to 10th Precinct; T. Callanan, 144th to 10th Precinct.

Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan, to precincts indicated: J. O'Neil, 2d; R. G. Kirby, 2d; A. Carmick, 8th; H. Uetzmann, 14th; J. Hopkins, 16th; J. J. Sexton, 2d; T. J. Convery, 8th; J. M. Hanlon, 8th; A. G. Hazlitt, 16th; E. G. Leidel, 16th.

Telegraph Bureau, Brooklyn, to precincts indicated: H. D. Smith, 2d; M. H. McCormick, 154th.

Telegraph Bureau, Queens, to precincts indicated: B. J. Kilbride, 10th; C. B. Cleveland, 10th.

C. O. Squad to precincts indicated: W. G. Herbert, 2d; J. A. Carney, 2d; W. F. Denice, 10th; J. F. Chrystie, 10th; J. J. McGee, 14th; M. Gallagher, 16th; J. A. Kee, 2d; D. M. Hogan, 10th; T. J. Gillen, 10th; E. Cleveland, 14th; E. Jahulka, 16th; L. F. Owens, 151st.

Michael McDonnell, C. O. Squad to 16th Precinct; A. J. Romer, 2d to 99th Precinct; J. C. T. Miles, 39th to 40th Precinct; W. Napier, 143d to 171st Precinct.

Detective Bureau to precincts indicated: M. Cuozzo, 35th; E. Cunningham, 149th; J. Giba, 43d; M. Fein, 172d.

Precincts indicated to Detective Bureau: M. Donnelly, 1st; E. Daly, 154th; M. Fay, 9th.

Death: Patrolman Edward D. Fuller, 156th Precinct, July 18.

Fire Department.

Suspended: Toolman James F. Nidds, Division of Apparatus, Bureau of Repairs and Supplies.

Designated Acting Engineer of Steamer and detailed to Engine 7: Fireman Henry R. Donnelly, Engine 9.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

TO BOSTON AND NEW ENGLAND POINTS
FALL RIVER LINE
Via Newport and Fall River, Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
PROVIDENCE LINE
Via Providence. Leave Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., 6:00 P. M., daily except Sundays. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.
NEW BEDFORD LINE, to New Bedford-Buzzards Bay resorts, Marthas Vineyard-Nantucket. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot of Clarkson St., week days only, 6:00 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
BRIDGEPORT LINE. Leave Pier 27, E. R., week days, 11:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M., Sats., 2:00 P. M. Leave foot of E. 22d St., week days, 3:30 P. M. Sats., 2:30 P. M.; Sundays 5:30 P. M. Strs. BRIDGEPORT and NAUGATUCK.
NORWICH LINE, to New London, Watch Hill, Block Island. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days, 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW HAVEN LINE. Leave Pier 28, E. R., week days, 2:45 P. M., Sundays 9:30 A. M. Leave East 22d St. week days 3:00 P. M.; Sundays, 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
Tickets, etc., at 171 B'way, N. Y., Transfer, Tourist Offices and Piers
Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service

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BOSTON LINE
EXPRESS SERVICE DIRECT FROM CITY TO CITY.
ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER ROUTE
Luxurious, New Steel Passenger Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS & BUNKER HILL
in place of "YALE" & "HARVARD."
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PORTLAND LINE
THE MOST CHARMING SHORT SEA TRIP ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.
STEAMSHIPS
NORTH LAND & NORTH STAR
About 22 hours between New York and
PORTLAND, MAINE
Sailings Monday, 10:30 A. M.; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 5 P. M., from Pier 30, East River, N. Y.
Through tickets and baggage checked to all the popular Eastern Summer Resorts. Express service for Freight, Automobiles and Horses. For full information and Booklet apply to—
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Favorite Route to Saratoga, Lake George, Lake Champlain, Adirondack Mts., Montreal, and all Northern and Eastern Resorts.
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Hudson River Night Lines
PEOPLES LINE To Albany
Str. C. W. Morse, (even dates July), Adirondack, (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday included). Observation and Palm Room a new feature.
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy
New Str. Trojan, (even dates July), Rensselaer, (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily, (Saturday included); Yonkers, 7 P. M.; stops at Albany in both directions.
Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. Magnificent steamers; splendid accommodations; cuisine and service unexcelled; fine orchestra on each steamer. "Journal"—a guide for tourists—and Summer Excursion Book Free. 'Phone 9400 Spring. "The Popular Searchlight Route."

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamers leave Desb. St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Daily except Sunday. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Also Desb. St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M. for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie. Daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.
Steamer Mary Powell
Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rondout, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Ideal Outing to West Point, returning by Str. "ALBANY" or rail. $

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON via Boat and Rail $2.90
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 2.00
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.25
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.90
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
*Malden
Smith's L'd'g
Germantown
*Catskill
*Hudson (by Annex)
*Athens
Stockport
Coxsackie
*Saturday special lands only at points marked *.
Magnificent steel steamers CLERMONT (new) and ONTEORA leave Pier 43, N. R., daily except Sunday, ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M., & W. 129th St., 7 P. M.
Special Saturday trip 1 P. M., Pier 43, and 1:20 P. M., W. 129th St.
Tickets for sale at all agencies and at Pier. 'Phone 1093—Spring. Send 2 cents in stamps for booklet of Summer hotels and boarding houses.

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
BOSTON, via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CAPITAL CITY LINE
50 CENTS TO ALBANY
STEAMERS
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot West 10th St. 5:30 P. M.
West 129th St. 6 P. M.
Daily, Sundays Included.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
ROUND TRIP, $1.50, GOOD 10 DAYS.
Steamers lve. ft. W. Houston St. 5:30 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 6 P. M. Daily and Sunday. Stop at Columbia St., Albany, (adjoining Union Station.) Special stop south bound, ft. W. 131st St., N. Y. Tel. 5336 Spring.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie & Kingston, Week Days, 4:00 P. M., from ft. Franklin St. For Highland Falls, Newburgh, and intermediate landings, week days, 5:00 P. M.; Sundays, 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Tel. 405 Franklin.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 28, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., New Pier 9 E. R., Tues. and Thurs. 5:30 P. M.; Sats. 1:30 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD. OLYMPIC 45,324 TONS SAILS JULY 26 AUG. 19.
Oceanic, July 19, 3:00 P. M. | Kroonland, July 22, 10:00 A. M.
New York, July 22, 9:30 A. M. | Cedric, July 22, 11:00 A. M.
American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
New York.........July 22 | Philadelphia......Aug. 5
St. Paul.........July 29 | St. Louis.........Aug. 12
Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha...July 22, 1:30 PM | Minneapolis..Aug. 5
Minnewaska..July 29, 10:30 AM | Minnetonka..Aug. 12
Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland.........July 22 | Vaderland.........Aug. 5
Finland...........July 29 | Lapland (New)....Aug. 12
White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Oceanic..........July 19, 3 PM | Majestic...Aug. 2
OLYMPIC.........July 26, 5 PM | Oceanic...Aug. 12
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Cedric....July 22, 11 AM | Celtic..........Aug. 5
Baltic....July 29, 11 AM | Adriatic........Aug. 10
Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Canopic....Aug. 12, 4 PM | Romanic.........Sept. 13
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.) N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
*PRES. GRANT.........July 22, 1 P. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN.........July 29, 1 P. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC.........Aug. 3, 12 Noon
†AMERIKA.........Aug. 12, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA
S. S. HAMBURG.........Aug. 15, 9 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.........Aug. 29
S. S. HAMBURG.........Sept. 23
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 45 B'way, N. Y.

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Weekly Sailings to
CUBA, JAMAICA, PANAMA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, COSTA RICA
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Next Sailing Prinz Eitel Friedrich July 21 12 Noon
To KINGSTON, COLON, (PANAMA), CARTAGENA, PUERTO, COLOMBIA.
Connecting with PERU-CHILE To and From PANAMA.
—Special Round Trip Rates—
For Berths in all locations excepting Suites
Jamaica $65. Panama Canal $112.50
Apply to Hamburg-American Line 41-45 B'way, New York.

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EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL TUESDAYS, 10 A. M.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie · JULY 25
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm · JULY 27
Kronprinz Wilhelm · AUG. 1
Kaiser Wilhelm II., · AUG. 8
North German Lloyd
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
FRIEDRICH DER GROSSE.........JULY 29
KOENIG ALBERT.........AUG. 26
BERLIN (New).........SEPT. 9
Baltimore-Bremen Direct Wednesdays.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia..July 22, 3 PM | California..Aug. 5, 3 PM
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FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
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Twin Screw Sailings Tues., 10 A.M.
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†Rotterdam.........Aug. 8
*Ryndam.........Aug. 15
*Potsdam.........Aug. 22
*VIA BOULOGNE s| M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
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Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
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DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Fishguard and Liverpool.
LUSITANIA July 19, 9 A. M. | MAURETANIA August 2, 9 A. M.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
CAMPANIA July 26, 10 A. M. | CARONIA July 29, 10 A. M.
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular Sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II.) and Third Class Passengers only.
*MADEIRA GIBRALTAR †GENOA
NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
Sailing hour noon.
Pannonia July 20 Sept. 7 Oct. 26
†Carpathia Aug. 3 Sept. 21 Nov. 9
*†Saxonia Aug. 24
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The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
82 Steamers, Registered Tonnage 364,233.
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$10 AND UP ROUND TRIP, including Meals and Berth on Steamer.
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Superior accommodations for 250 first class passengers. Orchestra, excellent cuisine, wireless & all safety appliances.
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Every outdoor recreation. Sea Bathing in the clearest of turquoise waters. Excellent fishing.
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Transatlantic Liner "OCEANA"
14,000 Tons Displacement; 535 Ft. Long. Largest, Fastest, Most Luxurious, and only Exclusively First-Class Passenger Steamer to Bermuda.
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FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP, including stateroom berth and meals, at the extraordinary rate of $10 UP
Best cuisine on the Atlantic. Electric fans in every room. Many staterooms with brass beds; six suites-de-luxe with private baths; finest promenade deck in the world. Orchestra, Promenade Dances, Gymnasium, Wireless. Only Bermuda steamer with submarine signals.
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To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery: Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 22d, August 5th and 19th, and Sept. 2d, 10 A. M. Returning from Quebec July 28th, August 11th and 25th and Sept. 8th.
Go to Bermuda Round Trip $10 Up
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12 DAY VACATION CRUISE $60.00 UP
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Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Lorraine......July 20 | *La Provence......Aug. 10
*La Touraine......July 27 | *La Lorraine......Aug. 17
*La Savoie......Aug. 3 | *La Touraine......Aug. 24
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-Class Passengers Only.
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Delightful 1500 mile cruises by the Quebec S. S. Co.'s Steamer, TRINIDAD, from New York to
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via Halifax, Gulf and River St. Lawrence and Saguenay.
Next Sailing July 22d { Including Meals and Berth $45.00
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URANIUM S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
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Campanello......Aug. 3 | Volturno......Aug. 31
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STATEN ISLAND
Refined amusements amid refined surroundings. Cleanest, safest bathing on the Atlantic coast. SCHEDULE OF BOATS:—From Battery Landing, 10 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, and 5 P. M. Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 10 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, 5 and 7:30 P. M.
RETURNING 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, and 7 P. M. On Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, 6:30, and 9 P. M.

CONEY ISLAND
LANDING AT DREAMLAND PIER.
STRS. ROSEDALE AND JOHN SYLVESTER.
Leave 129th St. 9:30, 1:30, 8:00.
Battery 10:30, 2:30, 9:00.
Coney Island 1:30, 6:30, 10:30.
Excursion Tickets { From 129th St., 50c.
Children Half Fare. { From Battery, 40c.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
STRS. ROSEDALE AND JOHN SYLVESTER.
Leave West 129th St. 9:30, 1:30.
Battery 10:30, 2:30.
Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:30.
Excursion Tickets, 50c.; Children, half fare.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:30 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. "ALBANY" $1, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15, returning 5.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
Feb. 1, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursion. ROUND THE WORLD TOURS, Sept. 19, Oct. 21, and once monthly till Jan.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton,
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecture aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

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via Catskill Mountain, Otis and Catskill and Tannersville Railways.
Direct connection with the N.Y. Central trains leaving New York 7:54 A. M. (for Leeds, South Cairo and Cairo) and 11:11 A. M. for all points daily except Sunday, and 4:04 P. M. daily, and West Shore trains leaving West 42d St. at 7:15 and 11:30 A. M. daily except Sunday.
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The importance of advertising Lost articles promptly cannot be emphasized too strongly. The New York Times is the best medium for advertising lost articles. Go to any advertising agency or telephone 1000 Bryant.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:45 | Sun sets..7:28 | Moon rises..11:48

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:34	1:24	6:52	7:40
Governors Island	12:50	1:40	7:20	8:12
Hell Gate	2:40	3:30	9:00	9:52

Arrived—Tuesday, July 18.

SS Olympic, Southampton, July 12.
SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen, July 11.
SS Kroonland, Antwerp, July 8.
SS Sibiria, Kingston, July 13.
SS Minnehaha, London, July 9.
SS Excelsior, Shields, July 5.
SS Weehawken, Shields, July 3.
SS Cherokee, Turks Island, July 13.
SS Parima, St. Thomas, July 13.
SS Havana, Havana, July 15.
SS Thora, Port Antonio, July 13.
SS Brazos, Galveston, July 12.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, July 15.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, July 15.
SS Princess Anne, Norfolk, July 17.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mail Closes.	Vessel Sails.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Lusitania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Oceanic, Southampton	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Ancona, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Caracas, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
San Marcos, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Sant' Anna, Azores	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Pannonia, Naples	———	12:00 M.
Oscar II., Copenhagen	———	2:00 P.M.
Volturno, Rotterdam	———	———
Ventura de Larrinaga, Argentina	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Queen Mary, Argentina	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Maracas, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Kingston	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz E. Friedrich, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verdi, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:30 P.M.
Ikalis, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Jefferson, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
Atlantis, Porto Plata	4:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Matanzas, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Madison, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Cedric, Liverpool	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
New York, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	3:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London	———	1:30 P.M.
President Grant, Hamburg	———	1:00 P.M.
Mendoza, Naples	———	2:00 P.M.
Perugia, Naples	———	
Floride, Havre	———	2:00 P.M.
Lituania, Libau	———	
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sibiria, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Atrato, Jamaica	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Alba, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
S. V. Luckenbach, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Antilla	Galveston	July 7
Chicago	Havre	July 8
St. Laurent	Bordeaux	July 5
Carolina (Am.)	San Juan	July 12
Romney	Santos	June 28
Cristobal	Cristobal	July 12
Olympic	Southampton	July 12
Pretoria	Hamburg	July 7
Advance	Cristobal	July 12
Ossabaw	Porto Rico	July 13
Sibiria	Port Limon	July 10
Atrato	Kingston	July 14
Olinda	Nipe	July 13
El Alba	Galveston	July 13
DUE TO-MORROW.		
San Giorgio	Naples	July 6
Principe di Piemonte	Genoa	July 5
Chinese Prince	Tyne	July 8
Crown of Navarre	Trinidad	July 13
Yumuri	Tampico	July 13
Tennyson	Barbados	July 12
Almirante	Colon	July 13
Florizel	St. John's	July 15
Antilles	New Orleans	July 15
DUE FRIDAY.		
Roma	Barcelona	July 10
Citta di Messina	Naples	July 7
El Oriente	Galveston	July 15
Gorredyk	Rotterdam	July 8
Lovstakken	Fowey	July 7
Mexico	Vera Cruz	July 13
Maracaibo	Maracaibo	July 12
City of St. Louis	Savannah	July 18
Seneca	Santiago	July 16
Freya	Jamaica	July 16
Nueces	Galveston	July 16
Vananio	Huelva	July 3
DUE SATURDAY.		
Touraine	Havre	July 15
St. Paul	Southampton	July 15
Campania	Liverpool	July 15
Marengo	Hull	July 8
Prins der Nederlanden	Haiti	July 17

By United Wireless.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz, was 125 m. N. of Havana at 7 P. M., 18th.

SS Cristobal, Cristobal, was 191 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 18th.

SS Advance, Cristobal, was 192 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 18th.

SS Sabine, Mobile, was 94 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 18th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., at Bremen, July 18.
SS Katuna, at Shanghai, July 18.
SS Condor, at Callao, July 18.
SS Comeric, at Montevideo, July 17.
SS Kasenga, at Port Natal, July 16.
SS Indravelli, at Suez, July 18.
SS Ben Nevis, at Durban, July 18.
SS Allanton, at Adelaide, July 18.
SS Montevideo, at Cadiz, July 17.
SS Tomaso di Savoia, at Genoa, July 13.
SS Venezia, at Marseilles, July 17.
SS Burmese Prince, at Cape Town, July 16.
SS Phoebus, at Rotterdam, July 17.
SS Scottish Prince, at Bahia, July 17.
SS Voltaire, at Montevideo, July 17.

Sailed.

SS Javary, from Para, July 15.
SS Berlin, from Gibraltar, July 18.
SS Pennsylvania, New York for Hamburg, passed the Lizard.

Passed.

SS Fangturm, for New York from Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.
SS Uranium, New York for Rotterdam, passed Isle of Wight.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.		Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	July 17	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru	July 17	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and specially addressed mail for China (via Seattle)—Kumeric	July 20	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Maitai	July 21	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—There have been showers within the last twenty-four hours in New England, the South Atlantic and Gulf States. In other parts of the country the weather remained fair.

Indications are that there will be considerable cloudiness over much of the country during the next forty-eight hours, with probably widely scattered showers. In the Middle Atlantic States and New England the weather will be fair Wednesday, followed by increasing cloudiness Thursday, with probably showers in the interior of these regions.

Moderate temperatures will continue in practically all districts Wednesday and Thursday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light variable, mostly west: Middle and South Atlantic Coast, light variable.

Steamships departing for European ports Wednesday will have moderate variable winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair in the south, increasing cloudiness in north portion Wednesday. Thursday unsettled, probably showers north and central portions; not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

New Jersey—Fair Wednesday. Thursday unsettled; moderate temperature; light variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday. Thursday unsettled; probably showers north and west portions; moderate temperature; light variable winds.

New England—Fair Wednesday. Thursday increasing cloudiness; probably showers northwest portion; moderate temperature; light variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	69	65	4 P. M.	73	78
6 A. M.	68	63	6 P. M.	73	77
9 A. M.	68	70	9 P. M.	70	73
12 M.	70	76	12 P. M.	69	70

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 74; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 74. Maximum temperature, 79 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 63 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 70 per cent. at 8 A. M.; [illegible] per cent. at 8 P. M.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Upper West Side Apartment House Property the Feature of the Market—Heathcote Hall Sold to an Investor —Theatre to Replace Harlem Flats.

Several good sales characterized the realty market yesterday, the most important being the purchase by an investor of the new nine-story apartment house known as Heathcote Hall, now nearing completion on the north side of 114th Street, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. The house has been sold by the builders, the Carnegie Construction Company, the plot being 100 by 100. Charles Newmark is President of the company and A. B. Davis Treasurer.

A number of the apartments have already been rented. The house adjoins the northwest corner of Broadway and 114th Street, where excavating is under way for the new structure for the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church Congregation, which sold its building on Twenty-second Street over a year ago to Mills & Gibb.

On the adjoining 115th Street corner is the new twelve-story Luxor apartment house, now being completed by Paterno Brothers. The section has witnessed some of the most extensive building operations within recent years, and the sale of Heathcote Hall demonstrates the continued demand for well located buildings of that character for investment buying.

In the Washington Heights district of the upper west side the five-story flat at 161 and 163 Edgecombe Avenue, near 142d Street, on plot 40 by 100, has been sold by Harry Gates to the Brown Realty Company.

A six-story apartment at 263 and 265 West 144th Street, with stores, on a plot 40 by 100, was sold by Hayden & Co. for Abraham Jacobs to an investor.

Big Fifth Avenue Store Lease.

Clark J. Chambers has leased the store in the new business building at 634 Fifth Avenue, for a long term of years to Clark & Weinberg, furriers, who have been located at 137 Fifth Avenue for many years. The building will be ready for occupancy Oct. 1. It is opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral, and replaced the old residence of the late D. O. Mills, which was torn down last season. The property was leased from Columbia University by W. W. & T. M. Hall for a long term. The Halls erected a year previous the ten-story apartment adjoining on the southwest corner of Fifty-first Street.

Investors Buy Tenements.

Huberth & Gabel have sold the four-story tenement at 424 West Forty-first Street, on lot 25 by 100, for a client, to Max Heller for investment.

Samuel Barkin sold 191 and 193 East Third Street, a six-story tenement, on plot 48 by 96, 127 feet west of Avenue B. Brooklyn property was given in exchange.

William J. Roome & Co. have sold for Mrs. Elizabeth P. Anderton 230 and 232 East Fifty-sixth Street, two five-story double tenements, built on a lot 50 by 100.5. The buyer is an investor.

Theatre to Replace Harlem Flats.

Catherine Bostwick and Leroy Ball have sold, through Denzer Brothers, 309 and 311 West 116th Street, two five-story flats, on a plot 50 by 100.

It is understood that the buyer contemplates removing the buildings and erecting a moving-picture theatre.

Harlem Apartment House Leased.

J. E. Korndahl has leased from J. A. Myers the ten-story Langdon apartment house at 157 and 159 West 124th Street, for a long term of years.

The Langdon occupies a plot 50 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue, and was acquired by Mr. Myers a couple of weeks ago in an exchange with the Ayer estate of Boston, for the twelve-story Myers building at 47 and 49 Maiden Lane.

The lessee is the proprietor of the St. Brendon at Columbus Avenue and 103d Street.

Resale on Marble Hill.

A. N. Gitterman has sold for J. H. Brundage to G. Jones Daggett, a plot of five lots on the northeast corner of Kingsbridge Terrace and 229th Street, who has resold it to Messrs. Oscar Heyman and William A. Schutz.

This is part of the plot which was purchased by Mr. Brundage last week, with three adjoining lots. On the remaining three Mr. Brundage expects to erect a private residence for his own occupancy.

Bronx.

F. William Eggert has sold for Steven Toepfer to a client the corner of White Plains Avenue and 240th Street, a plot containing eleven lots, together with seven two-story buildings. The buyer paid $50,000 cash for the parcel.

Ernst and Cahn and J. J. Pittman have sold for a client of William H. Giegerich, attorney, the new five-story apartment house, on plot 30 by 90, at the southwest corner of Hoffman and 189th Streets. The owner of record is Anna Albert.

Plans were filed yesterday for a $250,000 hotel to be erected near Bronx Park by William Lowe of 750 Manida Street. A portion of the structure will be twelve stories high, and one of its features will be a large hall for meetings. The building will occupy the entire block front on the west side of Boston Road, between 181st and 182d Streets, 124.4 feet by 94.1 feet in depth. William Griesser is the architect.

Suburban.

Hayden & Co. have sold the hotel property known as the Richardson on Summit Avenue, running through from Eighth to Ninth Avenue, Sea Cliff, L. I., on plot 250 by 150 by 240 for Kate I. Reilly to a New York Hotel Syndicate.

Cooley & West, Inc., of White Plains have sold a plot in Prospect Street to E. A. Furman, the illustrator, who will build. They have also sold for H. H. Baker his plot in White Plains Park.

The Somerville Realty Company reports the following sales at Arverne, L. I.: To Thomas J. Lang, a plot 100 by 120, at the northeast corner of Morris and Clarence Avenues; to M. A. Haller, a plot 60 by 100, on the north side of Bannister Avenue, near Wave Crest Avenue, and to Lewis E. Bovingdon, a plot 40 by 100, on the east side of Vernam Avenue, near Amstel Boulevard.

The James Jay Smith Company has sold at Saybrook, Conn., a large plot fronting the sound to Miss Jennie S. Perry; also, the adjoining property to Lewis H. Russell.

Edward D. Sniffen has sold at Waretown, Ocean County, N. J., 474 city lots with a two-and-a-half-story residence, garage, and barn for Haenaw Morthorst. The price paid was $15,000.

Receiver Appointed.

Justice Lehman of the Supreme Court has appointed Jacob Katz receiver of the rents of 515 West 138th Street, a five-story tenement, on plot 37.6 by 99.11, pending a suit brought by George M. Bruestle to foreclose a mortgage of $9,000. There are prior mortgages on the property amounting to $46,000.

Notes.

An appropriation of $3,000 has been approved by the Sinking Fund Commission to pay the rent of the store and basement at 330 Broadway, where the city's annual budget exhibit will be held throughout the month of October.

Van Norden & Wilson have been appointed agents of the West Point Court apartments at the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 135th Street, recently sold by Charles Hensle to Bradley Martin.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Convent Av, 317, e s, 479.6 ft n of 141st St, 20x100, four-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, withdrawn.

Washington Av, 1,985, w s, 242 ft n of 178th St, 53.10x146x52.10x146.3, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Aug. 8.

Dyckman St, 301, n s, 350 ft w of Prescott Av, 140x150x irregular, two-story dwelling and two-story stable; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Mary Goodwin, $23,100.

By Samuel Marx.

49th St, n s, 141.4 ft w of Broadway, .04x100.5, partition; to the plaintiff, J. P. Knight, $125.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

165th St, s s, 200 ft e of Boulevard Lafayette, for a two-story brick stable; New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, 163d St and Fort Washington Av, owner; William F. Staab, architect; cost, $8,000.

Leland Av, e s, 100 ft n of Lacombe Av, for a one-story frame store, 14x34; John Schurenberg, on premises, owner; B. Ebling, architect; cost, $500.

Purdy St, e s, 897.68 ft n of Starling Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x48; Thomas Dunn, Herschell St, owner; Thomas L. Newman, architect; cost, $4,500.

Boston Road, w s, from 181st St to 182d St, for a four and twelve story brick hotel and hall, 124.4x94.1½; William Lowe, 750 Manida St, owner; William Griesser, architect; cost, $250,000.

Westchester Av, n w corner of 158th St, for two two and three story brick stores and lofts, 200x71.10½x62x88.11; W. Burland, Westchester Av and 160th St, owner; Koppe & Daube, architects; cost, $85,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

5th Av, 279, e s, to a four-story office building; Jessie I. Blair, Oyster Bay, L. I., owner; C. P. H. Gilbert, architect; cost, $15,000.

Broad St, 8 to 16, w s; Wall St, 13, s s; New St, 6 to 16, e s, to a ten-story office building; New York Stock Exchange Building, 6 to 16 New St, owner; George B. Post & Sons, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JULY 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,783, e s, 25x100; Albert J. Appell, guardian of Marion Kelly and others, to Ensign Realty Company, 156 Broadway, ½ part, (mtg $15,000,) July 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway....$2,323

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,783, e s, 25x100; release dower, Bridget Kelly, widow of J. W. Kelly, to same, ½ part, July 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway....$100

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,783, e s, 25x100; John W. Fleming to same, (mtg $15,000,) ½ part, all liens, July 17; attorney, Title Guaranteen and Trust Company, 176 Broadway..$100

BATHGATE AV, e s, 270 ft n of 176th St, 27x85.7; Isidor Wels, referee, to Grace C. Marvin, 12 West 130th St, July 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway......$15,000

BRYANT ST, s w corner of 180th St, 270.5x169.5; Charles Purdy to Charles P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St, July 11; address, 999 East 180th St....$100

CATHARINE ST, 22, w s, 27.4x68.3; Harry Abrahams to Charles Abrahams, 2,146 Honeywell Av, ½ of all title, Feb —, 1908.......$1

ELSMERE PLACE, 865, n s, 35x100; Max Hirsch to Bernard J. De Passe, 865 Elsmere Place, (mtg $21,000,) July 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.........$1

EDGECOMBE AV, 161 and 163, w s, 40x100; Abbotsford Realty Co. to Jeannette Goodrich, 307 West 98th St, B. & S., July 18; attorneys, Marks & M., 63 Park Row.........$1

HEATH AV, e s, 20.6 n from centre line, w to 229th St, 20.10x101.10x20.3x102.7; University Heights Realty Company to Anna Albert, 132 West 96th St, (mtg $8,400,) July 11; attorney, William H. Giegerich, 203 Broadway.........$100

HOFFMAN ST, s w corner of 189th St, 80x89.11; Anna Albert to Curtiss P. Byron, 2,224 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $26,000,) July 17; attorney, Arthur O. Ernst, 170 Broadway..$100

LEXINGTON AV, 1,501, s e corner of 97th St, 25.11x76; Sarah Meyer to Charles Rosenberg, 304 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, S. I., (mtg $25,000,) July 14; attorney, John R. Knox, 442 Broadway.........$500

LOTS 69 and 70, map 1,097 of Siems estate; Nunziata Fasulo to Filomena Fasulo, 225 East 152d St, July 18; attorney, W. L. Allen, 885 Brook Av.........$1

LOTS 21 and 22, map of J. J. Gleason, at Westchester; Richard Fensterer and others to Henry Nerenberg, 2,534 Poplar St, July 17, (mtg $600;) attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadday.........$1

LOT 533, map of Lohbauer Park; Richard W. Shaw to Joseph Fellenstein, 606 Bergen Av, July 10; attorney Sol Simmons, 320 Broadway.........$1

LOT 52, may of Allen estate; H. P. Rose Co. to Pietro D'Amelia, 412 East 124th St, July 17; attorney, Sam C. Newmark, 752 Broadway.........$1

LOT 440, map (1,275) of Lohbauer Park; Robert MacDonald to Alice Cockin, 1,379 White Plains Av, (mtg $280,) June 30; Frank Willetts, 1,379 White Plains Av.........$100

MANHATTAN AV, 535, w s, 15x80; Mary J. Kenney to Patrick Ferguson, 285 West 12th St, and another, (mtg $8,500,) July 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$1

MONROE ST, n s, 139.8 ft w of Montgomery St, 22.10x100; Isabella Burke and another to Samuel Gordon, 863 Myrtle Av, Brooklyn, July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$100

PARK AV, n e corner of 166th St, 96x87.11; Frame Realty Co. to Philipina C. Jacob, 1,899 Morris Av, (mtg $6,500,) July 14; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St.........$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 300 ft n of 156th St, 50x122.4x63.9x161.11; Joseph Z. Weigel to 783 Prospect Avenue Company, 912 Kelly St, all liens, July 5; attorney, Lawyers' Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway..$1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w s, 122.4 ft n of Wilkins Place, 25x—; William T. Sullivan to Agnes Sullivan, 1,078 Stebbins Av, July 18; attorney, Henry F. Lippold, 61 Park Row.........$1

WATER ST, 368, n s, 16.11x49.10; Christina George and others to William Tourney, 2,874 West 22d St, Coney Island, N. Y., July 17; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.........$1

WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 174th St, 25x100, except strip of 10.4 ft taken for avenue; Lillie M. Raynor to Mundane Realty Company, 55 Liberty St, July 18, (mtg $7,000;) attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Mundane Realty Company to Bertram L. Krauss, 1,869 Mount Hope Av, all liens, July 18; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.........$100

7TH AV, 325, e s, 24.8x100; Louis Chardon to Mary A. Magee, 382 St. Nicholas Av, July 17; attorney, Title Insurance Company, 135 Broadway.........$100

8TH AV, n e corner of 156th St, 199.10x100; New York and Northern Land and Improvement Co. to Harriet Coogan, 4 West 55th St; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$1

10TH ST, 25 West, 25.4x94.10; Maria de La Concepcion Varela de Martinez to Miguel R. Martinez, 25 West 10th St, July 17; attorney, Weekes Brothers, 45 William St.........$1

25TH ST, 118 East, s s, 20.10x98.9; Archibald Grace to Louise C. H. Dyckman, Orange, N. J., July 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway.........$1

25TH ST, 120 East, s s, 20.10x98.9; Albert P. Schack and another to Louise C. H. Dyckman, Orange, N. J., (mtg $9,500,) July 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.........$1

48TH ST, 312-316 West, s s, 50x100.5; Franklin Marsh and others to the 48th Street Company, 27 William St, July 7; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St.........$100

48TH ST, 312-316 West, s s, 50x100.5; Eleanora and Sanford F. Roll, Jr., executors, and Lucretia M. Roll to The 48th Street Company, 27 William St, correction deed, July 17; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St.........$25,750

60TH ST, 137 East, n s, 21x100.5; Mary R. H. Glyn to David Bovaird, Jr., 126 West 58th St, July 7; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.........$100

61ST ST, 347 West, n s, 23x100.5, (foreclosure June 30;) Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to James M. Anderson, trustee of James W. Anderson, July 12; attorney, Hamilton Odell, 60 Wall St.........$18,000

87TH ST, 115 West, n s, 16.8x100.8; William E. Cuff to De Witt Stetten, 1,187 Madison Av, (mtg $18,000,) July 17; attorney, Arthur O. Ernst, 170 Broadway.........$1

98TH ST, 320 to 324 East, 75x100.9; Charles N. Morgankep to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St, July 11; attorney, Charles W. Dayton, 27 William St.........$16,500

111TH ST, 249 and 251 West, n s, 72x100.11; Estelle A. Fleischmann to Lesco Realty and Construction Co., 320 Broadway, (mtg $100,500,) July 14; attorney, H. Reeves, 55 Liberty St.........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Lesco Realty and Construction Co. to Millie B. Pakas, 50 West 77th St, (mtg $99,000,) July 17; attorney, H. Reeves, 55 Liberty St.........$100

111TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of Broadway, 83.4x100.11; Riverside Viaduct Realty Company to New Amsterdam Holding Company, 507 Fifth Av, (mtg $230,000,) July 1; attorneys, Mayer & Gilbert, 43 Exchange Pl.........$100

116TH ST, 361 West, n s, 16.8x100.11; Helene A. Von Gerichten to Therese Serposs, 1,562 Broadway, (mtg $8,000,) July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.........$100

125TH ST, 303 East, n s, 25x99.11; John Flynn to Merger Realty Co, 132 Nassau St, B. & S., C. A. G., all liens, July 7; attorney, Emanuel Jacobus, 182 Nassau St.........$1

132D ST, 29 East, n s, 20x99.11; Annie M. Jones to Jacob Hirsch, 461 3d Av, July 17, (mtg $7,000;) attorneys, Avery & S., 20 Broad St.........$1

133D ST, s s, 150.1 ft e of 7th Av, 15.11x99.11; John S. Williamson to Bertha Stevens, Feb. 20, 1907; attorney, John B. Stevens, 176 Broadway.........$1

143D ST, 514 to 518 West, 100x99.11; Harold Realty Co. to Equitable Trust Co, 15 Nassau St, July 17; attorney, John Quinn, 31 Nassau St.........$100

152D ST, n s, w ½, lot 412, map Melrose, South &c., 25x100; Nunziata Fasulo to Filomena Fasulo, 225 East 152 St, (mtg $5,500,) July 17; attorney, W. L. Allen, 885 Brook Av.........$100

153D ST, s s, 150 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11; Millie B. Pakas to Lesco Realty and Construction Co, 320 Broadway, July 12, (mtg $18,000;) attorneys, Kendall & H., 27 William St.........$1

155TH ST, n s, 145 ft w of Elton Av, 25x100; Petronella Krvasniewska to Roman Catholic Church of St. Adalbert, 420 East 156th St, (mtg $4,000,) July 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.........$1

238TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Keppler Av, 25x100; Otto Nasman to Charles Peterman, 1,837 Amethyst St, quitclaim, July 15; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.........$1

241ST ST, 317 East, n s, 25x100; 241st St, 332 East, n s, 25x100; Alberta Solomon to Louis Hano, 541 West 124th St, July 10; attorneys, Merrill & R., 128 Broadway.........$1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

AMSTERDAM HOLDING CO. to Riverside Viaduct Realty Co., 536 West 111th St; 111th St, s s, 75 ft e of Broadway, 83.4x100.11, July 1, prior mtg $230,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Wechsler & R., 135 Broadway.$20,000

ARLUCK, Morris, to Barney Weinberg, 353 East 72d St; Forsyth St, 172, e s, 29.2x100, prior mtg $35,000, July 17, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Manheim & M., 302 Broadway. $14,000

ALTHAUS, Christine, to Mathias Haffen, 652 Courtlandt Av; lot 22, map of part of Hunt Estate, July 17, 3 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$3,000

BRUCKER, Joseph, to John A. Aspinwall, at Washington, D. C., and another; Amsterdam Av, 961, n e corner of 107th St, 25.7x100, prior mtg $41,000, July 17, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St....$4,000

BOVAIRD, David, Jr., to Mary R. H. Glyn, Newport, R. I.; 60th St, 137 East, n s, 21x100.5, July 7, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$25,000

BENVEN REALTY CO. to Judith W. Richardson, at Brockton, Mass.; 45th St, 150 West, 16.8x100.4, prior mtg $29,000, July 13, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. Roby, 34 Nassau St.........$7,000

BERGENSTEIN, Charles, to Henrietta Kahn and another, executors, 17 West 75th St; 56th St, n s, 72 ft e of Lexington Av, 20x100.5, July, 18 5 years; attorney, Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$20,000

BURKE, Tobias H., to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; 3d Av, s w corner of 116th St, 26.8x100, (prior mortgage $21,000,) June 16, due Feb. 7, 1913; attorneys, Strong & Co., 40 Wall St.........$4,000

BYRON, Curtiss P., to Emma Albert, 132 West 96th St; 189th St, s w corner of Hoffman St, 80x89.11, July 17, due Feb. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. H. Giegerich, 203 Broadway. $6,400

COOGAN, Harriet G., to New York and Northern Land and Improvement Co., 49 Wall St; 8th Av, n e corner of 156th St, 199.10x100, July 14, 5 years; attorney, B. L. Peck, 36 Liberty St.........$25,000

COFFEY REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 8th Av, n w corner of 17th St, 25x103, July 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, 176 Broadway.........$50,000

CAPPIELLO, Angeolina, to John A. Donald, Pennsylvania Av, Rosebank, S. I., and another, trustees; Cruger Av, e s, 100 ft s of Columbus Av, 50x100, July 17, due Jan. 1, 1915, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.........$5,000

CHAMPOLL, Harry E., to James G. Wentz, 335 West End Av; Heath Av, 2,905 to 2,913, w s, 89.2x90, July 18, 1 year, 5½ p. c.; attorney, James G. Wentz, 280 Broadway. $22,000

DEPASSE, Bernard J., to Bertha Garry, 865 Elsmere Place; Elsmere Place, 865, n s, 35x100, prior mtg $21,000, July 17, due Oct. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$1,950

DYCKMAN, Louise C. H., to Albert P. Schack and others, 166 West 123d St; 25th St, 120 East, 20.10x98.9, prior mtg $9,500, July 17, 1 year; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway.........$23,000

SAME to Archibald Gracie, 1,527 16th St, Washington, D. C.; 25th St, 118 East, 20.10x98.9, July 17, 1 year; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway.........$37,000

DAVIS, Alfred G., to Addie B. Clark, 220 West 87th St; Manhattan Av, w s, 55.11 ft n of 116th St, 18x50, prior mtg $2,000, July 14, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$2,000

DWYER & CASEY CONSTRUCTION CO to Cornelius G. Coakley and another, trustees, 53 East 56th St; Wilkins Av, w s, 50.10 ft n of Jennings St, 50.10x88.3, July 18, 5 years; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway $37,000

ELLIOTT, Emily M., to Frederick Schuck, 18 St. Nicholas Place; 236th St, n s, 400 ft e of Kepler Av, 25x100, July 17, 3 years; attorney, F. P. Hummel, 1,511 3d Av....$2,500

FONDA, Elizabeth C., to Fritz Doll, 1,827 Amethyst St; 14th St, s s, 280 ft e of Avenue E, 25x108, prior mtg $5,000, July 6, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George Costar, Tremont Av, near Public Place.........$1,500

GORDON, Samuel, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Monroe St, 171, n s, 23x100, July 18, due as per bond; 176 Broadway.........$10,000

HABELITZ, Kate, to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av; 152d St, 305 East, n s, 25x100, July 17, 1 year; attorney, Meyer Auerbach, 42 Broadway.........$1,000

HALLOCK, Charles P., to Charles Purdy, at White Plains, N. Y.; Bryant Av, s w corner of 180th St, 270.6x161.5, July 11, 3 years; attorney, F. M. Thompson, White Plains, N. Y.........$30,000

HANO, Louis, to Bronx Investment Co, 128 Broadway; 241st St, n s, 210 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100, July 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Merrill & R., 128 Broadway.3,500

HANO, Louis, to Bronx Investment Co, 128 Broadway; 241st St, n s, 160 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100, July 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Merrill & R., 128 Broadway..$3,500

JANSON, Katharina, to Christina Stephan, 2,126 Newbold Av; Houghton Av, 2,057, n s, 25x108, July 17, prior mtg $3,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. W. Hefter, 2,164 Westchester Av.........$600

KEHOE, Annie F., to L. H. McKeon, 124 Clymer St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; North Chestnut Drive, n s, 3.11 ft w of Bronxwood Av, 39.5, July 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, E. R. Vollmer, 293 Broadway.........$1,500

KETTLER, Bertha, to Anna C. Fedden, 755 ft e of 149th St; Garfield St, 1,732, lot 422, map Van Nest Park, July 1, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, W. S. Burt, 99 Nassau St.........$4,000

LESCO REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to Solomon L. Pakas, 50 West 77th St; 153d St, s s, 150 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11, prior mtg $18,000, July 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Herbert Reeves, 55 Liberty St.$5,000

MAGEE, Mary A., to Louis Chardon, 278 President St, Brooklyn; 7th Av, e s, 49.4 ft n of 28th St, 24.8x100, 5 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$41,500

MEYER, Samuel, to Mayer Meyers, 103 East 91st St; 151st St, 517 West, n s, 83.4x99.11, prior mtg $33,500, June 29, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Henry Meyer, 302 Broadway..$2,000

MARVIN, Grace C., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; Bathgate Av, e s, 270 ft n of 176th St, 27x85.7, July 17, 5 years, — p. c.; address, 160 Broadway, $6,000

MEEHAN, John T., to Violet L. Hamilton, 97 Central Park West; Park Av, n e corner of 183d St, 75x100, July 11; attorney, E. R. Vollmer, 293 Broadway, 1 year, 5½ p. c... $5,000

MUNDANE REALTY CO to Lillie N. Sternberg, 1,111 Madison Av; Washington Av, s e corner of 174th St, 25x100, (prior mortgage $7,000,) July 18, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.. $4,000

MAZE REALTY CO to Title Guaranty and Trust Co, 176 Broadway; Fox St, n s, 110 ft e of Avenue St. John, 2 lots each, 40.7x125, (two mortgages, each $27,500,) July 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guaranty and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.. $55,000

NEW AMSTERDAM HOLDING CO to Frank T. Noble, 1,839 Bedford Av, Brooklyn; 111th St, s s, 75 ft e of Broadway, 83.4x100.11, (prior mortgage $250,000,) July 14, due as per bond; attorneys, Mayer & G., 43 Exchange Place.........$15,000

NERENBERG, Henry, to Richard Fenstirer, 2,420 Grand Av; lots 21 and 22, map of each; J. J. Gleason, July 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway......$1,800

NOLAN, Joseph J., to Thomas Nolan, Navy Building, Washington, D. C.; 179th St, n s, 85 ft w of Mapes Av, 20x62.8, July 10, 1 year; attorney, Baylis & S., 37 Liberty St...$1,500

PARKER, John H., to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 34 Nassau St; 54th St, n s, 95 ft e of 6th Av, 18x100.5, July 18, due as per bond; 34 Nassau St.........$10,000

QUEEN MAB CO. to Greenwood Cemetery Corporation, 170 Broadway; Audubon Av, n w corner of 179th St, 50x100, July 18, 5 years; attorneys, Miller, K., L. & T., 80 Broadway.........$67,500

SCHIERENBECK, Ahrend, to Thomas J. Farrell, 139 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn; Maiden Lane, 135, 30x20.5; Maiden Lane, 137, 22x20, prior mtg $38,000, July 18, due Jan. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; 20 Vesey St.........$3,000

SERPOSS, Therese, to Helene A. Von Gerichten, 361 West 116th St; 116th St, n s, 83.4 ft w of Manhattan Av, 16.8x100.11, prior mtg $8,000, July 1, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

SCHAIE, Alvina, wife of Samuel, to Cornelius F. Kingsland, Babylon, L. I.; 117th St, 60 West, s s, 25x100.11, July 17, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St.. $21,000

TRASK BUILDING CO. to Simon J. Stroh, 1,107 Park Av; Park Av, e s, 100 ft n of 182d St, 48x178.5x48x179.8, July 17, due June 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.......$4,000

WEST TWENTY-SIXTH STREET CORPORATION to New York Life Insurance Co., 346 Broadway; 26th St, n s, 175 ft e of 6th Av, 100x98.9, July 17, 5 years; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100,000

48TH ST CO to Franklin Marsh and another, 162 West Milton Av, Rahway, N. J.; 48th St, s s, 150 ft w of 8th Av, 50x100.5, July 7, 1 year; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway.........$41,500

783 PROSPECT AVENUE CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; Prospect Av, w s, 300 ft n of 156th St, 50x122.4, July 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 160 Broadway.........$45,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

ARTHUR ST, 2,498, e s, 25x87.4, July 3, 1908; Pasquale Lamontagna to Mary T. Butler; C. P. Hauson, Room 57, P. B. Building..$1,000

AVENUE D, 72, e s, 20x72, July 10, 1907; D. Moskowitz and Celia, his wife, to Rosalie Cohen, 1 West 70th St; Sidney Josephthal, 43 Cedar St.........$2,000

BATHGATE AV, e s, 270 ft n of 176th St, 27x85.7, April 30, 1908; Gerard C. Connor to H. C. Friedrich and Emma, his wife; owner, Grace C. Marvin, 12 West 130th St; Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St.........$5,000

BATHGATE AV, e s, 115 ft s of 177th St, mortgage on fixtures, Sept. 8, 1909; Stephen H. Welch to J. L. Mott Iron Workks; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$970

FAILE ST, 1,039, w s, 20x100, June 29, 1908; Emanuel V. Nadherny to American Real Estate Co.; owner, party of the first part, on the premises; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$2,500

FORSYTH ST, 172, e s, 29.2x100, Dec. 30, 1903; Morris Stahl to the Mutual Alliance Trust Co. of New York; owner, Morris Arluck, 927 Fox St; Shapiro & S., 320 Broadway.........$15,000

FORSYTH ST, 172, e s, 29.2x100, July 20, 1908; Morris Arluck and Anna, his wife, owners, 927 Fox St, to Barney Weinberg; Manheim & M., 302 Broadway.........$6,000

GARDEN ST, n s, 315.2 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 50x100, Sept. 18, 1907; Carl E. Randrup and Mary, his wife, to William N. Dykman and others, executors of Niels Poulsen, deceased; owner, Furrer Construction Co., 779 Garden St, Bronx; James W. McElhinney, 41 Park Row.........$5,000

LOT 440, Map 1,275, Lohbauer Park, June 18, 1908; Robert MacDonald to Charles V. Gabriel; B. E. Rabell, 38 Park Row......$280

LOTS 166 and 167, map of portion of Hunt estate, Van Nest, July 24, 1909; Angiolina Cappiello to Marie Mohlenkamp; Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.........$800

SAME PROPERTY, same map; same to John E. Butterfield; attorney, same.........$3,910

LOT 533, Map 1,275 of Lohbauer Park, June 18, 1908; Richard W. Shaw to J. C. Davies, 14 East 81st St; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Brodway.........$413

LOT 10, Map 25 of lots of M. Schurck estate, Jerome Av, Inwood Av, 172d St, and Macomb's Road, 24th Ward, Sept. 17, 1907; Hannah Maher, owner, 17 East 172d St, to Walter J. Reeves; Oliver E. Davis, 3,025 3d Av.........$1,500

MARY (now 155th) ST, n s, 145 ft w of Washington (now Elton) Av, 25x100, June 13, 1910; Leo P. Kwasiewski to Jerome L. Adler; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$1,500

MECHANIC ST, s w s, adjoining land late of William G. Livingston 20x135x20x137.5, Jan. 1, 1889; James Carson and Catherine, his wife, to Charles Fritzel, owner, 2,026 Boston Road; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$700

SUBURBAN ST, e s, 78 ft n of Hull Av, 46.6x118 June 24, 1909; Eugene W. Schmolze to Julia Hysler; E. G. Duvall, 277 Broadway.. $8,000

UNION AV, e s, 321.3 ft n of 161st St, 30x171.8, Jan. 28, 1910; Frederick W. Kraemer to Ida, his wife, owners, Ramsey, N. J., to Millie Vanecek, 1,832 Holland Av, Van Nest, N. Y.; Adolphus O. Pape, 95 Liberty St.. $2,000

2D AV, 2,196, e s, 16.8x75, July 13, 1906; H. Marquart and Anna E., his wife, to Charles T. Adams, executor of A. L. Gardiner; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$6,000

2D AV, 1,893, w s, 24.9x96.8, June 29, 1906; Henry Fischer to Morris Schindel and another; Abramson and Potter, 140 Nassau Sa.. $5,900

2D AV, e s, 20.10 ft n of 115th St, 20x80, Nov. 23, 1909; Benjamin Silverman, owner, 2,242 2d Av, to Sarah M. Williams, 71 West 118th St; Hyman Cohen, 150 Nassau St......$2,000

17TH ST, 311 West, n w corner of 8th Av 103x25, July 2, 1891; John J. Coffey to the North River Savings Bank; owner, Catherine D. Coffey, 230 Riverside Drive, executrix of John J. Coffey, deceased; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$27,000

28TH ST, 530 West, mtg on lease, &c., June 14, 1911; Saxon Lamp Co., on premises, to Lee W. Bennett and another.........$5,000

45TH ST, s s, 516.8 ft w of 6th Av, 16.8x100.4, Oct. 23, 1906; Lillian M. Abel to Albert J. Sire; owner, Berwen R. Co., 1,287 Broadway; Wells & S., 34 Nassau St..$4,500

48TH ST, 312 to 316 West, s s, 50x100.5, Dec. 29, 1909; Eleanora and Sandford F. Roll, Jr., Rahway, N. J., to Harriette E. Schenck; owner, the 48th Street Co., 27 William St; Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St......$5,500

49TH ST, 435 West, n s, 25x100.5, Feb. 29, 1908; Jane L. Gallon to Magdalena Bossong; satisfaction to John J. Harlow, 340 West 51st St; Jacob Freeman, 229 West 42d St.. $3,800

49TH ST, 458 West, s s, 21.6x100.5, July 16, 1906; Margaret Coye and another, owners, 436 9th Av, to Madeleine Pfeiffer 433 23d St., West New York, N. J., executrix of Joseph Schlaich, deceased; Samuel Boyd, 169 Water St.........$10,000

57TH ST, n s, 126.8 ft w of 2d Av, mortgage on machinery, &c., Sept. 23, 1910; A. B. See Electric Elevator Co. and Abraham Silverson to Alonzo B. See.........$2,400

81ST ST, 56 East, s s, 16x102.2, March 25, 1903; Betty Blum to Columbia Trust Co., 135 Broadway; owners, Margaret and Catherine Norwood, 38 East 81st St; Richard P. Lydon, 58 Pine St.........$18,000

117TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, July 17, 1902; Paul Euell and Elizabeth, his wife, to Theodore Gordon, Newburg, N. Y.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$21,000

118TH ST, 4 West, s s, 25x100.11, Jan. 15, 1908; Gustav Jaretsky and Sarah, his wife, owners, 71 West 116th St, to S. A. Singerman, 2,115 7th Av; G. Jaretsky, 318 Bowery.........$4,000

126TH ST, 28 East, s s 18.9x99.11, Jan. 14, 1910; John G. Horgan, Annie E. Hickenbottom, and Eva B. Dundon to Emanuel J. Heilner; address, 28 East 126th St; E. G. Duvall, 277 Broadway.........$1,500

138TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 39.3x100, July 6, 1906; Northwestern Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., owner; William N. Nagler, Jr., 349 East 46th St; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.. $35,000

146TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100, July 1, 1910; Clara Wottrich to George Meister, Jr., 1,287 Chisholm St; Emil Hermanni, 391 East 149th St.........$2,000

217TH ST, n s, (formerly 8d Av or St,) being Lot 503, Map 143 of Wakefield, 25x114.3, Nov. 24, 1909; Michele Labriola and Donato Labriola to Emma F. Fettretch; Fettretch & Seybel, 41 Park Row.........$600

234TH ST, n s, 200.4 ft e of Verio Av, 25x100, July 9, 1908; Charles Lindner and Friedrike, his wife, to Charlotte E. Ebeling, trustee of Louisa Wapler, deceased, 2,394 7th Av; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$4,000

236TH ST, n s, 400 ft e of Keppler Av, 25x100, May 29, 1905; Maurice J. Katz to Charles Blum, executor of M. Theresa Blum, deceased; owner, Emily M. Elliott, 32 Alexander Av., Yonkers, N. Y.; F. P. Hummel, 1,511 3d Av.........$4,000

Assignment of Mortgages.

ALBANY SAVINGS BANK to West Side Savings Bank.

ANSORGE & CO. to Alfred L. Frankenthaler. $100

ABRAHAMS, Paul M., to Jacob Strauss...$100

ASCH, Morris, and another to Morris Weiss. $2,000

COLEMAN, Michael, to Central Trust Co. of New York.........$70,000

DODD, Adele S., to Eugene W. Wasserman. $630

FARON, John G., and another to Lawyers' Mortgage Co.........$20,000

FISHGAL, Benjamin, to Aaron J. Friedman. $100

FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST CO to John W. Conley.........$50,000

GROSS, Albert B., to Jacob Schradsky......$1

GOSHEN SAVINGS BANK to Lawyers' Mortgage Co.........$13,000

GOETTMANN, Louise, to Albert Goettmann; 2 assignments.........$1

HOLTES, Conrad, to William H. Holtes....$1

HUDSON MORTGAGE CO. to Charles F. Sanford.........$100

HERRMAN, Abraham, and another, executors, to David E. Sicker.........$45,000

JACKSON, Isidore, to Sarah E. Loder.....$100

JANSSEN, Marie, to Empire Mortgage Co..$100

KLOTZ, Morris, to August Ruff.........$100

KRAKOWER, Henry, to Paul M. Abrahams. $1

LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST CO. to Robert Gray.........$4,000

LAWYERS' MORTGAGE CO. to Mortgage-Bond Co. of New York.........$28,000

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. to New York Life Insurance Co.........$375,000

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO. to Lawyers' Mortgage Co.........$30,000

NORTHERN BANK OF NEW YORK to Walter J. Reeves.........$100

RICHARDSON, Thomas D., to George W. Short.........$3,000

RANKIN, William, to Jane B. Bernard..$20,000

REID, Wallace, to Carrie R. Cahn.......$3,500

SAVOY HOLDING CO. to Charles Zerbarini. $100

SPERANZA, Florence C., executrix, to Florence C. Speranza.........$1

SAME to Philip Stiehl.........$1

SHORT, George W., to Anna J. Bauer..$3,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO. to City Real Estate Co.........$1

SAME to Antonio Santaella.........$40,000

TITLE INSURANCE CO. to Harriette E. Schenck.........$5,500

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO. to Robert F. Hubbard.........$88,000

SAME to Robert F. Hubbard.........$12,000

UNGRICH, Martin, to Equitable Trust Co. $8,000

VAN KAN, Herman J., to William A. Van Kan and another.........$1

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

MULBERRY ST, 106 and 108, all; John Palmieri to Giovanni Tomaselli, 112 Mulberry St, 3 years from May 1, 1911; party of the second part, 112 Mulberry St.........$9,300

WASHINGTON AV, 1,927, all; Emma M. Crowell to Clement H. Smith, 1,773 Clay Av, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1911; party of the second part, 460 Tremont Av.........$1,500

11TH ST, 524 East, east store; Sarah Gellis to Joseph Bianchi, 524 East 11th St, 5 years; attorneys, Holm, W. & S., 35 Nassau St..$420

13TH ST, 176, store; Henry Holstern to Arthur Loewniger, 176 13th Av, 3 10-12 years from July 1, 1911; attorneys, Coller & Co., 132 Nassau St.........$1,200

37TH ST, s s, 225.5 ft w of 5th Av, 43.5x98.9, all; Alchimac Realty Co. to John R. McMurray at Fort Edward, N. Y., 21 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorneys, Cross & Brown Co., 5th Av and 34th St.........$26,000

48TH ST, 13 West; William G. McAdoo to Susan D. Parish, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Edward C. Parish, 52 Wall St... $8,750

57TH ST, 50 East, all; Florence C. Speranza and another to Allen-Stevenson School, on premises, 6 years from Sept. 1, 1911; attorneys, Joline, L. & R., 54 Wall St......$4,300

Mechanics' Liens.

5TH AV, 501; Pittsburg Plate Glass Co. against Felix Isman and John Doe, owners; Cramp & Co, contractors.........$1,183

83D ST, 23 East; William K. Falkinburg against Benjamin W. Levitan, owner and contractor.........$242

MOTT AV, c s, 100 ft n of 144th St, 100x100.4; Max Zudek against Mott Avenue Realty Co, owner; Joseph Miller and Barnett Chesler, contractors.........$49

JACKSON ST, 79 and 71; Jacob Mouerer against St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, owner; Fitzsimons-Shiller-Wilson Co, contractor.........$200

8TH AV, 2,442; Griffen Roofing Co. against John Doe, owner; William T. McDonald, contractor.........$68

116TH ST, 239 East; Samuel Filz against Anna Worsh, owner; James S. Roberts, contractor. $48

COMMERCE ST, 33; Harry B. Senft against James B. Bill, owner and contractor....$173

SYLVAN PLACE, 1 and 3; Christian Vomdran's Sons against George Ringler & Co, owners; John Stanford, contractor......$150

WASHINGTON AV, 1,766; Chicago Varnish Co. against Third Avenue Building Co, owner; Louis Strauss, contractor.........$38

119TH ST, 451 East; Wise Fire Proofing and Construction Co. against Richard W. Herner, owner; Sigmund Fox, contractor.........$20

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, 2,921 to 2,941; Joseph Theiss against George Daily and others, Feb. 23, 1911.........$3,150

BROADWAY, Amsterdam Av, 69th St, and 70th St; Charles Spangenberg against James McCreery and others, Nov. 25, 1910......$1,750

10TH ST, 273 West; W. H. Hussey against Walter N. Wood, Oct. 26, 1909.........$381

25TH ST, 127 to 131 West; J. B. Prescott & Son against John E. Olson Construction Co., June 16, 1911 (by bond).........$292

SAME PROPERTY; Andrew Newell against same, June 30, 1911 (by bond).........$101

137TH ST, 285 and 287 East; Pneumatic White Wash Co., against Charles J. Klien and others, Oct. 11, 1909.........$67

152D ST, 878 East; Nathan Passman against Longfellow Realty Corporation, Jan. 18, 1911. $1,245

SAME PROPERTY; A Pardi Tile Co., against same, Feb. 28, 1911.........$525

180TH ST and Pinehurst Av, n w corner; Nathan Hopin against Solon Construction Co., July 10, 1911.........$674

Lis Pendens.

CHERRY ST, 306; Martin J. Keogh, executor, against Annie Pariser and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rounds, Shurman & Dwight.

LOT 56, Block 1,006, Section 4, tax map; Leslie S. Petrie against Jessie D. Linn and others, amended foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, H. Swain.

NEW ST, or Croton St, s s, 214.5 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x86.9, and New St, or Croton St, s s, 264.5 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x86.9; B. Ayman Sands and others, trustees, against Isaac Schneidler and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

UNION AV, 684; Josephine O'Rodke against Julia Craven and others, executors, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. O. L. Cohalan.

4TH AV, e s, 75.9 ft n of 97th St, 25.2x100; Nelson H. Herzog against Salamon Farian and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Sulzberger.

11TH ST, 416 and 418 East, two actions; Emma Keller against Salvatore Genovese and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, W. A. Goodhart.

48TH ST, n s, 400 ft w of 6th Av, 100x100.10; Charles A. Rich against New Netherlands Theatre Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, W. B. Safford.

52D ST, 409 East; Martin J. Keogh, executor, against Patrick J. Cokeley and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rounds, Shurman & Dwight.

96TH ST, n e corner of Lexington Av, 26x100.11; Sarah A. Jefferson against Josephine M. French and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. W. Corlett.

181ST ST, n s, 170 ft e of Audubon Av, 50x100; Alphonse Hogenauer and others against Van Orden Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Davis & Kaufmann.

Building Loan Contracts.

MURRAY ST, 71 and 73; Albany County Savings Bank loans Daniel E. Seybel....$225,000

PROSPECT AV, w s, 300 ft n of 156th St, 50x161.10x irregular; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co. loans 783 Prospect Avenue Co. $45,000

MORTGAGE LOANS.

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$750,000 Mortgage Money for Permanent Loan, 4½%.
CAN BE DIVIDED; QUICK ACTION.
C. R. FIELD, 3 MADISON AV.

Have $265,000 which can be loaned at 4½%; moderate charges; divided to suit; quick acceptances. Sugarman & Kahn, 35 Nassau St.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS
Benjamin Bernstein, 103 Park Ave.

Mortgage applications wanted; firsts, seconds; plenty money; quick action; satisfaction guaranteed. Jenks, 115 Broadway.

$12,000 to loan at 4½%, 3 or 5 years; principals only. Apply Executor, M 283, Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Supreme Court Partition Sales
by instructions from
Adam Wiener, Esq., Referee.
TO-DAY
at 12 o'clock noon, Exchange Salesroom,
14 Vesey St., New York City.
228 Varick Street
(near Carmine Street.)
A three story and basement brick private dwelling, containing 10 rooms, one bath and two toilets. Size of lot, 20x53.5x irreg.
Messrs. Austin & McLanahan,
Attorneys for Plaintiff, 135 Broadway, City.
Joseph P. Day
31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
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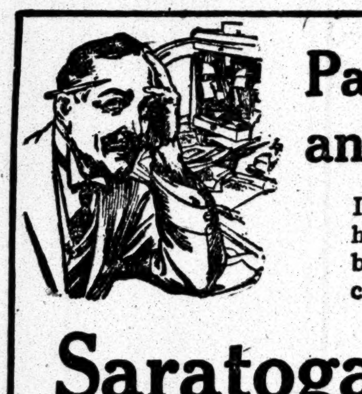

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10 shs. Bank of Long Island.
10 shs. Audubon National Bank.
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129 shs. Queens Estates.
15 shs. First Nat'l Bank, Jamaica, L. I.
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$35,000 Bingham Central R'way Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1948.
400 shs. Bonanza Creek Gold Mining Co.
1 sh. Hudson Trust Co.
1,000 shs. Nantucket Railroad Co.
$25,000 Phoenix Light & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Coll. Trust 30-year Gold Bds., 1939.
$11,000 Phoenix Light & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Coll. Trust 30-year Gold Bds., 1939.
$5,000 Phoenix Fuel, Light & Water Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1925.
$8,000 Phoenix Light & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Coll. Trust 30-year Gold Bds., 1939.
$5,000 Note of Henry C. Payne, due Aug. 4th, 1911, and secured by $7,000 Phoenix Fuel, Light & Water Co. 5 p. c. Bds., 1925.
1,001 shs. Phoenix Light & Power Co.
500 shs. "The Duncan," Nashville, Tenn.
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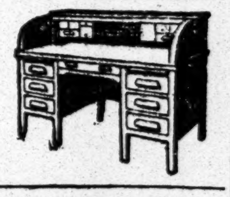

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Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant

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White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; J. Bell, hosiery and knit underwear; E. H. Young, prints; A. H. Shannan, dress goods and linings; 41 Union Square.

Harris-Emery Company, Des Moines, Iowa; Miss J. McWilliams, laces; Mrs. D. H. Smith, millinery; 41 Union Square.

Giddings Brothers, Colorado Springs, Col.; R. Rathburn, dress goods and silks; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Hanger & Thorpe, Walla Walla, Wash.; Mr. Hanger, general merchandise; 41 Union Square.

Crews-Beggs Dry Goods Company, Pueblo, Col.; L. N. Hart, cloaks, suits, waists, and millinery; 41 Union Square.

Daly Brothers, Eureka, Col.; Mr. Daly, general merchandise; 41 Union Square.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Portland, Ore.; C. W. Hadley, furnishing goods; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Mr. Day, representing; C. H. Hurd, hosiery and knit underwear; Mr. Donovan, hosiery and knit underwear; J. Lamb, representing; 31 Union Square.

Mahedy & Fleming, Shawnee, Okla.; J. H. Mahedy, carpets; 41 Union Square.

Hens & Kelly Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; T. C. Dooley, domestics and silks; 31 Union Square.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; M. M. Dunn, dress goods, silks, and laces; E. A. Tobey, shoes; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Filenes, Williams, Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Mr. Anderson, ready to wear; Mr. Weeks, ready to wear; Miss Jackson, waists; Miss Coakley, general buyer; Mrs. Moore, French underwear; Mr. Fox, machine made dresses; L. P. Dutch, misses' skirts, women's and children's hosiery; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Brandeis, J. L., & Sons, Omaha, Neb.; E. Ella, upholstery goods; 683 Broadway.

Pettibone-Peabody Company, Appleton, Wis.; M. Diederich, carpets; 41 Union Square.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; Miss J. L. Tasney, ladies' knit underwear; 57 White Street.

Syracuse Dry Goods Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; J. A. Marbes, gloves and furnishing goods; 51 Leonard Street.

Maas Brothers, Tampa, Fla.; E. Maas, shoes and millinery; Hotel Cadillac.

Taylor, J., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; C. E. Walker, white goods; F. Pauschert, wash goods; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; J. L. Geraghty, laces; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Paris Millinery Company, Salt Lake City, Utah; Mr. Darby, underwear; 821 Broadway.

Emporium, San Francisco, Cal.; F. H. Nourse, books; 229 Fourth Avenue.

Miller & Rhoades, Richmond, Va.; J. T. Otto, upholstery goods; 55 White Street.

Wood, D. R., Shenandoah, Penn.; general merchandise; 115 Spring Street.

Cannon & Byers Millinery Company, Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. C. Strange, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hotel Marlborough.

Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; R. B. McKenny, wash goods; 43 Leonard Street.; Great Northern Hotel.

Loveman, D., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; S. W. Berger, cloaks and waists; 40 West Twenty-second Street.

Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; J. M. Lee, millinery, ribbons, hosiery, and gloves; 55 White Street.

Bentley-Gray Dry Goods Company, Tampa, Fla.; J. W. Rinaldo, hosiery and gloves; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Marlborough.

Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. Vanderpyl, furnishing goods, hosiery, and knit underwear; 75 Spring Street.

Scarborough & Hicks, Austin, Texas; J. W. Scarborough, clothing and furnishing goods; 896 Broadway.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; E. E. Durand, ready to wear; 13 East Twenty-second Street.

Halle Brothers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; P. Clarke, women's wear; 31 Union Square.

Guggenheimer, C. M., Lynchburg, Va.; E. H. Crutchfield, dress goods and silks; 40 West Twenty-second Street.

Arbuthnot-Stephenson Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; R. L. Thompson, domestics; 43 Leonard Street.

Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; H. C. Wortman, dry goods; 438 Broadway.

MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; G. W. Aubuchon, hosiery and gloves; J. D. Robertson, ladies' and infants' wear; 55 White Street.

Berkson, M. J., Chicago, Ill.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Great Northern.

Pearson, J. B., & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. B. Pearson, piece goods; Hotel Wolcott.

Brittain, John S., Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; R. W. Powell, laces, ribbons, and furnishing goods; 320 Broadway; Holland House.

Wallace, J., & Sons, Stroudsburg, Penn.; C. D. Wallace, dry goods; The Breslin.

Sonneborn, H., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. Sonneborn, clothing; The Breslin.

McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; W. Corcoran, clothing; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.

Clarke Brothers, Scranton, Penn.; H. M. Troupe, housefurnishing goods; Hotel Broztell.

Timothy Dry Goods Company, Nashville, Tenn.; E. A. Metz, carpets; A. Aldred, dry goods; Hotel Albert.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; O. J. Lowenberg, leather goods; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Dalkowitz Brothers, San Antonio, Texas; S. Dalkowitz, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses, and ladies' furnishing goods; C. Dalkowitz, men's and boys' clothing and furnishing goods; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Russ, Eveleth & Ingalls, Boston, Mass.; Miss L. White, muslin underwear; 31 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; Nathan Kaufman, muslin underwear, infants' wear, and wrappers; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Cahn-Coblens Company, Baltimore, Md.; B. Wervonsky, cloaks and suits; Prince George Hotel.

Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; L. W. Rosskopff, cloaks, suits, millinery, ladies' and infants' wear; A. E. Ellis, housefurnishing goods; H. P. Edgecomb, hosiery and furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; G. Melin, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street.

Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. L. Barnard, furs; 45 East Seventeenth Street.

Effroymson & Wolf, Indianapolis, Ind.; G. A. Effroymson, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.

McWatters & Dolan Company, Cleveland, Ohio; C. A. Dolan, hats; Hotel Imperial.

Lebeck Brothers, Nashville, Tenn.; M. S. Lebeck, domestics and hosiery; 320 Church Street.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; T. E. Gordan, domestics; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.

Strawbridge & Clothier, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. M. McCutcheon, dress goods; 874 Broadway.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.

Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. A. Tucker, flowers; 621 Broadway.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; H. A. Cook, muslin underwear; Miss M. E. Moss, muslin underwear; 31 Union Square.

Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss K. Desmond, suits; Miss E. Sullivan, ready-to-wear; Miss J. Canty, underwear; Miss S. Blumenthal, waists; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Harris, A., & Co., Dallas, Texas; L. A. Harris, notions and ribbons; 40 West Twenty-second Street.

Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; A. J. Bigler, shirts and overalls; 72 Leonard Street.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; F. E. Leach, dress goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Navarre.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; C. Dillemuth, dress and wash goods; 683 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Bittner, Hunsicker & Co., Allentown, Penn.; F. D. Bittner, cloaks; Hotel Grand.

Morrison, D. J., & Brothers, Savannah, Ga.; D. J. Morrison, general merchandise; Hotel Marlborough.

Rosenthal Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; C. Rosenthal, cloaks and suits; 114 Fifth Avenue; Herald Square Hotel.

Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; A. Delive, carpets; A. Goodman, dry goods; J. E. Berk, waists and underwear; Hotel Rector.

Cobb & Pothin, Providence, R. I.; E. D. Cobb, millinery; V. R. Pothin, ribbons; The Hermitage.

Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; H. Douerheim, blankets; 258 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.

Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss E. Dean, representing; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; H. S. Yates, furnishing goods; 15 East Twenty-second Street; Hotel Rector.

Smith, M. E., & Co., Omaha, Neb.; C. E. Hutchinson, hosiery and underwear; 820 Broadway; Hotel Rector.

Porteous, Mitchell & Brown Company, Portland, Me.; J. T. MacNamara, representing; R. Braun, hosiery; 57 White Street.

Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; M. H. K. Malone, hosiery; 57 White Street.

Trankla, Charles, & Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; A. M. Juo, hosiery; 57 White Street.

Smith-Murray Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. Roy, hosiery; 55 White Street.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; H. J. Donnelly, hosiery; 57 White Street.

Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; H. Mitchell, clothing and furnishing goods; 55 White Street.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; J. Walker, hosiery; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Prince George.

McBain & Hyslop, Roanoke, Va.; G. M. Koontz, hosiery; 57 White Street.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; E. W. Dempsey, laces, ribbons, gloves, and neckwear; 57 White Street.

Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; T. A. Pratt, dress goods; 43 Leonard Street.

Castner-Knott Company, Nashville, Tenn.; Miss M. Wright, books and stationery; 214 Church Street.

McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; A. R. Maxbach, representing; 214 Church Street.

Butler, W. S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; H. K. King, representing; 55 White Street.

Miller, Rhoads & Swartz, Norfolk, Va.; Miss E. M. Whitford, muslin underwear; 57 White Street.

Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Beverly, Mass.; Mr. Rudderham, general merchandise; 2 Walker Street.

Daniels & Fisher Stores Company, Denver, Col.; E. Smith, notions and fancy goods; 36 Worth Street.

Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; R. J. McKay, dress goods and silks; 75 Spring Street.

Edson, Moore, & Co., Detroit, Mich.; W. B. Hazleton, representing; 51 Leonard Street.

Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; E. M. McDonald, notions; 72 Leonard Street.

Robertson - Sutherland Company, Lawrence, Mass.; Miss A. Norton, hosiery; 57 White Street.

Lost

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—COUPONS OF CHICAGO & ALTON 3½, 1950; 16, Nos. 1983 to 1998, inc.; 2, 1999 to 2000, inc.; 16, 1951 to 1966, inc. Also coupons of Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific 6%, due 1917, 4, Nos. 4523 to 4526, inc.; 2, 4776 to 4777, inc.; 1, 4857; 2, 4869 to 4870, inc.; 3, 4881 to 4883, inc.; 13, 5302 to 5314, inc.; 2, 5340 to 5341, inc.; 3, 5588 to 5590, inc. Payment on these coupons has been stopped. Finder please notify Jas. B. Colgate & Co., 36 Wall Street, New York.

LOST—$50 REWARD.
Thursday evening, July 13, at Greenwich Inn, Sound Beach, Conn., one lady's gold hunting case watch, ornamental case, black enamel partly worn off, and one neck chain, fine gold link, with small round white pearls about every four inches, and black enamel charm in the form of a glove buttoner and whistle. Return to J. C. Powers, 65 Duane St., N. Y. City.

LOST—One small mesh silver pocketbook, containing a key and several nickels, on Flatbush Av. car at or near Flatbush and Vanderbilt Avs. crossing. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to 926 President St., Brooklyn.

LOST—A liberal reward will be paid for the return of a diploma issued by Phillips Exeter Academy to Paul Hyde Bonner, lost on first day July, 1911, probably between 42d St. and 44th St., on 5th Av. Ira L. Hill's Studio, 463 5th Av., New York City.

LOST—Commutation book, Reading, Long Branch, and New York; name inside; between Cortlandt St. and 145th St., 8th Av., Jersey Central; reward. Samuel Arnstein, 246 Pearl St.

LOST—In front of 43 5th Av., green leather shopping bag containing a sum of money, spectacles, 2 trip tickets from New York to Chapeaque; liberal reward. A. von Nagy, 43 5th Av.

LOST—Saturday, plain gold wedding ring, engraved "N. to K., July 16, 1901," between Nassau Hotel, Long Beach, and Hempstead, L. I. Liberal reward, 33 West 84th St.

LOST—An amethyst brooch surrounded by emeralds, pearls, and diamonds, between Brighton Beach and 158th St.; finder rewarded. R 90 Times.

LOST—Sunday afternoon near Iron Steamboat Pegasus, brown raincoat; reward, no questions. Room 1,503, 149 Broadway.

LOST—Purse containing sunburst and two diamond rings; reward $50. Mrs. J. P. Leahy, West End Av., Rockaway Park.

LOST—Sunday, $56, bills, between 180th and 188th St., Bronx; very liberal reward. M 282 Times Downtown.

$500 REWARD
FOR THE RETURN OF CHAMOIS BAG CONTAINING JEWELRY, LOST JULY 8 AT ROCHE'S PAVILION, FAR ROCKAWAY.
E. F. CAVANAGH,
BAYVIEW AV., FAR ROCKAWAY.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Bull terrier, black spot over eye; answers name Nellie; license No. 4,846; liberal reward. Mrs. Schenck, 210 W. 30th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

80c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, July 18.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station master, Jersey City, N. J.: Straw hat, shirtwaist pin, bathing suit, handbag, fan, lunch box, alarm clock, umbrella, raincoat, package of blueprints.

FOUND, July 18.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Grip, cane, pair of gloves, two packages, hatbox, hat, umbrella.

FOUND, July 18.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Valise, satchel, three umbrellas, two packages, package of castings.

FOUND, July 18.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Valise, coat, three packages, purse.

FOUND, July 18.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Straw hat, 12 packages, purse, two umbrellas, leather roll, pair of gloves, overcoat, lady's umbrella, soft hat, package, pair of gloves.

FOUND, July 18.—ERIE R. R. Aply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Teapot, three raincoats, package of shirtwaists, key ring, man's straw hat, package, two boxes of shoes, six umbrellas.

FOUND, July 18.—PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Two keys, razor, toilet roll, belt, locket, package, three nightshirts, kimono, pipe, straw hat, society pin, pajamas, book, valise, eyeglasses, 3 umbrellas, gloves, coat, knife.

FOUND, July 17.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Hat, collar, daybook, cleaning fluid, embroidery, shipping sheets, gloves, cane, two packages, seven umbrellas, 2 coats.

Business Opportunities

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

A good saloon man can obtain possession of a going business in Greenpoint with little money; main consideration good hard-working man who attends to his business; must have clean record. Apply to-day. Brewery Collector Adler, 531 West 124th St., N. Y. City.

Wanted.—Salesman for attractive line machinery specialties; demonstrator, salary, expenses, and leads furnished; party preferred able to make some investment and become permanent. Specialties, M 267 Times Downtown.

PARTNER with $4,000 for an exclusive money-making proposition; advertiser holds option State rights; references required. H. T., R 106, Times.

Capable party with some capital wanted in poultry products shipment and delivery business; good salary and share profits. M 283 Times Downtown.

$2,000 will buy an established manufacturing business; good profits; a pleasant business; clean proposition. M 286 Times Downtown.

Bakery for sale, good location. Address Andrew Fechet, 505 Harrison Av., Harrison, N. J.

Business Notices

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Start a mail order business and prosper; valuable pointers free; plans furnished. Advertising Company, P. O. Box 1,615, New York.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let.

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Brooklyn.

The fastest growing section in Brooklyn; don't go to the country, but take advantage of the best three months of the year and buy now, before the prices advance, one and two family brick houses, from $4,250 to $6,000; small deposit and easy payments. Office 18th Av. Depot, Sea Beach Line. Write for booklet. Tel. 428 Bath Beach.
J. C. PROUDMAN,
6,305 18th Av.

Jersey City.

123 Beach St., corner Germania Av., new two-family house; lower floor, 5 rooms and bath; upper floor, 6 rooms and bath; separate entrances; all improvements; lot 25x100; house 22x38; inspection and examination invited; a first-class home at a moderate figure; desirable residential section; accessible to all ferries, and only 20 minutes to New York by Hudson tunnels; price $5,200; cash $300 or more, and remainder $35 monthly. Charles H. Nicoll, 781 Summit Av., Jersey City.

Long Island.

TO SMALL INVESTORS.
Lady going abroad wishes to dispose of the following properties: Five cottages, three small farms, four shore plots; situated within easy distance of Penn. Tunnel; to be sold on easy terms of discount for cash. Address E 33 Times.

AT WESTBURY, 45 minutes out, 12,000 sq ft. of good land for $680; nothing like it for the price; $50 cash and $5 per month will buy it. HOLLBERG, 391 East 149th St., cor. of 3d Av., Room 213.

Huntington.—Small bungalows with plot 100x100; high, airy, fertile land; price, $600 and up. Write for tickets to see them. Beck, 1,361 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Westchester.

Hastings and Vicinity.—Houses for sale and to let; lots. Devine, Hastings-on-Hudson.

New Jersey.

Actual bargain; new house, in a cool, shaded location on crest of Palisades; restricted section; five minutes from 130th St. Ferry; 20 minutes from West 42d St. Ferry; eight rooms, bath, pantry; large closets; trim and floors hardwood; steam heat; sewer, city water, gas, [illegible]. CONRADSON, 257 Broadway, N. Y.

Country Board

80c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY. Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

Long Island.

Exceptional Opportunity. — Beautiful home, overlooking Sound; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis. Fairview, Sea Cliff, L. I.

Battershall Inn, Sea Cliff, L. I.—Elevation 200 ft.; no mosquitos; references; send for booklet.

New York State.

FOR refined people; pure mountain air and water; toilets, baths; $7 to $8; 5 miles from station; no invalids; free transportation.
WM. J. HEMMER,
Fremont Center, Sullivan County.

"Elliswood."—Board on Ulster County fruit farm, $7. White, 309 West 46th St. 34—Bryant.

New Jersey.

An ideal place to rest; at "Overlook," Morristown, N. J.; 1½ miles from station; fine view, plenty shade; good table; vegetables, fruits, milk, eggs, all from place. Tel. 438.

New England.

Having bungalow in famous Berkshire Hills, Mass., will take few boys to board for Summer or by month; mother's care; graduate nurse; experienced. Address Miss M. E. Bennett, Pontoosuc Lake, Pittsfield, Mass., or 540 West 112th St., New York City.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

DESIGNER on popular-priced waists and dresses; only those experienced and knows the line thoroughly need apply. Greenberg, Wiener & Co., 42 Wooster St.

NURSES.—A number of pupil nurses, age 19 to 30, will be accepted by the People's Hospital; immediate pay; diploma, $100 on graduation. Call or write, 203 2d Av.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

FURNITURE SALESMEN—Several competent salesmen required for our Furniture Department. Apply to Superintendent.

CHAUFFEUR wanted to drive one-ton truck on a division of the receipts, and also sell trucks. Tel. 3069—Columbus.

EXPERIENCED salesman wanted in the ladies' hand bag line for the Middle West; first class man with a good established trade can procure a good position with an old, reliable concern. R 111, Times.

NEWSPAPER MAN, good editorial writer, for new local weekly; must have experience and up to date; particulars. Scribe, 171 Times Downtown.

RESIDENT SALESMEN WANTED for every middle West State to handle a well-made, popular-priced line of suits and coats on a commission basis. Address R 100 Times.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced salesman wanted for the retail undertakers' supply line; state former line handled, experience, references, &c. Address Undertakers' Supply, 43 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED FOR BEST LINE IN WAISTS WITH AN OFFICE IN CHICAGO; ALSO SURROUNDINGS. GREENBERG, WEINER & CO., 42 WOOSTER ST.

SALESMAN wanted with established trade in the South for an up-to-date cloak and suit house strictly on commission basis and a salesman for the East on same basis. R 109, Times.

SALESMAN on high-grade imported cloth-faced boxing and stamping papers, on commission; experienced. Paper, 284 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted with established trade on Coast for a strong line of popular priced cloth and silk dresses. R 110, Times.

SALESMAN for high-grade wardrobe trunk, on commission. Trunk, 285 Times Downtown.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Several good salesmen, who have a large acquaintance among friends and societies; elegant chance for right parties; big money. Call at once, Real Estate Office, 1,362 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—An experienced advertising solicitor for an unusually attractive commission proposition; state age and selling experience in detail. R 91 Times.

WANTED—Stenographer and bookkeeper; experienced man who could take charge of correspondence and books. R 105 Times.

WANTED—Salesman, experienced, thoroughly acquainted with city office trade, cloaks and suits. Hirsch & Bro., 826 Broadway.

WE WANT A SALESMAN FOR THE COAST; ONE WHO KNOWS THE IMPORTED GROCERY LINE THOROUGHLY; STATE SALARY; NO SIDE LINES; PLACE FOR A WIDE-AWAKE BUSINESS MAN ON AUG. 1; APPLY BY LETTER; TELL US ALL ABOUT YOURSELF AND YOUR EXPERIENCE, OR DON'T WRITE; ALL COMMUNICATIONS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. CRESCA CO., SUCCESSORS TO REISS & BRADY, NEW YORK.

YOUNG MAN, capable taking charge office and shipping room, requires experience in cloaks and suits. John E. Parks, 110 W. 14th.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

NOTICE.—OFFICE CULMEN, 62 Quai de Jemmapes, Paris, France, created for the purpose of introducing in industrial, agricultural, and domestic circles perfected machinery, apparatus, and tools, seeks relations with AMERICAN manufacturers desiring to enter the French market.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

BANK BOOKKEEPER, male, experienced, age 22-28; $15.
Stenographer, male, rapid, accurate; $18.
Stock ledger clerk, male; unusually fine opening; $75 month.
Bank messengers, male, boys living on upper west side; $30 month.
Ledger clerks, male, good penmen; $12.
Credit man, general contracting experience; $25.
Stenographers, female, permanent position; $12-$18.
Bookkeepers, female, experienced; permanent; $12-$15.
Stenographer and Bookkeeper, female; beginners considered.
Apply in person.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
(Agency,) 47 West 42d St.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

COMPANION.—A capable, refined American lady desires re-engagement as companion; moderate salary; excellent references. Address Box 287, New Canaan, Conn.

COOK AND BUTLER.—Couple, young, desire positions as cook and butler; good references; state wages. R 98 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Educated widow, with boy of six years, would like to secure position as housekeeper; thoroughly competent; references given and required; willing to go to the suburbs. Address 220 Broadway, New York, Room 1, Floor 17.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, beginner, 2½ years' office experience; understands switchboard; small salary to start; chance for advancement. R 72 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 53 Union Square, 'Phone [illegible]—Stuyvesant.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.
Live wire on publicity or direct sales desires immediate connection. R 112, Times.

AMERICAN, 28, single, discreet, trustworthy, desires confidential position; no objection to leaving city. M 281 Times Downtown.

A SALESMAN,
29, experienced, would consider proposition with reliable firm with staple line. R 69 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, ten years' experience, exceptional references, desires position. R 103 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant, (19,) ambitious, quick and accurate at figures, best reference. Address F. Prawdzicki, 703 Columbus Av.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of typewriting, 18; excellent worker. Bookkeeper, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Sober, honest, obliging; best of reference; competent mechanic; American age 29; all-around man; wishes position with private family; Packard preferred. A. G. Atwater, 147 East 40th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; single; high class; neat appearance; expert mechanic on foreign and American cars; five years' experience; best reference from last employer. J. Powell, 317 West 36th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Russian desires private position; city, country; expert mechanic; can repair any make; also motor boat; references. Poznack, 657 11th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Y. M. C. A. graduate, 20, 1½ shop experience; total abstainer tobacco, liquor; seeks position, city or country. Oresch, 733 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Six years' experience; three years with last employer; best personal references; any car; city or country. Henry, 239 West 50th St.

CHAUFFEUR, (colored,) 30, desires position; seven years' experience; best city and country reference. Majors, 38 W. 67th St., N. Y.

Ex-manager of well known audit company undertakes audits, instals lavor-saving, cost systems; keeps books at own or client's office; terms moderate; would accept permanent position with good firm or corporation. M 250 Times Downtown.

FOREIGNER, graduate of American college, wishes a position in a banking firm or broker's office. R 104 Times.

GENTLEMAN OF GOOD APPEARANCE, WELL EDUCATED, KNOWING FRENCH, GERMAN, RUSSIAN, ENGLISH, AND LITTLE ITALIAN, SEEKS POSITION AS CORRESPONDENT, SECRETARY, ETC.; VERY OBLIGING; SMALL SALARY AT BEGINNING. R 107 TIMES.

LIVE SALESMAN who will make headquarters in Denver, Col., desires a good line for that territory on commission basis. R 114 Times.

MECHANICAL DRAUGTHSMAN, 12 years' experience designing and manufacturing gas engines, computing scales, typewriters, &c.; sober, reliable, married; age, 32; now unemployed. Elmer Burlingame, care of Thacher & Williams, 27 William St., City.

SALESMAN controlling trade with hosiery, gloves, and corset stores is open to make arrangements for these lines at once. R 73 Times.

SALESMAN, jewelry and diamonds last 10 years, desires position with reliable house; willing to take any line. R 70 Times.

SILK AND LINEN MAN, 20, for the past two years as assistant buyer, would like position with reputable house. M 279 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, 26, thoroughly competent A 1 office man; highest credentials; $20. R 113 Times.

SUCCESSFUL specialty salesman, present employed, seeks connection where commission earnings upward of $5,000 yearly are permissible. Executive, 287 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Strong line of $9.00 ladies' waists by live representative with established trade in Middle West. R 108, Times.

YOUNG MAN, 32, educated, good business connections, highest credentials; expert bookkeeper; intimate knowledge corporation work; organizing, adjusting; successful management. R 101 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position where advancement can be obtained; has unquestionable references; not afraid of work. Victor Ettinger, 106 Ludlow St., city.

YOUNG MAN, 32, first-class bookkeeper; 12 years' experience; excellent references; salary moderate. R 102 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 30 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPEWRITERS, and office assistant. Competent help furnished. Sarah M. Gahagan, 256 Broadway. Tel. 7035 Barclay.

Domestic.

BOND, $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119—Harlem.

COMPETENT HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, waitresses, colored, city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288—Morningside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av., 'Phone Harlem 6370.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORK.—Canadian, good cook and laundress; excellent references; city; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224—Plaza.

NURSE, assist chamber work and seamstress; good reference; $20; city. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224—Plaza.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished parlor suite, other rooms; excellent board; table guests; references.

5TH AV., 47.—Cool rooms, private baths; with or without board; transients.

11TH ST., 140 WEST.—Large, cool room; also small room; superior table; transients accommodated; references.

10TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private bath; table guests; exclusive.

48TH, 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms, private baths, house, table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

58TH ST., 306 WEST.—Scrupulously clean rooms; home cooking; hot water supply. 'Phone 1378—Columbus.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large, small rooms; gentlemen preferred: fine location; excellent table; also parlor floor.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms, private baths; superior table; Summer rates; telephone; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large, medium, and single rooms; southern exposure; private baths; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—'Phone 1386 Columbus; small, large rooms; excellent cuisine; table guests accommodated.

74TH ST., 181 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 289 WEST.—Newly furnished, parlor, dining; excellent table; table guests; board optional; Southerners and Westerners desired; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

76TH ST, 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining, table board; references required.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; home atmosphere.

80TH ST., 141-143 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath; large, small rooms; Summer rates; references.

80TH ST., 129 WEST.—Desirable rooms in refined house; superior board.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable room; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Newly furnished; electric light; private baths; telephone

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome suite, two rooms and bath; accommodate four; telephone; electric lights.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; Summer rates; parlor dining room; table guests; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; table guests and transients accommodated.

93D ST, 25 WEST.—Nice large and small front rooms, good table, parlor dining room, near Park and "L" station; Summer rates.

93D ST, 122 WEST.—Desirable large room, conveniences; also single; southern exposure; good board; references.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Large rooms; attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house.

102D, 243 WEST, (Riverside.)—Exceptional large front room, southern exposure; lavatory; also single room; spacious halls; excellent table; refinement; Summer rates.

104TH, 29 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent board; telephone; table guests; Summer rates.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large and small rooms, excellent table.

117TH, 407 WEST.—Coolest location; large room; private bath; single room; phone Morningside 8,136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking daintily served; Summer rates.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; overlooking park; excellent table; rooms, $4, $5; references.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Cool, healthful; Morningside Heights; Sethlow apartments, just completed; none finer; beautiful rooms, furnished new; single, suites; private baths; electric elevators, electric lights; elegant dining room.

123D ST., 519 WEST, Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside.—Single rooms; suites; board optional; Summer rates.

157TH ST. SUBWAY, Washington Heights.—Dining room; pleasant outside room; overlooking Hudson. Telephone 203—Audubon.

SOUTHERN LADY will board refined married couple or two gentlemen at $20 weekly; large room, elegantly furnished; bath adjoining; Southern cooking; refined surroundings; hotel service. Telephone, 433—Columbus.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 108.—Elegantly furnished room with private bath; with or without meals.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor, private bath; single and double rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; near Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; telephone; transients accommodated.

30TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine, airy rooms; elevator; Summer rates; board optional; block Park.

MADISON AV., 694-696, (28 East 63d.)—Fine rooms, excellent board optional; Summer prices.

MADISON AV., 839 (70th St.)—Rooms or board; Summer prices; breakfast in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

DELIGHTFULLY COOL ROOM; excellent table; moderate rates. Phone 1795 Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A SPANISH GENTLEMAN desires room and board with refined American family, where there are no other boarders; location between 72d and 96th Sts.; references exchanged. State particulars. Address H. C., Box 171, 1,364 Broadway.

Home wanted with quiet family near New York for woman of middle age now in sanitarium; requires no care; permanent revenue assured in return for kind treatment. Address J. S., P. O. Box 448 New York City.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms; private baths; transient and table guests.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Comfortably furnished single and double rooms; modern improvements; telephone; Summer rates.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite or single; delightfully cool; every convenience; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large cool room, private bath; second floor; telephone; visitors accommodated.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Cool, clean rooms; for particular people; private house; porcelain bath; reference.

37TH ST, 68 WEST.—Large, small rooms; modern conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

38TH ST., 52 WEST.—Handsome rooms; cool, clean; Summer rates; large, light basement; visitors accommodated.

43D ST., 115 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms for gentlemen; telephone; references; moderate.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, cool, airy room; private bath; running water; reference; telephone.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large and small rooms; private bath; all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; references.

52ND, 248 WEST (Broadway)—Desirable rooms, large and single; all conveniences; transients or permanent.

52D ST, 238, West of Broadway.—Large front room, suitable for two; bath; breakfast; rent $7.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable, cool rooms; private baths; electric lights; board optional; transients.

60TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large and medium front rooms; bath; electric light; telephone; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large front and small rooms, with running water, for gentlemen or ladies. Barrett.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms, suite or separate; board optional; select.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool front room; private house; near Park; all accommodations for gentleman; bath; exclusive; $25 month; reference.

72D ST., 302 WEST, Near Riverside.—Pleasant large front room; location unsurpassed; concession for Summer months; telephone; Subway.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Large, medium, single; private baths; continuous hot water; telephone; Summer rates.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive cool rooms; baths, Subway express; Summer prices.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large and small, cool rooms; refined surroundings; Summer rates; references.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; references; telephone.

76TH ST., 289 WEST.—Newly furnished, large single, double rooms; private baths; Southerners and Westerners desired; transients accommodated; board optional; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, cool rooms in refined neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Second floor; private bath; other rooms; physician's office; electric light; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large, front room, dressing room, suitable two gentlemen; all conveniences; reasonable.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large second-story room; private bath; also smaller one; private family.

78TH ST., WEST (Amsterdam and Columbus).—Airy, newly furnished rooms; reasonable; Southerners. P 182 Times.

80TH ST., 100 WEST.—Cool, breezy well-furnished room in bachelor apartment; all conveniences; references exchanged. Telephone 7480 Schuyler.

80TH ST, 149 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private residence; all conveniences; references; telephone 7514 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 149 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private residence; all conveniences; references; telephone 7514 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—One large front room with bath, newly furnished; private family; conveniences; references.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Large, medium rooms with dressing room and bath adjoining; moderate; references.

82D ST., 327, (Riverside Drive.)—Private house; large, cool room; five windows; also basement. Campbell.

83D ST., 311 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; electric light, telephone; private residence; gentlemen.

84TH ST., 124 WEST.—Clean, cheerful rooms, large, small; running water; closets; home comforts. Hoffmann.

85TH ST, 140 WEST.—Large back parlor; private bath; one other room; [illegible].

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

87TH ST., 207 WEST.—Comfortable and clean room, running water, next bath, $3. Tobias.

92D ST., 76 WEST.—Strictly clean, handsome three-room suite, or separate; private entrance. Scholes.

94TH ST., WEST.—Large, cool front rooms, private bath, in exceptionally well-furnished, quiet house. 'Phone 322 River.

94TH ST., 311 WEST.—Large, small outside room, $4.50, $2.50; both light, airy; references. Toplitz.

102D ST., 302 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Private house, large, nicely furnished room suitable for married couple or bachelor; reasonable; with bath.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Attractive room, facing street; closets; $5; elevator; southern family; references. White.

111TH ST., 521 WEST.—Attractive room; running water; large closet; elevator; mail chute. Apt. 42.

118TH ST, 414 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—Cool, cheerful, large room; suitable one or two. Smith.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—Airy, large, small rooms; piano; elevator; fine view. Apartment 33.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Near Columbia University and Riverside; fine rooms; bath; first-class apartment; dining room; Subway, Amsterdam trolley. Apartment 39.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner rooms; modern; telephone; Summer rates; $3, $5. Hungerford.

121ST ST., 508 WEST.—Large, light, airy rooms; telephone; elevator apartment; Summer rates. Stokes.

122D ST., 540 WEST (corner Broadway).—Exceptionally cool front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 21.

122D ST., 514 WEST, near Broadway.—Cool, high-class rooms; single, double; Summer rates. Kenyon.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large rooms, parlor; piano, telephone; every convenience; Subway, "L"; Summer prices.

BROADWAY, 2,337, (corner 85th St.)—Rooms with kitchen, $5, to permanent business girls. Drexler.

BROADWAY, 2,465.—Cheerful outside cool room; elevator; telephone; $4; every comfort; 91st Subway. Maguire

COLUMBUS AV., 887, (104th.)—Light, airy, newly decorated room; suitable one or two. Kealy.

Light-housekeeping suite—2 front rooms, unusual—electric lights, fan, piano, telephone; reasonable. Dentist's private residence, 476 West 24th—London Terrace.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, Corner of 127th.—Beautifully furnished, large, cool room; bath, kitchen; elevator apartment; special low rent; $3-$5 weekly.

East Side.

16TH ST., 212 East.—Very desirable rooms in a private house; references.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Well-furnished small rooms for gentlemen.

21ST ST., 139 EAST. "Overlooking Park."—Furnished rooms, without board; all conveniences; running water.

31ST ST., 116 EAST.—Strictly first-class room for gentlemen; private house; phone, electricity; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Two large rooms, suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife. Telephone 5299—Madison.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; square room; single room; Summer rates; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with baths and running water; gentlemen; references.

1.—76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attrative rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

MADISON AV., 278., NEAR 40TH.—Richly furnished apartments; double rooms; private baths; below Summer prices.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG LADY desires room private family; no other boarders; between 72d and 92d; quiet, large room. M., Room 906 1,170 Broadway.

WANTED.—Furnished room in private house or hotel. R 99 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

96th St., 67 West.—Seven large, light, comfortable, airy rooms; top floor; all improvements; owner, premises; $50; near Subway and "L."

East Side.

52d, 299 East.—Eight light rooms and bath, corner, $35.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

St. Nicholas Av., 343, Corner 127th.—Elegant furnished elevator apartments, 4-6 large, cool rooms; special rents $8 weekly upward.

111TH ST., 520 WEST.—Gem four-room furnished corner apartment; 8 outside windows; reasonable; janitor.

Most elegant rooms in city, $25-$60 monthly; private bath, meals. 22 West 60th.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

AT SEACONNET.—Desirable furnished cottage to rent for the Summer; nine rooms; piazza looking toward the water; very cool location. Address L. A. Gray, Little Compton, R. I.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

STEINWAY mahogany upright piano in fine condition; will sell very cheap. 316 W. 42d.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14024.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES S. BAKER, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of September, A. D. 1910, the said Charles S. Baker was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
July 18, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY LEWIS, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Harry Lewis, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 11, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, Aug. 23, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, July 17, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JACOB GINSBURG, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated July 3, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Sept. 6, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 17, 1911.

Used Autos For Sale

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOMOBILES.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St. Used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices. We have the largest showroom in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from. All makes, from $125 to $3,000. Demonstrations cheerfully given. Terms to responsible buyers.

RENAULT, 20-30, GUNBOAT BODY.
OVERHAULED AND REPAINTED.
F. T. SANFORD,
44 WEST 43D ST.

A 1910 7-passenger Peerless touring car; driven only 4,000 miles; fully equipped; sacrifice, $1,750; fully guaranteed. S. J. Wise, 58th St. and Broadway. Tel. 8371 Columbus.

Forty horse power four-door demonstrating touring cars; very attractive prices. Hupmobile Agency, 1,709 Broadway.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted, $900. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

1910 CHALMERS rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

Automobile Supplies

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTO SUPPLIES.
REORGANIZATION SALE
of $50,000 stock, must be closed out; auto tires, $4.75 up; tubes, $1.75 up; lamps, $1.25 up; horns, 98c up; dusters, $1 up; 75c spark plugs, 30c; $2 tail lamps, 98c; $2 and $1.50 caps, 35c; $2 pumps, 98c; non-skid chains, $20; wind shields, $12.75; $2 and $2.50 jacks, 95c; 50c pliers, 19c; oil guns, 23c; 25c straps, 9c pair; $2 trunk racks, 98c; everything for the automobile way below cost.
HAYES RUBBER CO., 57 Warren St.

AUTO TIRES.—BARGAINS IN NEW AND SECOND; EXPERT TIRE REPAIRER. PHILLIPS RUBBER WORKS, 1,931 BROADWAY.

Automobiles to Rent

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTOS FOR HIRE.
PEERLESS CARS.
PEERLESS RENTAL SERVICE.
'Phone 2893 Columbus.

Beautiful six-cylinder large seven-passenger touring car, $3 per hour. Lamensdorf, 4580—Audubon.

Hire Packard 7-passenger; $3 hour, 6 hours afternoon or evening, $15. 802 Melrose.

For Sale

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly Used Office Furniture—Desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, neostyles, bookcases, partition. Nathan's, White St. and West Broadway.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-69 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

BURROUGHS Adding Machine; practically new; will sell cheap. Address, Box P 226 Times Downtown.

Must realize in Italian and Spanish old masters just sent to this country. Post Office Box 889.

One platform wagon in perfect condition for sale cheap. 90 Thompson St. Frank Zerillo.

FOR RENT.

Accountant leaving the city for a year has two Burroughs Adding Machines that he will rent for this time very reasonably. Address P 228 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, PUBLIC SERVICE Commission for the First District.—In the matter of the application of the BRONX TRACTION COMPANY for the approval by the Public Service Commission for the First District under Section 184 of the Railroad Law of a declaration of abandonment of a portion of its routes in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York.—Case No. 1353.—Published notice of hearing.
Notice is hereby given that the application of the Bronx Traction Company under Section 184 of the Railroad Law for the approval by the Public Service Commission for the First District of a declaration of abandonment of a portion of its routes adopted by the Board of Directors of said company and ratified and adopted by the stockholders of said company, as required by law, the following being a description of the portion of said company's routes declared to be abandoned, namely:
"Beginning at the intersection of Olin Avenue or Gun Hill Road and White Plains Road; running thence southerly along said White Plains Road to Bear Swamp Road at Bronxdale, and thence along said Bear Swamp Road to its intersection with Morris Park Avenue," will be heard by said commission at its office, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 25th day of July, 1911, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon.
Dated July 17th, 1911.
BRONX TRACTION COMPANY,
By Edward A. Maher, President.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ADOLPH ETTINGER, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Lawrence B. Wolf, Esq., receiver herein, will sell at public auction, by order of the court, at No. 126 Riverdale Avenue, Yonkers, Westchester County, N. Y., on the 19th day of July, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the property and assets of the bankrupt, consisting of a stock of hardware, tinware, housefurnishing goods, fixtures, &c. The property may be inspected at any time between 10 and 5.
Yonkers, New York, July 15th, 1911.
LAWRENCE B. WOLF, Receiver.
LOUIS LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE MATTER OF S. E. KELLAR LUMBER COMPANY, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on Monday, July 24, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., Charles Shongood, horses, 1 roan horse, 1 sorrel, 2 black horses. place of business, 206th St. and Harlem River, eighteen horses and all harness, as follows: 6 bay horses, 2 gray mares, 1 chestnut, 5 gray horses, 1 roan horse, 1 sorrell, 2 black horses. The horses can be seen each day from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M.
Further particulars can be had from the receiver or his attorney.
JESSE WATSON, Receiver.
SAUL S. MYERS, Attorney for Receiver, 60 Wall Street.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS ZUCKERMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, July 26, 1911, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 130 West Twenty-sixth Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' waists, power tables, cutting tables, machinery, safe, fixtures, &c.
CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH,
Receiver.
JULIUS G. KREMER, Attorney for Receiver, 350 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—OSCAR J. GREGORIUS, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated July 1, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Sept. 6, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 17, 1911.

Vacation Time

¶ What kind of a place have you pictured in your mind for your Summer vacation? Have you planned a couple of weeks or a month at the beach, the mountains, or the country?

¶ Many delightful places offering a diversity of recreation, golf, tennis, canoeing, and swimming; others where one may find quiet and rest are advertised in the Country Board columns of The New York Times.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Racing Shells Are Not "Vessels" Under Tariff Law—Iron Drum Decision.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that racing shells are not "yachts, pleasure boats, nor vessels" within the meaning of the present Tariff act. John B. Thayer, Jr., of Boston appears in the test case as the importer. He brought to this country two eight-oar racing shells. The Collector assessed the boats at the rate of 35 per cent. ad valorem, under the provision in the law for "manufactures of wood."

Mr. Thayer set up the contention that instead of being so assessed the boats should have been subjected to a tonnage tax equal to $7 per gross ton, under the provisions of Paragraph 37, which provides that rate for "yachts, pleasure boats, or vessels." Judge Waite, in his decision for the board, takes the view that the shells are not to be regarded as in the same class with the three kinds of craft mentioned in the law. He holds that the Collector, in the absence of any more specific provision in the Tariff act, very properly classified the shells as manufactures of wood. The protest is overruled.

The board has handed down a decision favorable to the importers in a case affecting the classification of cylindrical iron drums used for containing caustic potash and bleaching powder. The drums are made of thin metal. No question was raised regarding the duty imposed on the contents, but Balfour, Guthrie & Co. and Meyer, Wilson & Co., the importers, objected to the classification returned by the Collector.

Duty was assessed at the rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem under the provision in the act of 1909 for "cylindrical or tubular vessels or tanks for holding gas, liquids, or other material, whether full or empty." The importers alleged that the drums are "usual" coverings as that term is used in the law. Judge Fischer, in sustaining the contention, says that the evidence shows that the metal drums used in holding the merchandise on being emptied of their contents cannot be used commercially for any similar use and possess no value other than as scrap metal. The Government assessment is reversed.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JACOB SPIVACK.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Jacob Spivack, dealer in trunks and baby carriages at 1,978 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $4,232 and assets of $450, consisting of stock, $400, and fixtures, $50.

JOSEPH WASSERMAN.—Joseph Wasserman, dealer in dry goods at 173 Avenue B, has made an assignment to Julius Newman. He began business here in October, 1908, and was previously in the same line in Brooklyn.

MORRIS ATLAS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Morris Atlas, manufacturer of artificial flowers, 105 Bleecker Street, show liabilities of $6,716 and assets of $3,041, consisting of stock, $2,100; machinery and fixtures, $750; accounts, $181, and cash, $10.

FUCHS BROTHERS COMPANY. — Judge Veeder has appointed Walter Cook, Jr., receiver in bankruptcy for Fuchs Brothers Company, wholesale dealers in notions and novelty jewelry at 39 Lispenard Street, in place of Harold Elgar, who did not qualify.

EPSTEIN & JACOBSON.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Epstein & Jacobson, manufacturers of skirts at 169 Mercer Street, show liabilities of $3,450 and assets of $1,978, consisting of stock, $1,000, fixtures, $800, and accounts, $178. The largest creditors are Kandell Brothers, $1,917.

HENRY F. JATKO.—Henry F. Jatko of 40 West Thirty-second Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,617, contracted in Philadelphia, and no assets. Among the creditors are K. M. Huddell, $2,480, money loaned; B. S. Davis, $580, loan, and Ida V. MacIlvaine, $435. The last-named creditor has a suit pending against him in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, but he says he has paid the amount in full.

ISAAC POLONSKY. — A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isaac Polonsky, dealer in cloaks and suits at 58 Division Street, by these creditors: S. A. H. Cloak & Suit Company, $1,415; Isaacson Brothers, $389, and Jacob Cohen, $168. Liabilities are $5,000, and assets, $1,500. There was an Isaac Polonsky, a cloak manufacturer on Division Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Nov. 5, 1902, and who subsequently filed a voluntary petition on Nov. 16, 1906, and received a discharge on Sept. 18, 1907.

The judgment recorded in THE TIMES recently as against John T. McWhirter and others for $139 in favor of F. H. Abbee, was in favor of F. H. Albee against John T. McWhirter, as executor of the estate of Imogene T. Parmelee.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday:

Alden Spears Sons Co.—L. Purdy et al., commissioners, costs, $114.
Baker, Anna Mae—J. E. Grape, $305.
Brokaw, David—Frank Pearl & Co., $101.
Bell, William J.—F. Fahn, $131.
Bruckner, Frederick C.—E. Wolf, $270.
Commercial Knitting Mills, Inc.—J. H. Jordan, $3,291.
Conried, Hans G.—J. A. Rutherford et al., $114.
Cunningham, Mary J.—The City of New York, costs, $111.
Conroy, Marie M.—L. Goldsmith, costs, $108.
Cantwell, John M., Charles Zimmerman, and Frisco Realty Co.—H. Raabe et al., $3,423.
Cunningham, Frank J., Shand & Cunningham, and Shand Construction Co.—Church E. Gates & Co., $1,346.
Calhoun, Patrick—E. J. De Forest et al., $3,124.
Del Gandio, George—The Northern Bank of New York, $639.
Colin, Joseph—H. Goldstein, $119.
Diamond, William J.—J. H. Cohen, $534.
Egan, William J.—Gustave Rader Co., $105.
David M. Oltarsch Iron Works of New York—S. Berman et al., $571.
Erdtmann, Paul W.—A. Geller, $112.
Forsyth, Harry—J. B. Wood et al., $118.
Guy, Percy C.—J. Peck, $464.
Glixman, Joel A.—W. R. Ellison et al., $1,004.
Glaser, Alfred—B. Griffin, $158.
Hefferman, Michael T.—J. W. Stoltz, President, $284.
Kamenetsky, Samuel, and Max Schultz—Alva Carpet and Rug Co., $162.
Lewis Realty and Construction Co.—Carter, Black & Ayers, $246.
Lange, John B.—C. C. Palmiter, officer, &c., costs, $136.
Lichtwitz, Charles—E. Isreal, $151.
Muren G. Morgan—F. S. Gardner, $226.
Moore, Louis I.—J. Winkler, 262.
Munsterman, Henry—S. M. Barber, $139.
Morris, Melvin L.—Lord & Taylor, $278.
Munyer, Salim—J. Yamin, $1,530.
Maurer, George—Ferdinand Munch Brewery, $455.
Nicholsburg, Henry, H. Nicholsburg & Co., and the Nichols Construction Co.—Gustave Rader Co., $150.
O'Donnell Restaurant Co.—Home Life Publishing Co., $178.
Palmer, Bessie C.—Lord & Taylor, $186.
Peterson, Charles—The City of New York, costs, $125.
Pleumacher, Charles F.—Manhattan Rolling Mill, $176.
Ryan, John—T. Winnenberg, $519.
Ramazzotti, Giacomo—The German Exchange Bank, $772.
Schratweiser Fireproof Construction Co.—Expanded Metal Engineering Co., $449.
Stilwell, Van Mater—Gustave Rader Co., $458.
Shaw, Frederick V. V.—Lord & Taylor, $567.
Simon, Nathan—C. S. Martin, costs, [illegible]4.
Sullivan, Thomas J.—G. M. McAneny, President, costs, $118.
Sheres, Morris—Manhattan Rolling Mills, $200.
Standard Insurance Co. of New Jersey—J. J. Koehm, $357.
Taylor, Gove S.—The H. O. Canfield Co., $468.
Vanderbilt Realty and Improvement Co.—C. B. Pierce, $1,067.
Westchester County Brewery—Lilienthal Bros., Inc., $1,583.
Walker, Charles—J. L. Jantzen, $3,467.
White, Charles S.—J. M. Carney, $218.
Winterer, Louise—P. W. Rouss, $321.

Satisfied Judgments.

Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co.—D. Greenberg, June 10, 1911, $250.
Eisen, Louis—I. Hammer et al.—March 2, 1911, $483.
Forsyth, W. Frank—A. Fisher, March 10, 1911, $228.
Housman, Jacob I. and Elm Park Realty Co.—City Equity Co., April 11, 1910, $859.
Goldan, S. Ormond—R. Murray et al.—costs, June 10, 1911, $165.
Same—J. L. Greatsinger, costs, June 10, 1911, $166.
Merchants' Refrigerating Co. — P. O'Connell, administrator, June 5, 1911, $375.
Nassau Electric R. R. Co.—L. Gunther, May 13, 1911, $739.
National Switchboard Co.—B. Eschmann et al., June 23, 1911, $113.
Ohl, Henry—W. A. Edwards, Nov. 14, 1907, $144.
Parkway Amusement Co.—J. Schiller, May 16, 1911, $277.
Reynal, Nathaniel C.—S. C. Thurm et al., June 8, 1911, $343.
Ritchey, Daniel P.—F. A. Hall, Nov. 14, 1905, $235.
Sellers, Patrick—J. H. Meyer, May 9, 1911, $186.
Thompson, Charles H.—W. Knauth et al., May 6, 1910, $748.
Wyner, Eva—Columbia Bank, April 20, 1911, $244.
Greenbaum, George E.—Kertscher & Co., July 7, 1911, vacated, $1,179.
Diamant, Harry—B. Barnett, Sept. 12, 1910, vacated, $1,518.
Gibson, Alexander—R. Bronwick, July 1, 1911, vacated, $130.
Nelson, Albert G.—Aetna Life Insurance Co., July 1, 1911, vacated, $237.

ROSENBLATT TIES UP MUTUAL'S ELECTION

He's the Lone "Policy Holders' Ticket," and He Got 2,000 Out of 21,000 Votes.

GETS INJUNCTION UP STATE

Stops Six Elected Trustees from Taking Office and Lets Expenses Run—Loss on Him so Far $60,000.

Sol Rosenblatt, the young Chicago lawyer who has been running single-handed as a "policy holders' ticket" against the thirty-six regular candidates for Trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, nothing daunted by the fact that the canvass of votes cast, which was practically completed yesterday, shows that he got about 2,000 out of a total of more than 21,000, made a new move in his fight on the administration yesterday. Through his lawyer, Lester T. Hubbard of Albany, he served notice on the Inspectors of Election that they must not certify the choice of six of his thirty-six opponents on the ground that they are not policy holders in the company.

The notice took the form of an injunction obtained by Mr. Hubbard from Supreme Court Justice W. O. Howard of Troy. In order to tie up the election thoroughly for the time being the injunction was directed against the company, the thirty-six Trustees, and Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss, as well as the five twenty-five-dollars-a-day Inspectors of Election.

It was not served on the others for the reason, as explained by Mr. Hubbard, that he had not had time to get all the papers prepared. It was apparent that he learned just in time that the Inspectors were to complete their labors and certify the result to-day, and he came down from Albany hot foot and served the injunction personally.

The five Inspectors did not seem at all chagrined when they were served. The litigation means to them that instead of winding up to-day their tour of duty at $25 a day each they will continue in office until the contest is ended. Whether they will continue to draw the same pay in the interim is thought to depend on Supt. Hotchkiss, by whom under the law their compensation is fixed, although it is paid by the policy holders.

The six candidates whose qualifications are attacked are Joseph H. Choate, Jr., Cyrus H. K. Curtis, Thomas M. Mulry, Henry W. Taft, Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, and Robert W. Woodward. In his petition Mr. Rosenblatt asks that all ballots cast for them be counted for him, as he is a policy holder and they are not. Of the six Gen. Tracy has been a Trustee for the last five years. He was originally nominated on the policy holders' ticket in 1906, and was adopted as an administration candidate also. He has never been a policy holder, but in the hot fight waged by the Untermyer forces in the first election after the Armstrong laws were passed this point was never made against him.

The injunction is returnable at a special term of the Supreme Court in Albany on July 29. Officials of the company seemed to regard it yesterday as of a piece with the Rosenblatt campaign, which has put the policy holders to an expense of about $60,000 for the holding of a contested election.

"There is no merit," said Frederick L. Allen, solicitor for the company, "in the contention that Trustees must be policy holders. There is no provision of law to that effect, and the point has never been raised before. As for enjoining the Inspectors, it is not their business to pass on the eligibility of the candidates in any case. Their duties are prescribed in the law, and they consist of counting the ballots and certifying the result. Their duty is entirely clerical."

The charter of the company provides that the offices of the Trustees shall be filled "by" the policy holders. Mr. Rosenblatt and his lawyer argue that this means that the offices shall be occupied exclusively by policy holders, while the company maintains that it means that they shall be elected by the policy holders, as it has been understood in the past.

Mr. Rosenblatt's interesting campaign was inaugurated by the simple process of filing a petition signed by 100 out of the 500,000 or 600,000 policy holders insured in the company. This is in accordance with the Armstrong law, under which the Rosenblatt ticket, on which he appears alone, automatically acquired a place on the ballot. This also made it necessary under the law to send ballots with return envelopes to all the policy holders from Tasmania to Siberia. It is the postage and printing involved, with the pay of the Inspectors and other clerical force, that is costing the policy holders the $60,000 above the expense of an uncontested election.

Mr. Rosenblatt originally had an idea that as each policy holder had a right to vote for thirty-six Trustees each vote for him would be counted as thirty-six, and by this cumulative method of counting he would be pretty sure to be elected. This idea was knocked in the head by Supt. Hotchkiss when the contention was submitted to him.

MAY BE 5 CENTS TO CONEY.

Service Commission Orders Hearing on Reducing Fare Except in Rush Hours.

The Public Service Commission adopted on the motion of J. Sergeant Cram yesterday an order setting a hearing for July 24 at 11 A. M. to determine whether all the companies operating to Coney Island shall not be obliged to reduce their fare to 5 cents except in the rush hours of the day.

Mr. Cram started on his Coney Island 5 cent fare campaign soon after he became a member of the commission, and his colleagues who held against a 5-cent fare to Coney by a divided vote in an investigation two years ago, have thus far gone along with him. It is said that a majority of the commission now favors the change.

The order adopted yesterday affects all the companies, elevated and surface, in the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system operating to Coney Island, and the Coney Island and Brooklyn Company, operating what is known as the Smith Street Line.

THEIR HONEYMOON AFLOAT.

W. H. Teurs and His Bride Start Away in Boat They Built for the Trip.

Young William H. Teurs and his bride launched their cruiser the Bessie yesterday afternoon from Plum Beach, Sheepshead Bay, and all their neighbors were there to see them off and to applaud the glowing sentiment that overflowed the speech of Alderman Dotzler, the Mayor of Plum Beach. As boy and girl they had always said they would spend their honeymoon on their own boat, and three years ago they started to build it. Teurs admits that Bessie did most of the work.

Anyway, the thirty-six-foot raised-deck cruiser, with its two staterooms, was finished and the young couple were married in Jersey City. On this trip they go no further than the Atlantic Highlands, but they swear that if the Bessie proves as seaworthy and as strong as will the love that went into the building they will sail around the world in her. This honeymoon trip, they say, is merely a test voyage.

Capt. J. E. Bloom Becomes a Major.

Through the death of Major C. P. Stivers, Commissary, U. S. A., at Kansas City last Thursday night, J. E. Bloom, the Senior Captain of the Subsistence Department, now stationed at the Army Building, New York, has been promoted to Major and has been assigned to report on processes of canning fruits and vegetables in the inquiry now being conducted by the Institute of Industrial Research of Washington, D. C. Capt. Bloom was examined for promotion more than three years ago, but no vacancy has occurred until now. It is understood that when the formalities of the service shall have been complied with, he will retire from active service on account of ill health due to Philippine service, which prevents his taking the annual riding test. As a retired officer, he will make his home in this city.

Confer on Powder Storage Here.

Deputy Fire Commissioner Olvany presided at a conference held yesterday afternoon at Fire Headquarters on the safest manner in which to transport and store dynamite to be used in blasting for the new aqueduct tunnel. Among the conferrees were representatives from contracting and powder companies which are in charge of the work, Davis J. Kelly, in charge of the Bureau of Combustibles, and Assistant Corporation Counsel Weil. Twenty-four shafts for the viaduct will be sunk in New York.

HARVARD MAN TO WORKHOUSE

Stole from Classmate, Assistant District Attorney Johnston.

Notwithstanding the plea of Assistant District Attorney Johnston for clemency for Harry Renshaw, his old college mate, who only an hour before had stolen a suitcase from his room in the Criminal Court Building, Magistrate Herrman in the Tombs Court sentenced Renshaw to six months in the workhouse for vagrancy yesterday.

Detectives Burke and Nelson of Headquarters had seen a dilapidated looking man showing a suit of silk pajamas to a pawnshop keeper in the Bowery, and, watching him, saw him plunge his hand down into the suitcase he carried and bring up a violet bathrobe, which he also laid on the counter. The detectives concluded that this apparel was rather rich for the man with the suitcase, and they asked him where he got it.

"Call Bob Johnston," said the suitcase man. "He won't let me go over for this. I only wanted to 'bum' a quarter from him. He knew me once."

This was Renshaw. Before the Magistrate he asked again for Mr. Johnston, and at this moment the Assistant District Attorney walked in. Seeing the prisoner, he drew back and was leaving the courtroom when he was recalled.

"Let him go, poor devil," pleaded Mr. Johnston with the Magistrate.

"Harry, why is this?" asked Mr. Johnston, turning to the prisoner.

"Oh, the same old story, Bob," answered Renshaw.

"This man came into the Criminal Court Building and stole a suitcase belonging to you, Mr. District Attorney," said Magistrate Herrman. "He's a bad one, and I'll give him the limit."

Johnston and Renshaw were in the same class at Harvard and close friends. Johnston had not seen him for years until he met him in court yesterday. Renshaw had been passed into the Assistant District Attorney's office on the plea that he knew him very well and would await his return there.

DANGER IN THE MILK SUPPLY.

Dr. Hess Says, However Slight, It Should Not Be Ignored.

Dr. Alfred F. Hess has had reprinted from the journal of the American Medical Association a treatise on "The Incidence of Tubercle Bacilli in New York City Milk," with a study of its effects on a series of children; and a further pamphlet on "The Subsequent Health of Children who Drank Milk Containing Tubercle Bacilli."

Dr. Hess, after searching experiments, concludes that the drinking of infected milk containing tubercle bacilli does not necessarily, nor even usually, create tuberculosis. The doctor argues that with 16 per cent. of "loose milk" infected, if infection were coincident with exposure, it would mean that on an average every child who drank this raw milk daily for a week would exhibit some tuberculous lesion. Tuberculin tests and postmortem examinations made on infants by Dr. Hess "prove the fallacy of such reason." Dr. Hess, however, found one exception, which he is following up.

On the whole, Dr. Hess is of the opinion that bovine tuberculosis, though less virulent than the human variety, is capable of infecting human beings and that children are more susceptible to infection than adults. He hopes that the "alarming degree of tuberculosis contamination found in New York City milk" may prove an effective argument for those who are striving with the legislators in the cause of pure milk.

Dr. Hess points out that, although probably over 90 per cent. of tuberculosis is due to infection from human beings, there is no justification for neglecting the danger from bovine infection, for even a small percentage of the infections in the United States means thousands of cases of tuberculosis.

NEW YORKERS SUBPOENAED.

Must Appear at Trial in Porto Rico of ex-President Morales.

Joseph R. Darling, special agent of the Department of Justice, arrived here yesterday from Porto Rico to report that he had successfully prevented the organization of a revolution against Santo Domingo in that island. He caused Gen. Carlos F. Morales, ex-President of Santo Domingo, and Gen. Jiminez, its ex-Vice President, to be held for trial for attempting to organize a military expedition against the country they formerly ruled. He said:

"This is the first case of the kind instituted by the United States since the Act of March 4, 1909, which was passed for the special purpose of discouraging the fomenting of revolutionary enterprises against the weaker Latin-American republics. Morales and Jiminez made a bitter fight against the United States Commissioner at San Juan, but the evidence against them was too strong.

"Morales, the leading spirit, made his headquarters in the United States at New York. He made arrangements here for the purchase of large quantities of arms and ammunition and entered into negotiations for a war vessel. His operations were so far-reaching that a number of prominent New York merchants and exporting agents have been subpoenaed to appear at the trial in Porto Rico next Fall."

Under the new law the penalty Morales and Jiminez will have to pay if they are found guilty is a fine of not more than $3,000 and maximum imprisonment of three years.

TO REDUCE TAXI RATES.

New Meter Device Makes This Welcome Condition Possible.

Only recently several of New York's taxicab companies were compelled to dissolve because the cabs operated by these companies were not collecting sufficient fares to warrant a continuance of their service to the general public. Other companies were compelled to raise their rates, which at that time were thought to be rather excessive. In explaining their action the head of one of the companies said: "Among other things the unfortunate dishonesty of chauffeurs in failing to register fares has been the source of greatest loss to our company. The trouble has been that the drivers make 'flat rates' carrying passengers from one point to another at this fixed rate, and when so doing they do not drop their registering flag, which starts the taximeter going."

A device has just been placed on the market, and it accomplishes effectively and thoroughly the very end sought, namely, curbing the dishonesty of drivers and compelling the meter to register as soon as the passenger enters the cab. In explaining yesterday how the device works, S. M. Stroock, sales manager of the company, said: "It comprises a platform arrangement which takes the place of the floor of the taxicab, and is connected with the taximeter and the magneto. The entrance of a passenger into the taxicab depresses the doors of the platform and forms a contact which cuts off the operating power of the magneto when the taxicab is in operation and the taximeter not in a registering position. The effect of this contact can be nullified only by arranging the taximeter in the required recording position—thus it becomes impossible for the driver to carry a passenger without properly placing the flag of the taximeter."

KANE FOR ELECTIONS BOARD.

Kings County Democrats Again Name Him, Defying the Mayor.

By again putting forward James Kane as its choice for the office of Commissioner of Elections, the Democratic organization of Kings County broke completely with Mayor Gaynor last night. The County Committee, meeting in the Jefferson Building, recommended to the Board of Aldermen, which under the Levy election law, now has the appointing power, the appointment of Kane.

All the Democratic leaders present seemed confident that the Aldermen would accept the choice of the organization, and that the efforts of the Mayor to keep Kane out of the Elections Board would come to naught.

Call to Support the Wagner Bill.

The Merchants' Association sent notices yesterday to commercial houses in the city asking them to telegraph members of the Senate Cities Committee at Albany urging passage of the Wagner bill to preserve the Traffic Squad, which must be disbanded under the recent police bill. The association points out that every citizen interested in saving the Traffic Squad should follow this procedure that their desires may be known in Albany.

MUTUAL RESERVE MEMBERS WIN FIGHT

Fund Set Aside for Them Held by Court to be Immune to Claims of General Creditors.

UNAFFECTED BY NEW FAILURE

Judge Lacombe Says Diversion of Moneys Paid In After Reorganization Does Not Confer New Rights.

By a divided vote yesterday the United States Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the final decree in the case of James C. Robinson and Reuben O. Scoville against the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Company, now defunct, in which the plaintiffs sued to enforce their claims and those of certain other policyholders upon the special reserve fund of the company, set apart for members of the old Mutual Reserve Life Fund Association, against the claims of the general creditors. The plaintiffs were successful in the lower court, and yesterday's decision settles the matter in their favor.

The prevailing opinion of the Circuit Court of Appeals is by Judge Lacombe. In it he says:

> Upon the argument our first impression was rather adverse to the proposition that the reserve fund created by the members of the old association could be made immune as against the claims of general creditors. But an examination of the various New York authorities which have been cited satisfies us that associations such as this may, if they choose, create just such a trust, which shall be devoted to the payments of "assessments," thus benefiting living members, or to the payment of "death losses," thus benefiting beneficiaries. We are not persuaded that by misapplication of funds received from the members who came in after reorganization under the level premiums plan, the latter or their beneficiaries have by subrogation acquired any rights against that specific fund; the evidence fails satisfactorily to show such diversion.

In a dissenting opinion Judge Noyes says:

> A corporation may create special funds for the benefit of its stockholders or members; but it must first meet its obligations to its creditors. The courts have many times said that the assets of a corporation constitute a trust fund for the payment of its debts. And this is true, whether the corporation have, or have not, capital stock. The primary reason why the stockholders or members of an insolvent corporation cannot appropriate its property and leave its debts unpaid is that they in reality are the corporation. They cannot pay themselves at the expense of their creditors. And this reason is quite as strong and the principle quite as applicable in the case of an insolvent co-operative insurance corporation, as in any other case.

The Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Company went into the hands of receivers several years ago, following disclosures of mismanagement in the insurance investigation. It operated on the assessment basis, and when it came to liquidating, little remained for any of the policyholders after the fees of the receivers and their counsel and the other costs of the receivership were paid. The State Insurance Department has since obtained the passage of a law providing for the liquidation of insolvent insurance companies by the department.

STARVED TO FEED FAMILY.

Sick Man's Refusal to Eat Has Now Brought Him to Death's Door.

Charles Werner, a tailor, who lives with his wife and four children on the second floor of 658 Belmont Avenue, East New York, felt strange pains through his body recently and slowly he perceived that he was losing the use of his right arm and leg. Presently the tailor was convinced that paralysis was setting in, but he continued to drive his heavy sewing machine as long as he had the power to work.

Three months ago, however, Werner had to abandon his work. His wife tried to cheer him up, telling him that he would be cured soon, and that then they could begin again to gather together the savings which were shrinking day by day.

Presently there was no money for food, but Mrs. Werner tried to keep the fact from her husband, ill in bed. Neighbors learned of the family's trouble, and all who could contributed food to keep the Werners from starving. The neighbors had themselves to consider, however, and the gifts of food became less and less frequent.

Finally, despite all that Mrs. Werner could do, her husband realized that his wife and babies were facing starvation. That what little food they could get might be saved for the children, Werner pretended that his illness prevented him from eating, and he refused to touch the crusts of bread and the sips of milk which his wife saved for him.

Yesterday, however, his sacrifice told on him to such an extent that he lapsed into unconsciousness. A neighbor contributed a bottle of milk, and Mrs. Werner instantly sent her small son, Max, to wake his father and offer him some. The boy ran to his mother presently, crying out that he could not arouse his father, and then Mrs. Werner called in a policeman. He found Werner practically dying, and hurried him to the Kings County Hospital. There the doctors have little hope of his recovery. Meantime Mrs. Werner is wondering where the next meal is coming from.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
12:55—170 Delancey St.; Harris & Purdy	$300
1:20—151-3 Mott St.; Jacob Coben	$300
1:40—1,049 Sheridan Av.; John Marshall	$1,000
3:55—60 Av. B; Shein Bros	$500
9:45—62-64 East 99th St.; Sarah Bernstein	Trifling
10:25—1,949 2d Av.; Alexander Hirskowitz	Trifling
P.M.	Loss.
12:36—201 West 136th St.; Harry Michael	Trifling
2:00—87 E. 114th St.; Morris Goldberg	Trifling
2:25—2,365 Hughes Av.; N. Marichussi	Trifling
2:45—36th St. and North River; N. Y. Central Railroad	Trifling
3:10—613 E. 63d St.; Harry Bachton	$25
3:30—19 West St.; Joseph Homates	Trifling
5:05—117th St. and Park Av.; New York Bill Posting Co.	Trifling
5:20—115 E. 138th St.; J. Glace	$20
5:30—141st St. and Edgecombe Av.; unknown	Trifling
5:35—70 Greene St.; Louis Lazarus	None
5:45—249 Front St.; Lindin & Sack	Trifling
6:55—266 Monroe St.; Max Schinsky	$10
7:10—81 W. 103d St.; Mrs. M. Dorkle	$5
7:30—201 West 143d St.; Henry McPuff	Trifling
7:40—141 East Broadway; A. Stranzholor	Trifling
8:35—454 Broadway; Peerless Dress and Costume Company	$500
9:20—911 Longwood Av.; Dr. —. Boland	$5
9:50—209 East 26th St.; unknown	$500
9:50—3,820 3d Av.; Harry Jargur	Trifling
10:10—119 Canal St.; Mortel & Cabadd	None

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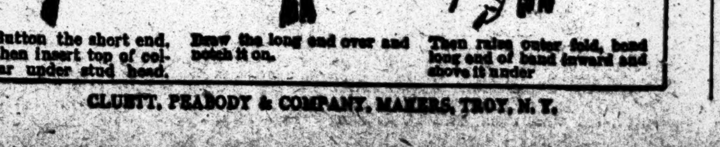

Button the short end, then insert top of collar under stud head.
Draw the long end over and notch it on.
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$50 Suits now $33.33
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$40 Suits now $26.66
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Suits $22.50 and less now $15.00

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Values up to $12.50 now $8.50
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NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

FIGHTING CHOLERA
The measures taken by the United States Government.

WHAT DR. WILEY HAS DONE
A record of the cases he has brought before the courts.

FIRE MARSHAL AHEARN
The thrilling record of a heroic life.

POST OFFICE DETECTIVES
And the way they run down frauds and robberies.

PEERESSES WHO STEAL
And titled women who swindle their dealers.

A PRINCESS'S STORY
Of how she learned the inside of the Dreyfus case.

Pictorial Section

HAPPY MOMENTS
Reproduction of full-page painting by A. L. Rjevsky.

SOCIETY FOLK AT SUMMER PLAY
Scenes at seashore.

BEASTS OF A BYGONE AGE
Hagenbeck's prehistoric zoo at Hamburg.

PROGRESS OF THE PANAMA CANAL
Building the locks, and view from top of chamber crane.

BRITISH REJOICING
King George V. gives a tea party to children at Crystal Palace.

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At Reckett's factory at Hull.

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